



Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 section 6.3  
These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

RE: 0425-043 - MIKE TODD - GERKE RESIDENCE

**MiTek, Inc.**

16023 Swingley Ridge Rd  
Chesterfield, MO 63017  
914.434.1200

**Site Information:**

Customer Info: MIKE TODD CONSTRUCTION Project Name: JASON GERKE Model:  
Lot/Block: 30-4S-17-08913-010 Subdivision: .  
Address: ., .  
City: COLUMBIA COUNTY State: FL

**Name Address and License # of Structural Engineer of Record, If there is one, for the building.**

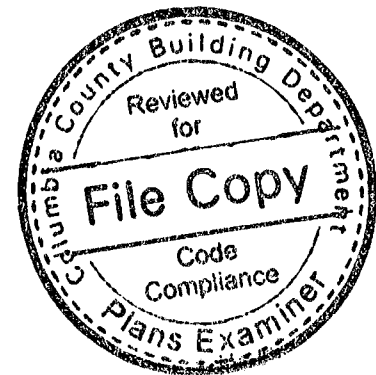
Name: License #:  
Address:  
City: State:

**General Truss Engineering Criteria & Design Loads (Individual Truss Design Drawings Show Special Loading Conditions):**

Design Code: FBC2023/TPI2014 Design Program: MiTek 20/20 8.8  
Wind Code: ASCE 7-22 Wind Speed: 130 mph  
Roof Load: 40.0 psf Floor Load: N/A psf

This package includes 26 individual, Truss Design Drawings and 0 Additional Drawings.  
With my seal affixed to this sheet, I hereby certify that I am the Truss Design Engineer and this index sheet conforms to 61G15-31.003, section 5 of the Florida Board of Professional Engineers Rules.

No.	Seal#	Truss Name	Date	No.	Seal#	Truss Name	Date
1	T37134678	A01	4/25/25	23	T37134700	PB01	4/25/25
2	T37134679	A02	4/25/25	24	T37134701	PB02	4/25/25
3	T37134680	A03	4/25/25	25	T37134702	PB03	4/25/25
4	T37134681	A04	4/25/25	26	T37134703	PB04	4/25/25
5	T37134682	A04A	4/25/25				
6	T37134683	A05	4/25/25				
7	T37134684	A05A	4/25/25				
8	T37134685	A06	4/25/25				
9	T37134686	A06A	4/25/25				
10	T37134687	A07	4/25/25				
11	T37134688	A07A	4/25/25				
12	T37134689	A08	4/25/25				
13	T37134690	A08A	4/25/25				
14	T37134691	A09	4/25/25				
15	T37134692	A09A	4/25/25				
16	T37134693	CJ01	4/25/25				
17	T37134694	CJ02	4/25/25				
18	T37134695	J01	4/25/25				
19	T37134696	J01A	4/25/25				
20	T37134697	J02	4/25/25				
21	T37134698	J03	4/25/25				
22	T37134699	J04	4/25/25				



The truss drawing(s) referenced above have been prepared by MiTek USA, Inc. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Mayo Truss Company, Inc..

Truss Design Engineer's Name: Lee, Julius

My license renewal date for the state of Florida is February 28, 2027.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



Julius Lee PE No. 34869  
MiTek Inc. DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date:

April 25, 2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	MIKE TODD - GERKE RESIDENCE	T37134678
0425-043	A01		9	1	Job Reference (optional)	

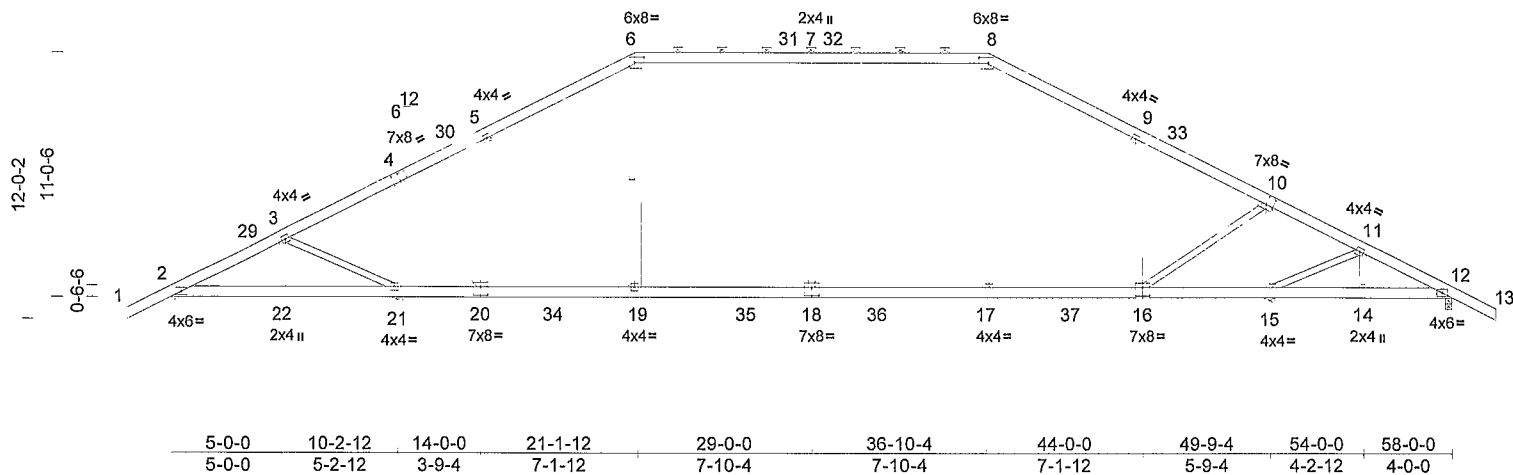
Mayo Truss Company, Inc. Mayo FL 32066

Run 8 83 S Apr 11 2025 Print. 8 830 S Apr 11 2025 MiTek Industries Inc. Fri Apr 25 08 11.46

Page 1

ID:4DdhZdiUY4KTAyv5lYW2zNS7J-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKwRCDoi7J4zJC7f

-2-0-0	5-0-0	10-2-12	14-1-12	21-0-0	29-0-0	37-0-0	43-10-4	49-9-4	54-0-0	58-0-0	60-0-0
2-0-0	5-0-0	5-2-12	3-11-0	6-10-4	8-0-0	8-0-0	6-10-4	5-11-0	4-2-12	4-0-0	2-0-0
58-0-0											



Scale = 1 104.4

Plate Offsets (X, Y) [4 0-4-0 0-4-8], [6 0-5-4 0-3-0], [8 0-5-4,0-3-0], [10 0-4-0,0-4-8] [16 0-4-0,0-4-8], [18 0-4-0,0-4-8] [20 0-4-0 0-4-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20 0	Plate Grip DOL	1 25	TC	0 33	Vert(LL)	-0 08	17-18	>999	240	244/190
TCDL	10 0	Lumber DOL	1 25	BC	0 38	Vert(CT)	-0 15	17-18	>999	180	
BCLL	0 0*	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0 95	Horz(CT)	0 03	15	n/a	n/a	
BCDL	10 0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-AS							
Weight. 476 lb FT = 20%											

<b>LUMBER</b>	
TOP CHORD	2x6 SP No 2
BOT CHORD	2x6 SP No 2
WEBS	2x4 SP No 2
<b>BRACING</b>	
TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied except 2-0-0 oc purlins (5-7-3 max ) 6-8
BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied
WEBS	1 Row at midpt 6-19, 7-18, 8-17
<b>REACTIONS</b> (size)	2=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8, 15=0-5-8, 21=0-5-8 Max Horiz 2=-222 (LC 10) Max Uplift 2=-65 (LC 12), 12=-69 (LC 12) Max Grav 2=436 (LC 23) 12=317 (LC 24) 15=2446 (LC 18) 21=2520 (LC 17)
<b>FORCES</b>	(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD	1-2=0/54, 2-3=-307/31, 3-5=-866/403 5-6=-1502/182, 6-7=-1640/206, 7-8=-1640/206, 8-9=-1684/187, 9-11=-1335/410, 11-12=-78/108, 12-13=0/54
BOT CHORD	2-22=-33/314, 21-22=-33/314, 19-21=-276/818, 17-19=0/1425, 15-17=-323/1108, 14-15=-76/61, 12-14=-76/89
WEBS	6-19=-298/65 7-18=-525/128, 8-17=-133/167, 4-21=-2088/90 3-22=0/199 10-15=-2066/107 9 16=-789/89, 11-14=0/136 11-15=-383/27 9-17=0/463, 3-21=-547/40, 5-20=-1137/83, 5-19=0/771 4-20=-18/1635, 6-18=-28/635 8-18=-22/439, 10-16=-16/1745

#### NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design

- Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading requirements specific to the use of this truss component
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding
- This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members with BCDL = 10 0psf
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 65 lb uplift at joint 2 and 69 lb uplift at joint 12
- This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord
- Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Julius Lee PE No. 34869  
MiTek Inc. DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd. Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date:

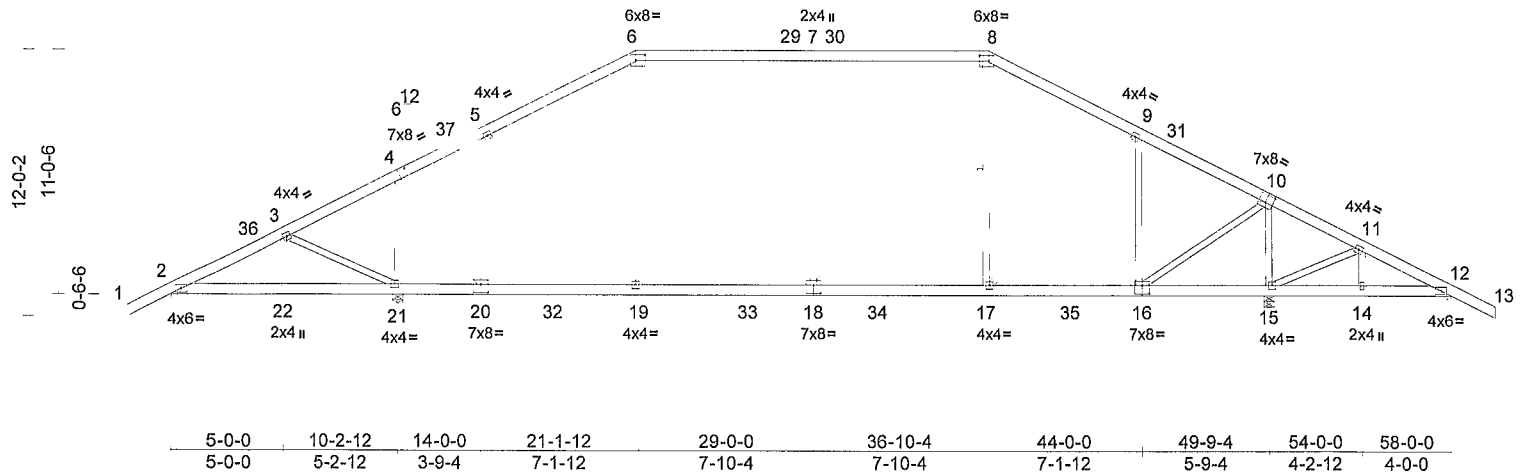
April 25,2025

**WARNING** Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MH-7473 rev 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

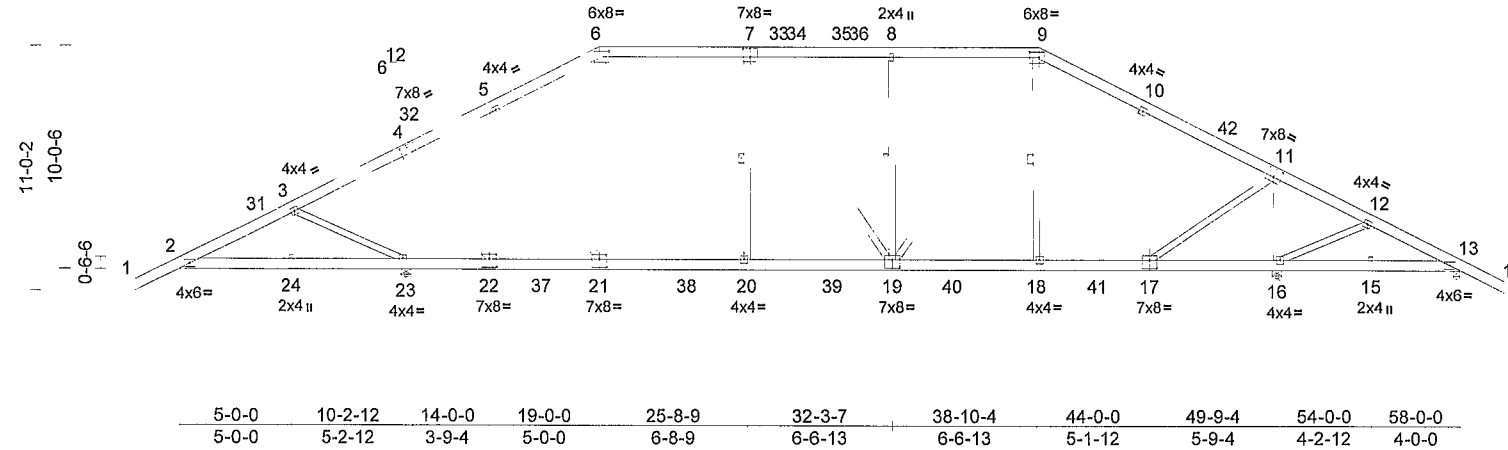
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication storage delivery erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinet.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcsccomponents.com)

