

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

RE: Jeff Johnson - Jeff Johnson

MiTek USA, Inc.

6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa, FL 33610-4115

Site Information:

Customer Info: Jeff Johnson Project Name: . Model: .

Lot/Block: .

Subdivision: .

Address: ., .

City: Columbia County

State: FL

Name Address and License # of Structural Engineer of Record, If there is one, for the building.

Name:

License #:

Address:

City:

State:

General Truss Engineering Criteria & Design Loads (Individual Truss Design Drawings Show Special

Loading Conditions):

Design Code: FBC2017/TPI2014

Design Program: MiTek 20/20 8.2

Wind Code: ASCE 7-10

Wind Speed: 130 mph

Roof Load: 40.0 psf

Floor Load: N/A psf

This package includes 4 individual, Truss Design Drawings and 0 Additional Drawings. With my seal affixed to this sheet, I hereby certify that I am the Truss Design Engineer and this index sheet conforms to 61G15-31.003, section 5 of the Florida Board of Professional Engineers Rules.

No.	Seal#	Truss Name	Date
1	T22070683	A1	12/4/20
2	T22070684	A2GE	12/4/20
	T22070685	A3GE	12/4/20
4	T22070686	A4G3	12/4/20



The truss drawing(s) referenced above have been prepared by MiTek USA, Inc. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Mayo Truss Company, Inc..

Truss Design Engineer's Name: ORegan, Philip

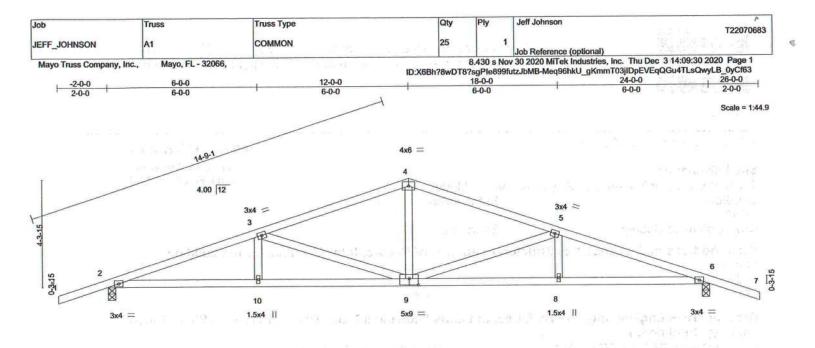
My license renewal date for the state of Florida is February 28, 2021.

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



Philip J. O'Regan PE No.58126 MiTek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610 Date:

December 4,2020



1-	6-0-0 6-0-0		12-0-0 6-0-0	1	18- 6-(	0-0 )-0			24-0-0 6-0-0		
Plate Offsets (X,Y)— [9:0-4-8,0-3-0]											
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code FBC2017/T	2-0-0 1.25 1.25 YES PI2014	CSI. TC 0.31 BC 0.56 WB 0.53 Matrix-AS	Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in -0.12 -0.25 0.08	(loc) 8-9 8-9 6	Vdefl >999 >999 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 108 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 0%	

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

**BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

REACTIONS.

(size) 2=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8

Max Horz 2=-49(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-49(LC 12), 6=-49(LC 12)

Max Grav 2=1080(LC 1), 6=1080(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-3=-2320/529, 3-4=-1587/398, 4-5=-1587/398, 5-6=-2320/529 TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 2-10=-401/2161, 9-10=-401/2161, 8-9=-422/2161, 6-8=-422/2161

4-9=-63/617, 3-9=-775/220, 5-9=-775/219 WEBS

### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 49 lb uplift at joint 2 and 49 lb uplift at joint 6.
- 6) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610

December 4,2020

👠 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

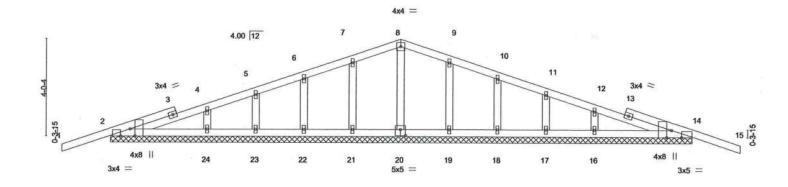
Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see \*\*ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Composite personal information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa, FL 36610

