

# STRUCTURAL REPORT CALCULATION

MARCH 30, 2022



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# 1. Design data

# A. Codes & Standards

2020 Florida Residential Code (CRC)

2020 Florida Building Code (CBC)

ASCE 7-16: Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures

ACI 318-19: Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete

# B. Location

195 SW Knight Terrace, Fort White, FL 32038, USA

# C. Material Data

**Concrete:** 

Footings; Slab Grade C3000

Compressive strength of the concrete age of 28 days  $f_{c'} = 3000 psi$ 

Elastic modulus  $E_c = 3.1E+06$  psi

**Reinforcement:** ASTM A615 - Grade 60

Yield strength, min  $f_y = 60000 psi$ 

Elastic modulus  $E_y = 2.9E+07$  psi

Allowable soils bearing pressure B = 2000 psf

#### 2. Load

# A. Vertical loads

	Roof	Floor	
Dead load:	7	10	psf
Live load:	20	40	psf

# B. Site Seismic Data

Risk Category:

Site Class: D

Importance Factor = 1.0

 $S_s$  = 0.077  $S_{DS}$  = 0.083  $F_a$  = 1.6

 $S_1 = 0.047$   $S_{D1} = 0.075$   $F_v = 2.4$ 

# C. Site Wind Data

Basic wind speed: 150 mph

Risk category: II
Exposure category: C

Enclosure classification: Open buildings

# D. Snow load

Based from USGS map

According to ASCE 7-16

Snow load on the roof  $p_f = 0.00 psf$ 



#### Search Information

Address: 195 SW Knight Terrace, Fort White, FL 32038,

Hoa Kỳ

Coordinates: 29.87018699999999, -82.742305

Elevation: 77 ft

Timestamp: 2022-03-31T14:27:39.597Z

Hazard Type: Snow



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ASCE 7-16 ASCE 7-10 ASCE 7-05

Ground Snow Load 0 lb/sqft Ground Snow Load 0 lb/sqft Ground Snow Load 0 lb/sqft

The results indicated here DO NOT reflect any state or local amendments to the values or any delineation lines made during the building code adoption process. Users should confirm any output obtained from this tool with the local Authority Having Jurisdiction before proceeding with design.

#### Disclaimer

Hazard loads are interpolated from data provided in ASCE 7 and rounded up to the nearest whole integer.

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# ATC Hazards by Location

# **Search Information**

Address: 195 SW Knight Terrace, Fort White, FL 32038, Hoa

Κỳ

Coordinates: 29.87018699999999, -82.742305

77 ft Elevation:

Timestamp: 2022-03-31T14:28:08.393Z

Hazard Type: Seismic Reference ASCE7-16

Document:

Risk Category:

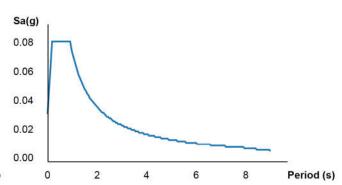
Site Class: D-default

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# MCER Horizontal Response Spectrum

# Sa(g) 0.12 0.10 0.08 0.06 0.04 0.02 0.00 Period (s)

# **Design Horizontal Response Spectrum**



#### **Basic Parameters**

Name	Value	Description	
SS	0.077	MCE <sub>R</sub> ground motion (period=0.2s)	
S <sub>1</sub>	0.047	MCE <sub>R</sub> ground motion (period=1.0s)	
S <sub>MS</sub>	0.124	Site-modified spectral acceleration value	
S <sub>M1</sub>	0.113	Site-modified spectral acceleration value	
S <sub>DS</sub>	0.083	Numeric seismic design value at 0.2s SA	
S <sub>D1</sub>	0.075	Numeric seismic design value at 1.0s SA	