**MiTek**  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd  
Chesterfield MO 63017  
314.434.1200 / MITek-US.com

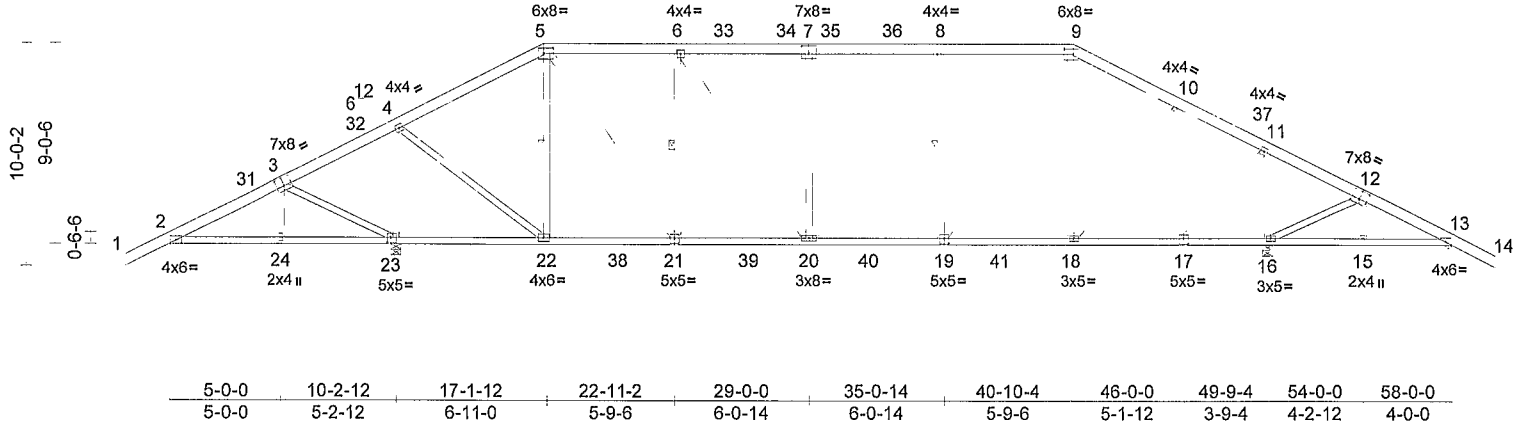
5	-2-0-0	5-0-0	10-2-12	14-1-12	21-0-0	29-0-0	37-0-0	43-10-4	49-9-4	54-0-0	58-0-0	60-0-0
	2-0-0	5-0-0	5-2-12	3-11-0	6-10-4	8-0-0	8-0-0	6-10-4	5-11-0	4-2-12	4-0-0	2-0-0
	58-0-0											



-2-0-0	5-0-0	10-2-12	14-1-12	19-0-0	25-10-5	32-3-7	39-0-0	43-10-4	49-9-4	54-0-0	58-0-0	60-0-0
2-0-0	5-0-0	5-2-12	3-11-0	4-10-4	6-10-5	6-5-1	6-8-9	4-10-4	5-11-0	4-2-12	4-0-0	2-0-0
58-0-0												



-2-0-0	5-0-0	10-2-12	17-0-0	23-0-14	29-0-0	34-11-2	41-0-0	45-10-4	49-9-4	54-0-0	58-0-0	60-0-0
2-0-0	5-0-0	5-2-12	6-9-4	6-0-14	5-11-2	5-11-2	6-0-14	4-10-4	3-11-0	4-2-12	4-0-0	2-0-0
58-0-0												



Scale = 1/104 1

Plate Offsets (X, Y) [3 0-4-0 0-4-8] [5 0-5-4,0-3-0] [7 0-4-0,0-4-8] [9 0-5-4,0-3-0], [12 0-4-0,0-4-8] [17 0-2-8,0-3-0], [19 0-2-8,0-3-0] [21 0-2-8 0-3-0] [23 0-2-0,0-3-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20 0	Plate Grip DOL	1 25	TC	0 25	Vert(LL)	-0 12	19-20	>999	240	244/190
TCDL	10 0	Lumber DOL	1 25	BC	0 57	Vert(CT)	-0 20	19-20	>999	180	
BCLL	0 0*	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0 98	Horz(CT)	0 05	16	n/a	n/a	
BCDL	10 0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-AS							
Weight: 438 lb FT = 20%											

#### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No 2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2  
WEBS 2x4 SP No 2

#### BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied  
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 5-22, 9-18 6-21, 7-20, 8-19

**REACTIONS** (size) 2=0-3-8 13=0-3-8, 16=0-5-8  
23=0-5-8  
Max Horiz 2=-184 (LC 10)  
Max Uplift 2=-144 (LC 12) 13=-132 (LC 12)  
16=-56 (LC 12) 23=-74 (LC 12)  
Max Grav 2=308 (LC 23), 13=219 (LC 24),  
16=2445 (LC 18), 23=2547 (LC 17)

#### FORCES

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension  
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/54 2-4=-23/647 4-5=-1192/128,  
5-6=-1607/161, 6-8=-1871/162,  
8-9=-1749/167 9-10=-1441/147  
10-11=-806/97, 11-13=-27/628 13-14=0/54  
BOT CHORD 2-24=-182/44, 22-24=-394/104,  
20-22=0/1640, 18-20=0/1744,  
16-18=-530/670 15-16=-238/0,  
13-15=-235/56  
WEBS 5-22=-758/79, 9-18=-455/49 3-24=-71/177  
6-21=-710/99, 7-20=-347/74, 6-20=-11/447  
10-17=1165/72 10-18=0/873,  
11-16=-2149/100, 5-21=-40/1130,  
12-15=-52/161, 12-16=-388/143  
11-17=-15/1744 8-19=-570/97  
9-19=-31/942, 4-23=-2147/133, 4-22=0/1697,  
8-20=-4/245, 3-23=-455/174

#### NOTES

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design

- 2) Wind ASCE 7-22, Vult=130mph (3-second gust)  
Vasd=101mph, TCDL=6 0psf; BCDL=6 0psf, h=15ft,  
B=45ft, L=58ft, eave=7ft, Cat. II, Exp B, Enclosed  
MWFRS (directional) and C-C Zone3 -2-0-0 to 3-9-10,  
Zone1 3-9-10 to 17-0-0, Zone2 17-0-0 to 25-2-7, Zone1  
25-2-7 to 41-0-0, Zone2 41-0-0 to 49-2-7, Zone1 49-2-7  
to 60-0-0 zone, cantilever left and right exposed, end  
vertical left and right exposed, porch left and right  
exposed, C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for  
reactions shown, Lumber DOL=1 60 plate grip  
DOL=1 60
- 3) Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for  
verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading  
requirements specific to the use of this truss component.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom  
chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 0psf  
on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle  
3-08-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom  
chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10 0psf
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to  
bearing plate capable of withstanding 132 lb uplift at joint  
13, 144 lb uplift at joint 2 56 lb uplift at joint 16 and 74 lb  
uplift at joint 23
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16"  
structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top  
chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to  
the bottom chord

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Julius Lee PE No 34869  
MiTek Inc. DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd. Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date

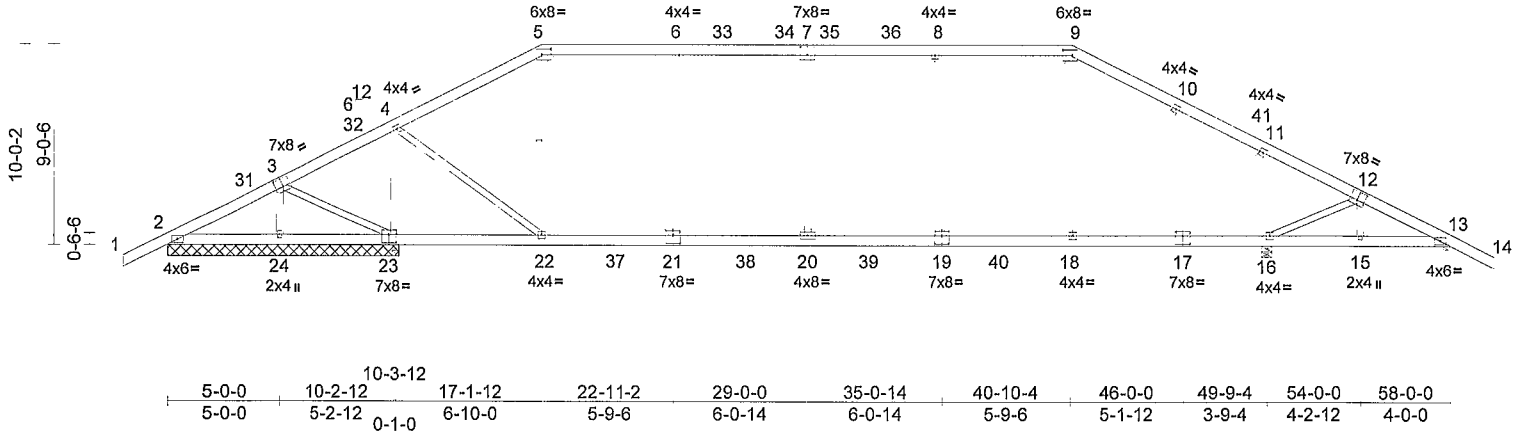
April 25, 2025

**WARNING** Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

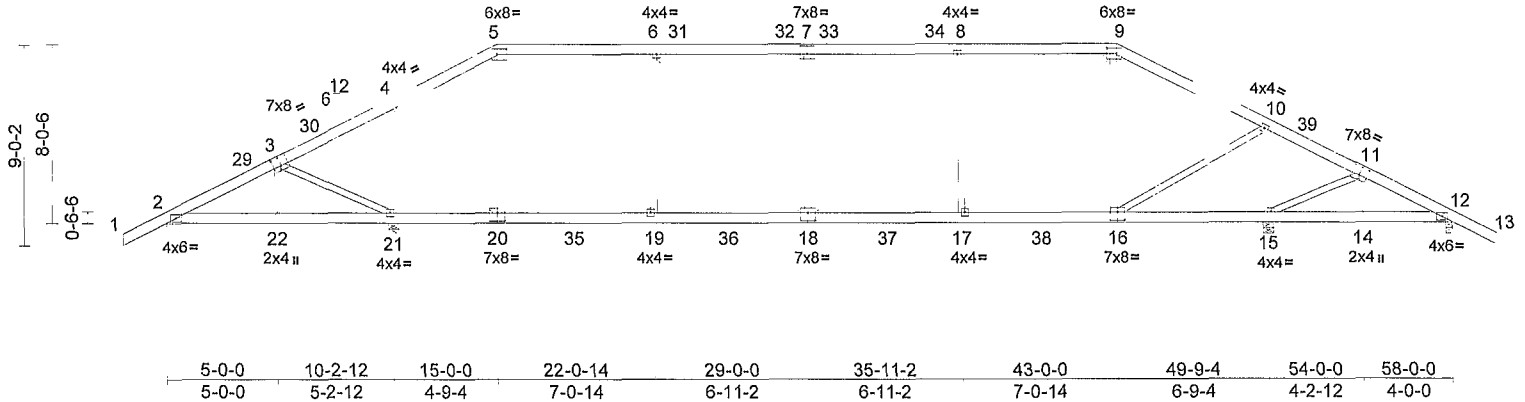
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinet.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbscomponents.com)

**MiTek®**  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd  
Chesterfield MO 63017  
314 434 1200 / MiTek-US.com

-2-0-0	5-0-0	10-2-12	17-0-0	23-0-14	29-0-0	34-11-2	41-0-0	45-10-4	49-9-4	54-0-0	58-0-0	60-0-0
2-0-0	5-0-0	5-2-12	6-9-4	6-0-14	5-11-2	5-11-2	6-0-14	4-10-4	3-11-0	4-2-12	4-0-0	2-0-0
58-0-0												



-2-0-0	5-0-0	10-2-12	15-0-0	22-0-14	29-0-0	35-11-2	43-0-0	49-9-4	54-0-0	58-0-0	60-0-0
2-0-0	5-0-0	5-2-12	4-9-4	7-0-14	6-11-2	6-11-2	7-0-14	6-9-4	4-2-12	4-0-0	2-0-0
58-0-0											



Scale = 1/104

Plate Offsets (X Y) [3 0-4-0 0-4-8], [5 0-5-4 0-3-0] [7 0-4-0,0-4-8], [9 0-5-4 0-3-0], [11 0-4-0,0-4-8] [16 0-4-0,0-4-8], [18 0-4-0 0-4-8], [20 0-4-0,0-4-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20 0	Plate Grip DOL	1 25	TC	0 25	Vert(LL)	-0 11	17-18	>999	240	244/190
TCDL	10 0	Lumber DOL	1 25	BC	0 39	Vert(CT)	-0 19	17-18	>999	180	
BCLL	0 0*	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0 95	Horz(CT)	0 03	15	n/a	n/a	
BCDL	10 0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-AS							
										Weight. 455 lb	FT = 20%

#### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No 2  
BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No 2  
WEBS 2x4 SP No 2

#### BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied  
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 5-20

#### REACTIONS

(size) 2=0-3-8 12=0-3-8 15=0-5-8  
21=0-5-8  
Max Horiz 2=-164 (LC 10)  
Max Uplift 2=-138 (LC 12) 12=-128 (LC 12)  
15=-58 (LC 12) 21=-86 (LC 12)  
Max Grav 2=272 (LC 23) 12=207 (LC 24)  
15=2430 (LC 18), 21=2585 (LC 17)

