## Julius Lee Engineering

RE: 313910 - R & M CONST. - ALVAREZ RES.

## 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. **Boynton Beach, FL 33435**

Site Information:

Project Customer: R & M CONST. Project Name: 313910 Model: ALVAREZ RES.

Subdivision:

Address: 162 SW NORMANDY DR

City: COLUMBIA CTY

State: FL

Name Address and License # of Structural Engineer of Record, If there is one, for the building.

Name: ROBERT K. CLARK

License #: CRC1326557

Address: 27607 N. CR 1491

City: ALACHUA

State: FL

General Truss Engineering Criteria & Design Loads (Individual Truss Design Drawings Show Special Loading Conditions):

Design Code: FBC2007/TPI2002

Design Program: MiTek 20/20 7.1

Wind Code: ASCE 7-05 Wind Speed: 110 mph

Floor Load: N/A psf

Roof Load: 32.0 psf

This package includes 21 individual, dated Truss Design Drawings and 0 Additional Drawings. With my seal affixed to this sheet, I hereby certify that I am the Truss Design Engineer and this index sheet conforms to 61G15-31.003, section 5 of the Florida Board of Professional Engineers Rules. This document processed per section 16G15-23.003 of the Florida Board of Professionals Rules

Seal#

14093124

14093125

14093126

No.

18

19

20

21

In the event of changes from Builder or E.O.R. additional coversheets and drawings may accompany this coversheet. The latest approval dates supersede and replace the previous drawings.

No.	Seal#	Truss Name	Date
1	14093107	CJ1	8/31/09
2	14093108	CJ3	8/31/09
3	14093109	CJ5	8/31/09
4	14093110	EJ7	8/31/09
5	14093111	HJ9	8/31/09
6	14093112	T01 •	8/31/09
7	14093113	T02 •	8/31/09
8	14093114	T03 •	8/31/09
9	14093115	T04	8/31/09
10	14093116	T05	8/31/09
11	14093117	T06	8/31/09
12	14093118	T07 •	8/31/09
13	14093119	T08	8/31/09
14	14093120	T09	8/31/09
15	14093121	T10	8/31/09
16	14093122	T11	8/31/09
17	14093123	T12	8/31/09



Truss Name

T12G

T13G

T13

Date

8/31/09

8/31/09

8/31/09

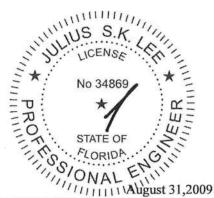


The truss drawing(s) referenced above have been prepared by MiTek Industries, Inc. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Builders FirstSource (Lake City).

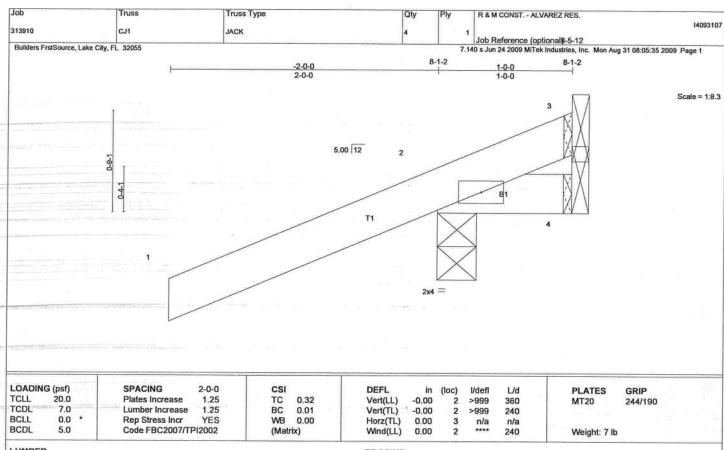
Truss Design Engineer's Name: Julius Lee

My license renewal date for the state of Florida is February 28, 2011.

NOTE: The seal on these drawings indicate acceptance of professional engineering responsibility solely for the truss components shown. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer, per ANSI/TPI-1 Chapter 2.



		•	*	e:
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
	th.	* *		
	}}			
	10	,		
	4			
11 74 K				



LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BRACING

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=256/0-3-8, 4=5/Mechanical, 3=-90/Mechanical

Max Horz 2=87(LC 6)

Max Uplift 2=-332(LC 6), 3=-90(LC 1)

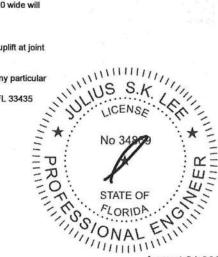
Max Grav 2=256(LC 1), 4=14(LC 2), 3=148(LC 6)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES (8-9)

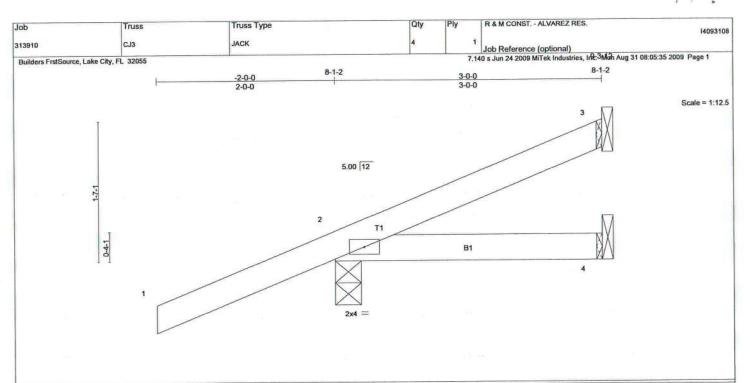
- Wind: ASCE 7-05; 110mph (3-second gust); TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=3.0psf; h=12ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will
  fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) All bearings are assumed to be SYP No.2.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 332 lb uplift at joint 2 and 90 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.
- 9) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



August 31,2009

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED WITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.
Design valid for use only with Milek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.
Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer, For general guidance regarding fabrication, qualify control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. ANSI/TP1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, S83 D'Onotrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



LOADIN	G (psf)		SPACING	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0		Plates Increase	1.25	TC	0.34	Vert(LL)	-0.00	2-4	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	7.0		Lumber Increase	1.25	BC	0.06	Vert(TL)	-0.01	2-4	>999	240		
BCLL	0.0	*	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(TL)	-0.00	3	n/a	n/a	THE THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	
BCDL	5.0		Code FBC2007/TF	12002	(Mati	rix)	Wind(LL)	0.00	2	****	240	Weight: 13 lb	

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BRACING TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 3=31/Mechanical, 2=250/0-3-8, 4=14/Mechanical Max Horz 2=133(LC 6) Max Uplift 3=-32(LC 7), 2=-258(LC 6) Max Grav 3=31(LC 1), 2=250(LC 1), 4=42(LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES

1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 110mph (3-second gust); TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=3.0psf; h=12ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) All bearings are assumed to be SYP No.2.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

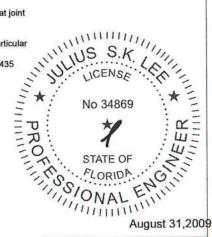
6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 32 lb uplift at joint 3 and 258 lb uplift at joint

7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.

8) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

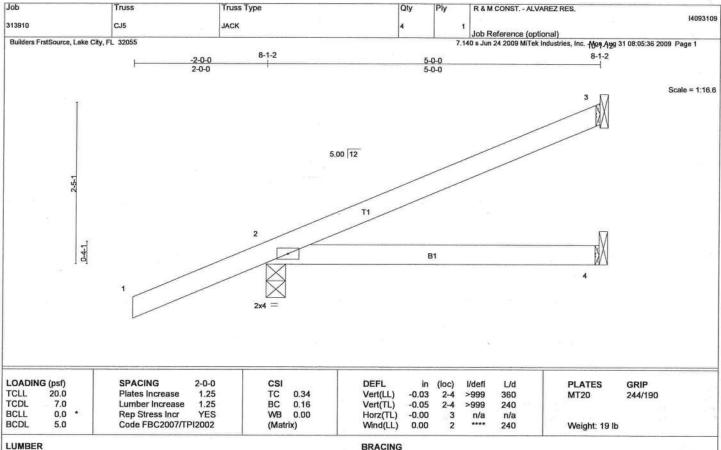
9) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and report incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the everal structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult

ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Intermation available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onotrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 3=103/Mechanical, 2=295/0-3-8, 4=24/Mechanical

Max Horz 2=179(LC 6)

Max Uplift 3=-100(LC 6), 2=-263(LC 6)

Max Grav 3=103(LC 1), 2=295(LC 1), 4=72(LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 110mph (3-second gust); TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=3.0psf; h=12ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) All bearings are assumed to be SYP No.2
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint 3 and 263 lb uplift at
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.
- 9) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

PRO LICE

R & M CONST. - ALVAREZ RES. Qty Job Truss Truss Type 14093110 21 313910 EJ7 MONO TRUSS Job Reference (optional) 7.140 s Jun 24 2009 MiTek Industries, Inc. Map 449.32 08:05:36 2009 Page 1 Builders FrstSource, Lake City, FL 32055 8-1-2 -2-0-0 2-0-0 7-0-0 Scale = 1:20.7 5.00 12 0-4-1

LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC	0.49	Vert(LL)	-0.09	2-4	>924	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	7.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC	0.29	Vert(TL)	-0.17	2-4	>478	240		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(TL)	-0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	5.0	Code FBC2007/TI	PI2002	(Matr	(xir	Wind(LL)	0.06	2-4	>999	240	Weight: 25 lb	

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BRACING TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 3=157/Mechanical, 2=352/0-3-8, 4=42/Mechanical

Max Horz 2=163(LC 6)

Max Uplift3=-101(LC 6), 2=-193(LC 6)

Max Grav 3=157(LC 1), 2=352(LC 1), 4=96(LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 110mph (3-second gust); TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=3.0psf; h=12ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

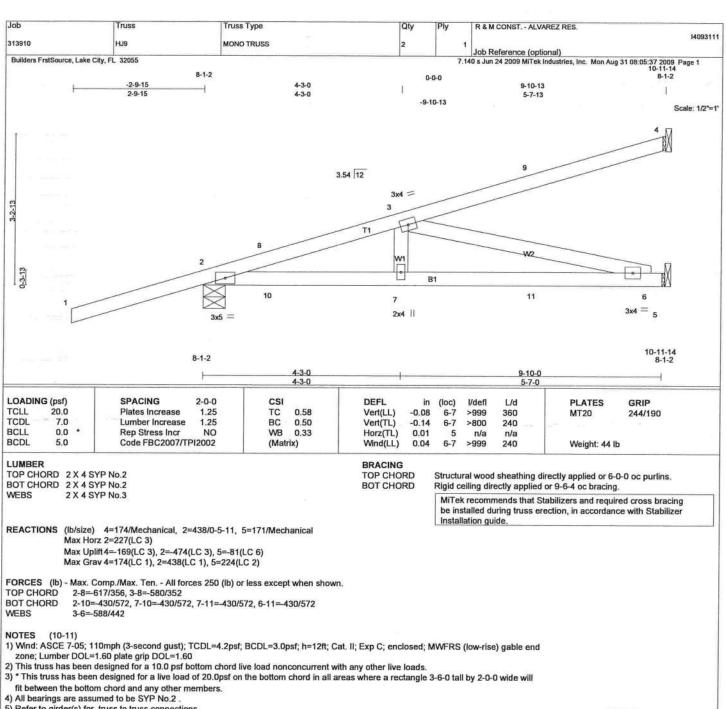
2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) All bearings are assumed to be SYP No.2
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 101 lb uplift at joint 3 and 193 lb uplift at
- "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.
- 9) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

No 34769

RO STATE OF FLORIDA. August 31,2009



- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 169 lb uplift at joint 4, 474 lb uplift at joint 2
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 37 lb up at 1-5-12, 37 lb up at 1-5-12, 16 lb down and 23 lb up at 4-3-11, 16 lb down and 23 lb up at 4-3-11, and 49 lb down at 84 lb up at 7-1-10 and 49 lb down at 4-3-11, and 49 lb down at 4-3-11, and 42 lb down at 7-1-10 on top chord, and 16 lb up at 1-5-12, 16 lb up at 1-5-12, 12 lb down at 4-3-11, 12 lb down at 4-3-11, and 42 lb down at 7-1-10 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the such connection device(s) is the such connection, loads applied to the such connection device(s) is the load CASE(S) section, loads applied to the such connection device(s) is the load CASE(S) section, loads applied to the such connection device(s) is the load CASE(S) section, loads applied to the such connection device(s) is the load CASE(S) section, loads applied to the such connection device(s) is the load CASE(S) section, loads applied to the such connection device(s) is the load CASE(S) section, loads applied to the such connection device(s) is the load CASE(S) section. 8) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 37 lb up at 1-5-12, 37 lb up at

Continued on page 2

down at 7-1-10, and 4z in gown ...
others.

9) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as from (F) or a section of this component for entry particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

11) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435

STATE OF

AUGUSTAN

AUGUSTA NAMER

August 31,2009

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Fractional support of individual who members only. Additional temporary bracing to building designer, the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding flobrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. ANSLYP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	R & M CONST ALVAREZ RES.	1409311
313910	HNa	MONO TRUSS	2		Job Reference (optional)	
Builders FrstSource, Lake City, F	L 32055			7	140 s Jun 24 2009 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Aug 31 08:05:37 2	2009 Page 2

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 3=46(F=23, B=23) 7=-8(F=-4, B=-4) 8=75(F=37, B=37) 9=-99(F=-49, B=-49) 10=10(F=5, B=5) 11=-28(F=-14, B=-14)

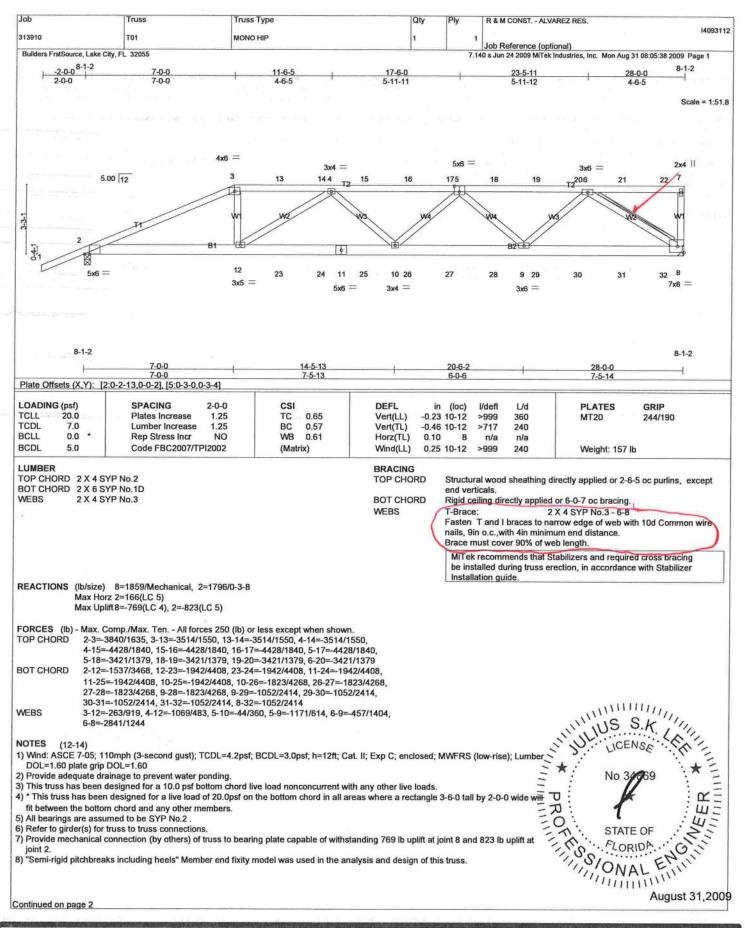
No 34969

No 34969

STATE OF

FLORIDA

August 31,200



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIL-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.

Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure slability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. ANSI/TP1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, S83 D'Onotrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	R & M CONST ALVAREZ RES.	14093112
313910	T01	MONO HIP	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	

Builders FrstSource, Lake City, FL 32055

7.140 s Jun 24 2009 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Aug 31 08:05:38 2009 Page 2

NOTES (12-14) 9) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 223 lb down and 238 lb up at 7-0-0, 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 9-0-12, 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 11-0-12, 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 13-0-12, 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 15-0-12, 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 17-0-12, 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 19-0-12, 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 21-0-12, 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 23-0-12, and 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 25-0-12, and 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 27-0-12 on top chord, and 260 lb down and 72 lb up at 7-0-0, 66 lb down at 9-0-12, 66 lb down at 11-0-12, 66 lb down at 13-0-12, 66 lb down at 15-0-12, 66 lb down at 15-0-12, 66 lb down at 19-0-12, 66 lb down at 23-0-12, and 66 lb down at 27-0-12 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

10) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.

11) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

- 12) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI1 as referenced by the building code.

  13) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435

14) Use Simpson HTU26 to attach Truss to Carrying member

### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-54, 3-7=-54, 2-8=-10

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 3=-223(F) 12=-193(F) 13=-103(F) 14=-103(F) 15=-103(F) 16=-103(F) 17=-103(F) 18=-103(F) 19=-103(F) 20=-103(F) 21=-103(F) 22=-103(F) 23=-32(F) 24=-32(F) 25=-32(F) 26=-32(F) 27=-32(F) 28=-32(F) 28=-32(F) 29=-32(F) 30=-32(F) 31=-32(F) 32=-32(F) 32=-32(F)

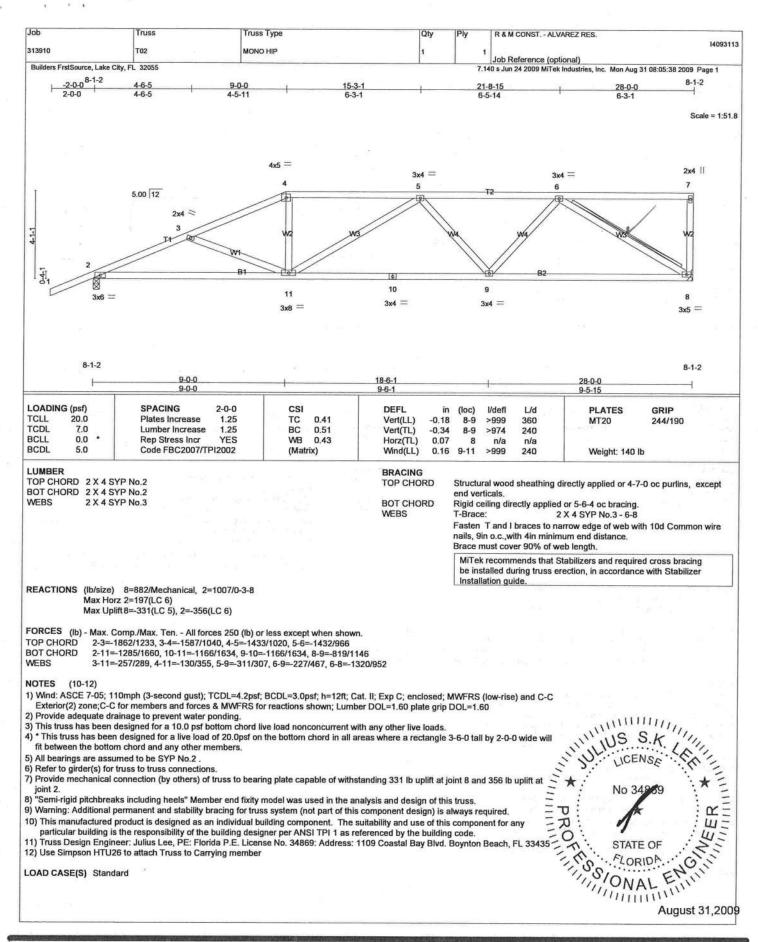
No 34899

\* No 34899

STATE OF

FLORIDA

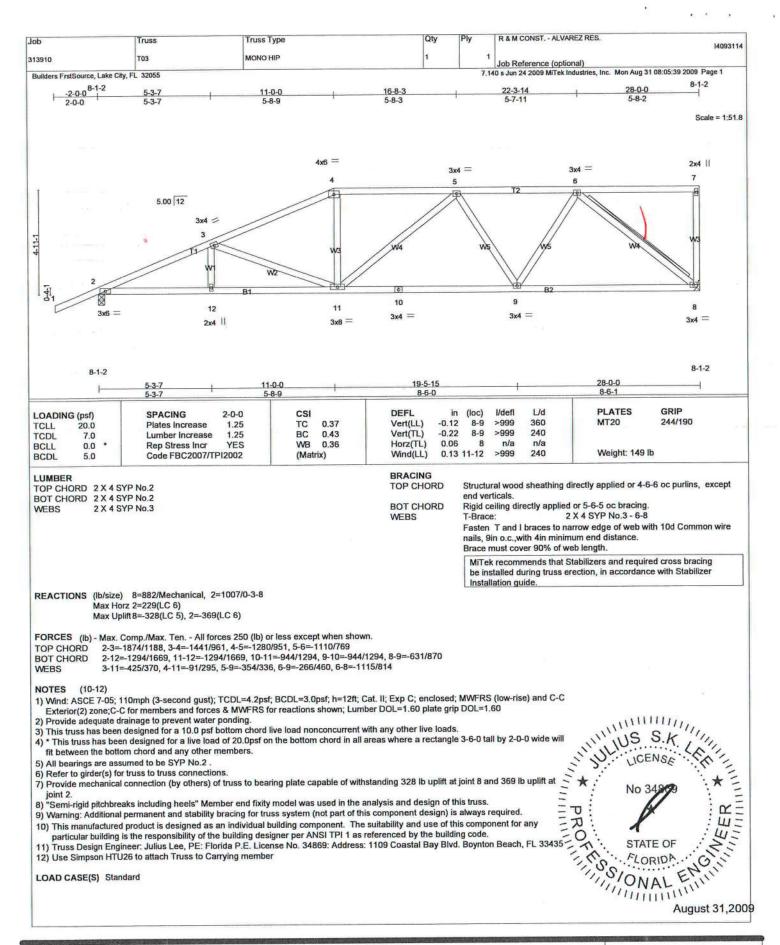
August 31,200



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

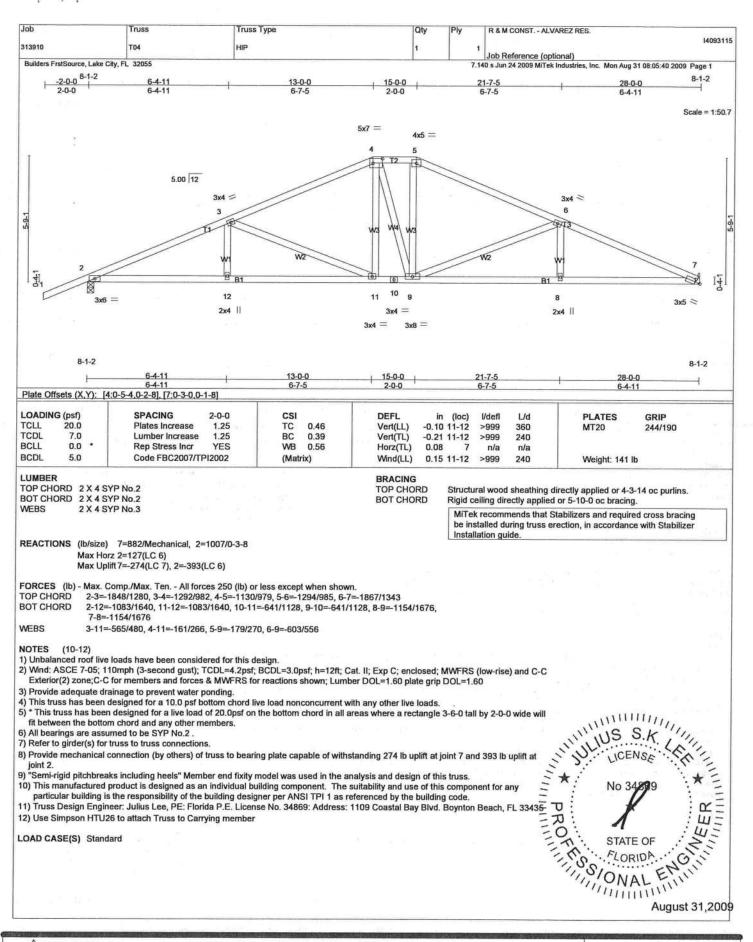
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.

Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer, Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding labrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. AMS/ITQ Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



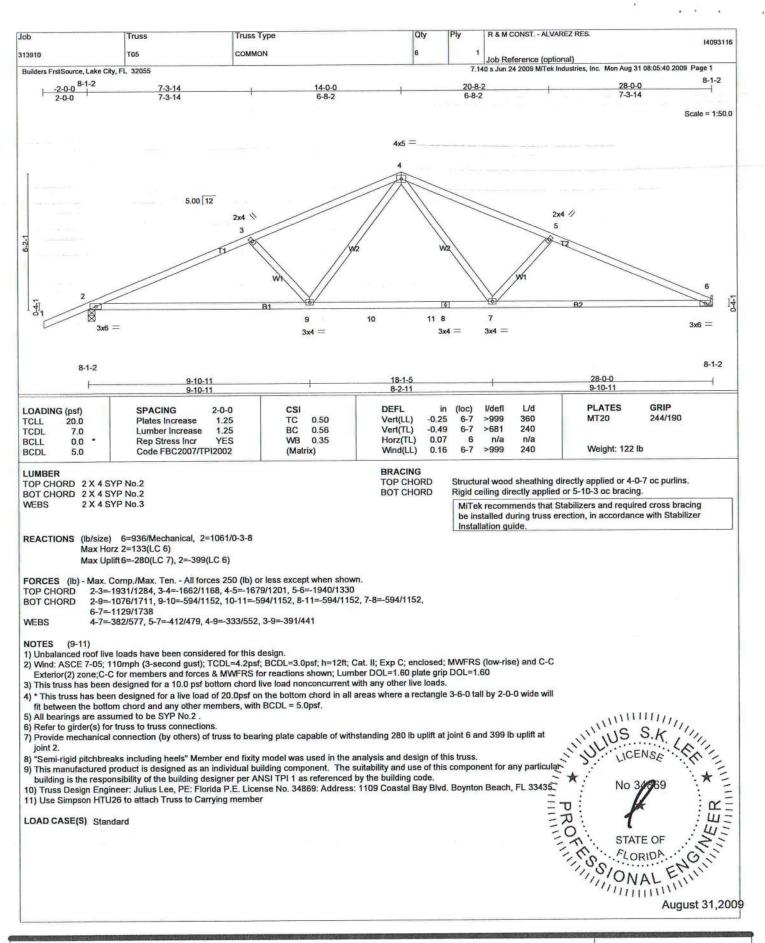
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIL-7473 BEFORE USE.

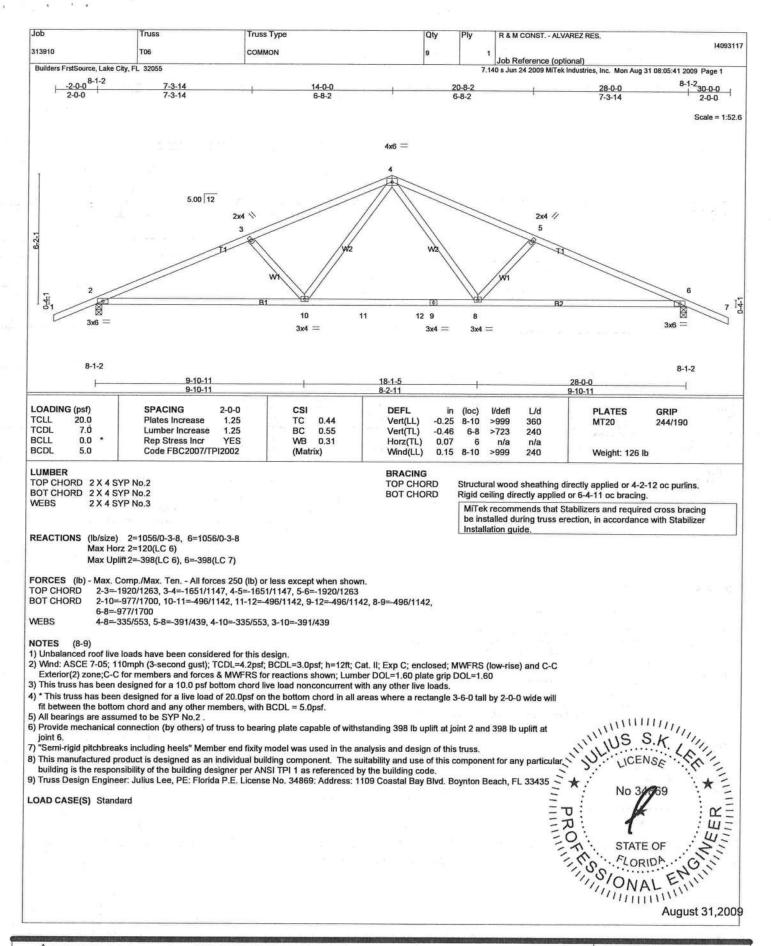
Design valid for use only with Milek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding flabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. ANSI/T11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Sately Information available from Truss Plate Institute, S83 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. ANSI/THI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI1 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.





WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.

Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding flobrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. ANSI/TIQ Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI1 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

R & M CONST. - ALVAREZ RES. Truss Type Qty Job Truss 14093118 MONO HIP T07 313910 Job Reference (optional)
7.140 s Jun 24 2009 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Aug 31 08:05:42 2009 Page 1 Builders FrstSource, Lake City, FL 32055 -2-0-0 8-1-2 11-6-4 4-6-4 26-0-0 16-6-0 21-5-11 4-6-5 4-11-12 2-0-0 7-0-0 Scale: 1/4"=1" 4x5 = 2x4 || 3x4 = 3x6 = 3x4 = 7 13 14 4 15 16 17 18 196 5.00 12 **B**1 10 279 28 29 30 23 22 12 8 5x6 = 3x4 4x6 = 3x5 = 4x5 = 3x4 = 8-1-2 8-1-2 26-0-0 13-5-13 19-6-2 7-0-0 6-5-14 6-0-5 6-5-13 GRIP L/d PLATES CSI DEFL (loc) I/defl SPACING 2-0-0 LOADING (psf) 244/190 Vert(LL) -0.18 11-12 >999 360 MT20 Plates Increase 1.25 TC 0.56 TCLL 20.0 BC 0.49 Vert(TL) -0.35 11-12 >869 240 Lumber Increase 1.25 TCDL 7.0 WB 0.56 Horz(TL) 0.08 8 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Rep Stress Incr NO Weight: 147 lb 0.19 11-12 240 Code FBC2007/TPI2002 (Matrix) Wind(LL) >999 BCDL 5.0 BRACING LUMBER Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-11-6 oc purlins, except TOP CHORD TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BOT CHORD 2 X 6 SYP No.1D end verticals BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-5-4 oc bracing. 2 X 4 SYP No.3 WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3 - 6-8 WEBS T-Brace: Fasten T and I braces to narrow edge of web with 10d Common wire nails, 9in o.c., with 4in minimum end distance. Brace must cover 90% of web length. MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide. REACTIONS (lb/size) 8=1729/Mechanical, 2=1663/0-3-8 Max Horz 2=166(LC 5) Max Uplift8=-718(LC 4), 2=-774(LC 5) FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. 2-3=3492/1498, 3-13=3186/1420, 13-14=-3186/1420, 4-14=-3186/1420, TOP CHORD 4-15=-3843/1616, 15-16=-3843/1616, 5-16=-3843/1616, 5-17=-2831/1151, 17-18=-2831/1151, 18-19=-2831/1151, 6-19=-2831/1151 2-12=1410/3148, 12-22=1708/3881, 22-23=1708/3881, 23-24=-1708/3881, BOT CHORD iber William Julius S.A. 11-24=-1708/3881, 11-25=-1555/3615, 10-25=-1555/3615, 10-26=-1555/3615, 26-27=-1555/3615, 9-27=-1555/3615, 9-28=-955/2216, 28-29=-955/2216, 29-30=-955/2216, 8-30=-955/2216 3-12=-203/812, 4-12=-832/359, 5-11=-100/392, 5-9=-1083/559, 6-9=-347/1093, WEBS NOTES (12-14)1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 110mph (3-second gust); TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=3.0psf; h=12ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise); Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding. 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. 4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will U fit between the bottom chord and any other members. RO TO NONAL 5) All bearings are assumed to be SYP No.2. 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections ENGIN 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 718 lb uplift at joint 8 and 774 lb uplift at "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIL-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with Milek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual buildina compone Design valid for use only with Milek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding flobrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult.

ANSI/IPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Salety Information. available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Continued on page 2

Julius Lee Engineering 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton, FL 33435

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	R & M CONST ALVAREZ RES.	POT-100-100-100-1
313910	T07	MONO HIP	i	1	100 A	14093118
Builders FrstSource, L	ake City, FL 32055			7.1	Job Reference (optional) 40 s Jun 24 2009 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Aug 31 08:0	5:42 2009 Page 2

NOTES (12-14)

- 9) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 223 lb down and 238 lb up at 7-0-0, 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 9-0-12, 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 11-0-12, 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 11-0-12, 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 15-0-12, 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 11-0-12, 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 11-0-12, and 103 lb down and 85 lb up at 25-0-12 on top chord, and 260 lb down and 72 lb up at 7-0-0, 66 lb down at 9-0-12, 66 lb down at 11-0-12, 66 lb down at 13-0-12, and 103 lb down at 25-0-12 on top chord, and 260 lb down at 21-0-12, and 66 lb down at 25-0-12 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 10) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.
- 11) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).
- 12) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.
- 13) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435
- 14) Use Simpson HTU26 to attach Truss to Carrying member

## LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

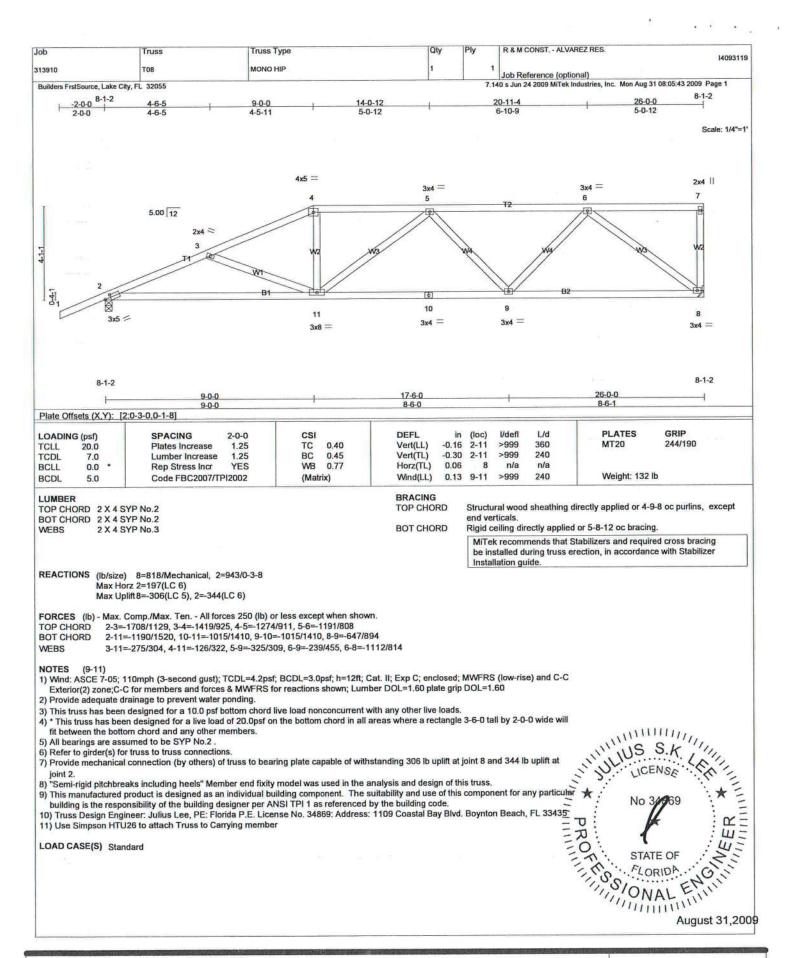
Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-54, 3-7=-54, 2-8=-10

Concentrated Loads (lb)