# **▼**Additional Information

Name	Value	Description
SDC	В	Seismic design category
Fa	1.6	Site amplification factor at 0.2s
F <sub>v</sub>	2.4	Site amplification factor at 1.0s
CRS	0.92	Coefficient of risk (0.2s)
CR <sub>1</sub>	0.892	Coefficient of risk (1.0s)
PGA	0.037	MCE <sub>G</sub> peak ground acceleration
F <sub>PGA</sub>	1.6	Site amplification factor at PGA
PGA <sub>M</sub>	0.059	Site modified peak ground acceleration
TL	8	Long-period transition period (s)
SsRT	0.077	Probabilistic risk-targeted ground motion (0.2s)
SsUH	0.084	Factored uniform-hazard spectral acceleration (2% probability of exceedance in 50 years)
SsD	1.5	Factored deterministic acceleration value (0.2s)
S1RT	0.047	Probabilistic risk-targeted ground motion (1.0s)
S1UH	0.053	Factored uniform-hazard spectral acceleration (2% probability of exceedance in 50 years)
S1D	0.6	Factored deterministic acceleration value (1.0s)
PGAd	0.5	Factored deterministic acceleration value (PGA)



Project				Job Ref.			
CLARENCE PENDER							
Section	Sheet no./rev.	./rev.					
SEIMIC ANALYSIS					1		
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# **SEISMIC FORCES (ASCE 7-16)**

Site parameters

Site class D

Mapped acceleration parameters (Section 11.4.1)

at short period  $S_S = 0.077$  at 1 sec period  $S_1 = 0.049$  Site coefficientat short period (Table 11.4-1)  $F_a = 1.600$  at 1 sec period (Table 11.4-2)  $F_v = 2.400$ 

Spectral response acceleration parameters

at short period (Eq. 11.4-1)  $S_{MS} = F_a \times S_S = \textbf{0.123}$  at 1 sec period (Eq. 11.4-2)  $S_{M1} = F_v \times S_1 = \textbf{0.118}$ 

Design spectral acceleration parameters (Sect 11.4.4)

at short period (Eq. 11.4-3)  $S_{DS} = 2 / 3 \times S_{MS} = 0.082$  at 1 sec period (Eq. 11.4-4)  $S_{D1} = 2 / 3 \times S_{M1} = 0.078$ 

Seismic design category

Risk category II
Seismic design category (Table 11.6-1 only) A

Seismic base shear (Sect 11.7)

Effective seismic weight of the structure; W (kips)

Seismic base shear (Eq. 1.4-1);  $V = 0.01 \times W$  (kips)

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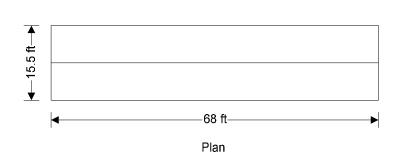


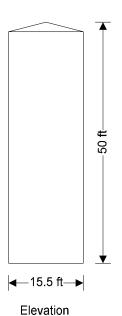
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	CLA				
Section		Sheet no./rev.	Sheet no./rev.		
	WIND		1		
Calc. by	Date	Chk'd by	Date	App'd by	Date

#### **WIND LOADING (ASCE7-16)**

In accordance with ASCE7-16

Using the components and cladding design method





**Building data** 

Type of roof; Gable Length of building; b = 68.00 ft Width of building; d = 15.50 ft Height to eaves; H = 48.00 ft Pitch of roof;  $\alpha_0$  = 14.5 deg Mean height; h = 49.00 ft

General wind load requirements

Basic wind speed; V = **150.0** mph

Risk category;

Velocity pressure exponent coeff (Table 26.6-1);  $K_d = 0.85$ 

Exposure category (cl.26.7.3);

Enclosure classification (cl.26.10); Enclosed buildings Internal pressure coef +ve (Table 26.11-1);  $GC_{pi\_p} = 0.18$  Internal pressure coef –ve (Table 26.11-1);  $GC_{pi\_n} = -0.18$ 

Gust effect factor for rigid structures

Terrain exposure constants (Table 26.9-1)

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Integral length scale factor; & I = 500.0 ft \\ Turbulence intensity factor; & c = 0.20 \\ Minimum equivalent height; & z_{min} = 15.0 ft \\ Peak factor for background response; & g_Q = 3.400 \\ Peak factor for wind response; & g_v = 3.400 \\ Integral length scale power law exponent; & $\overline{\epsilon}$ = 0.200 \\ \end{tabular}$ 

Equivalent height of the structure;  $\overline{z} = \max(0.6 \times h, z_{min}) = 29.40 \text{ ft}$ Intensity of turbulence (Eqn. 26.9-7);  $I_{\overline{z}} = c \times (33 \text{ ft } / \overline{z})^{1/6} = 0.20$ 