#### FORCES

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension  
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/54, 2-4=-13/741, 4-5=-787/95  
5-6=-1668/134, 6-8=-2045/133,  
8-9=-1878/145, 9-10=-1281/110  
10-12=-14/634, 12-13=0/54  
BOT CHORD 2-22=-265/36, 21-22=-267/0  
19-21=-597/681, 17-19=0/1871  
15-17=-520/1061 14-15=-303/0  
12-14=-301/42  
WEBS 3-22=-63/203, 3-21=-490/187  
4-21=-2220/114 4-20=-5/1773  
5-20=-1063/86, 9-16=-694/85 10-16=0/1811  
10-15=-2099/136 11-15=-320/135,  
11-14=-65/131 6-19=-817/118,  
5-19=-45/1498, 6-18=-17/559 7-18=-402/84  
8-18=-5/271, 8-17=-638/105 9-17=-30/1198

#### NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design

- Wind ASCE 7-22 Vult=130mph (3-second gust)  
Vasd=101mph, TCDL=6 Opsf, BCDL=6 Opsf; h=15ft,  
B=45ft, L=58ft, eave=7ft; Cat II, Exp B, Enclosed,  
MWFRS (directional) and C-C Zone3 -2-0-0 to 3-9-10  
Zone1 3-9-10 to 15-0-0, Zone2 15-0-0 to 23-2-7 Zone1  
23-2-7 to 43-0-0, Zone2 43-0-0 to 51-2-7, Zone1 51-2-7  
to 60-0-0 zone cantilever left and right exposed end  
vertical left and right exposed, porch left and right  
exposed, C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for  
reactions shown, Lumber DOL=1 60 plate grip  
DOL=1 60
- Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for  
verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading  
requirements specific to the use of this truss component.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding
- This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom  
chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 Opsf  
on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle  
3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom  
chord and any other members with BCDL = 10 Opsf
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to  
bearing plate capable of withstanding 138 lb uplift at joint  
2, 86 lb uplift at joint 21, 58 lb uplift at joint 15 and 128 lb  
uplift at joint 12
- This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16"  
structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top  
chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to  
the bottom chord

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Julius Lee PE No. 34869  
MiTek Inc. DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd. Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date

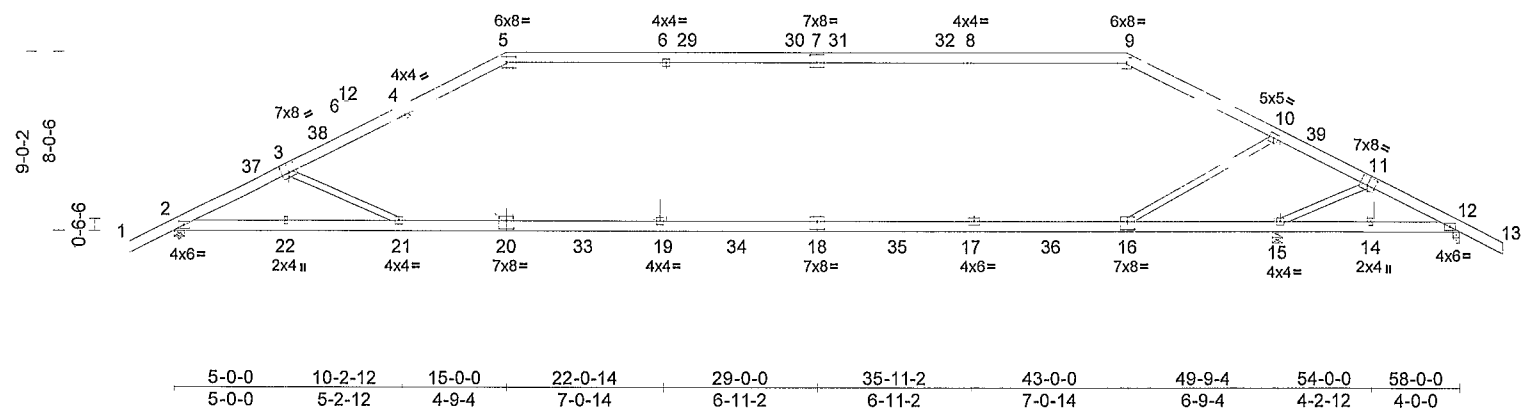
April 25,2025

**WARNING** Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication storage delivery erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbscomponents.com)

**MiTek®**  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd  
Chesterfield MO 63017  
314.434.1200 / MiTek-US.com

-2-0-0	5-0-0	10-2-12	15-0-0	22-0-14	29-0-0	35-11-2	43-0-0	49-9-4	54-0-0	58-0-0	60-0-0
2-0-0	5-0-0	5-2-12	4-9-4	7-0-14	6-11-2	6-11-2	7-0-14	6-9-4	4-2-12	4-0-0	2-0-0
58-0-0											



Scale = 1 104											
Plate Offsets (X Y) [3 0-4-0,0-4-8], [5 0-5-4,0-3-0], [7 0-4-0 0-4-8], [9 0-5-4,0-3-0] [11 0-4-0 0-4-8] [16 0-4-0 0-4-8], [18 0-4-0 0-4-8], [20 0-4-0,0-4-8]											
Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20 0	Plate Grip DOL	1 25	TC	0 36	Vert(LL)	-0 23	18-19	>999	240	244/190
TCDL	10 0	Lumber DOL	1 25	BC	0 62	Vert(CT)	-0 42	18-19	>999	180	
BCLL	0 0*	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0 84	Horz(CT)	0 12	15	n/a	n/a	
BCDL	10 0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-AS						Weight: 455 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER**  
TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No 2  
BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No 2  
WEBS 2x4 SP No 2

**BRACING**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied  
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 9-16 6-18, 8-17

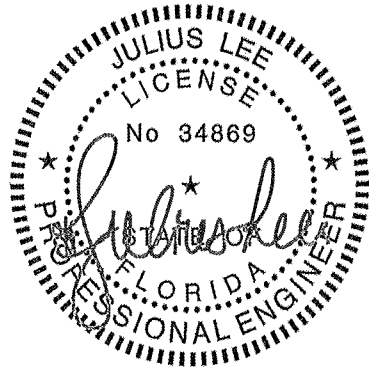
**REACTIONS** (size) 2=0-5-8 12=0-3-8, 15=0-5-8  
Max Horiz 2=164 (LC 11)  
Max Uplift 2=-48 (LC 12) 12=-388 (LC 25), 15=-54 (LC 12)  
Max Grav 2=2297 (LC 17) 12=-69 (LC 24) 15=3363 (LC 18)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension  
TOP CHORD 5-6=-3430/184, 6-8=-3237/178, 8-9=-2513/171, 1-2=0/54, 2-4=-4266/160, 4-5=-3400/179, 9-10=-1402/119, 10-12=-271486 12-13=0/54  
BOT CHORD 2-22=-373877, 21-22=-383874, 19-21=-2/3493, 17-19=0/3487 15-17=-1250/1176, 14-15=-1018/3 12-14=-1016/50  
WEBS 5-20=0/733, 9-16=-1219/101, 10-16=-20/2849 10-15=-3013/158 6-19=-386/102, 5-19=-21/776 6-18=-287/25 7-18=-403/84, 8-18=-26/1093 8-17=-1173/125 9-17=-57/2021 11-15=-346/136 11-14=-65/136, 4-20=-644/87, 3-22=0/172 3-21=-425/40, 4-21=0/364

**NOTES**  
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design

- 2) Wind ASCE 7-22, Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph, TCCL=6 0psf; BCDL=6 0psf h=15ft; B=45ft; L=58ft; eave=7ft; Cat II, Exp B, Enclosed, MWFRS (directional) and C-C Zone3 -2-0-0 to 3-9-10, Zone1 3-9-10 to 15-0-0, Zone2 15-0-0 to 23-2-7 Zone1 23-2-7 to 43-0-0, Zone2 43-0-0 to 51-2-7, Zone1 51-2-7 to 60-0-0 zone cantilever left and right exposed end vertical left and right exposed, porch right exposed, C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown Lumber DOL=1 60 plate grip DOL=1 60
- 3) Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading requirements specific to the use of this truss component
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members with BCDL = 10 0psf
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 54 lb uplift at joint 15, 48 lb uplift at joint 2 and 388 lb uplift at joint 12
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Julius Lee PE No. 34869  
MiTek Inc. DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingle Ridge Rd Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date:

April 25,2025



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	MIKE TODD - GERKE RESIDENCE	
0425-043	A06	Hip	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	
Mayo Truss Company Inc. Mayo FL 32066					T37134685	

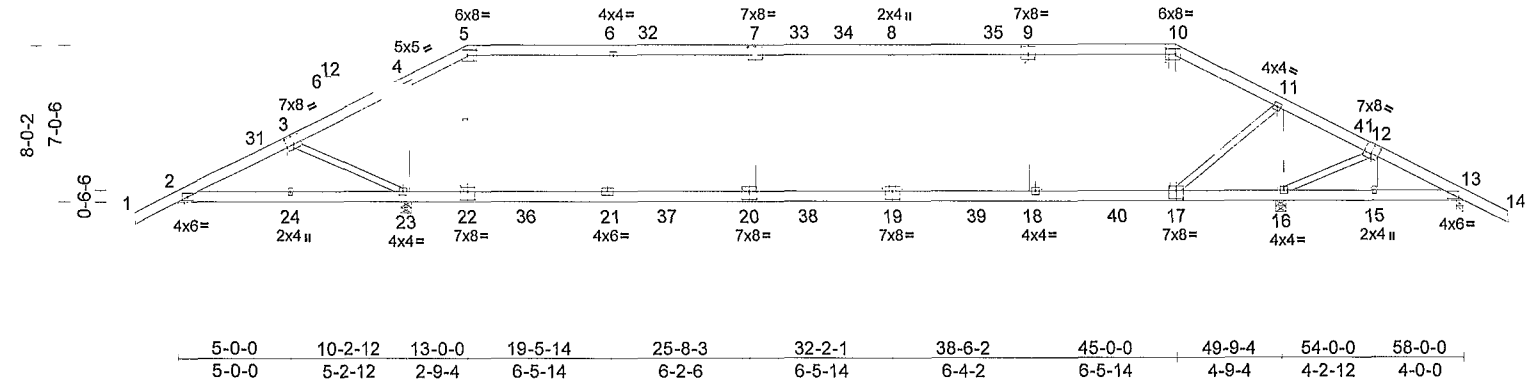
Mayo Truss Company Inc. Mayo FL 32066

Run 8 83 S Apr 11 2025 Print. 8.830 S Apr 11 2025 MITek Industries Inc Fri Apr 25 08 11.50

Page 1

ID'uVNAYwi0fbSUIBqdrTCq9zzNRNs-RfC7PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXBGKWrCDoi7J4zJC7f

-2-0-0	5-0-0	10-2-12	13-0-0	19-5-14	25-11-11	32-2-1	38-4-6	45-0-0	49-9-4	54-0-0	58-0-0	60-0-0
2-0-0	5-0-0	5-2-12	2-9-4	6-5-14	6-5-14	6-2-6	6-2-6	6-7-10	4-9-4	4-2-12	4-0-0	2-0-0
						58-0-0						



Scale = 1 103.9

Plate Offsets (X, Y) [3 0-4-0,0-4-8], [5 0-5-4,0-3-0] [7 0-4-0 0-4-8], [9 0-4-0 0-4-8], [10 0-5-4 0-3-0], [12 0-4-0 0-4-8], [17 0-4-0,0-4-8] [19 0-4-0,0-4-8] [20 0-4-0,0-4-8], [22 0-4-0,0-4-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20 0	Plate Grip DOL	1 25	TC	0 23	Vert(LL)	-0 13	19-20	>999	240	
TCDL	10 0	Lumber DOL	1 25	BC	0 37	Vert(CT)	-0 23	19-20	>999	180	
BCLL	0 0*	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0 97	Horz(CT)	0 03	16	n/a	n/a	
BCDL	10 0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-AS							
										Weight 458 lb	FT = 20%

<b>LUMBER</b>	
TOP CHORD	2x6 SP No 2
BOT CHORD	2x6 SP No 2
WEBS	2x4 SP No 2
<b>BRACING</b>	
TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied
BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied
WEBS	1 Row at midpt 5-22
<b>REACTIONS</b> (size)	
	2=0-3-8, 13=0-3-8, 16=0-5-8
	23=0-5-8
	Max Horiz 2=145 (LC 11)
	Max Uplift 2=-138 (LC 12) 13=-164 (LC 23)
	16=-60 (LC 12) 23=-84 (LC 12)
	Max Grav 2=191 (LC 23), 13=69 (LC 24)
	16=2571 (LC 18), 23=2647 (LC 17)
<b>FORCES</b> (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension	
TOP CHORD	1-2=0/54, 2-4=-12/916, 4-5=-205/74
	5-6=-1411/112, 6-8=-2139/117,
	8-10=-2139/125 10-11=-772/91
	11-13=-19/976, 13-14=0/54
BOT CHORD	2-24=-428/35, 23-24=-430/0,
	21-23=-754/155, 18-21=0/2060,
	16-18=-842/635 15-16=-576/0
	13-15=-573/45
WEBS	4-22=0/1796 5-22=-1425/76,
	10-17=-1030/77, 11-17=-1/1900,
	11-16=-2255/108 6-21=-1015/113,
	5-21=-50/1807 6-20=-18/915, 7-20=-461/89
	7-19=-10/121, 8-19=-359/77, 9-19=-7/627
	9-18=-822/103, 10-18=-36/1502,
	12-16=-374/150, 12-15=-53/151,
	3-24=-58/199, 3-23=-483/198, 4-23=-2284/79