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Jeff Johnson	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
JEFF_JOHNSON	A2GE	GABLE	1	1	1049 4 15	T22070684
Annual Control of the		LIA ALL CONTRACTOR			Job Reference (optional)	
Mayo Truss Company, Inc.,	Mayo, FL - 32066,			8.430 s No	v 30 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Dec 3	14:09:31 2020 Page 1
			ID:X6Bh?8	vDT8?sgPle8	399futzJbMB-qqOXK1I6I_TdOcbFH?k2nin02	gLWCw0Z8c5lXTyCf62
-2-0-0		12-0-0			24-0-0	26-0-0
2-0-0		12-0-0	1		12-0-0	2-0-0

Scale = 1:46.4



		1				24-0-0						0.0	
						24-0-0							
Plate Offs	ets (X,Y)-	[2:0-3-8,Edge], [2:0-4-12	,Edge], [14:0-3	-8,Edge], [14	:0-4-12,Edg	e], [20:0-2-8,0-3-0]							
LOADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	Vdefi	L/d	PLATES	GRIP	5:409
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC	0.25	Vert(LL)	-0.01	15	n/r	120	MT20	244/190	
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC	0.10	Vert(CT)	-0.02	15	n/r	120			
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.03	Horz(CT)	0.00	14	n/a	n/a	The same of the sa		
BCDL	10.0	Code FBC2017/T	PI2014	Matri	x-S						Weight: 112 lb	FT = 0%	
LUMBER						ZZI JANE						500 5000	W. Jow

LUMBER-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **OTHERS** 

BRACING-TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** 

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 24-0-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-46(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 14, 21, 22, 23, 19, 18, 17

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 19, 18, 17, 16 except 2=293(LC 21), 14=293(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry
- Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
  4) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 14, 21, 22, 23, 19, 18, 17.



Philip J. O'Regan PE No.58126 MITek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610 Date:

December 4,2020

🗥 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIL-7473 rey. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see 

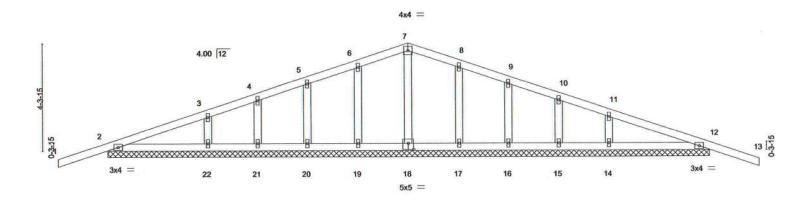
ANSITPH quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Col Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa, FL 36610

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Jeff Johnson	T22070685
JEFF_JOHNSON	A3GE	GABLE	1	1		
					Job Reference (optional)	
Mayo Truss Company,	Inc., Mayo, FL - 32066,	untilo a u e ca.			v 30 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu De 399futzJbMB-l1yvXNlkWlbU0mARqjFHJv	
-2-0-0		12-0-0			24-0-0	26-0-0
2.0.0		12-0-0			12-0-0	2-0-0

Scale = 1:44.9



	-					24-0-0						
Plate Off	sets (X,Y)-	[18:0-2-8,0-3-0]										
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	<b>V</b> defi	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC	0.25	Vert(LL)	-0.02	13	n/r	120	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC	0.11	Vert(CT)	-0.03	13	n/r	120		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr Code FBC2017/T	YES PI2014	WB Matri	0.03 x-S	Horz(CT)	0.00	12	n/a	n/a	Weight: 111 lb	FT = 0%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

**BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.2 **BRACING-**

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD**  Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 24-0-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-49(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 12, 19, 20, 21, 17, 16, 15

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 18, 19, 20, 21, 17, 16, 15 except 2=292(LC 1), 12=292(LC 1), 22=261(LC 1), 14=261(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 12, 19, 20, 21, 17, 16, 15.