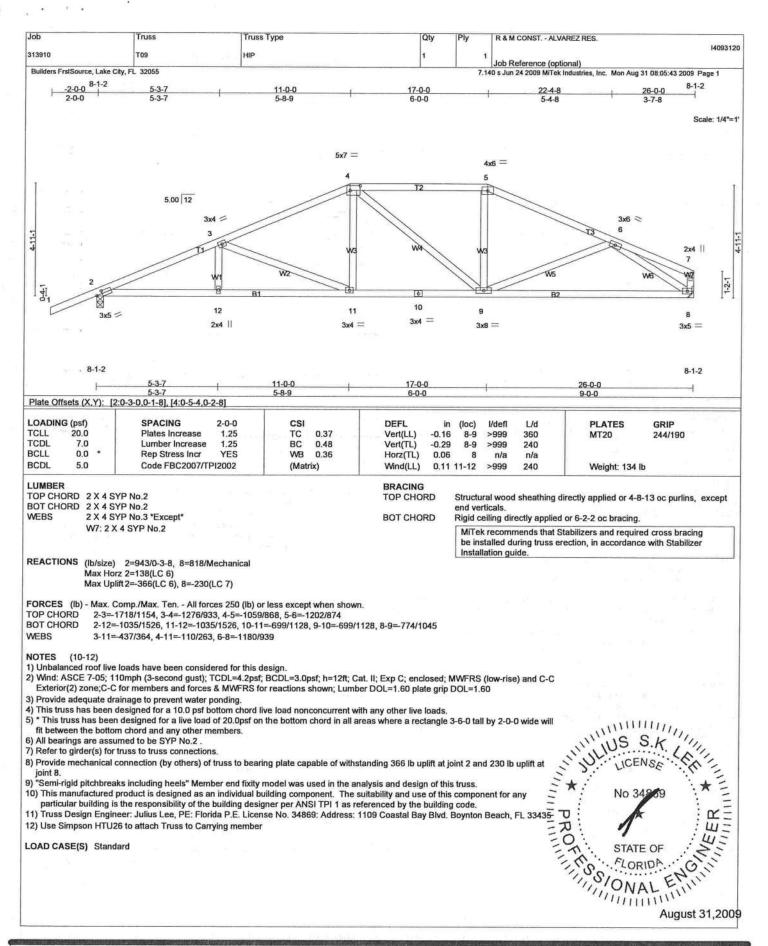
Vert: 3=-223(B) 12=-193(B) 13=-103(B) 14=-103(B) 15=-103(B) 16=-103(B) 17=-103(B) 18=-103(B) 19=-103(B) 20=-103(B) 21=-103(B) 22=-32(B) 23=-32(B) 24=-32(B) 25=-32(B) 26=-32(B) 27=-32(B) 28=-32(B) 29=-32(B) 30=-32(B) 20=-32(B) 20=-32(B)





WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIT-7473 BEFORE USE.
Design valid for use only with Milek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.
Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not frust designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult

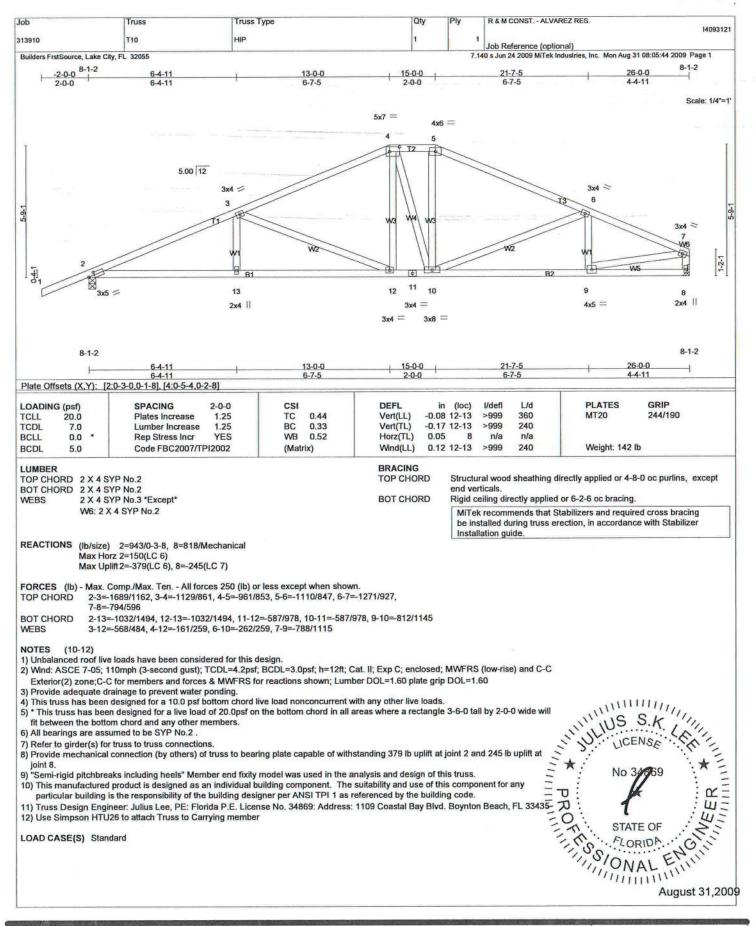
ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI1 Building Component
Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.

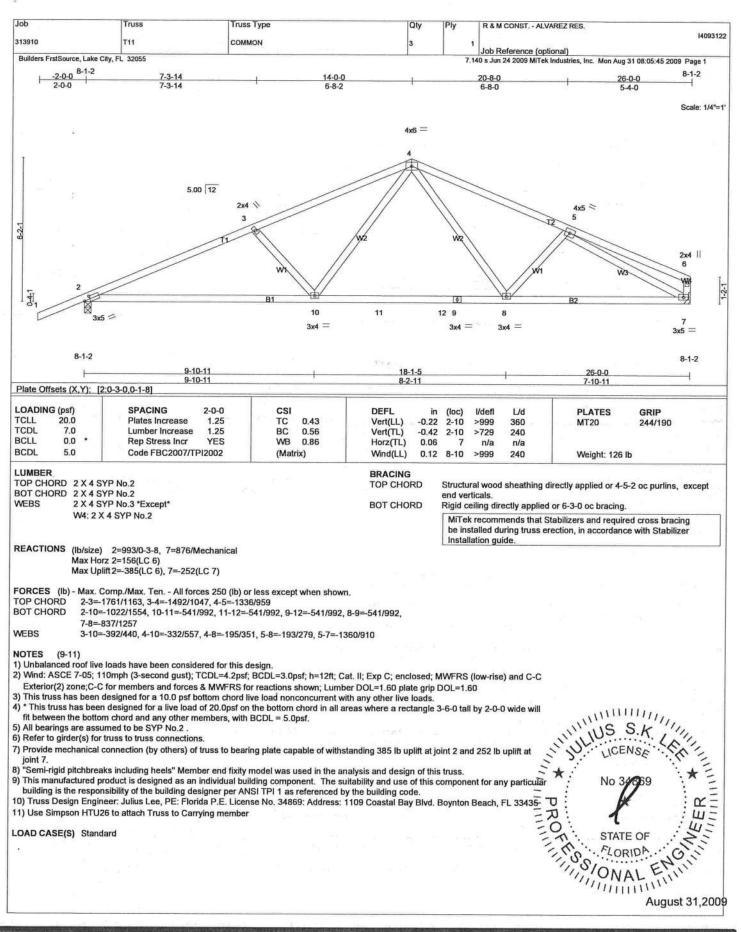
Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. ANSI/TI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSII Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, S83 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.

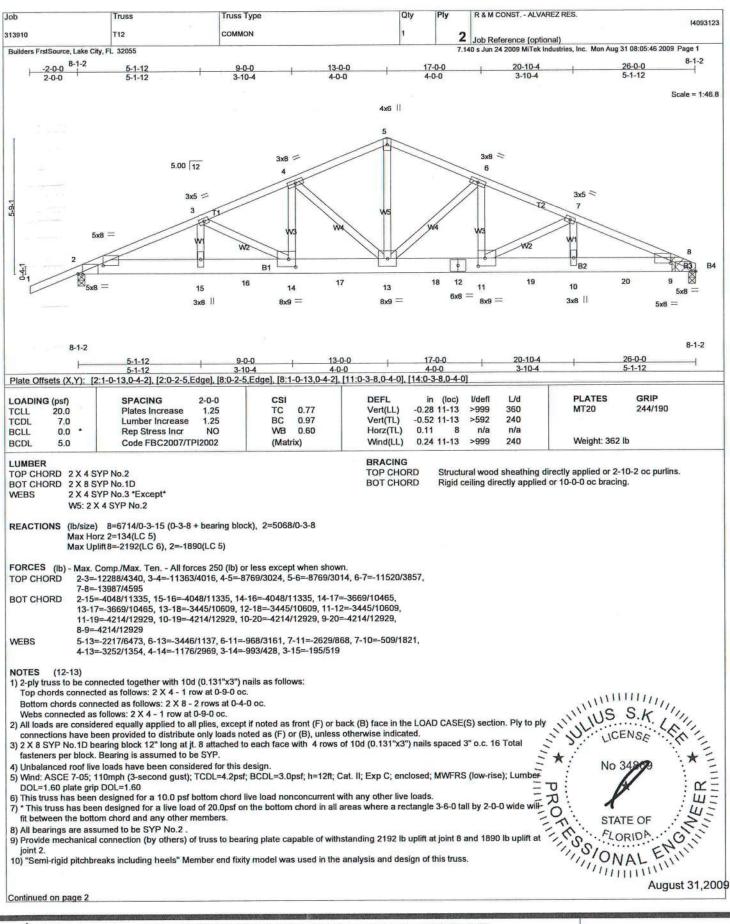
Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding tabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Salety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.

Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not huss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI1 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with Milek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer- not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. AMSI/TP1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	R & M CONST ALVAREZ RES.	
313910	T12	соммон	1	2		14093123
Builders FrstSource, Lake City, F	L 32055		116		Job Reference (optional) to s Jun 24 2009 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Aug 31 0	8:05:46:2009 Page 2

NOTES (12-13)

- 11) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 1849 lb down and 775 lb up at 7-0-12, 872 lb down and 337 lb up at 9-0-12, 872 lb down and 334 lb up at 11-0-12, 872 lb down and 280 lb up at 13-0-12, 926 lb down and 286 lb up at 15-0-12, 926 lb down and 286 lb up at 19-0-12, 926 lb down and 286 lb up at 21-0-12, and 926 lb down and 286 lb up at 25-0-12 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 12) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.
- 13) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-5=54, 5-8=-54, 2-8=-10

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 13=872(B) 11=926(B) 10=926(B) 14=872(B) 9=926(B) 16=1849(B) 17=872(B) 18=926(B) 19=926(B) 20=926(B)

Qty Ply R & M CONST. - ALVAREZ RES. Truss Type Job Truss 14093124 GABLE 313910 T12G Job Reference (optional) 7.140 s Jun 24 2009 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Aug 31 08:05:48 2009 Page 1 Builders FrstSource, Lake City, FL 32055 -2-0-0 8-1-2 13-0-0 13-0-0 13-0-0 2-0-0 Scale = 1:49.3 4x5 = 10 5.00 12 11 12 6 13 14 3x4 > 3x4 = 4ST1 3 15 5x8 || 3x4 = 5x8 || 23 22 20 25 24 29 28 27 26 3x4 = 3x4 8-1-2 26-0-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-3-8,Edge], [2:0-3-13,Edge], [16:0-3-8,Edge], [16:0-3-13,Edge] PLATES GRIP DEFL l/defl L/d SPACING 2-0-0 CSI (loc) LOADING (psf) MT20 244/190 0.49 -0.0417 n/r 120 20.0 Plates Increase 1.25 TC Vert(LL) TCLL -0.07 90 BC 17 0.05 Vert(TL) n/r TCDL 7.0 Lumber Increase 1.25 0.00 n/a WB 0.09 16 n/a BCLL 0.0 Rep Stress Incr NO Horz(TL) Weight: 136 lb BCDL 5.0 Code FBC2007/TPI2002 (Matrix) BRACING LUMBER TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2 X 4 SYP No.3 OTHERS MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide. REACTIONS All bearings 26-0-0. (lb) - Max Horz 2=125(LC 6) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 24 except 2=-386(LC 6), 16=-404(LC 7), 25=-187(LC 6), 26=181(LC 6), 27=176(LC 6), 28=197(LC 6), 29=132(LC 7), 23=186(LC 7), 21=181(LC 7), 20=176(LC 7), 19-197(LC 7), 18-127(LC 7) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 24, 26, 27, 29, 21, 20, 18 except 2=484(LC 1), 16=484(LC 1), 25=263(LC 10), 28=254(LC 10), 23=263(LC 11), 19=254(LC 11) FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. 8-9=-65/273, 9-10=-65/273 NOTES (13-14) 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design. 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 110mph (3-second gust); TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=3.0psf; h=12ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will

9) All bearings are assumed to be SYP No. 2.