- Wind ASCE 7-22, Vult=130mph (3-second gust)  
Vasd=101mph, TCDL=6 0psf BCDL=6 0psf; h=15ft,  
B=45ft, L=58ft, eave=7ft Cat. II, Exp B Enclosed,  
MWFRS (directional) and C-C Zone3 -2-0-0 to 3-9-10  
Zone1 3-9-10 to 13-0-0 Zone2 13-0-0 to 21-2-7, Zone1  
21-2-7 to 45-0-0, Zone2 45-0-0 to 53-2-7, Zone1 53-2-7  
to 60-0-0 zone, cantilever left and right exposed end  
vertical left and right exposed porch left and right  
exposed, C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for  
reactions shown, Lumber DOL=1 60 plate grip  
DOL=1 60
- Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for  
verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading  
requirements specific to the use of this truss component
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding
- This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom  
chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 0psf  
on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle  
3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom  
chord and any other members with BCDL = 10 0psf
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to  
bearing plate capable of withstanding 138 lb uplift at joint  
2, 60 lb uplift at joint 16, 84 lb uplift at joint 23 and 164 lb  
uplift at joint 13
- This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16"  
structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top  
chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to  
the bottom chord

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Julius Lee PE No. 34869  
MITek Inc. DBA MITek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingle Ridge Rd. Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date:

April 25, 2025

## NOTES

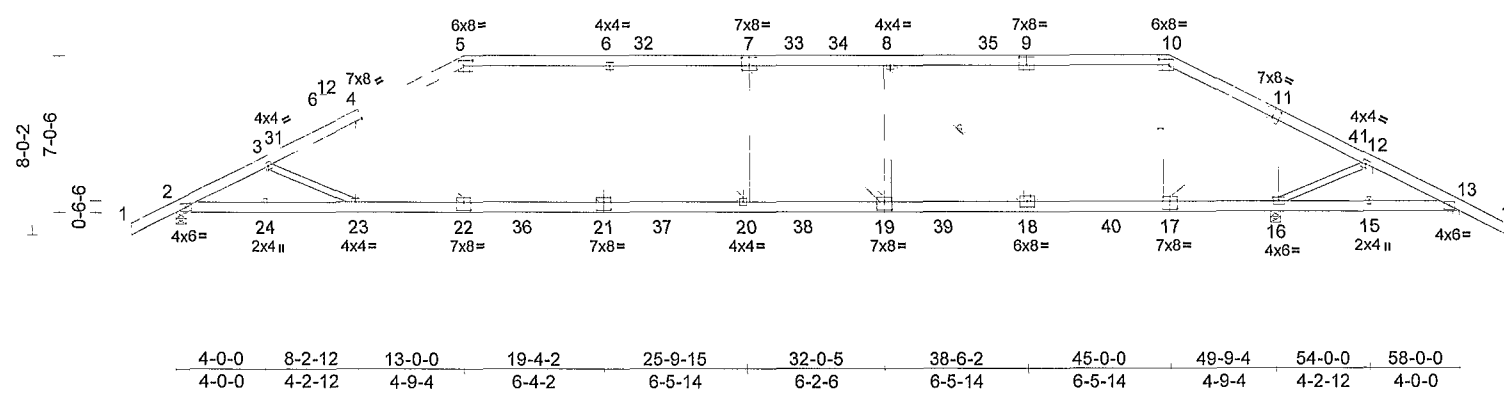
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design

**WARNING** Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITTEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MITTEK connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication storage, delivery erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcsccomponents.com)

**Mitek**  
16023 Swingle Ridge Rd  
Chesterfield, MO 63017  
314.434 1200 / Mitek-US.com

-2-0-0	4-0-0	8-2-12	13-0-0	19-5-14	25-11-11	32-2-1	38-6-2	45-0-0	49-9-4	54-0-0	58-0-0	60-0-0
2-0-0	4-0-0	4-2-12	4-9-4	6-5-14	6-5-14	6-2-6	6-4-2	6-5-14	4-9-4	4-2-12	4-0-0	2-0-0
						58-0-0						



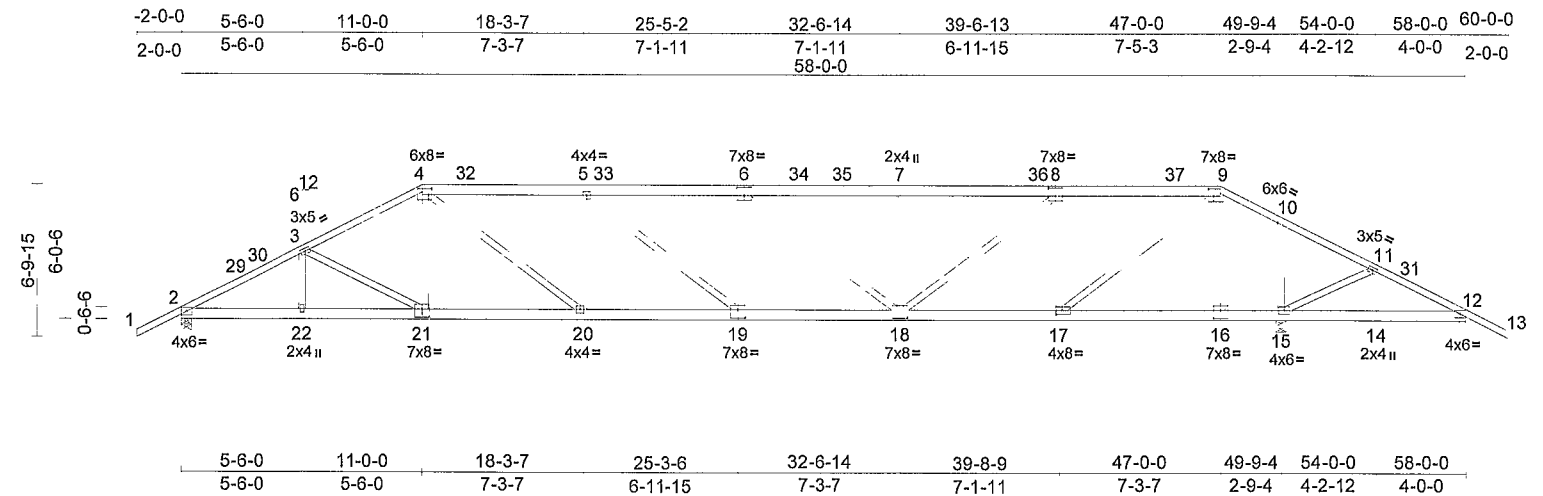


Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	MIKE TODD - GERKE RESIDENCE	
0425-043	A07A		1	1	Job Reference (optional)	T37134688

Mayo Truss Company Inc. Mayo FL 32066,

Run 8 83 S Apr 11 2025 Print: 8 830 S Apr 11 2025 MiTek Industries Inc. Fri Apr 25 08 11 51  
ID L5owOEznnKN5ukylKNuI6ozNSrl-RIC?Psb70Hq3NSgPqnl8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoI7J4zJC?f

Page 1



Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20 0	Plate Grip DOL	1 25	TC	0 59	Vert(LL)	-0 27	19-20	>999	240	244/190
TCDL	10 0	Lumber DOL	1 25	BC	0 63	Vert(CT)	-0 55	19-20	>999	180	
BCLL	0 0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0 97	Horz(CT)	0 11	15	n/a	n/a	
BCDL	10 0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-AS							

Weight	407 lb	FT = 20%
--------	--------	----------

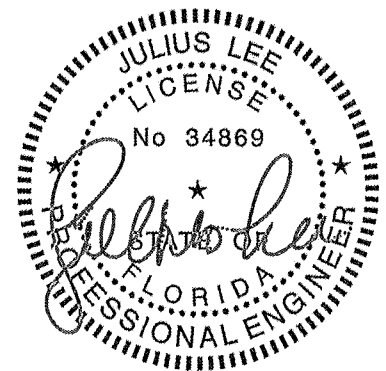
<b>LUMBER</b>	
TOP CHORD	2x6 SP No 2 *Except* 1-4 9-13 2x4 SP No 2
BOT CHORD	2x6 SP No 2
WEBS	2x4 SP No 2
<b>BRACING</b>	
TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied
BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied
WEBS	1 Row at midpt 9-16, 6-18
<b>REACTIONS</b>	(size) 2=0-5-8, 12=0-3-8 15=0-5-8
	Max Horiz 2=-125 (LC 10)
	Max Uplift 2=-47 (LC 12), 12=-786 (LC 23)
	15=-62 (LC 12)
	Max Grav 2=1946 (LC 23), 12=-125 (LC 12)
	15=3490 (LC 1)
<b>FORCES</b>	(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD	1-2=0/54, 2-3=-3425/125, 3-4=-3116/137, 9-10=0/549, 10-11=-47/2183, 11-12=-75/1850, 12-13=0/54, 4-5=-3622/167, 5-7=-3711/144 7-9=-3076/131
BOT CHORD	2-22=-30/2998 20-22=-30/2998 17-20=0/3707 15-17=-1905/151, 14-15=-1628/26, 12-14=-1628/120
WEBS	3-22=-11/127, 3-21=-332/81, 4-21=0/406, 9-16=-2174/108 10-16=-30/2650 10-15=-3150/96 5-20=-623/107 4-20=-31/1237 5-19=0/199 6-19=0/229 6-18=-807/36 7-18=-403/86, 8-18=-34/1678 8-17=-1537/138 9-17=-81/2754 11-15=-434/166 11-14=-48/208

- 2) Wind ASCE 7-22 Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph TCDL=6 0psf BCDL=6 0psf, h=15ft, B=45ft, L=58ft, eave=7ft, Cat II, Exp B Enclosed, MWFRS (directional) and C-C Zone3 -2-0-0 to 3-9-10 Zone1 3-9-10 to 11-0-0, Zone2 11-0-0 to 19-2-7, Zone1 19-2-7 to 47-0-0 Zone2 47-0-0 to 55-2-7, Zone1 55-2-7 to 60-0-0 zone, cantilever left and right exposed, end vertical left and right exposed, porch right exposed C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown, Lumber DOL=1 60 plate grip DOL=1 60
- 3) Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading requirements specific to the use of this truss component.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 47 lb uplift at joint 2, 62 lb uplift at joint 15 and 786 lb uplift at joint 12
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16 structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

## NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design



Julius Lee PE No. 34869  
MiTek Inc. DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingle Ridge Rd Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date:

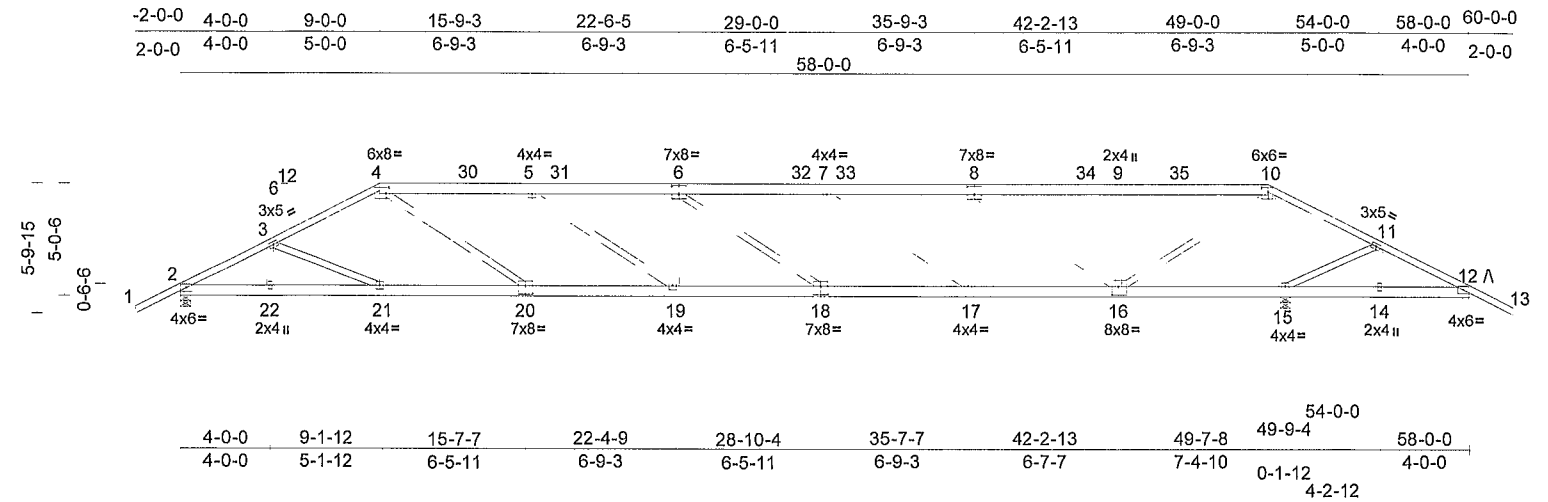
April 25, 2025

## WARNING Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinet.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcsccomponents.com)

**MiTek®**  
16023 Swingle Ridge Rd  
Chesterfield, MO 63017  
314.434.1200 / MiTek-US.com





Scale = 1 103.8												
Plate Offsets (X Y) [4 0-1-12 0-3-4] [6 0-4-0 0-4-8], [8 0-4-0,0-4-8], [10 0-3-8,0-2-4], [16 0-3-8 0-4-8], [18 0-4-0,0-4-8], [20 0-4-0,0-4-8]												
Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20 0	Plate Grip DOL	1 25	TC	0 41	Vert(LL)	-0 41	18-19	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10 0	Lumber DOL	1 25	BC	0 81	Vert(CT)	-0 80	18-19	>745	180		
BCLL	0 0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0 90	Horz(CT)	0 18	15	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10 0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-AS							Weight: 397 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER**  
TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No 2 \*Except\* 1-4,10-13 2x4 SP No 2  
BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No 2  
WEBS 2x4 SP No 2

**BRACING**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied  
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 7-17, 8-16