Integral length scale of turbulence (Eqn. 26.9-9);  $L_{\bar{z}} = I \times (\bar{z}/33 \text{ ft})^{\bar{\epsilon}} = 488.59 \text{ ft}$ 

Background response (Eqn. 26.9-8);  $Q = \sqrt{(1/(1 + 0.63 \times ((\min(B, L) + h)/L_{\bar{z}})^{0.63}))} = 0.922$ 

Gust effect factor (Eqn. 26.9-6);  $G = G_f = 0.925 \times (1 + 1.7 \times g_Q \times I_{\bar{z}} \times Q) / (1 + 1.7 \times g_v \times I_{\bar{z}}) = \textbf{0.89}$ 

**Topography** 

Topography factor not significant;  $K_{zt} = 1.0$ 

**Velocity pressure** 

Velocity pressure coefficient (T.30.3-1);  $K_z = 1.09$ 

Velocity pressure;  $q_h = 0.00256 \times K_z \times K_{zt} \times K_d \times V^2 \times 1 psf/mph^2 = 53.1 psf$ 

Peak velocity pressure for internal pressure

Peak velocity pressure – internal (as roof press.); q<sub>i</sub> = **53.12** psf

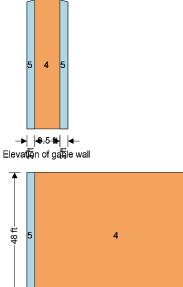
Equations used in tables

Net pressure;  $p = q_h \times [GC_p - GC_{pi}];$ 



Project				Job Ref.		
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	WIND	LOAD ANALYSI	S		2	
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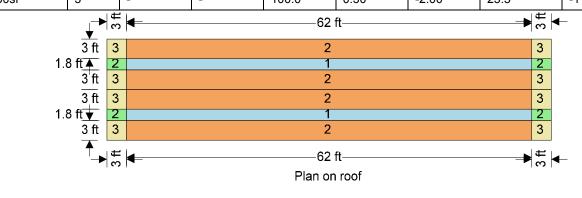
Compone	Components and cladding pressures - Wall (Figure 30.4-1)											
Component	Zone	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Eff. area (ft²)	+GC <sub>p</sub>	-GC <sub>p</sub>	Pres (+ve) (psf)	Pres (-ve) (psf)				
<10sf	4	-	-	10.0	1.00	-1.10	62.7	-68.0				
50sf	4	-	-	50.0	0.88	-0.98	56.1	-61.4				
200sf	4	-	-	200.0	0.77	-0.87	50.5	-55.8				
>500sf	4	-	-	500.0	0.70	-0.80	46.7	-52.1				
<10sf	5	-	-	10.0	1.00	-1.40	62.7	-83.9				
50sf	5	-	-	50.0	0.88	-1.15	56.1	-70.8				
200sf	5	-	-	200.0	0.77	-0.94	50.5	-59.5				
>500sf	5	-	-	500.0	0.70	-0.80	46.7	-52.1				



# Components and cladding pressures - Roof (Figure 30.4-2B)

1 7									
Component	Zone	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Eff. area (ft²)	+GC <sub>p</sub>	-GC <sub>p</sub>	Pres (+ve) (psf)	Pres (-ve) (psf)	
<10sf	1	-	-	10.0	0.50	-0.90	36.1	-57.4	
25sf	1	-	-	25.0	0.42	-0.86	31.9	-55.3	
50sf	1	-	-	50.0	0.36	-0.83	28.7	-53.7	
>100sf	1	-	-	100.0	0.30	-0.80	25.5	-52.1	
<10sf	2	-	-	10.0	0.50	-1.70	36.1	-99.9	
25sf	2	-	-	25.0	0.42	-1.50	31.9	-89.3	
50sf	2	-	-	50.0	0.36	-1.35	28.7	-81.3	
>100sf	2	-	-	100.0	0.30	-1.20	25.5	-73.3	
<10sf	3	-	T -	10.0	0.50	-2.60	36.1	-147.7	
25sf	3	-	-	25.0	0.42	-2.36	31.9	-135.0	
50sf	3	-	-	50.0	0.36	-2.18	28.7	-125.4	
>100sf	3	-	-	100.0	0.30	-2.00	25.5	-115.8	