10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of with the provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of with the provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of with the provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of with the provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of with the provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of with the provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of with the provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of with the provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of with the provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of with the provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of with the provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of with the provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of with the provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of with the provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of with the provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to be a provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to be a provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to be a provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to be a provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to be a provided mechanical connection (by others) of truss to be a provided mechanical connection (by others) of t 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry RO 11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss. 435 TO STONAL 12) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B). 13) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code. 14) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435 LOAD CASE(S) Standard August 31,2009 Continued on page 2

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.
Design valid for use only with Milek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.
Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not frust designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult.

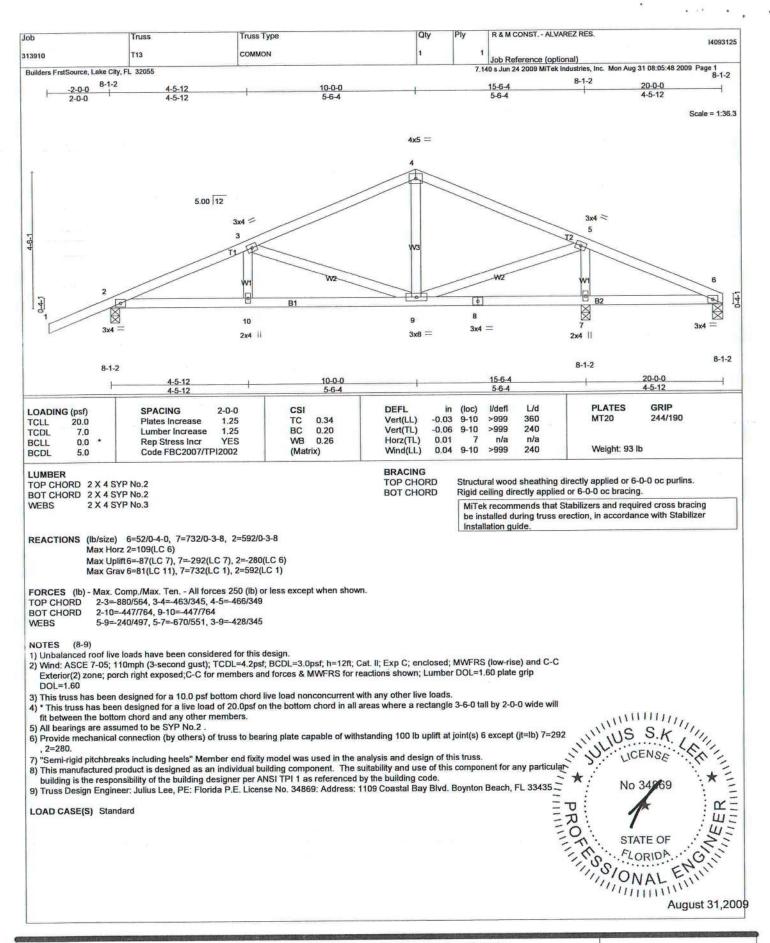
AMSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component
Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, S83 D'Onotrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	R & M CONST ALVAREZ RES.	KY-10-0
313910	T12G	GABLE	1	1		14093124
Builders FrstSource	Lake City, FL 32055			7.1	Job Reference (optional)  40 s Jun 24 2009 MiTek Industries, Inc., Mon Aug 31 0	8:05:48 2009 Page 2

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-9=-114(F=-60), 9-17=-114(F=-60), 2-16=-10





WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding tabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. AMSI/TIQ Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI1 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job Truss Truss Type R & M CONST. - ALVAREZ RES. 14093126 313910 T13G GABLE Job Reference (optional) 7.140 s Jun 24 2009 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Aug 31 08:05:49 2009 Page 1 -2-0-0 10-0-0 20-0-0 2-0-0 Scale = 1:39.4 4x5 = 5.00 12 6 10 3x4 > 12 13 B1 **B2** 5x8 | 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 5x6 = 3x4 = 8-1-2 20-0-0 20-0-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-3-8,Edge], [2:0-3-13,Edge], [12:0-3-8,Edge], [12:0-3-13,Edge], [16:0-3-0,0-3-0] LOADING (psf) SPACING **PLATES** l/defl L/d GRIP TCLL 20.0 Plates Increase 1.25 TC -0.03 0.49 Vert(LL) 13 n/r 120 MT20 244/190 TCDL 7.0 Lumber Increase 1.25 BC 0.08 Vert(TL) -0.06 13 n/r 90 BCLL 0.0 Rep Stress Incr NO WB 0.07 Horz(TL) 0.00 12 n/a n/a BCDL Code FBC2007/TPI2002 5.0 (Matrix) Weight: 98 lb LUMBER BRACING TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing. OTHERS 2 X 4 SYP No 3 MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide. REACTIONS All bearings 20-0-0. (lb) - Max Horz 2=-104(LC 7) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 17 except 2=-407(LC 6), 12=-422(LC 7), 18=-192(LC 6), 19=171(LC 6), 20=-218(LC 6), 16=-191(LC 7), 15=-170(LC 7), 14=-223(LC 7) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 17, 19, 15 except 2=508(LC 10), 12=508(LC 11), 18=273(LC 10), 20=366(LC 10), 16=273(LC 11), 14=366(LC 11) FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. 6-18=-251/229, 4-20=-329/274, 8-16=-251/229, 10-14=-329/274 WEBS 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design. 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 110mph (3-second gust); TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=3.0psf; h=12ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

\* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

All bearings are assumed to be SYP No.2.

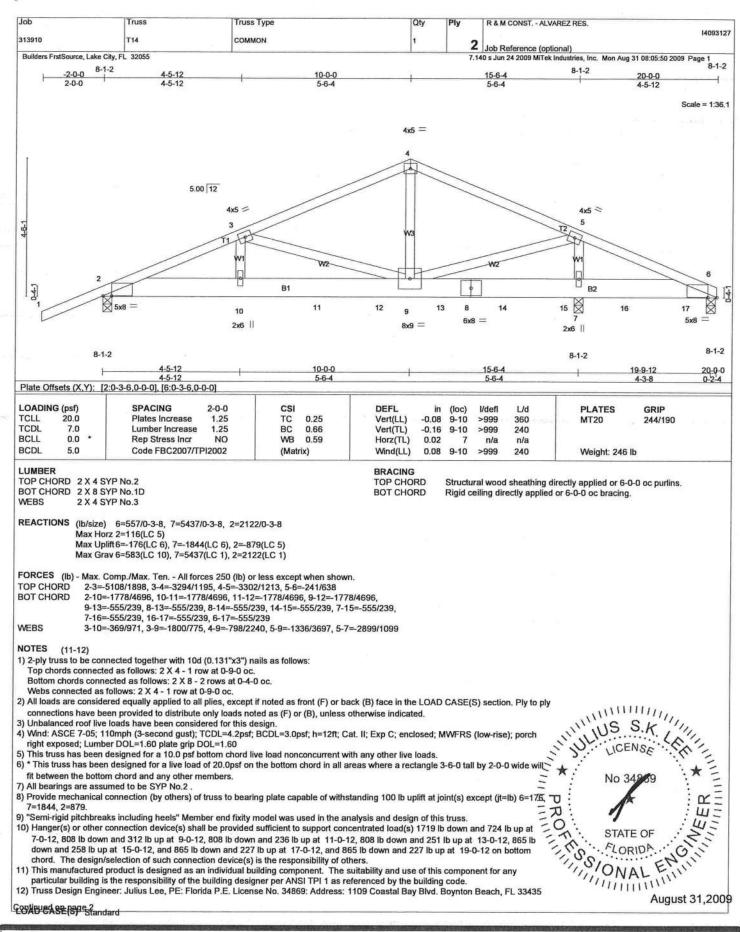
1) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of the state 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated. 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing. 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc. 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. 9) All bearings are assumed to be SYP No.2 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 17 except (it=lb) 11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss. Ш 12) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B). Ш MOIN 13) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any STATE OF NO NAL particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code. FLORIDA 14) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435 LOAD CASE(S) Standard August 31,2009 Continued on page 2

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.

Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding labrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. AMSI/TP1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

b	Truss	Truss Type		Qty	Ply	R & M CONST	ALVAREZ RES.		14002400
910	T13G	GABLE		1	2	1			14093126
ders FrstSource, La	ake City, FL 32055				7.	Job Reference 140 s Jun 24 2009	e (optional) MiTek Industries, Inc. N	lon Aug 31 08:05	:50 2009 Page 2
Jniform Loads ( Vert: 1-	r Increase=1.25, Plate								
-									
471,810.0									
-									
5,000									
65.75	9.3								
· lorse-									
re i taur		Committee of the State of Stat	Sele e						
								. CHILL	
							1111	IS SH	11111
							11/11	J.S. O.N	1/4/
							2, 20:	LICENSE	1.14
							= * .		
							$\Xi$ :	NO 39908	, : E
							<u>= p</u> :	H	: CC =
							= 70:	4	; W.E.
							= 7.	STATE OF	August 31,200
							500 ·	FLORIDA	(0)
							11,00	ONA	EWILL
							1/1/	UNAL	11111
							15		 August 31,200



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.
Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not trust designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. ANSI/TI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI1 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, S83 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	R & M CONST ALVAREZ RES.	14093127
313910	T14	соммон	1	2	Job Reference (optional)	14055121
					and transfer to top and they	

Builders FrstSource, Lake City, FL 32055

7.140 s Jun 24 2009 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Aug 31 08:05:50 2009 Page 2

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

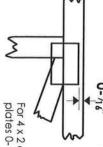


## Symbols

# PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated.
Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths.
Apply plates to both sides of truss and fully embed teeth.



For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates  $0^{-1}h_b^{\alpha}$  from outside edge of truss.

П

This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

\*Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

## PLATE SIZE



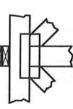
The first dimension is the plate width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

## LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

## BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

## Industry Standards: ANSI/TPII: Nationa

National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

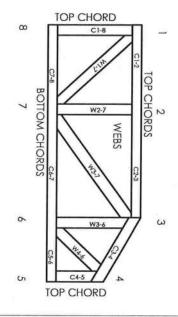
Design Standard for Bracing Rulling Company Sefety Information

DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCSI1: Building Component Safety Information,
Guide to Good Practice for Handling,
Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate

Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System





JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

## PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS

CC-ES Reports:

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ER-5243, 9604B, 9730, 95-43, 96-31, 9667A
NER-487, NER-561
95110, 84-32, 96-67, ER-3907, 9432A

© 2006 MiTek® All Rights Reserved

Julius Lee Engineering 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton, FL 33435