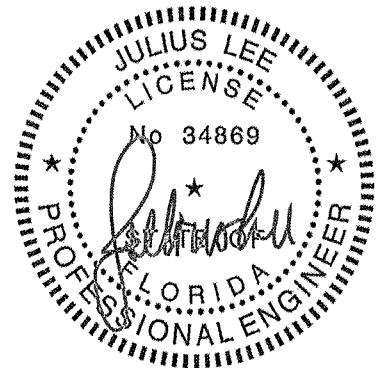
**REACTIONS** (size) 2=0-5-8 12=0-3-8, 15=0-5-8  
Max Horiz 2=-106 (LC 10)  
Max Uplift 2=-26 (LC 12), 12=REL, 15=-209 (LC 12)  
Max Grav 2=2073 (LC 23), 15=2850 (LC 1)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension  
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/54 2-3=-3649/55 3-4=-3534/91, 4-5=-4546/105 5-7=-5180/59 7-9=-4123/0, 9-10=-2458/0, 10-11=-385/1025, 11-12=-259/636 12-13=0/54  
BOT CHORD 2-22=0/3213 21-22=0/3213, 19-21=0/4572, 17-19=0/5189 15-17=-508/4099, 14-15=-516/298, 12-14=-516/298  
WEBS 4-21=0/326, 4-20=-8/1744, 10-16=-116/3106 5-20=-884/87, 5-19=0/739, 6-19=-285/55, 6-18=-253/59, 7-18=0/363, 7-17=-1184/70, 8-17=0/812, 8-16=-2091/82 9-16=-445/114 11-15=-379/221 11-14=-75/136, 3-21=-151/73 3-22=-117/68 10-15=-2536/324

**NOTES**  
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design

- 2) Wind ASCE 7-22, Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph, TCDL=6 0psf; BCDL=6 0psf h=15ft, B=45ft, L=58ft, eave=7ft, Cat II, Exp B, Enclosed MWFRS (directional) and C-C Zone3 -2-0-0 to 4-0-0, Zone1 4-0-0 to 9-0-0 Zone2 9-0-0 to 17-2-7 Zone1 17-2-7 to 49-0-0, Zone2 49-0-0 to 57-6-0 Zone1 57-6-0 to 60-0-0 zone, cantilever left and right exposed , end vertical left and right exposed, porch right exposed C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown, Lumber DOL=1 60 plate grip DOL=1 60
- 3) Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading requirements specific to the use of this truss component
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 26 lb uplift at joint 2 and 209 lb uplift at joint 15
- 8) "A" indicates Released bearing allow for upward movement at joint(s) 12
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



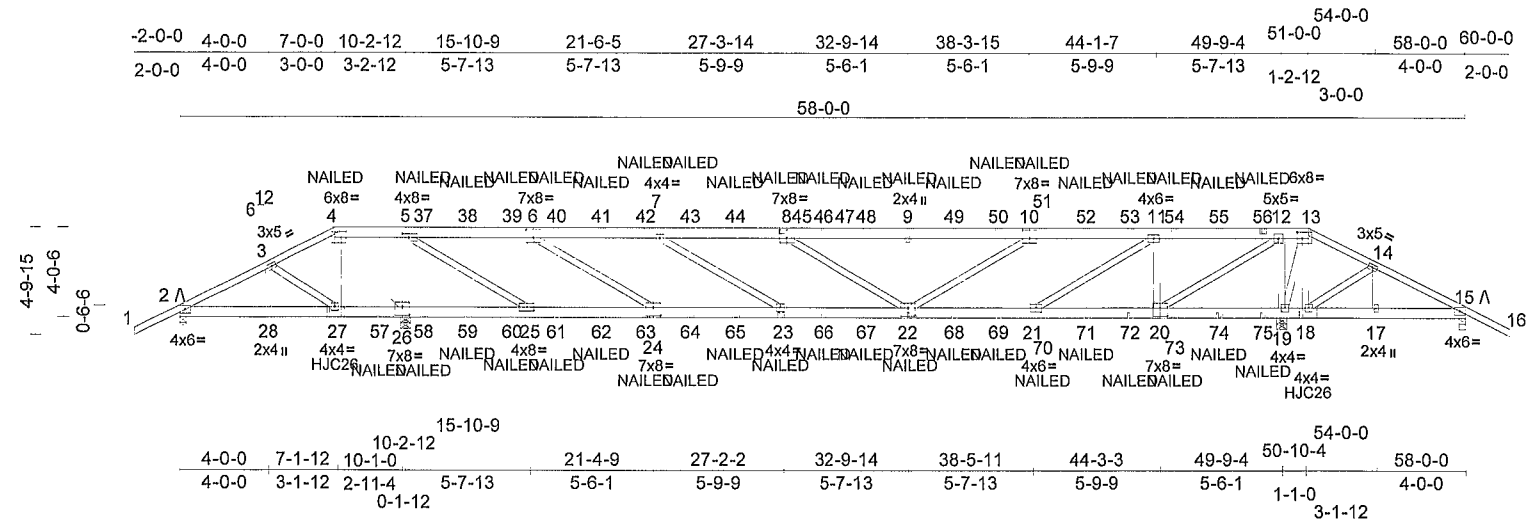
Julius Lee PE No. 34869  
MiTek Inc. DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date:

April 25,2025

**WARNING** Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITTEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinet.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcsccomponents.com)

**MiTek®**  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd  
Chesterfield, MO 63017  
314.434.1200 / MiTek-US.com



Scale = 1 103 8  
Plate Offsets (X, Y) [4 0-2-12 0-3-0], [5 0-3-8,0-2-0], [6 0-4-0 0-4-8], [8 0-4-0 0-4-8] [10 0-4-0,0-4-8], [13 0-2-12 0-3-4], [20 0-4-0 0-4-8], [22 0-4-0 0-4-8], [24 0-4-0,0-4-8] [25 0-3-8,0-2-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20 0	Plate Grip DOL	1 25	TC	0 37	Vert(LL)	-0 26	22-23	>999	240	244/190
TCDL	10 0	Lumber DOL	1 25	BC	0 75	Vert(CT)	-0 52	22-23	>917	180	
BCLL	0 0*	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0 61	Horz(CT)	0 08	19	n/a	n/a	
BCDL	10 0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-MS							
Weight: 812 lb FT = 20%											

**LUMBER**  
TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No 2 \*Except\* 1-4,13-16 2x4 SP No 2  
BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No 2  
WEBS 2x4 SP No 2

**BRACING**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-4-11 oc purlins  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing

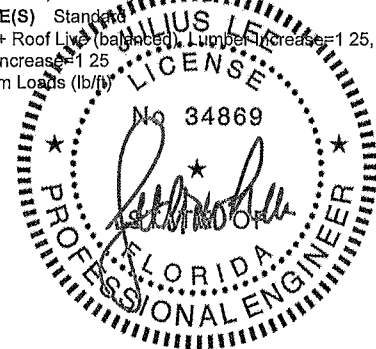
**REACTIONS** (size) 2=0-3-8, 15=0-3-8, 19=0-5-8, 26=0-5-8  
Max Horiz 2=87 (LC 6)  
Max Uplift 2=REL 15=REL, 19=379 (LC 8) 26=443 (LC 8)  
Max Grav 19=4810 (LC 20), 26=5254 (LC 19)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension  
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/54, 2-3=-197/620, 3-4=-229/949, 4-5=-435/1841, 5-7=-6422/0, 7-9=-7993/0, 9-11=-7991/0, 11-12=-3677/0, 12-13=-273/1037, 13-14=-239/964, 14-15=-198/618, 15-16=0/54  
BOT CHORD 2-28=-509/230, 27-28=-509/230, 25-27=-1702/547, 23-25=0/6489, 21-23=0/8020, 19-21=-1049/3779, 18-19=-815/304, 17-18=-508/231 15-17=-508/231

**WEBS**  
4-27=-154/868, 4-26=-1606/399, 5-26=-3481/171, 12-19=-3431/162, 13-19=-734/283, 13-18=-192/437, 12-20=-52/5164, 6-25=-2707/213, 5-25=-103/5423 6-24=-86/3696, 7-24=-1759/187 7-23=-52/2000, 8-23=-794/177 8-22=-49/169, 9-22=-662/156, 10-22=0/1747 10-21=-1642/162, 11-21=-36/3618, 11-20=-2625/186, 3-27=-387/91 3-28=-23/217, 14-18=-389/105, 14-17=-39/223

**NOTES**  
1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0 131"x3") nails as follows  
Top chords connected as follows 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc, 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc  
Bottom chords connected as follows 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc  
Web connected as follows 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc  
2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B) unless otherwise indicated  
3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design  
4) Wind ASCE 7-22, Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph TCDL=6 0psf; BCDL=6 0psf, h=15ft, B=45ft L=58ft, eave=7ft, Cat. II, Exp B Enclosed, MWFRS (directional) cantilever left and right exposed , end vertical left and right exposed porch left and right exposed, Lumber DOL=1 60 plate grip DOL=1 60  
5) Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading requirements specific to the use of this truss component  
6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding

- This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
  - \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members
  - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 443 lb uplift at joint 26 and 379 lb uplift at joint 19
  - 'A' indicates Released bearing allow for upward movement at joint(s) 2, 15
  - Use MiTek HJC26 (With 16-16d nails into Girder & 10d nails into Truss) or equivalent spaced at 43-11-4 oc max starting at 7-0-6 from the left end to 50-11-10 to connect truss(es) to front face of bottom chord
  - Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber
  - NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0 148"x3") or 3-12d (0 148"x3 25") toe-nails per NDS guidelines
- LOAD CASE(S)** Standard  
1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced), Lumber Increase=1 25, Plate Increase=1 25  
Uniform Loads (lb/ft)



Julius Lee PE No. 34869  
MiTek Inc, DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date

April 25,2025

Continued on page 2

**WARNING** Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE  
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication storage delivery erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinet.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcsccomponents.com)

**MiTek®**  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd  
Chesterfield, MO 63017  
314.434.1200 / MiTek-US.com

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	MIKE TODD - GERKE RESIDENCE	T37134691
0425-043	A09		1	2	Job Reference (optional)	

Mayo Truss Company Inc. Mayo FL 32066

Run 8 83 S Apr 11 2025 Print 8 830 S Apr 11 2025 MiTek Industries Inc. Fri Apr 25 08 11 54  
ID LvcrpEvV9kwh6hBLwwLtFhzNRm6-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWwCDol7J4zJC?f

Page 2

Vert 1-4=-60 4-13=-60, 13-16=-60 29-32=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

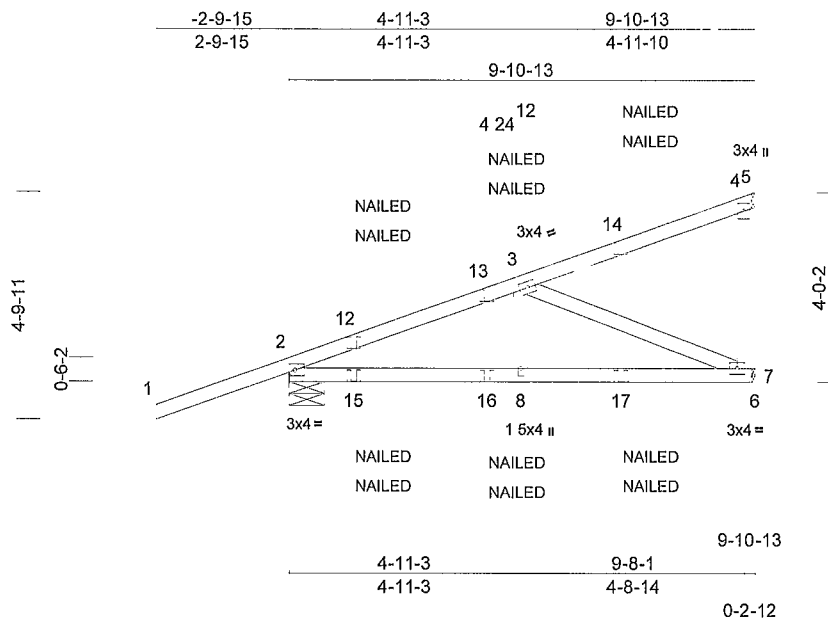
Vert 4=-124 (F), 27=-460 (F), 18=-640 (F), 23=-56 (F) 8=-124 (F) 22=-56 (F), 9=-124 (F), 37=-124 (F), 38=-124 (F) 39=-124 (F) 40=-124 (F), 41=-124 (F), 42=-124 (F) 43=-124 (F), 44=-124 (F), 46=-124 (F) 48=-124 (F), 49=-124 (F), 50=-124 (F), 51=-124 (F) 52=-124 (F) 53=-124 (F), 54=-124 (F), 55=-124 (F), 56=-124 (F), 57=-237 (F), 58=-56 (F), 59=-56 (F) 60=-56 (F), 61=-56 (F), 62=-56 (F) 63=-56 (F), 64=-56 (F), 65=-56 (F), 66=-56 (F), 67=-56 (F) 68=-56 (F) 69=-56 (F), 70=-56 (F), 71=-56 (F), 72=-56 (F) 73=-56 (F) 74=-56 (F), 75=-56 (F)





Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	MIKE TODD - GERKE RESIDENCE	T37134692
0425-043	A09A		1	3	Job Reference (optional)	