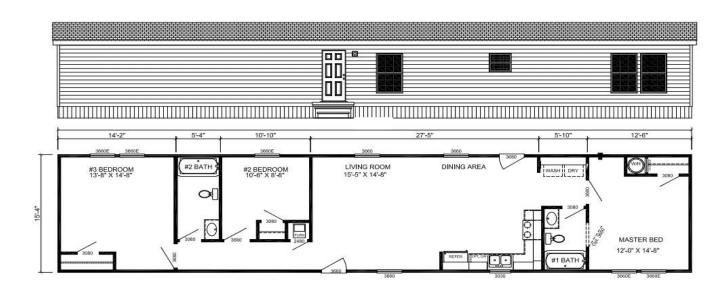
Elevation of side wall

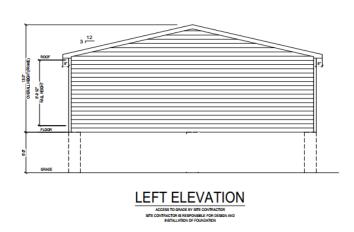


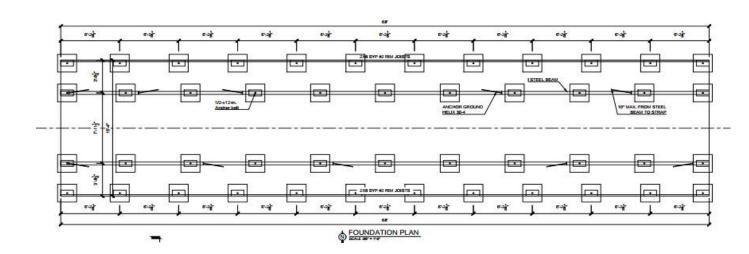


# 3. Building Dimensions

Plan and elevation









# 4. Analysis & Design of Wood Framing

In accordance with the ANSI/AF&PA NDS-2018 using the ASD method

#### SUMMARY OF DESIGN

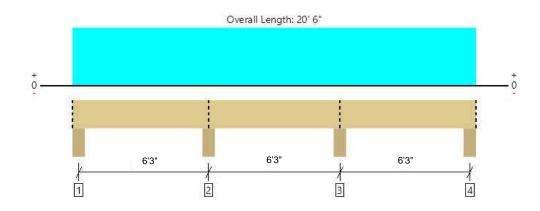
Member	Results	<b>Current solution</b>				
Beam	Passed	1 piece(s) 2 x 8 SYP No.2				



#### **MEMBER REPORT**

**PASSED** 

Level, Floor: Drop Beam
1 piece(s) 2 x 8 SP No.2



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	798 @ 6' 11"	5085 (6.00")	Passed (16%)		1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Shear (lbs)	325 @ 6' 3/4"	1269	Passed (26%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	-505 @ 6' 11"	1013	Passed (50%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (Adj Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.038 @ 3' 6 1/16"	0.218	Passed (L/999+)		1.0 D + 1.0 L (Alt Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.045 @ 3' 5 9/16"	0.327	Passed (L/999+)		1.0 D + 1.0 L (Alt Spans)

System: Floor
Member Type: Drop Beam
Building Use: Residential
Building Code: IBC 2018
Design Methodology: ASD

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/360) and TL (L/240).
- Allowed moment does not reflect the adjustment for the beam stability factor.
- Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

	Bearing Length			Loads t	o Supports (		
Supports	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Total	Accessories
1 - Column - SYP	6.00"	6.00"	1.50"	68	266/-27	334/-27	Blocking
2 - Column - SYP	6.00"	6.00"	1.50"	165	633	798	Blocking
3 - Column - SYP	6.00"	6.00"	1.50"	165	633	798	Blocking
4 - Column - SYP	6.00"	6.00"	1.50"	68	266/-27	334/-27	Blocking

Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Lateral Bracing	Bracing Intervals	Comments
Top Edge (Lu)	20' 6" o/c	
Bottom Edge (Lu)	17' 9" o/c	

Maximum allowable bracing intervals based on applied load.