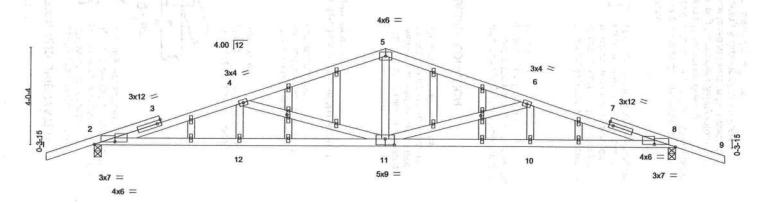
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December 4,2020



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Jeff Johnson T22070686 JEFF\_JOHNSON A4G3 GABLE 1 Job Reference (optional) Mayo, FL - 32066, Mayo Truss Company, Inc., 8.430 s Nov 30 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Dec 3 14:09:33 2020 Page 1 ID:X6Bh?8wDT8?sgPle899futzJbMB-mDWIljmMHbjLdwIdOQmWs7sFTUsXggVscwarbLyCf60 26-0-0

Scale = 1:46.4



		6-0-0	12-0-0		3 4 3		18-0-0	1 0		24-0-0		
DI 1 0 00		6-0-0			6-0-0			6-0-0			6-0-0	
Plate Offse	ts (X,Y)	[2:0-10-4,0-1-4], [2:0-10-4	1,0-1-4], [8:0-1	0-4,0-1-4], [8	0-10-4,0-1-4	], [11:0-4-8,0-3-0]	, [15:0-1	-10,0-0	-12], [24:	0-1-10,0-0-1	2]	
LOADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.	8 1	DEFL.	in	(loc)	Vdefl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC	0.64	Vert(LL)	-0.15	11	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC	0.77	Vert(CT)	-0.32	11-12	>884	180	10001000	
BCLL	0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.67	Horz(CT)	0.08	8	n/a	n/a	30.7	er un ante est
BCDL	10.0	Code FBC2017/TI	PI2014	Matrix	c-AS						Weight: 127 lb	FT = 0%

**BRACING-**

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

LUMBER-TOP CHORD

2x4 SP No.2 \*Except\*

2-5,5-8: 2x4 SP No.1

**BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS.

(size) 2=0-3-8, 8=0-3-8

Max Horz 2=-46(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-53(LC 12), 8=-53(LC 12)

Max Grav 2=1077(LC 1), 8=1077(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-4=-2595/589, 4-5=-1668/406, 5-6=-1668/406, 6-8=-2595/588

**BOT CHORD** 2-12=-474/2484, 11-12=-474/2484, 10-11=-496/2484, 8-10=-496/2484

WEBS 5-11=-69/681, 4-11=-998/272, 6-11=-998/271

### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8.
   This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



December 4,2020



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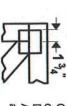
ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



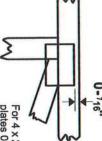
6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa, FL 36610

## Symbols

# PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



offsets are indicated Center plate on joint unless x, y and fully embed teeth Apply plates to both sides of truss Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths.



For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- 1/18" from outside

edge of truss.

required direction of slots in connector plates. This symbol indicates the

Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

### PLATE SIZE

4 × 4

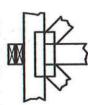
to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots. width measured perpendicular The first dimension is the plate

# LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



if indicated output. Use T or I bracing by text in the bracing section of the Indicated by symbol shown and/or

### BEARING



Min size shown is for crushing only number where bearings occur. reaction section indicates joint Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but

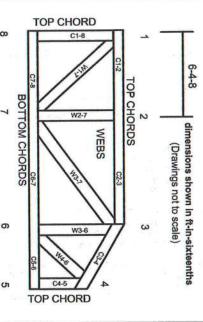
## Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

DSB-89: BCSI:

**Building Component Safety Information** Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Connected Wood Trusses. Design Standard for Bracing.

# Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

# PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ESR1988 ER-3907, ESR-2362, ESR-1397, ESR-3282

truss unless otherwise shown. Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the

established by others section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1

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MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020

# General Safety Notes

## Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- Provide copies of this truss design to the building all other interested parties. designer, erection supervisor, property owner and
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other
- Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication
- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
- 11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- 12. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted

Connections not shown are the responsibility of others

- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use
- Review all portions of this design (front, back, words is not sufficient. and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
- 21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.