Vert. 1-4=-60, 4-13=-60, 13-16=-60, 29-32=-20  
Concentrated Loads (lb)  
Vert. 27=-640 (B), 18=-640 (B), 24=-56 (B), 7=-124 (B), 21=-56 (B), 10=-124 (B), 36=-124 (B), 37=-124 (B), 38=-124 (B), 39=-124 (B), 40=-124 (B), 41=-124 (B), 42=-124 (B), 43=-124 (B), 44=-124 (B), 46=-124 (B), 48=-124 (B), 49=-124 (B), 50=-124 (B), 51=-124 (B), 52=-124 (B), 53=-124 (B), 54=-124 (B), 55=-124 (B), 56=-124 (B), 57=-56 (B), 58=-56 (B), 59=-56 (B), 60=-56 (B), 61=-56 (B), 62=-56 (B), 63=-56 (B), 64=-56 (B), 65=-56 (B), 66=-56 (B), 67=-56 (B), 68=-56 (B), 69=-56 (B), 70=-56 (B), 71=-56 (B), 72=-56 (B), 73=-56 (B), 74=-56 (B), 75=-56 (B)



Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20 0	Plate Grip DOL	1 25	TC	0 62	Vert(LL)	-0 04	8-11	>999	240	244/190
TCDL	10 0	Lumber DOL	1 25	BC	0 62	Vert(CT)	-0 06	7-8	>999	180	
BCLL	0 0*	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0 28	Horz(CT)	-0 01	2	n/a	n/a	
BCDL	10 0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-MS							
										Weight. 50 lb	FT = 20%

#### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2  
WEBS 2x4 SP No 2

#### BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or  
6-0-0 oc purlins except end verticals  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc  
bracing

#### REACTIONS

(size) 2=0-9-2 7= Mechanical  
Max Horiz 2=152 (LC 8)  
Max Uplift 2=-209 (LC 8) 7=-96 (LC 8)  
Max Grav 2=559 (LC 13), 7=504 (LC 13)

#### FORCES

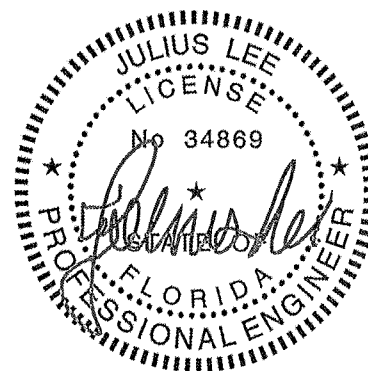
(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum  
Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/57, 2-3=-715/385 3-4=-114/16  
4-5=-2/0 4-7=-175/72  
BOT CHORD 2-8=-256/638 7-8=-151/638, 6-7=0/0  
WEBS 3-8=0/196 3-7=-645/159

#### NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- Wind ASCE 7-22, Vult=130mph (3-second gust)  
Vasd=101mph TCDL=6 0psf BCDL=6 0psf h=15ft,  
B=45ft, L=24ft eave=4ft Cat. II, Exp B, Partially  
Enclosed, MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right  
exposed, Lumber DOL=1 60 plate grip DOL=1 60
- Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for  
verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading  
requirements specific to the use of this truss component
- This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom  
chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 0psf  
on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle  
3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom  
chord and any other members
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections

- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to  
bearing plate capable of withstanding 209 lb uplift at joint  
2 and 96 lb uplift at joint 7
  - "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0 148"x3") or 2-12d  
(0 148"x3 25") toe-nails per NDS guidelines
  - In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face  
of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B)
- LOAD CASE(S) Standard**
- Dead + Roof Live (balanced) Lumber Increase=1 25,  
Plate Increase=1 25  
Uniform Loads (lb/ft)  
Vert 1-4=-60, 4-5=-20 6-9=-20  
Concentrated Loads (lb)  
Vert 12=77 (F=38, B=38), 14=-77 (F=-38 B=-38),  
15=77 (F=39 B=39) 16=11 (F=6 B=6), 17=-43  
(F=-22 B=-22)



Julius Lee PE No. 34869  
MiTek Inc. DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date

April 25, 2025

**WARNING** Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinet.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcsccomponents.com)

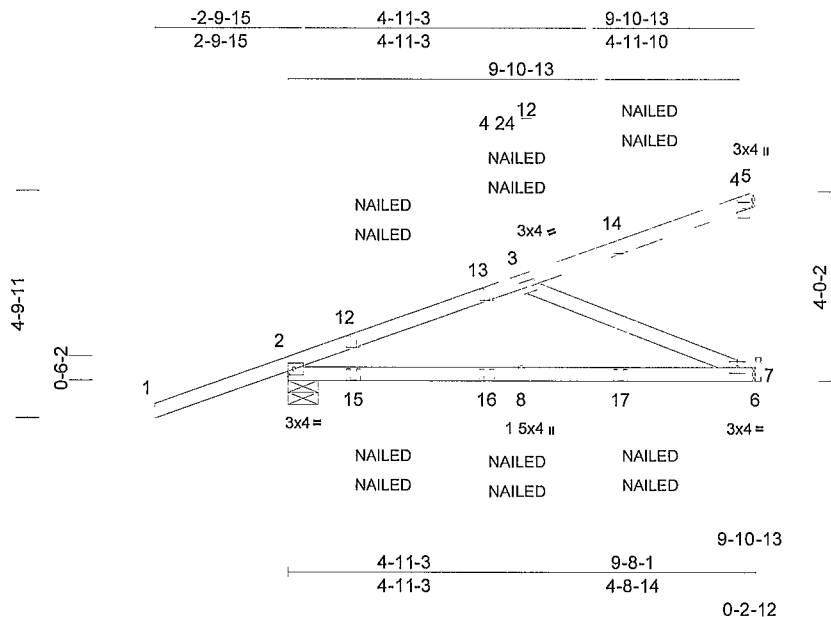
**MiTek®**  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd  
Chesterfield, MO 63017  
314.434 1200 / MiTek-US.com

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	MIKE TODD - GERKE RESIDENCE	
0425-043	CJ02	Diagonal Hip Girder	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	T37134694

Mayo Truss Company Inc Mayo FL 32066

Run 8 83 S Apr 11 2025 Print: 8 830 S Apr 11 2025 MiTek Industries Inc. Fri Apr 25 08 11 57  
ID SFn1ni1QYUtiOux\_ZyzE1tzNTPq-RIC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC7f

Page 1



Scale = 1/49

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20 0	Plate Grip DOL	1 25	TC	0 62	Vert(LL)	-0 04	8-11	>999	240	244/190
TCDL	10 0	Lumber DOL	1 25	BC	0 62	Vert(CT)	-0 06	7-8	>999	180	
BCLL	0 0*	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0 28	Horz(CT)	-0 01	2	n/a	n/a	
BCDL	10 0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-MS							
										Weight: 50 lb	FT = 20%

#### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2  
WEBS 2x4 SP No 2

#### BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins except end verticals  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing

#### REACTIONS

(size) 2=0-7-12 7= Mechanical  
Max Horiz 2=120 (LC 8)  
Max Uplift 2=-195 (LC 8), 7=-76 (LC 8)  
Max Grav 2=548 (LC 13), 7=488 (LC 13)

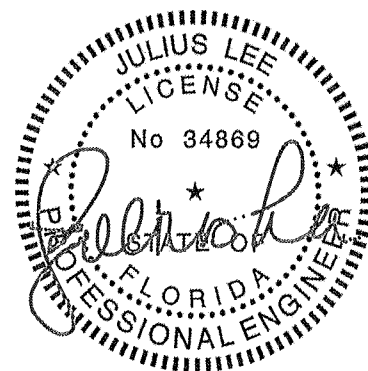
#### FORCES

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension  
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/57, 2-3=-717/385, 3-4=-121/17, 4-5=-2/0, 4-7=-166/60  
BOT CHORD 2-8=-256/620, 7-8=-128/620, 6-7=0/0  
WEBS 3-8=0/196, 3-7=-626/134

#### NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- Wind ASCE 7-22, Vult=130mph (3-second gust)  
Vasd=101mph TCCL=6 Opf BCDL=6 Opf h=15ft, B=45ft, L=24ft eave=4ft Cat. II, Exp B, Enclosed MWFRS (directional), cantilever left and right exposed Lumber DOL=1 60 plate grip DOL=1 60
- Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading requirements specific to the use of this truss component
- This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 Opf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections

- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 195 lb uplift at joint 2 and 76 lb uplift at joint 7
  - "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0 148"x3") or 2-12d (0 148"x3 25") toe-nails per NDS guidelines
  - In the LOAD CASE(S) section loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B)
- LOAD CASE(S) Standard**
- Dead + Roof Live (balanced) Lumber Increase=1 25, Plate Increase=1 25  
Uniform Loads (lb/ft)  
Vert. 1-4=-60, 4-5=-20, 6-9=-20  
Concentrated Loads (lb)  
Vert. 12=77 (F=38, B=38), 14=-77 (F=-38 B=-38)  
15=77 (F=39, B=39), 16=11 (F=6 B=6) 17=-43 (F=-22, B=-22)



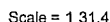
Julius Lee PE No. 34869  
MiTek Inc. DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date:

April 25, 2025

**WARNING** Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITTEK REFERENCE PAGE MH-7473 rev 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

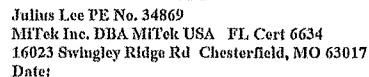
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication storage delivery erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinet.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcsccomponents.com)

**MiTek®**  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd  
Chesterfield MO 63017  
314.434 1200 / MiTek-US.com



Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL (roof)	20 0	Plate Grip DOL	1 25	TC	0 58	Vert(LL)	-0 09	4-7	>908	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10 0	Lumber DOL	1 25	BC	0 51	Vert(CT)	-0 21	4-7	>397	180		
BCLL	0 0*	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0 00	Horz(CT)	0 02	2	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10 0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-AS							Weight. 26 lb	FT = 20%

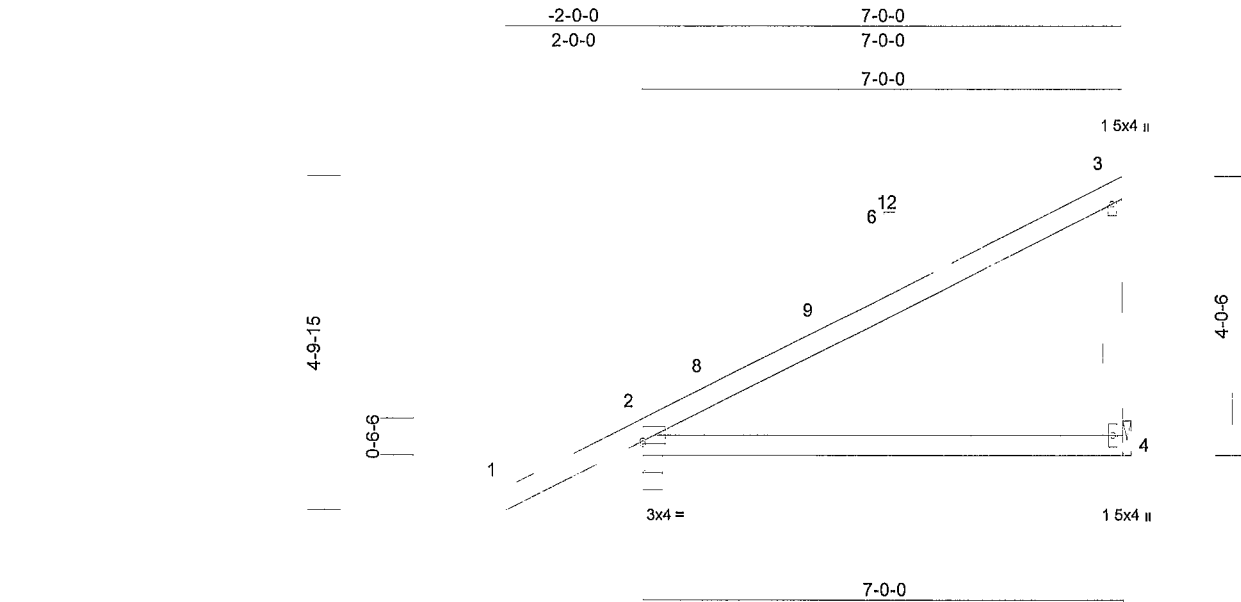
- 1) Wind ASCE 7-22, Vult=130mph (3-second gust)  
Vasd=101mph, TCdL=6 0psf BCDL=6 0psf h=15ft,  
B=45ft, L=24ft eave=4ft, Cat II, Exp B, Enclosed,  
MWFRS (directional) and C-C Zone3 -2-0-0 to 1-0-0,  
Zone1 1-0-0 to 6-11-4 zone cantilever left and right  
exposed , end vertical left and right exposed,C-C for  
members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown,  
Lumber DOL=1 60 plate grip DOL=1 60
- 2) Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for  
verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading  
requirements specific to the use of this truss component
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom  
chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- 4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 0psf  
on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle  
3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom  
chord and any other members
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to  
bearing plate capable of withstanding 45 lb uplift at joint  
3 and 34 lb uplift at joint 2



April 25, 2025

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI-1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute ([www.tpinst.org](http://www.tpinst.org)) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association ([www.sbcscomponents.com](http://www.sbcscomponents.com)).