			Dead	Floor Live	
Vertical Loads	Location (Side)	Tributary Width	(0.90)	(1.00)	Comments
0 - Self Weight (PLF)	0 to 20' 6"	N/A	2.8		
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 20' 6" (Front)	2'	10.0	40.0	Default Load

#### Weyerhaeuser Notes

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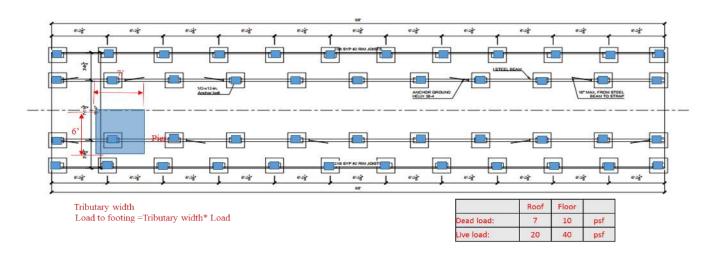
The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by ForteWEB Software Operator



# 5 Foundation design

# 5.1 Footing design

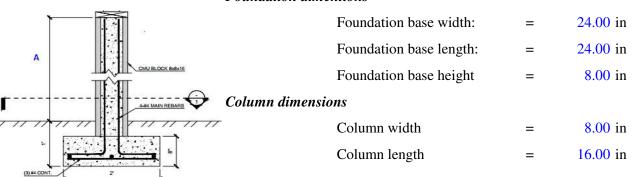
# In accordance with ACI 318-14

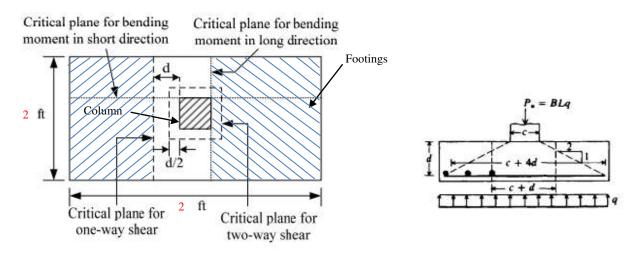


Foundation Plan

#### **Basic Dimensions**

# Foundation dimentions





Shear and Flexure in two - way.



#### Reinforcement

# Longitudinal rebar:

Diameter of reinforcement = #4

Spacing of reinforcement = 10.00 in

Concrete cover thickness = 3.00 in

Number = 3.00 bars

Reinforcement area = 0.20 in2

Transverse rebar:

Diameter of reinforcement = #4 in

Spacing of reinforcement = 10.00 in

Concrete cover thickness = 3.00 in

Number = 3.00 bars

Reinforcement area = 0.20 in2

# 5.1.1. Check the load capacity of the foundation soil

Applied loading Dead self-weight of foundation

Loads of column Dead full UDL

Live full UDL

Load combination: 1 D

2 D + L

3 D + (Lr or S)

4 D + 0.75L + 0.75(Lr or S)

5 D + 0.75L + 0.75(Lr or S) + 0.6W

6 D + 0.75L + 0.7E

7 D + 0.6W

8 D + 0.6E

#### **Analysis results**

Compressive pressure at the base of the foundation:

 $Q_{s1} = 353.6 \text{ psf}$ 

 $Q_{s2} = 773.6 \text{ psf}$ 

 $Q_{s3} = 210.0 \text{ psf}$ 

 $Q_{s4} = 826.1 \text{ psf}$ 

 $Q_{s5} = 986.8 \text{ psf}$ 

 $Q_{s6} = 668.6 \text{ psf}$ 

 $Q_{s7} = 514.3 \text{ psf}$ 

 $Q_{s8} = 353.6 \text{ psf}$ 

 $Max (Q_{s1}; Q_{s2...}Q_{s8}) = Q_s = 986.8 psf$ 

Soil bearing capacity:

 $F_{\text{soil}} = 2000.0 \text{ psf}$ 

Check:



# 5.1.2. Check the shear resistance in 1-way of the foundation base

#### **Load combination:**

1 1.4D

2 1.2D + 1.6L + 0.5(Lr or S)

 $3 1.2D + 1.6(Lr ext{ or } S) + L$ 

4 1.2D + 1.6(Lr or S) + 0.5W

5 1.2D + 1W + 1L + 0.5(Lr or S)