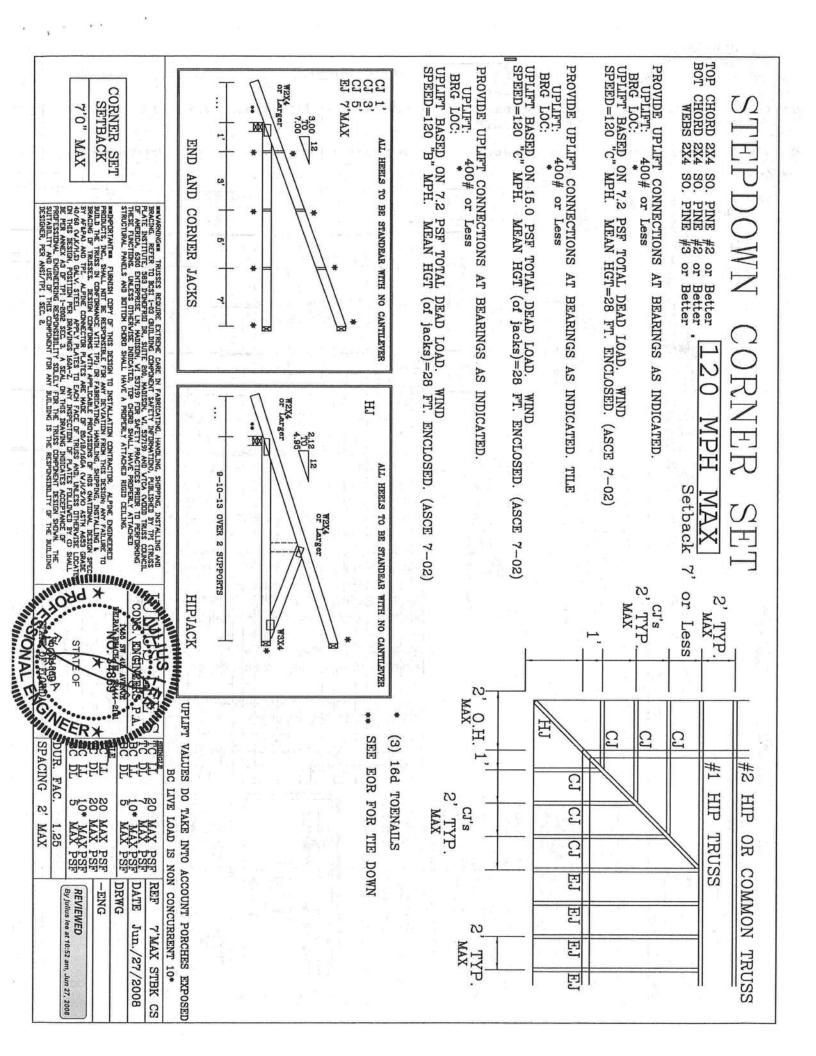


# General Safety Notes

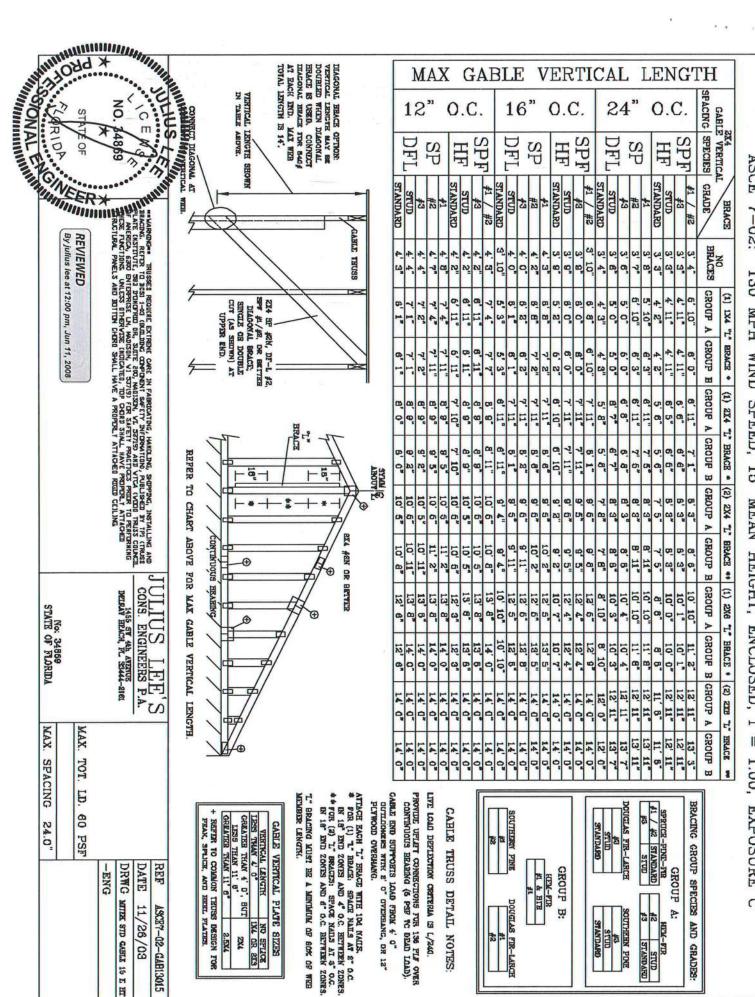
Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSII.
- Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative T, I, or Eliminator bracing should be considered.
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
- Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
- Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- 14. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- 16. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or freated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
- Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.

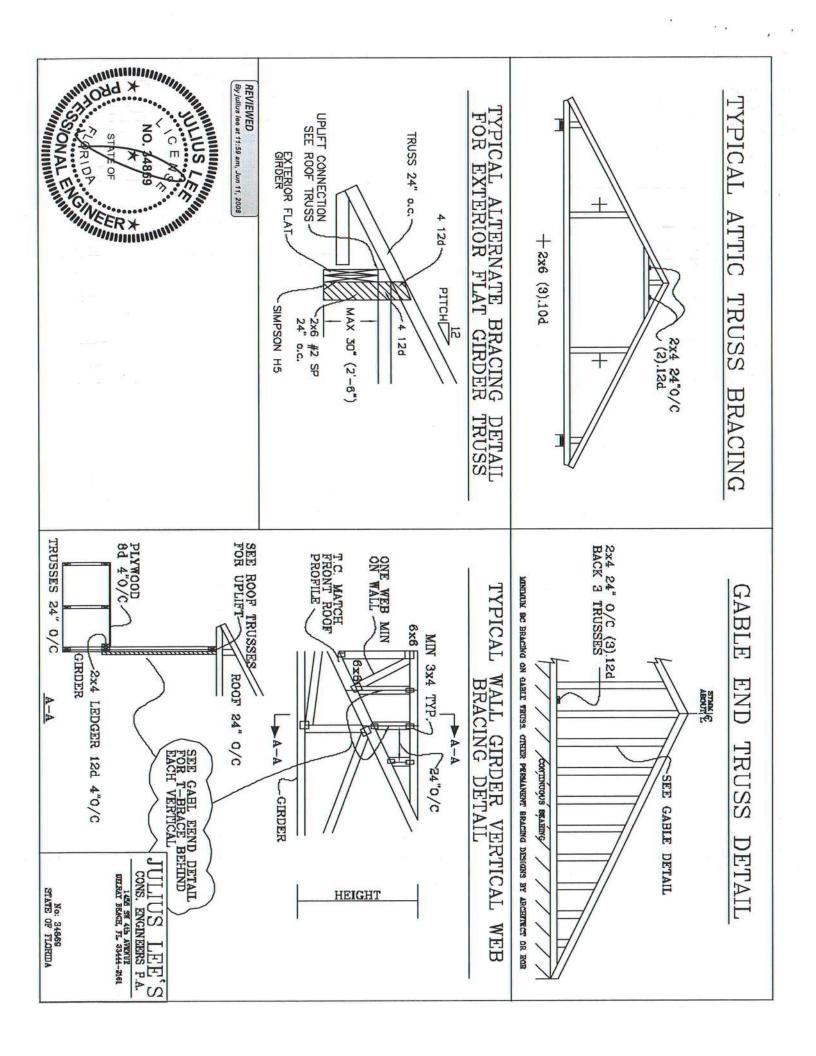
			** * .
		*	



## GABLE VERTICAL ASCE BRACE ~ -02: 130 (1) 1X4 "L" BRACE \* MPH WIND (1) 2X4 "L" BRACE . SPEED, 15 (2) 2X4 "L" BRACE \*\* MEAN HEIGHT, (1) 2X8 "L" BRACE \* ENCLOSED, (Z) ZXB "L" HRACE H II 1.00, EXPOSURE C



### NO. 64869 DIAGONAL BRACE OPTION: VERTICAL LENGTH MAY BE DOUBLED WHEN DIAGONAL BRACE IS USED, COUNDET INACONAL BRACE TOR SEG \$ AT EACH IND. MAX WEB TOTAL LEXICIN IS 14". MAX **GABLE** VERTICAL LENGTH SPACING SPECIES O.C. O.C. 0 GABLE VERTICAL ONE DIAGONAL AT ABOVE. SPF DFLSPF DFL SPF SP SP H H SP H ASCE NAMORE GRADE STANDARD STANDARD STANDARD STANDARD STUD COLS WEB. がた BRACE 7-02: GABLE TRUSS BRACES 130 GROUP A ZX4 SP OR III-L #2 OH BETTIN DIAGONAL BRACE, SINGLE (1) 1X4 "L" BRACE . CUT (AS SHOWN) MPH GROUP H 3, 10, 8, 6, WIND GROUP A GROUP B (1) 2X4 "L" BRACE . SPEED REFER TO 3 POCAS 30 (2) 2X4 "L" BRACE \*\* (1) 2X8 "L" BRACE \* (2) 2XB "L" BRACE \*\* GROUP A CHART ABOVE FOR MAX GABLE MEAN SX4 #SN OR BETTIE CONTINUOUS GROUP B HEIGHT, 0 C SWEWER CONS. GROUP A GROUP B GROUP A DELBAY BEACH, FL. 33444-2161 No: 34868 STATE OF ILURIDA ENGINEERS P.A. ENCLOSED, VERTICAL LENGTH MAX. MAX. GROUP B 11 14, 0° 14' 0' TOT. 1.00, SPACING E ATTACE EACH 'L' BRACE WITE 104 MAIS. # FOR (1) 'L' BRACE; SPACE WAIE AF 8" O.C. # FOR (2) 'L' BRACES AND 4" O.C. BETTEZH ZDNES ## FOR (2) 'L' BRACES; SPACE MAIS AT 3" O.C. IN 18" END ZONES AND 6" O.C. BETTEZEN ZONES CABLE END SUPPORTS LOAD FROM 4, 0, PROVIDE UPLANT CONNECTIONS FOR 180 FLF OVER CONTINUOUS BEARING (6 PSF TC DEAD LOAD). LIVE LOAD DEPLECTION CRITERIA IS L/240. T." BRACING MUST BE A MINIMUM OF BOX OF WEB MEMBER LENGTH. DOUGLAS FIR-LARCH JOS STUD STANDARD PLYWOOD OVERHANG. BRACING CREATER TRAN 4. 0° BUT LESS TRAN 4. 0° BUT CREATER TRAN 11' B' CREATER TRAN 11' B' EXPOSURE CAHLE 60 SOUTHERAY PINE 24.0 PEAK, SPIJCE, AND HEEL PLATES. CABLE VERTICAL PSF GROUP SPECIES TRUSS DATE REF DWC MIEE STD GARLE SO' E MI GROUP FLENG-PER GROUP DETAIL NOTES: HEHL PLATES. 0 PLATE SIZES 11/26/09 ASCE7-02-CAB13030 8 SOUTHERN PONE A: NO SPLICE HIM-FIR STUD STANDARU AND STANDARD 2.5X4 200 GRADES:



BOT CHORD 284 おおお BETTER BETTER BETTER

# PIGGYBACK DETAIL

SPACE PIGGYBACK VERTICALS AT 4' OC MAX. REFER TO SEALED DESIGN FOR DASHED PLATES.

TOP AND BOTTOM CHORD SPLICES MUST BE STAGGERED SO THAT ONE SPLICE IS NOT DIRECTLY OVER ANOTHER.

PIGGYBACK BOTTOM CHORD MAY BE OMITTED. TRUSS TOP CHORD WITH 1.5X3 PLATE. ATTACH VERTICAL WEBS TO

ATTACH PURLINS TO TOP OF FLAT TOP CHORD. IF PIGGYBACK IS SOLID LUMBER OR THE BOTTOM CHORD IS OMITTED, PURLINS MAY BE APPLIED HENEATH THE TOP CHORD OF SUPPORTING TRUSS.

REFER TO ENCINEER'S SEALED DESIGN FOR REQUIRED FURLIN SPACING.

THIS DETAIL IS APPLICABLE FOR THE FOLLOWING WIND CONDITIONS: 110 MPH WIND, 30' MEAN HGT, ASCE 7-02, CLOSED HIDG, LOCATED ANYWHERE IN ROOF, 1 MI FROM COAST CAT I, EXP C, WIND TO DI=5 PSF, WIND BC DI=5 PSF 130 MPH WIND, 30' MEAN HGT, ASCE 7-02, CLOSED BLDG, LOCATED ANYWHERE IN ROOF, CAT II, EXP. C, WIND TC DL=6 PSF, WIND HC DL=6 PSF

FRONT FACE (E,\*) PLATES MAY BE OFFSET FROM BACK FACE PLATES AS LONG AS BOTH FACES ARE SPACED 4' OC MAX. 110 MPH WIND, 30' MEAN HOT, FEG ENCLOSED BLDG, LOCATED ANYWHERE IN ROOF WIND TO DL-5 PSF, WIND BC DL-5 PSF

WAX SIZE OF ZX12

56

LOCATION IS ACCEPTABLE

TYP. B

D-SPLICE

RO' FLAT TOP CHORD MAX SPAN

JXAX

THE Ħ C Ħ > 1.5X8 2 584 4X8 284 g OR SX6 TRULOX AT 4' 2.5X4 1.5X4 SPANS 9X9 6X8 7 Ą 1.5X4 2.6X4 600 **8X8** 86 5 1.5X4 5X6 BXG 300 52 BC,

ATTACH THULOX PLATES WITH (8) 0.120" X 1.575" NAILS, (EQUAL, PER FACE PER PLY. (4) NAILS IN EACH MEMBER BE CONNECTED. REFER TO DRAWING 160 TL FOR THULOX 2 S

WEB LENGIB	REQUIRED BRACI
	X4 T BRACE SAME GRADI
7'9" TO 10'	CEMBER, OR BETTER, AND 80% LE
יאי איי	2x4 "I" BRACE. SAME GRADE
	TEMBER ATTACH WITH 16d VAILS

C	0	ATTACH TEN PAHRICATION (4) 0.120 PIGGYBACK SPACE 4' C	
)	0	CETH TO THE ON. ATTACH X 1.375" NA K SPECIAL PI OC OR LESS	* PIGG
۵	۵	H TO S	* PIGGYBACK SPECIAL PLATE
a	٥	SYBAC SUPPO SER FI TO EA	SPE(
۰	0	K AT KING CH TH	TAL P
۵	۵ .	THE TI TRUSS ER PLY WSS F	TATE
a	0	THE TIME OF C TRUSS WITH PER PLY. APPLY TRUSS FACE AND	
b		YIG	

THE PIGGYBACK WITH SXB TRULOX OR ALPINE PIGGYBACK SPECIAL PLATE.	THIS DRAWIN	THIS DRAWING REPLACES DRAWINGS 634,016 634,017 & 847,045	14,018 834,017 & 847,045
Man Control of the Co	3,441 SIII IIII	MAX LOADING	REF PIGGYBACK
ACE DESTRIBUTE DESTRIBUTE CONFIDER OF PARKETATING, SHIPPING, DETALLING AND PARKET DESTRIBUTE AND COMPONENT SAFETY AFGENORIZED BY THE CHRISC CHARGE.	CONS. ENGINEERS P.A.	55 PSF AT	DATE 09/12/07
NO. 34869 WERICA, 6300 ENTERPRISE LA, NAMESAN, NI 33739 FOR SAFETY PRACTICES PRIOR TO PEPEDROMG	DINEAN BEACH IL TOTAL	1.33 DUR. FAC.	DRWGMITEK STD PIGGY
SELECTURAL PARELS AND BOTTOM CHORD SHALL HAVE A PROPERLY ATTACHED RIGIO CELLING.		50 PSF AT	-ENG JL
STATE OF COMPANY		1.23 DUN. PAC.	
	•	47 PSF AT 1.15 DUR. FAC.	
HI COOK	STATE OF FLORIDA	SPACING 24.0"	
THE OVAL THE TOTAL THE		3 (45)	

## VALLEY TRUSS DETAIL

TOP CHORD 2X4 SP #2 OR SPF #1/#2 OR BETTER. 2X3(\*) OR 2X4 SP #2N OR SPF #1/#2 OR BETTER. 2X4 SP #3 OR BETTER.

- ZX3 MAY BE RIPPED FROM A ZX6 (PITCHED OR SQUARE).
- \* ATTACH EACH VALLEY TO EVERY SUPPORTING TRUSS WITH: ASCE 7-02 180 MPH WIND. 15' MEAN HEICHT, BUILDING, EXP. C. RESIDENTIAL, WIND TC DL=5 FEC 2004 110 MPH, ASCE 7-02 110 MPH WIND ASCE 7-02 130 MPH WIND. 15' MEAN HEICHT, 18d BOX (0.135" X 3.5") NAILS TOE-NAILED FOR ENCLOSED OR (3) 16d FOR

EQUALLY SPACED, FOR VERTICAL VALLEY WEBS GREATER THAN 7'9". WITH 8d BOX (0.113" X 2.5") NAILS AT 6" OC, OR CONTINUOUS LATERAL BRACING, UNLESS SPECIFIED ON ENGINEER'S SEALED DESIGN, APPLY 1X4 "T"-BRACE, 80%

MAXIMUM VALLEY VERTICAL HEIGHT MAY NOT EXCEED 12'0"

TOP CHORD OF TRUSS BENEATH VALLEY SET MUST BE BRACED WITH:
PROPERLY ATTACHED, RATED SHEATHING APPLIED PRIOR TO VALLEY TRUSS INSTALLATION

BY VALLEY TRUSSES USED IN LIEU OF PURLIN SPACING AS SPECIFIED ON ENGINEERS' SEALED DESIGN. PURLINS AT 24" OC OR AS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED ON ENGINEERS' SEALED DESIGN

\* ++ LARGER SPANS MAY BE BUILT AS LONG AS THE VERTICAL HEIGHT DOES NOTE THAT THE PURLIN SPACING FOR BRACING THE TOP CHORD OF THE TRUSS BENEATH THE VALLEY IS MEASURED ALONG THE SLOPE OF THE TOP CHORD.

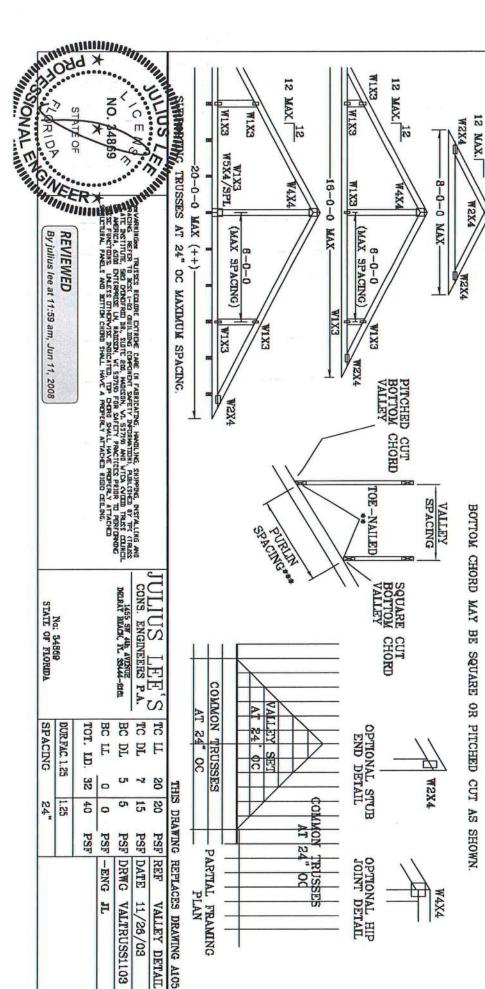
LARGER AS REQ'D

12

4-0-0

XAM

NOT EXCEED 12'0".



CONS.

S

US LEE'S

CO

TC

20

20

PSF REF

VALLEY DETAIL

DELEVIA BEYCH' IL STAND-SIQI

BC DL TC DL

5

PSF DRWG

VALTRUSS1103

PSF DATE

11/26/03

BC

F

0

PSF

-ENG

H

32

40

PSF

NG: 34869 STATE OF FLORIDA

SPACING DUR.FAC. 1.25 TOT. LD

24 1.25

## TOE-NAIL DETAIL

TOE-NAILS TO BE DRIVEN AT AN ANGLE OF APPROXIMATELY THIRTY DEGREES WITH THE PIECE AND STARTED APPROXIMATELY ONE-THIRD THE LENGTH OF THE NAIL FROM THE END OF THE MEMBER.

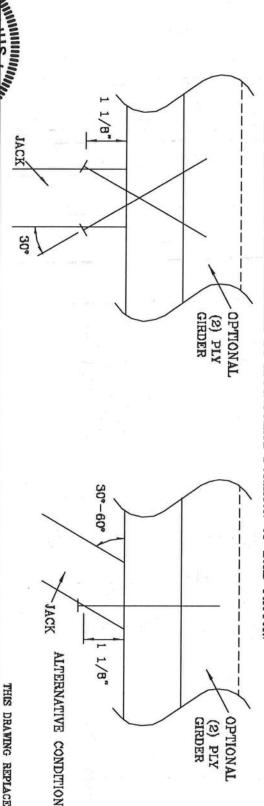
PER ANSI/AF&PA NDS-2001 SECTION 12.4.1 — EDGE DISTANCE, END DISTANCE, SPACING: "EDGE DISTANCES, END DISTANCES AND SPACINGS FOR NAILS AND SPIKES SHALL BE SUFFICIENT TO PREVENT SPLITTING OF THE WOOD."

THE NUMBER OF TOE-NAILS TO BE USED IN A SPECIFIC APPLICATION IS DEPENDENT UPON PROPERTIES FOR THE CHORD SIZE, LUMBER SPECIES, AND NAIL TYPE. PROPER CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES AS WELL AS GOOD JUDGEMENT SHOULD DETERMINE THE NUMBER OF NAILS TO BE USED.

FRAMING INTO A SINGLE OR DOUBLE PLY SUPPORTING GIRDER

MAXIMUM VERTICAL RESISTANCE OF 16d (0.162"X3.5") COMMON TOE-NAILS

NUMBER OF		SOUTHERN PINE	DOUGLAS	DOUGLAS FIR-LARCH		HEM-FIR	SPRUCE PINE FIR	PINE
TOE-NAILS	1 PLY	2 PLIES	1 PLY	2 PLIES	1 PLY	2 PLIES	1 PLY	2 PLIES
ນ	187#	256#	181#	234#	166#	203#	154#	199#
ယ	296#	383#	271#	351#	234#	304#	230#	298#
4	394#	511#	361#	468#	312#	406#	307#	397#
5	493#	639#	452#	585#	390#	507#	384#	496#
ALL VALUE	ES WAY B	ALL VALUES MAY HE MILITIPLIED BY APPROPRIATE DITEATION OF LOAD EACTION	DO AN OF	STATE OF STATE	NO TO A TOTAL	70 100	TA COMOD	



NO. 4889

NO. 4889

NO. 4889

NO. 4889

NO. 4889

REVIEWED
By Julius lee at 11:59 am, Jun 11, 2008

No: 34888 STATE OF FLORIDA

SPACING DUR. FAC. TOT. LD.

1.00

PSF PSF PSF PSF PSF

ARAMAN TRUSSES REQUIRE EXTREME CARE IN FARRICATING, HANDLING, SUPPING, INSTALLING AND COME, REDER TO BOSE 1-43 GADLING CHIRDWEIT SAFETY (HITCHAITIDG), PUBLISHED BY THE CHRUSS IE INSTITUTE, 383 D'AUGHEU DR, SUTTE GID, NAUISSIN, AC 35719) AND VICA (ADOD THUSS COLNEL, MECICA), 6840 ENTEPRINSE, IN, MAGISIN, AT 35719) FER SAFETY PRACTICES PRIME TO PERFORMINS SE FUNCTIONS. UNLESS GITHERWISE INDICATED, THE ACHOOD SHALL HAVE PERFORLY ATTACHED BETTAND THE MELSS AND SETTING COME SHALL HAVE BETTAND COLDENS.

JULIUS LEE'S DELRAY BEACH, FL. 83444-2161

THIS DRAWING REPLACES DRAWING 784040

REF

TOE-NAIL

BC TC DL TC

DI

DRWG DATE

CNTONAIL1103 09/12/07

-ENG

H

BC LL

SALTI

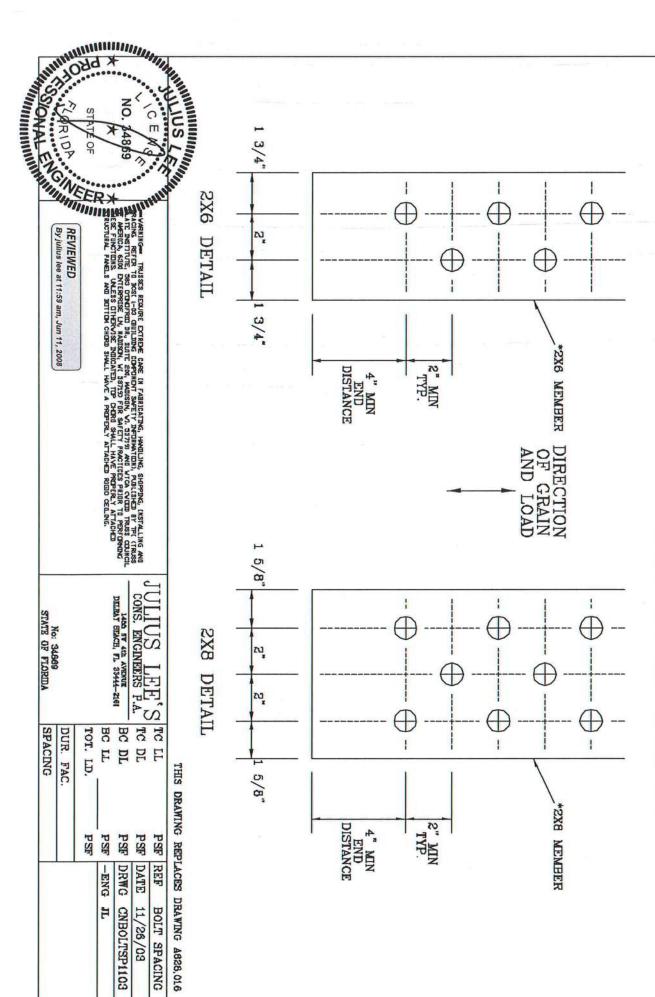
## DIAMETER BOLT SPACING FOR LOAD APPLIED PARALLEL ToGRAIN.

GRADE AND SPECIES AS SPECIFIED ON THE ALPINE DESIGN

BOLT HOLES SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 1/S2" TO A MAXIMUM OF 1/16" LARGER THAN BOLT DIAMETER.

TYPICAL LOCATION OF 1/2" DIAMETER THRU BOLTS. QUANTITIES AS NOTED ON SEALED DESIGN MUST BE IN ONE OF THE PATTERNS SHOWN BELOW. APPLIED

WASHERS REQUIRED UNDER BOLT HEAD AND NUT



SPACING

# TRULOX CONNECTION DETA

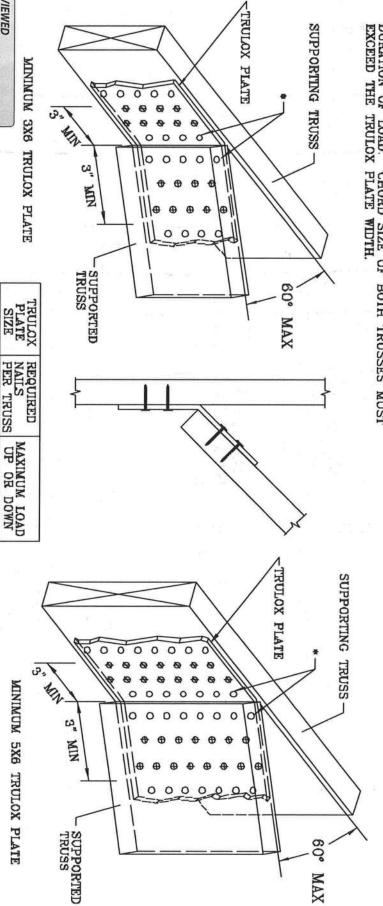
SHOWN (+). 11 GAUGE (0.120" X 1.375") NAILS REQUIRED FOR TRULOX PLATE ATTACHMENT. FILL ROWS COMPLETELY WHERE

NAILS MAY BE OMITTED FROM THESE ROWS

THIS DETAIL MAY BE USED WITH SO, PINE, DOUGLAS-FIR OR HEM-FIR CHORDS WITH A MINIMUM 1.00 DURATION OF LOAD OR SPRUCE-PINE-FIR CHORDS WITH A MINIMUM 1.15 DURATION OF LOAD. CHORD SIZE OF BOTH TRUSSES MUST EXCEED THE TRULOX PLATE WIDTH.

TRULOX PLATE IS CENTERED ON THE CHORDS AND BENT BETWEEN NAIL ROWS.

REFER TO ENGINEER'S SEALED DESIGN REFERENCING INFORMATION NOT SHOWN THIS DETAIL FOR LUMBER, PLATES, AND OTHER



NO. 64869

STATE OF LEAGUE WARDING THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

By julius lee at 11:58 am, Jun 11, 2008

**6X8** 3X6

15 9

#088 350#

ULIUS LEE'S CONS. ENGINEERS P.A. DELEVA SEVEN UT SEVEN SERVE

1,154,844

THIS DRAWING REPLACES DRAWINGS 1,168,989

1,158,989/R

MINIMUM 5X6 TRULOX PLATE

1,152,217 1,152,017 1,159,154 & 1,151,524

DATE REF

11/26/09 TRULOX

DRWG -ENG

H

CNTRULOX1103

No: 34869 STATE OF FLORIDA

REVIEWED

## NO ALE OF STATE OF ST By julius lee at 11:58 am, Jun 11, 2008 REVIEWED TO BEARING TO BEARING ADD 2x4 #2 SP ONE FACE 10'-0" 0/C MAX SYSTEM-42 ALTERNATE DETAIL FOR STRONG BACK WITH VERTICAL NOT LINING UP STRONG (3)10d-10'-0" O/C MAX BACK DETAIL OR FLAT TRUSS -(3)10d 2x6 #2 SP 3)10d ULIUS LEE'S cons. ENGINEERS P.A. DELEGAT BEACH, FL 33444-2161 No: 34869 STATE OF FLORIDA

## **MULTIPLE-MEMBER CONNECTIONS FOR SIDE-LOADED BEAMS**

## Maximum Uniform Load Applied to Either Outside Member (PLF)

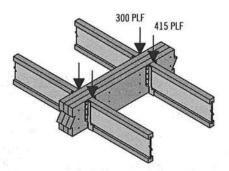
					Co	onnector Pattern		
			Assembly A	Assembly B	Assembly C	Assembly D	Assembly E	Assembly F
Connector Type	Number of Rows	Connector On-Center Spacing	2 134		13/1" 31/2"	13/1" 31/2" 13/1"	1 31/2"	134"
			3½" 2-ply	51/4" 3-ply	51/4" 2-ply	7" 3-ply	7" 2-ply	7" 4-ply
10d (0.128" x 3")	2	12"	370	280	280	245		
Nail <sup>(1)</sup>	3	12"	555	415	415	370		
148 4207		24"	505	380	520	465	860	340
1/2" A307 Through Bolts <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	2	19.2"	635	475	655	580	1,075	425
Thi dugii bulta		16"	760	570	785	695	1,290	505
		24"	680	510	510	455		
SDS 1/4" x 31/2"(4)	2	19.2"	850	640	640	565	1 100	- 4
		16"	1,020	765	765	680		
		24"				455	465	455
SDS 1/4" x 6"(3)(4)	2	19.2"				565	580	565
		16"			When had a	680	695	680
	Market Co.	24"	480	360	360	320		
USP WS35 (4)	2	19.2"	600	450	450	400		
		16"	715	540	540	480		
		24"				350	525	350
USP WS6 (3)(4)	2	19.2"				440	660	440
		16"				525	790	525
		24"	635	475	475	425		PRINCE SERVICES
33½" TrussLok <sup>(4)</sup>	2	19.2"	795	595	595	530	453	
		16"	955	715	715	635		misoritary ex
		24"		500	500	445	480	445
5" TrussLok(4)	2	19.2"		625	625	555	600	555
ILUZZENKA		16"		750	750	665	725	665
	Mark Mark	24"				445	620	445
63/4"	2	19.2"		100		555	770	555
TrussLok(4)	A STATE OF S	16"				665	925	665

Nailed connection values may be doubled for 6" on-center or tripled for 4" on-center nail spacing.

## **General Notes**

- Connections are based on NDS® 2005 or manufacturer's code report.
- Use specific gravity of 0.5 when designing lateral connections.
- Values listed are for 100% stress level. Increase 15% for snow-loaded roof conditions or 25% for non-snow roof conditions, where code allows.
- Bold Italic cells indicate Connector Pattern must be installed on both sides.
   Stagger fasteners on opposite side of beam by ½ the required Connector Spacing.
- Verify adequacy of beam in allowable load tables on pages 16-33.
- 7" wide beams should be side-loaded only when loads are applied to both sides
  of the members (to minimize rotation).
- Minimum end distance for bolts and screws is 6".
- Beams wider than 7" require special consideration by the design professional.

## **Uniform Load Design Example**



First, check the allowable load tables on pages 16-33 to verify that three pieces can carry the total load of 715 plf with proper live load deflection criteria. Maximum load applied to either outside member is 415 plf. For a 3-ply  $1\frac{3}{4}$ " assembly, two rows of 10d (0.128" x 3") nails at 12" on-center is good for only 280 plf. Therefore, use three rows of 10d (0.128" x 3") nails at 12" on-center (good for 415 plf).

### Alternates:

Two rows of 1/2" bolts or SDS 1/4" x 31/2" screws at 19.2" on-center.

<sup>(2)</sup> Washers required. Bolt holes to be 9/16" maximum.

<sup>(3) 6&</sup>quot; SDS or WS screws can be used with Parallam® PSL and Microllam® LVL, but are not recommended for TimberStrand® LSL.

<sup>(4) 24&</sup>quot; on-center bolted and screwed connection values may be doubled for 12" on-center spacing.

## MULTIPLE-MEMBER CONNECTIONS FOR SIDE-LOADED BEAMS

## Point Load—Maximum Point Load Applied to Either Outside Member (lbs)

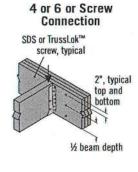
FILL STORES	3 437 4			C	onnector Pattern		NATH ARISTOR
		Assembly A	Assembly B	Assembly C	Assembly D	Assembly E	Assembly F
Connector Type	Number of Connectors	1 2" 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	13/4"	1W 3½"	13/1 31/2 13/4	1 2" 31/2"	13/4"
		3½" 2-ply	51/4" 3-ply	51/4" 2-ply	7" 3-ply	7" 2-ply	7" 4-ply
10d (0.128" x 3") Nail	6	1,110	835	835	740		
	12	2,225	1,670	1,670	1,485		
	18	3,335	2,505	2,505	2,225		
	24	4,450	3,335	3,335	2,965		
SDS Screws 1/4" x 31/2" or WS35 1/4" x 6" or WS6 <sup>(1)</sup>	4 4000	1,915	1,435(4)	1,435	1,275	1,860(2)	1,405(2)
	6 #	2,870	2,150 (4)	2,150	1,915	2,785(2)	2,110(2)
	8	3,825	2,870 (4)	2,870	2,550	3,715(2)	2,810(2)
00/N - FR	4	2,545	1,910 (4)	1,910	1,695	1,925(3)	1,775(3)
33/8" or 5" TrussLok™	6	3,815	2,860 (4)	2,860	2,545	2,890(3)	2,665(3)
HUSSLUK	8	5,090	3,815 (4)	3,815	3,390	3,855(3)	3,550(3)

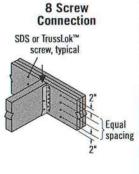
(1) 6" SDS or WS screws can be used with Parallam® PSL and Microllam® LVL, but are not recommended for TimberStrand® LSL.

See General Notes on page 38

- (2) 6" long screws required.
- (3) 5" long screws required.
- (4) 31/2" and 35/4" long screws must be installed on both sides.

## **Connections**

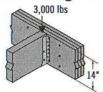




## Nail Connection 10d (0.128" x 3") nails, typical. Stagger to prevent splitting. 8"-10" 2" spacing, typical 11½" minimum spacing, typical

## There must be an equal number of nails on each side of the connection

## Point Load Design Example



First, verify that a 3-ply 1¾" x 14" beam is capable of supporting the 3,000 lb point load as well as all other loads applied. The 3,000 lb point load is being transferred to the beam with a face mount hanger. For a 3-ply 1¾" assembly, eight 3¾" TrussLok™ screws are good for 3,815 lbs with a face mount hanger.

## **MULTIPLE-MEMBER CONNECTIONS FOR TOP-LOADED BEAMS**

### 13/4" Wide Pieces

- Minimum of three rows of 10d (0.128" x 3") nails at 12" on-center.
- Minimum of four rows of 10d (0.128" x 3") nails at 12" on-center for 14" or deeper.
- If using 12d-16d (0.148"-0.162" diameter) nails, the number of nailing rows may be reduced by one.
- Minimum of two rows of SDS, WS, or TrussLok™ screws at 16" on-center. Use 3¾" minimum length with two or three plies; 5" minimum for 4-ply members. 6" SDS and WS screws are not recommended for use with TimberStrand® LSL. For 3- or 4-ply members, connectors must be installed
- on both sides. Stagger fasteners on opposite side of beam by ½ of the required connector spacing.
- Load must be applied evenly across entire beam width. Otherwise, use connections for side-loaded beams.

## 31/2" Wide Pieces

- Minimum of two rows of SDS, WS, or TrussLok™ screws, 5" minimum length, at 16" on-center. 6" SDS and WS screws are not recommended for use with TimberStrand® LSL. Connectors must be installed on both sides. Stagger fasteners on opposite side of beam by ½ of the required connector spacing.
- Load must be applied evenly across entire beam width. Otherwise, use connections for side-loaded heams
- Minimum of two rows of ½" bolts at 24" on-center staggered.



L6

Multiple pieces can be nailed or bolted together to form a header or beam of the required size, up to a maximum width of 7"