16023 Swingley Ridge Rd  
Chesterfield MO 63017  
314.434.1200 / MITEK-US.com



Scale = 1/32

Plate Offsets (X Y) [2 Edge 0-0-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20 0	Plate Grip DOL	1 25	TC	0 57	Vert(LL)	-0 09	4-7	>940	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10 0	Lumber DOL	1 25	BC	0 49	Vert(CT)	-0 20	4-7	>411	180		
BCLL	0 0*	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0 00	Horz(CT)	0 02	2	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10 0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-AS							Weight. 31 lb	FT = 20%

#### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2  
WEBS 2x4 SP No 2

#### BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied

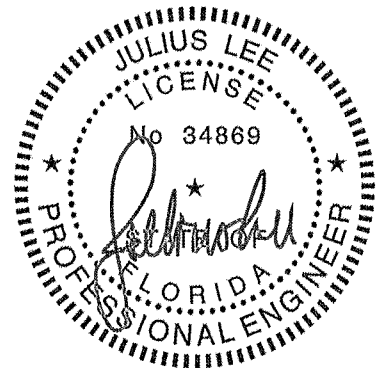
REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8, 4= Mechanical  
Max Horiz 2=150 (LC 12)  
Max Uplift 2=-57 (LC 12) 4=-55 (LC 12)  
Max Grav 2=412 (LC 1) 4=282 (LC 17)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension  
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/54, 2-3=-477/301 3-4= 202/175  
BOT CHORD 2-4=-315/165

#### NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- Wind ASCE 7-22, Vult=130mph (3-second gust)  
Vasd=101mph, TCDL=6 0psf BCDL=6 0psf, h=15ft  
B=45ft, L=24ft; eave=4ft, Cat II, Exp B Partially Enclosed MWFRS (directional) and C-C Zone3 -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Zone1 1-0-0 to 6-10-4 zone, cantilever left and right exposed C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown Lumber DOL=1 60 plate grip DOL=1 60
- Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading requirements specific to the use of this truss component
- This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections

- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 55 lb uplift at joint 4 and 57 lb uplift at joint 2
  - This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord
- LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Julius Lee PE No. 34869  
MiTek Inc. DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd. Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date:

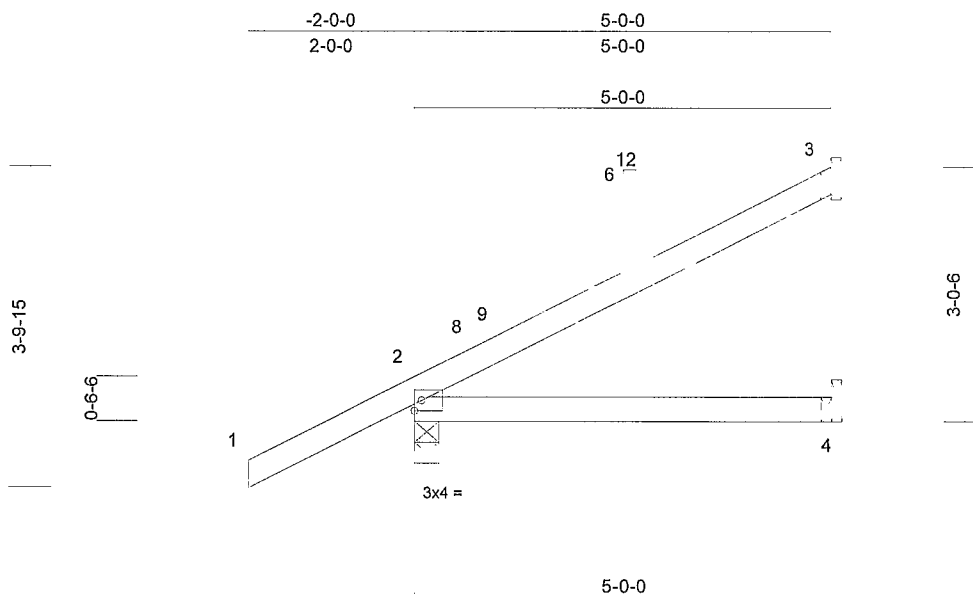
April 25, 2025

**WARNING** Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinet.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcsccomponents.com).

**MiTek®**

16023 Swingley Ridge Rd  
Chesterfield, MO 63017  
314.434.1200 / MITek-US.com



Scale = 1/27.6

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20 0	Plate Grip DOL	1 25	TC	0 27	Vert(LL)	0 03	4-7	>999	240	244/190
TCDL	10 0	Lumber DOL	1 25	BC	0 24	Vert(CT)	-0 05	4-7	>999	180	
BCLL	0 0*	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0 00	Horz(CT)	0 01	3	n/a	n/a	
BCDL	10 0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-AS							
										Weight. 19 lb	FT = 20%

#### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2

#### BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied

#### REACTIONS

(size) 2=0-3-8 3= Mechanical, 4= Mechanical  
Max Horiz 2=119 (LC 12)  
Max Uplift 2=-60 (LC 12) 3=-55 (LC 12)  
Max Grav 2=342 (LC 1) 3=139 (LC 17) 4=88 (LC 3)

#### FORCES

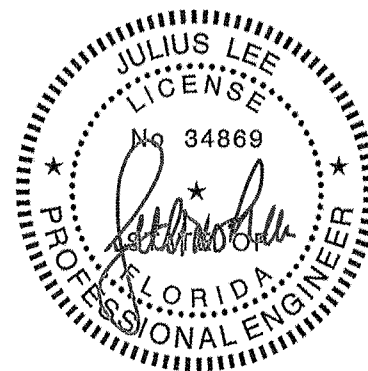
(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension  
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/54 2-3=-400/255  
BOT CHORD 2-4=-202/105

#### NOTES

- 1) Wind ASCE 7-22 Vult=130mph (3-second gust)  
Vasd=101mph TCDL=6 0psf BCDL=6 0psf h=15ft,  
B=45ft L=24ft, eave=4ft Cat. II Exp B, Partially  
Enclosed, MWFRS (directional) and C-C Zone3 -2-0-0 to  
1-0-0 Zone1 1-0-0 to 4-11-4 zone, cantilever left and  
right exposed, end vertical left and right exposed C-C  
for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown,  
Lumber DOL=1 60 plate grip DOL=1 60
- 2) Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for  
verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading  
requirements specific to the use of this truss component
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom  
chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- 4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 0psf  
on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle  
3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom  
chord and any other members
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to  
bearing plate capable of withstanding 55 lb uplift at joint  
3 and 60 lb uplift at joint 2

7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16"  
structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top  
chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to  
the bottom chord

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Julius Lee PE No. 34869  
MiTek Inc. DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd. Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date:

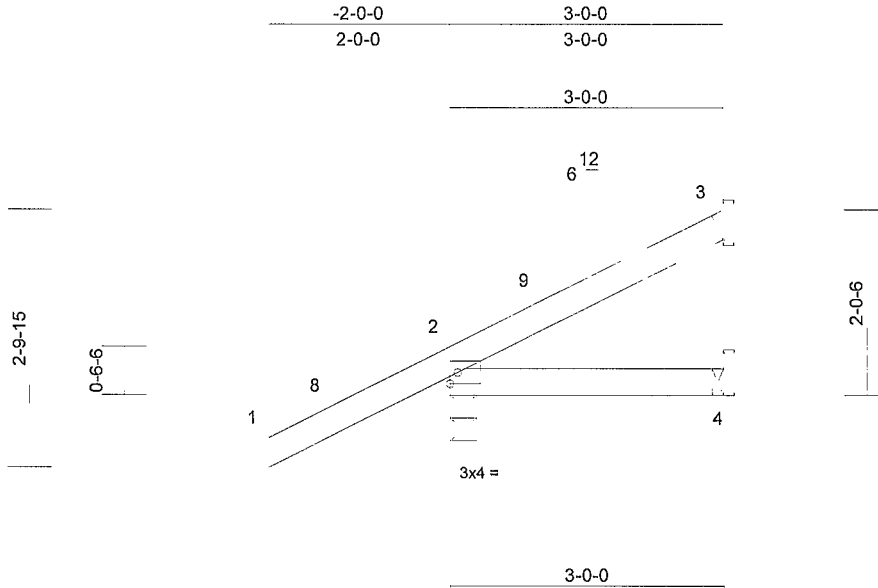
April 25, 2025

**WARNING** Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcsccomponents.com)

**MiTek®**

16023 Swingley Ridge Rd  
Chesterfield, MO 63017  
314.434.1200 / MiTek-US.com



Scale = 1 25.4

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20 0	Plate Grip DOL	1 25	TC	0 27	Vert(LL)	0 00	4-7	>999	240	244/190
TCDL	10 0	Lumber DOL	1 25	BC	0 07	Vert(CT)	-0 01	4-7	>999	180	
BCLL	0 0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0 00	Horz(CT)	0 00	3	n/a	n/a	
BCDL	10 0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-MP							
										Weight. 13 lb	FT = 20%

#### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2

#### BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-0-0 oc purlins  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing

**REACTIONS** (size) 2=0-3-8 3= Mechanical, 4= Mechanical  
Max Horiz 2=85 (LC 12)  
Max Uplift 2=-67 (LC 12), 3=-27 (LC 12)  
Max Grav 2=278 (LC 1) 3=70 (LC 17) 4=48 (LC 3)

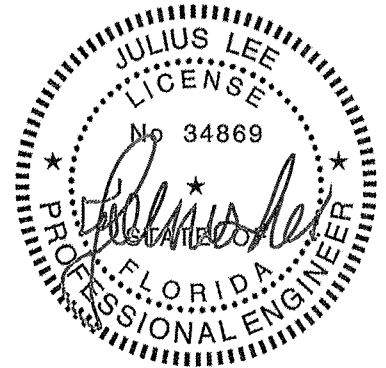
**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/54, 2-3=-308/219  
BOT CHORD 2-4=-98/45

#### NOTES

- 1) Wind ASCE 7-22, Vult=130mph (3-second gust)  
Vasd=101mph, TCDL=6 0psf; BCDL=6 0psf; h=15ft  
B=45ft, L=24ft, eave=4ft, Cat II Exp B Partially Enclosed, MWFRS (directional) and C-C Zone3 -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Zone1 1-0-0 to 2-11-4 zone, cantilever left and right exposed, end vertical left and right exposed C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown, Lumber DOL=1 60 plate grip DOL=1 60
- 2) Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading requirements specific to the use of this truss component
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- 4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections

- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 27 lb uplift at joint 3 and 67 lb uplift at joint 2
- LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



Julius Lee PE No. 34869  
MiTek Inc. DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd. Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date:

April 25,2025

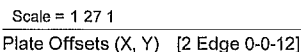
**WARNING** Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITTEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication storage delivery erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcsccomponents.com)

**MiTek®**

16023 Swingley Ridge Rd  
Chesterfield MO 63017  
314.434 1200 / MiTek-US.com





<b>LUMBER</b>	6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 106 lb uplift at joint 2, 48 lb uplift at joint 4 and 34 lb uplift at joint 3
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2	
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2	
<b>BRACING</b>	<b>LOAD CASE(S)</b> Standard

<b>BRACING</b>	
<b>TOP CHORD</b>	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-0-0 oc purlins
<b>BOT CHORD</b>	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing

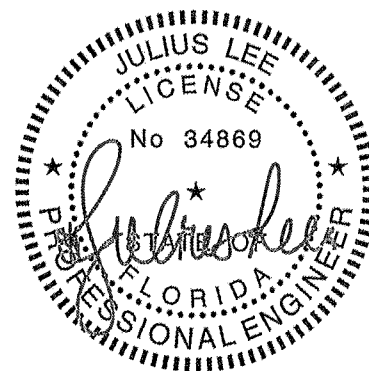
**REACTIONS** (size) 2=0-3-8, 3= Mechanical 4= Mechanical  
 Max Horiz 2=53 (LC 12)  
 Max Uplift 2=-106 (LC 12) 3=-34 (LC 1)  
 4=-48 (LC 1)  
 Max Grav 2=281 (LC 1), 3=17 (LC 12) 4=31 (LC 12)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD  $1-2=0/54$ ,  $2-3=-248/196$   
BOT CHORD  $2-4=-123/106$


## NOTES

- 1) Wind ASCE 7-22, Vult=130mph (3-second gust)  
Vasd=101mph TCDL=6 0psf BCDL=6 0psf h=15ft  
B=45ft, L=24ft eave=4ft, Cat. II, Exp B, Partially  
Enclosed MWFRS (directional) and C-C Zone3 zone  
cantilever left and right exposed end vertical left and  
right exposed C-C for members and forces & MWFRS  
for reactions shown, Lumber DOL=1 60 plate grip  
DOL=1 60
- 2) Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for  
verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading  
requirements specific to the use of this truss component
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom  
chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- 4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 0psf  
on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle  
3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom  
chord and any other members
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections



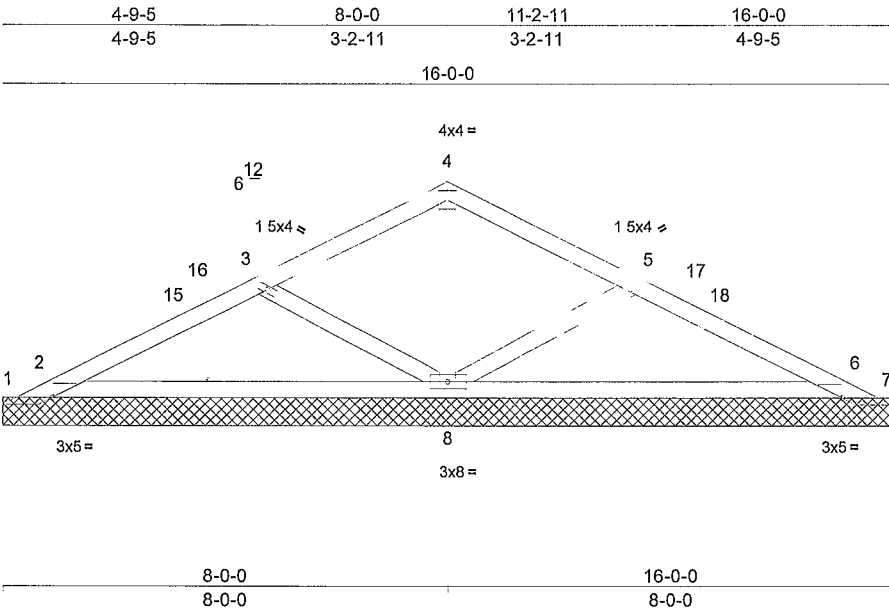
Julius Lee PE No. 34869  
MiTek Inc. DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd. Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date:

April 25, 2025

 **WARNING** Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI-1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute ([www.tpinst.org](http://www.tpinst.org)) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Components Association ([www.sbcsccomponents.com](http://www.sbcsccomponents.com)).