6 1.2D + 1E + L

# Combination 4 results: 1.2D + 1.6(Lr or S) + 0.5W

Foundation width based on the small edge

b = 24.0 in

Calculated shear force

 $V_u = 1622.8 \text{ lb}$ 

Shear resistance of concrete

$$\phi V_c = \phi 2 \sqrt{f_c} b_w d$$

Distance from reinforcement to the edge of compressed concrete

d = 5.0 in

 $\phi V_c = 11173.5 \text{ lb}$ 

Check: OK

#### 5.1.3. Check the bending resistance of the foundation base along the length

Distance from edge of base to edge of column

1 = 4.0 in

Calculated bending moment

 $M_u = 135.2 \text{ lb\_ft}$ 

Shear resistance of concrete

$$M_u = \phi M_n = \phi A_s f_y j d$$

Distance from reinforcement to the edge of compressed concrete

d = 5.0 in

j = 1.765

 $\phi M_n = 23823.5 \text{ lb_ft}$ 

Check: OK

Check the spacing of reinforcement:

Min (3h, 18in) =

18 in

540.9 lb\_ft

OK

# 5.1.4. Check the bearing capacity of vertical reinforcement

Distance from edge of base to edge of column

1 = 8.0 in

Calculated bending moment

Shear resistance of concrete

 $M_n = \phi M_n = \phi A_s f_y j d$ 

Distance from reinforcement to the edge of compressed concrete

d = 5.0 in

j = 1.765

 $\phi M_n = 23823.5 \text{ lb_ft}$ 

OK

Check:

Min (3h, 18in) = 18 in

 $M_u =$ 

# 5.2 Ground anchor design

**Check the spacing of reinforcement:** 

Wind load on the wall = Area\*Pwind=544 (ft2)\*(46.7+52.1)/2 (psf) = 26873.6 (lbs)

Load capacity of ground anchor: (Helix 30-4) = 2400 (lbs)

Minimum number of anchors: n > 11 (pieces)

# Helix15-4

•Helix OD: 4" •Length: 15" •Rod OD: 1/2"

• Finish: Painted Red •Approx. Dense Soil

Holding Capacity 800 lbs.\*

#### Helix48-6

•Helix OD: 6" •Length: 48" •Rod OD: 5/8"

• Finish: Painted Red Approx. Dense Soil

Holding Capacity 4,000 lbs.\*

# Helix8-66

• Helix OD: 8"

• Length: 66" • Rod OD: 1"

• Finish: Galvanized

Approx. Holding Capacities (see Soil

Classifications): Class 5: 11,000 lbs. Class 6: 9,000 lbs. Class 7: 6,000 lbs.

# **Helical Screw Auger Anchors**

#### Helix30-4

•Helix OD: 4"

•Length: 30" •Rod OD: 1/2"

• Finish: Painted Red •Approx. Dense Soil

Holding Capacity 2,400 lbs.\*

# <u>Helix4-54</u>

• Helix OD: 4"

• Length: 54"

• Rod OD: 3/4"

• Finish: Galvanized

Approx. Holding Capacities (see Soil

Classifications):

Class 5: 4,500 lbs.

Class 6: 3,000 lbs.

Class 7: 1,500 lbs.

# Helix10-66

• Helix OD: 10"

• Length: 66"

• Rod OD: 1-1/4"

• Finish: Galvanized

Approx. Holding Capacities (see Soil

Classifications):

Class 5: 13,000 lbs.

Class 6: 10,000 lbs.

Class 7: 7,000 lbs.

#### Helix40-6

•Helix OD: 6"

•Length: 40"

•Rod OD: 5/8"

•Finish: Painted Red •Approx. Dense Soil

Holding Capacity 3,500 lbs.\*

# Helix6-66

•Helix OD: 6" •Length: 66"

•Rod OD: 3/4"

Finish: Galvanized

Approx. Holding Capacities (see Soil

Classifications): Class 5: 6,500 lbs. Class 6: 5,000 lbs.

Class 7: 2,500 lbs.

# Helix10-96

• Helix OD: 10"

• Length: 96"

• Rod OD: 1-1/4"

• Finish: Galvanized

Approx. Holding Capacities (see Soil

Classifications): Class 5: 13,000 lbs. Class 6: 10,000 lbs.

Class 7: 7,000 lbs.