**MiTek®**  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd  
Chesterfield MO 63017  
314.434.1200 / MiTek-US.com



Scale = 1 41.5

Plate Offsets (X Y) [2 0-0-4,Edge] [6 0-0-4 Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20 0	Plate Grip DOL	1 25	TC	0 32	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	244/190
TCDL	10 0	Lumber DOL	1 25	BC	0 36	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	
BCLL	0 0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0 07	Horiz(TL)	0 00	7	n/a	n/a	
BCDL	10 0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-AS							
										Weight. 63 lb	FT = 20%

<b>LUMBER</b>	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No 2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No 2
WEBS	2x4 SP No 2
<b>BRACING</b>	
TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied
BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied
<b>REACTIONS</b> (size)	
	1=16-0-0 2=16-0-0 6=16-0-0
	7=16-0-0 8=16-0-0
	Max Horiz 1=-63 (LC 10)
	Max Uplift 1=-258 (LC 3), 7=-254 (LC 3)
	8=-13 (LC 12)
	Max Grav 1=-38 (LC 12), 2=522 (LC 23),
	6=505 (LC 24), 7=-36 (LC 12)
	8=674 (LC 1)
<b>FORCES</b> (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension	
TOP CHORD	1-2=-12/164, 2-3=-189/61, 3-4=-11/162,
	4-5=-13/162 5-6=-188/59, 6-7=0/124
BOT CHORD	2-8=-110/148 6-8=-110/148
WEBS	4-8=-292/71 3-8=-252/118, 5-8=-252/118

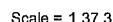
- NOTES**
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
  - Wind ASCE 7-22, Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph, TCDL=6 0psf BCDL=6 0psf; h=15ft, B=45ft L=24ft; eave=4ft, Cat II, Exp B, Enclosed, MWFRS (directional) and C-C Zone3 0-3-15 to 3-3-15, Zone1 3-3-15 to 8-0-0, Zone2 8-0-0 to 12-2-15 Zone1 12-2-15 to 15-8-1 zone, cantilever left and right exposed end vertical left and right exposed C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown Lumber DOL=1 60 plate grip DOL=1 60
  - Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading requirements specific to the use of this truss component
  - Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing

- This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
  - \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members
  - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 258 lb uplift at joint 1, 254 lb uplift at joint 7 and 13 lb uplift at joint 8
  - This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord
  - See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer
- LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



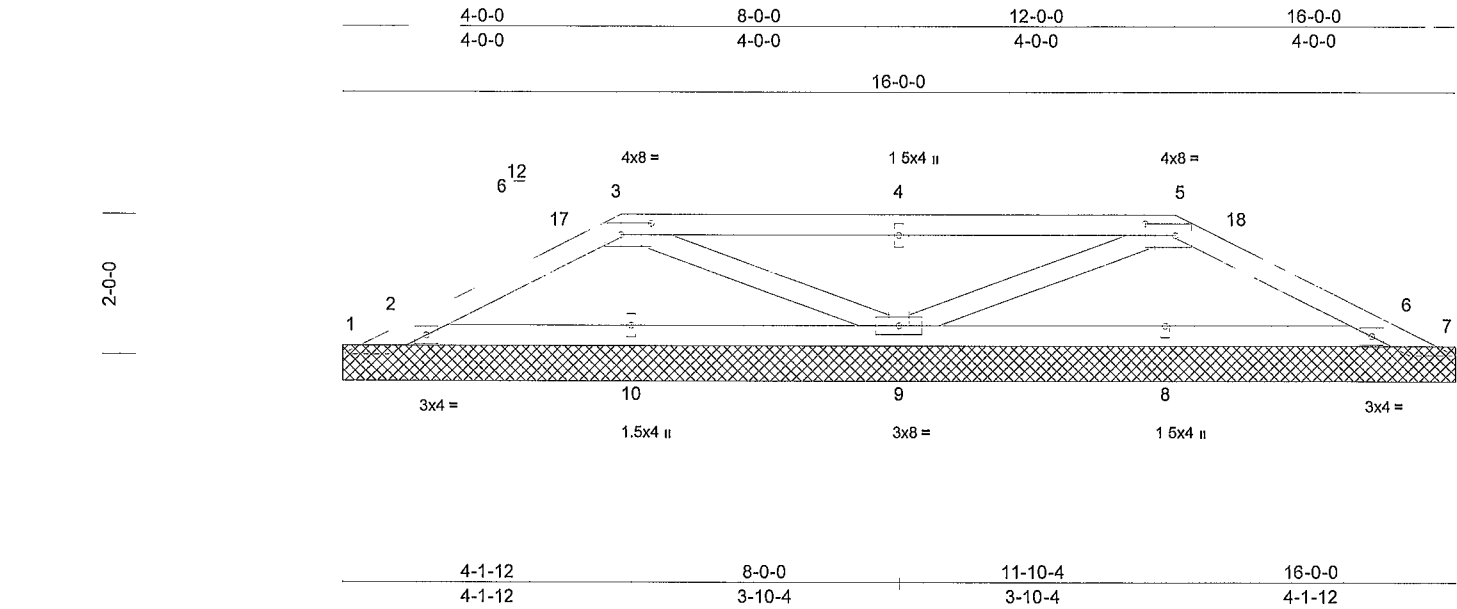
Julius Lee PE No. 34869  
MiTek Inc. DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd. Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date

April 25,2025



Design valid for use only with Mitek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication storage delivery erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI-1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute ([www.tpinst.org](http://www.tpinst.org)) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association ([www.sbcsccomponents.com](http://www.sbcsccomponents.com)).

16023 Swingley Ridge Rd  
Chesterfield MO 63017  
314.434.1200 / MITek-US.com



Scale = 1/32  
Plate Offsets (X Y) [3 0-5-4,0-2-0], [5 0-5-4 0-2-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20 0	Plate Grip DOL	1 25	TC	0 17	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10 0	Lumber DOL	1 25	BC	0 11	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
BCLL	0 0*	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0 03	Horiz(TL)	0 00	7	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10 0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-AS							Weight 63 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2  
WEBS 2x4 SP No 2

**BRACING**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied

**REACTIONS** (size) 1=16-0-0 2=16-0-0 6=16-0-0,  
7=16-0-0, 8=16-0-0, 9=16-0-0,  
10=16-0-0  
Max Horiz 1=31 (LC 11)  
Max Uplift 1=-77 (LC 17), 2=-5 (LC 12) 6=-15 (LC 12) 7=-62 (LC 1) 9=-17 (LC 8)  
Max Grav 1=6 (LC 12), 2=259 (LC 1) 6=243 (LC 1), 7=8 (LC 12), 8=257 (LC 1) 9=358 (LC 24) 10=258 (LC 1)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension  
TOP CHORD 1-2=-23/74, 2-3=-51/33, 3-4=-8/19 4-5=-8/19, 5-6=-53/32, 6-7=-8/49  
BOT CHORD 2-10=-10/31, 9-10=-6/19 8-9=-6/19 6-8=-12/27  
WEBS 3-10=-178/41 5-8=-178/42, 5-9=-20/21, 4-9=-269/73, 3-9=-19/22

**NOTES**  
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design  
2) Wind ASCE 7-22, Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph TCDL=6 0psf BCDL=6 0psf; h=15ft B=45ft L=24ft; eave=4ft, Cat. II, Exp B, Enclosed, MWFRS (directional) and C-C Zone3 0-3-15 to 3-3-15, Zone1 3-3-15 to 4-0-0, Zone2 4-0-0 to 8-0-0, Zone1 8-0-0 to 12-0-0, Zone3 12-0-0 to 15-8-1 zone, cantilever left and right exposed, end vertical left and right exposed, C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown, Lumber DOL=1 60 plate grip DOL=1 60

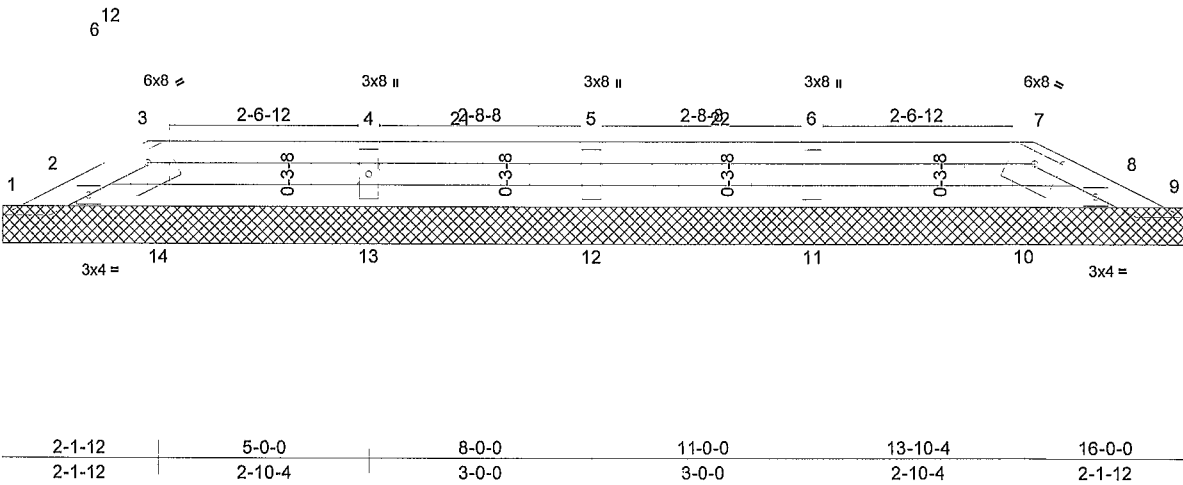
- Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading requirements specific to the use of this truss component.
  - Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding
  - Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing
  - This truss has been designed for a 10 0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
  - \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20 0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members
  - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 5 lb uplift at joint 2 15 lb uplift at joint 6 77 lb uplift at joint 1 62 lb uplift at joint 7, 17 lb uplift at joint 9, 5 lb uplift at joint 2 and 15 lb uplift at joint 6
  - This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord
  - See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer
- LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



Julius Lee PE No. 34869  
MiTek Inc. DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634  
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd. Chesterfield, MO 63017  
Date:

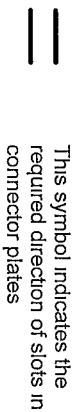
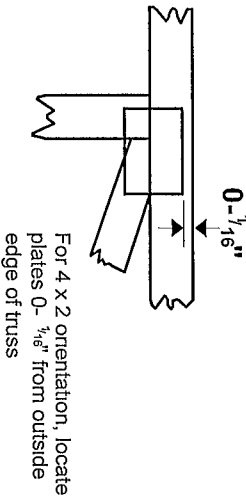
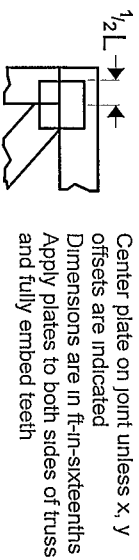
April 25, 2025

2-0-0	5-0-0	8-0-0	11-0-0	14-0-0	16-0-0
2-0-0	3-0-0	3-0-0	3-0-0	3-0-0	2-0-0
16-0-0					



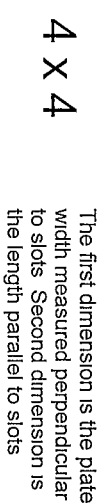
# Symbols

## PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

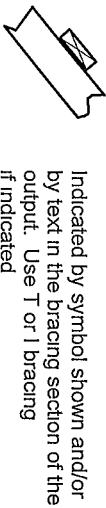


\* Plate location details available in MITek software or upon request.

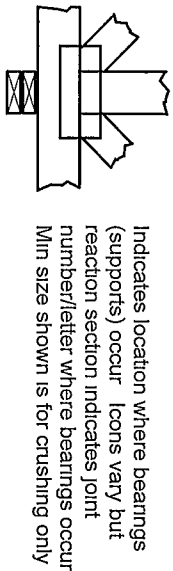
## PLATE SIZE



## LATERAL BRACING LOCATION

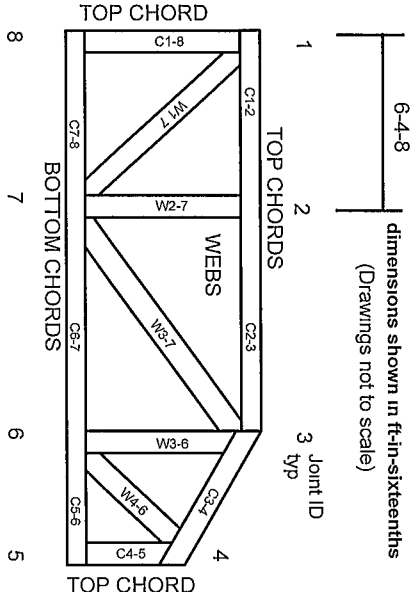


## BEARING



**Industry Standards:**  
ANSI/TP11 National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction  
DSB-22 Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

# Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

## Product Code Approvals

ICC-ES Reports  
ESR-1988, ESR-2362, ESR-2685, ESR-3282  
ESR-4722, ESL-1388

## Design General Notes

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown  
Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TP1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

© 2023 MITek® All Rights Reserved



MITek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473 rev 1/2/2023

# General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- Additional stability bracing for truss system e.g diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing or alternative Tor 1 bracing should be considered
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other
- Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP1 1
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP1 1
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication
- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated or green lumber
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection
- Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted
- Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use
- Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TP1 1 Quality Criteria
- The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated