This Permit Must Be Prominently Posted	
APPLICANT AARON NICKKLESON	PHONE 386.867.3534
ADDRESS 426 SW COMMERCE DRIVE, STE. 130	LAKE CITY FL 32025
OWNER GLOBAL INNOVATION, LLC.	PHONE 386.752.4502
ADDRESS 184 SW RING COURT	LAKE CITY FL 32025
CONTRACTOR AARON NICKELSON	PHONE 386.867.3534
LOCATION OF PROPERTY 47-S TO RING COURT, TR AND	PROPERTY ON L. BLDG. #1.
TYPE DEVELOPMENT WAREHOUSE BLDG #1. EST	TIMATED COST OF CONSTRUCTION 110000.00
HEATED FLOOR AREA TOTAL ARE	EA 5000.00 HEIGHT 25.00 STORIES 1
FOUNDATION CONC WALLS METAL R	ROOF PITCH 1'12 FLOOR SLAB
LAND USE & ZONING ILW	MAX. HEIGHT 35
Minimum Set Back Requirments: STREET-FRONT 20.00	REAR 15.00 SIDE 15.00
NO. EX.D.U. 0 FLOOD ZONE FL X	DEVELOPMENT PERMIT NO.
PARCEL ID 19-4S-7-08558-109 SUBDIVISION	N CANNON CREEK CENTER
LOT 9 BLOCK PHASE UNIT	TOTAL ACRES 2.75
CBC1258040	
Culvert Permit No. Culvert Waiver Contractor's License Num EXISTING 11-0290 BLK	To the state of th
D: G	g checked by Approved for Issuance New Resident
COMMENTS: SDP 11-02, MINIMUM ELEVATION SET @ 79.8'	Approved for issuance New Resident
ELEVATION CONFIRMATION LETTER REQUIRED @ SLAB.	
NOC ON FILE, RECEIVED CONFIRMATION LETTER ON12-6-11	Check # or Cash 2774
Temporary Power Foundation 08/11/2	(Tooter/Stab)
Under slab rough-in plumbing 08/22/2011 TC Slab 08/	/23/2011 TC Sheathing/Nailing
Framing date/app. by Insulation	date/app. by date/app. b
	z/app. by
Rough-in plumbing above slab and below wood floor	Electrical rough-in
Heat & Air Duct Peri. beam (Lintel)	te/app. by date/app. by
date/app. by	date/app. by Pool date/app. by
Permanent power 10/06/2011 RJ C.O. Final date/app. by	Culvert
Pump pole Utility Pole Militials	tte/app. by wns, blocking, electricity and plumbing
date/app. by	date/app. by
Reconnection RV date/app. by	date/app. by Re-roof date/app. by
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	FIRE FEE \$ 0.00 WASTE FEE \$
MISC. FEES \$ 0.00 ZONING CERT. FEE \$ 50.00	FIRE FEE \$ 0.00 WASTE FEE \$ TOTAL FEE 675.00
MISC. FEES \$ 0.00 ZONING CERT. FEE \$ 50.00 FLOOD DEVELOPMENT FEE \$ FLOOD ZONE FEE \$ 25.00 INSPECTORS OFFICE NOTICE: IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS PERMIT, THIS PROPERTY THAT MAY BE FOUND IN THE PUBLIC RENOTICE: ALL OTHER APPLICABLE STATE OR FEDERAL PERMITS SHAPERMITTED DEVELOPMENT.	FIRE FEE \$ 0.00 WASTE FEE \$ CULVERT FEE \$
MISC. FEES \$ 0.00 ZONING CERT. FEE \$ 50.00 FLOOD DEVELOPMENT FEE \$ FLOOD ZONE FEE \$ 25.00 INSPECTORS OFFICE NOTICE: IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS PERMIT, THIS PROPERTY THAT MAY BE FOUND IN THE PUBLIC RENOTICE: ALL OTHER APPLICABLE STATE OR FEDERAL PERMITS SHE	FIRE FEE \$ 0.00 WASTE FEE \$ CULVERT FEE \$ TOTAL FEE 675.00 CLERKS OFFICE THERE MAY BE ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS APPLICABLE FECORDS OF THIS COUNTY. ALL BE OBTAINED BEFORE COMMENCEMENT OF THIS

EVERY PERMIT ISSUED SHALL BECOME INVALID UNLESS THE WORK AUTHORIZED BY SUCH PERMIT IS COMMENCED WITHIN 180 DAYS AFTER ITS ISSUANCE, OR IF THE WORK AUTHORIZED BY SUCH PERMIT IS SUSPENDED OR ABANDONED FOR A PERIOD OF 180 DAYS AFTER THE TIME THE WORK IS COMMENCED. A VALID PERMIT RECIEVES AN APPROVED INSPECTION EVERY 180 DAYS. WORK SHALL BE CONSIDERED NOT SUSPENDED, ABANDONED OR INVALID WHEN THE PERMIT HAS RECIEVED AN APPROVED INSPECTION WITHIN 180 DAYS OT THE PREVIOUS INSPECTION.



UNIVERSAL

ENGINEERING SCIENCES

REPORT OF GEOTECHNICAL CONSULTING SERVICES

Global Innovation 496 SW Ring Court Lake City, Columbia County, Florida

UES Project No. 0230.1100057.0000 UES Report No. 908794

Prepared for:

Global Innovation, LLC 496 SW Ring Court Lake City, FL 32025 (386) 754-5678

Prepared by:

Universal Engineering Sciences, Inc. 4475 SW 35th Terrace Gainesville, Florida 32608 (352) 372-3392

July 22, 2011



Consultants in: Geotechnical Engineering • Environmental Engineering
Construction Materials Testing • Threshold Inspection • Private Provider Inspection

July 22, 2011

Global Innovation, LLC 496 SW Ring Court Lake City, FL 32025

Attention:

Mr. Aaron Nickelson

Reference:

Report of Geotechnical Consulting Services

Global Innovation - Commercial Site

496 SW Ring Court

Lake City, Columbia County, Florida

UES Project No. 0230.1100057.0000

1111111111

No. 60272

UES Report No. 908794

LOCATIONS: Atlanta

Daytona Beach Fort Myers Fort Pierce

Gainesville

Jacksonville Kissimmee Leesburg Miami

Orlando (Headquarters)

Ocala

Palm Coast

Rockledge

Sarasota Tampa West Palm Beach

Panama City Pensacola

Dear Mr. Nickelson:

Universal Engineering Sciences, Inc. (UES) has completed the geotechnical engineering services for the subject project in Columbia County, Florida. This geotechnical Report is submitted in satisfaction of the contracted scope of services as summarized in UES Proposal No. 906445, dated July 7, 2011.

This Report presents the results of our field subsurface exploration and recommendations for geotechnical site preparation and foundation design and construction.

We appreciate the opportunity to have assisted you on this project and look forward to a continued association. Please do not hesitate to contact our office if you should have any questions, or to assist your office with the remaining phases of project design and construction.

Respectfully submitted,

UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING SCIENCES, INC.

Certificate of Authorization 549

Eduardo Suarez, E

Project Engineer

Florida P.E. No. 602 7. 27. //

Date:

Reviewed by:

Jeffrey S. Pruett, P.E.

Vice President

Florida P.E. No. 50775

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

We have prepared this executive summary solely to provide a general overview. Do not rely on this executive summary for any purpose except that for which it was prepared. Rely on the full report for information about findings, recommendations, and other concerns.

Project Location and Description

The project parcel is located at 496 SW Ring Court in Lake City, Columbia County, Florida. Current site development plans include the construction of two buildings for commercial use. Each building will consist of a 500 sq. ft showroom, a 1,000 sq. ft. office space and a 3,500 sq. ft. warehouse space. Our office was provided a set of plans prepared by Crews Engineering Services, LLC, date June 2, 2011 showing the general layout of the site along general notes and details. Across the proposed new buildings limits the site slope down with approximately 5 to 6 feet elevation change. We understand that the building will be filled as much as 5 feet.

Soil and Groundwater Conditions

The soil test borings generally encountered sand with silt [SP-SM/SM] to depths of 3 to 12 feet followed by clayey sand [SC] to the boring termination depths. The groundwater level was not apparent at the time of our exploration. Fluctuations of groundwater level conditions on this project parcel should be expected to occur seasonally as a result of rainfall, surface runoff, and nearby construction activities. Based upon our review of regional hydrogeology and the Columbia County Soil Survey, we estimate the normal seasonal high groundwater level will be perched on the clayey soil. The perched groundwater will be a transient condition, directly related to rainfall/irrigation and site grading.

Site Preparation

Geotechnical site preparation will generally consist of site clearing and grubbing, subgrade proof-rolling and compaction, and structural fill placement for general site grading and building pad construction. We recommend that all footing excavations be probed to confirm the suitability of the bearing soils.

Foundation Design

A shallow foundation system may be used for the support of the proposed construction on this project with the understanding that some aesthetic cracking and other minor architectural type nuisance issues may occur during the useful life of the structure. Following completion of the recommend geotechnical site preparation and building pad preparation activities, the proposed building may be supported on a shallow foundation system designed with a maximum average soil bearing pressure of 2,000 pounds per square foot (psf).

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 GENERAL

In this report, we present the results of the subsurface exploration of the site for the proposed new building at 496 SW Ring Court in Lake City, Columbia County, Florida. We have divided this report into the following sections:

- SCOPE OF SERVICES Defines what we did
- FINDINGS Describes what we encountered
- RECOMMENDATIONS Describes what we encourage you to do
- LIMITATIONS Describes the restrictions inherent in this report
- APPENDICES Presents support materials referenced in this report

2.0 SCOPE OF SERVICES

2.1 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The project parcel is located at 496 SW Ring Court in Lake City, Columbia County, Florida. Current site development plans include the construction of two buildings for commercial use. Each building will consist of a 500 sq. ft showroom, a 1,000 sq. ft. office space and a 3,500 sq. ft. warehouse space. Our office was provided a set of plans prepared by Crews Engineering Services, LLC, date June 2, 2011 showing the general layout of the site along general notes and details. Across the proposed new buildings limits the site slope down with approximately 5 to 6 feet elevation change. We understand that the building will be filled as much as 5 feet.

Our office was not provided with Foundation Plans or any other construction-related information other than that discussed herein. Considering the limitations stated above and based on prior experience with structures of this type, we assumed the following structural loading conditions: ground floor slab loads not exceeding 100 psf, a maximum of 2 kips per linear feet (klf) on wall footings, and a maximum load of 10 kips on individual footings. We understand the building constructions will require up to 5 feet of structural fill placement and less than 2 feet of cut for leveling of the proposed building footprints and building pad constructions.

If our foundation loading estimates and assumptions are incorrect we should be advised so that we may review our engineering evaluations, conclusions and recommendations. If our understandings and assumptions of project issues are incorrect our conclusions and recommendations will not be considered valid until we have had the opportunity to review all pertinent issues. The above constitutes all of the project information provided to our office at the time of this Report preparation.

We note that, our authorized scope of services and this Report do not address any other project elements, such as sidewalks, or slope stability issues that may be part of the overall project site plan. Since other site improvements could have detrimental effects on the performance of a foundation system at this site, UES, or other qualified geotechnical consultant, should be consulted to review the entire site development plan and conduct additional services as required to minimize any impact of associated improvements on foundation performance.

Our recommendations are based upon the above considerations. If any of this information is incorrect, or if you anticipate any changes, please inform Universal Engineering Sciences so that we may review our recommendations.

2.2 PURPOSE

The purposes of this exploration were:

- To explore the prevailing site subsurface conditions beneath the area of the proposed building foundation footprints,
- To perform a series of laboratory tests on selected subsurface soil specimens, recovered from the field exploration program to assist with engineering soil classifications,
- To evaluate the subsurface response to anticipated structural loadings and discuss the groundwater table characteristics,
- To evaluate and discuss geotechnical issues deemed relevant to the proposed on-site building construction,
- To prepare foundation design and construction recommendations,

This report presents an evaluation of site conditions on the basis of traditional geotechnical procedures for site characterization. The recovered samples were not examined, either visually or analytically, for chemical composition or environmental hazards. Universal Engineering Sciences would be pleased to perform these services, if you desire.

Our exploration was confined to the zone of soil likely to be stressed by the proposed construction. Our work did not address the potential for surface expression of deep geological conditions such as sinkhole activity. This evaluation requires a more extensive range of field services than performed in this study. We will be pleased to conduct an investigation to evaluate the probable effect of the regional geology upon the proposed construction, if you desire.

2.3 FIELD EXPLORATION

The field geotechnical testing activities were started and completed on July 14, 2011. Field test for the geotechnical study included six (6) soil test borings to depths of 15 to 20 feet below the ground surface in the proposed building areas. All boreholes were backfilled to grade upon field work completion. The soil test boring locations are shown in the attached Boring Location Plan drawing in Appendix A.

Representative portions of the subsurface soil samples recovered were transported to our Gainesville soils laboratory. The soil samples were visually classified by an experienced geotechnical engineer. It should be noted that soil conditions might vary between soil test boring locations, and between the subsurface soil strata interfaces which have been shown on the Boring Logs. The soil test boring data reflect information from the specific test locations only.

Date: July 22, 2011

2.3.1 Standard Penetration Test (SPT) Borings

Penetration tests were performed in accordance with ASTM Procedure D-1586, Penetration Test and Split-Barrel Sampling of Soils. This test procedure generally involves driving a 1.4-inch I.D. split-tube sampler into the soil profile in six inch increments for a minimum distance of 18 inches using a 140-pound hammer free-falling 30 inches. The total number of blows required to drive the sampler the second and third 6-inch increments is designated as the N-value, and provides an indication of in-place soil strength, density and consistency.

2.4 LABORATORY TESTING

2.4.1 Visual Classification

The soil samples recovered from the soil test borings were returned to our laboratory where an engineer visually reviewed the field descriptions in accordance with ASTM D-2488. Using the results of the laboratory tests, our visual examination, and our review of the field boring logs we classified the soil borings in accordance with the current Unified Soil Classification System (USCS). We then selected representative soil samples for laboratory testing.

2.4.2 Index testing

Laboratory testing was performed on selected samples of the soils encountered in the field exploration to better define soil composition and properties. Testing was performed in accordance to ASTM procedures and included Percent passing No. 200 Sieve (ASTM D-1140), Atterberg Limits (ASTM-D-4318), and natural moisture content (ASTM D-2216). The test results have been presented on the attached Boring Logs.

3.0 FINDINGS

3.1 REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The general geology of Columbia County is characterized by undifferentiated sediments consisting primarily of clay and clayey sand of the Hawthorne and Alachua formation lying beneath the ground surface. These formations are not so thick south of the central ridge as they are to the north. Pleistocene terrace deposits, consisting of unconsolidated sands, are underlain by clay. The slow absorption of water into the clay results in the development of a high water table in the overlying sand during the rainy season.

Information obtained from the Suwannee River Water Management District (SRWMD) Potentiometric Surface Map dated September 2002 suggests the potentiometric level of the Floridan Aquifer in the general area of the project site to be in the elevation range of +40 to +45 feet NGVD

Date: July 22, 2011

3.2 KARST TOPOGRAPHY

About 10% of the earths land (and 15% of the United States) crust is composed of, or underlain by, soluble limestone. When limestone interacts with underground water, over time, the water dissolves the limestone to form karst topography, a mix of caves, underground channels, and rough and undulating ground surfaces. The underground water of karst topography carves channels and caves that become susceptible to collapse from the surface. When enough limestone is eroded from underground, a sinkhole may develop. Sinkholes can range in size and depth from a few feet to over 300 feet. The topography of North Central Florida is characteristic of karst terrain, with sinkholes caused by natural climatic variability, as well as, man-made activities, such as, the drop in groundwater levels from well pumping.

Per contract scope of services, our exploration was confined to the zone of soil likely to be stressed by the proposed construction. Our work did not address the potential for surface expression of deep geological conditions, such as sinkhole development related to karst activity. This evaluation requires a more extensive range of field services than performed in this study

3.3 GENERAL AREA SOIL SURVEY INFORMATION

The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Soil Survey of Columbia County, Florida describes the near-surface soil profile in the project parcel as Blanton and Bonneau sands. Relevant engineering index properties have been summarized in Table 1 and 2.

Depth, Inches	Texture	Classification	% Passing #200 Sieve	Plasticity Index	Shrink-swell Potential	Permeability
0 - 7	Fine sand	SP-SM, SM	5 to 14	Non-plastic	Very Low	2.0 to 6.0 in/hr
7 – 52	Fine sand	SP-SM, SM	5 to 15	Non-plastic	Very Low	2.0 to 6.0 in/hr
52 – 80	Sandy clay loam, sandy loam, fine sandy loam	SC, SM-SC, SM	25 to 50	Non-plastic to 20	Low	0.06 to 2.0 in/hr

Depth, Inches	Texture	Classification	% Passing #200 Sieve	Plasticity Index	Shrink- swell Potential	Permeability
0-27	Fine Sand	SM, SP-SM	8-20	NP	Low	6.0-20 in/hr
27-80	Sandy loam, sandy clay loam, sandy clay	CL, SC, SM- SC, CL-ML	34-60	4-23	Low	0.6-2.0 in/hr

Date: July 22, 2011

3.4 SURFACE CONDITIONS

UES engineering personnel visited the project site prior to and during the performance of the field portion of this geotechnical study. Our on-site observations have been summarized as follows. At the time of our exploration, the project parcel was undeveloped and partially wooded. Exposed surface soils were observed to be sandy and dry. Surface organic soils, unusual ground depressions, or rock outcroppings were not observed on the project site. The elevation characteristics of the building pad area were not provided to UES for our evaluation.

3.5 SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

The soil test borings performed beneath the proposed structures were reviewed to evaluate the subsurface soil strata lateral continuity and uniformity, both parameters that would have an impact in foundation system selection and performance. Soil classifications and descriptions for this geotechnical study are based both on the results of the laboratory soil testing programs and on visual examinations of soil specimens by the Geotechnical Engineer. The subsurface soil conditions encountered in the soil test borings have been summarized in the attached Boring Logs and described below.

The soil test borings generally encountered sand with silt [SP-SM/SM] to depths of 3 to 12 feet followed by clayey sand [SC] to the boring termination depths.

3.6 GROUNDWATER DEPTH

The groundwater level was not apparent at the time of our exploration. Fluctuations of groundwater level conditions on this project parcel should be expected to occur seasonally as a result of rainfall, surface runoff, and nearby construction activities.

3.7 LABORATORY TESTING

The soil samples recovered from the field exploration program were placed in containers and returned to our soils laboratory, where the Geotechnical Engineer visually examined and classified the samples. Laboratory soil tests are performed to aid in the classification of the soils, and to help in the evaluation of engineering characteristics of the soils. Representative soil samples were selected for percent fines determination, moisture content, and Atterberg Limits testing. The test results have been presented on the attached Boring Logs and summarized in Table 3.

3.7.1 Percent Passing No. 200 Sieve

Certain recovered soil sample was selected to determine the percentage of fines. In these tests the soil sample was dried and washed over a U.S. No. 200 mesh sieve. The percent of soil by weight passing the sieve was the percentage of fines or portion of the sample in the silt and clay size range. This test was conducted in accordance with ASTM Procedure D-1140, Standard Test Methods for Amount of Material in Soils Finer than the No. 200 Sieve.

Date: July 22, 2011

3.7.2 Atterberg Limits

Certain recovered soil samples were selected for Atterberg Limits testing to evaluate the soil plasticity characteristics. The soil's Plasticity Index (PI) is the range of moisture content over which the soil deforms as a plastic material. It is bracketed by the Liquid Limit (LL) and the Plastic Limit (PL). The LL is the moisture content at which the soil will flow as a heavy viscous fluid. The PL is the lowest moisture content at which the soil is sufficiently plastic so as to be manually rolled into a 1/8-inch diameter thread. These tests were conducted in accordance with ASTM Procedure D-4318, Standard Test Methods for LL, PL and PI of Soils.

3.7.3 Moisture Content

Certain recovered soil sample was selected to determine the moisture content. The moisture content was the ratio expressed as a percentage of the weight of water in a given mass of soil to the weight of the solid particles. These tests were conducted in accordance with ASTM Procedure D-2216, Standard Test Method for Laboratory Determination of Water (Moisture) Content of Soil and Rock.

		Table 3- Laboratory	Soil Test Results			
Soil Test Boring	Sample Depth	Sample Depth Type of Test		Soil Description		
		% Finer #200	34 %			
B-1	5 feet	Moisture Content	23 %	Clayey Sand		
		Atterberg Limits	LL=33 % PI=13 %			
		% Finer #200	41 %			
B-4	7 feet	Moisture Content	21 %	Clayey Sand		
		Atterberg Limits	LL=34 % PI=16 %	1		

4.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

4.1 GENERAL

The following recommendations are made based upon a review of the attached soil test data, our understanding of the *client's willingness to accept nuisance and aesthetic movements of the structure*, and experience with similar projects and subsurface conditions. If plans change from those discussed previously, we request the opportunity to review and possibly amend our recommendations with respect to those changes.

Additionally, if subsurface conditions are encountered during construction, which were not encountered in the borings, report those conditions immediately to us for observation and recommendations. In this section of the report, we present our detailed recommendations for groundwater control, building foundations, site preparation, and construction related services.

4.2 GEOTECHNICAL CONSIDERATIONS

Recommendations for foundation design are dependent, among other factors, on the amount of total settlement and more importantly differential settlement between various structural elements that can be safely tolerated by the structure. If the anticipated total and differential settlements estimated herein exceed the tolerable limits as set forth by the Structural Engineer, we should be so advised so that we may consider other foundation system alternatives.

It should further be noted that the estimated magnitudes of total and differential settlements are dependent on foundation loading conditions among other factors, and that we have made certain assumptions regarding those loading conditions in this Report. If unusually heavy foundation loading conditions are expected for some of the proposed project elements, or if our estimates vary significantly from actual anticipated conditions, we should be so advised so that we may revisit our engineering evaluations and foundation settlement estimates.

The clayey sandy soils may require stringent moisture control during compaction, particularly during rainy periods. Footings that are excavated through the upper layer of compacted sand fill soils into the native silty sands, should be visually inspected and tested to verify the in-place density and condition of the subgrade bearing soils.

We recommend that we be provided the opportunity to review the project plans and specifications to confirm that our recommendations have been properly interpreted and implemented. If the structural loadings or the building location changes significantly from those discussed previously, we request the opportunity to review and possibly amend our recommendations with respect to those changes. The discovery of any subsurface conditions during construction which deviate from those encountered in the borings should be reported to us immediately for observation, evaluation, and recommendations.

4.3 GROUNDWATER CONSIDERATIONS

The groundwater level will fluctuate seasonally depending upon local rainfall. The rainy seasons in North Florida are normally between June and September and December and February. Based upon our review of regional hydrogeology and the Columbia County Soil Survey, we estimate the normal seasonal high groundwater level will be perched on the clayey soil. The perched groundwater will be a transient condition, directly related to rainfall/irrigation and site grading.

It should be noted that the normal estimated seasonal high water levels do not provide any assurance that groundwater levels will not exceed these estimated levels during any given year in the future. Should the impediments to surface water drainage be present, or should rainfall intensity and duration, or total rainfall quantities, exceed the normally anticipated rainfall quantities, groundwater levels might once again exceed our seasonal high estimates. We recommend positive drainage be established and maintained on the site during construction. We further recommend permanent measures be constructed to maintain positive drainage from the site throughout the life of the project.

Date: July 22, 2011

4.4 BUILDING FOUNDATION

Based on the results of our exploration, we consider the subsurface conditions at the site adaptable for support of the proposed structure when constructed on a properly designed conventional shallow foundation system. A conventional shallow foundation system may be used for support of the proposed building construction on this project with the understanding that some aesthetic cracking and other minor architectural type nuisance issues may occur during the useful life of the structure.

Provided the site preparation and earthwork construction recommendations outlined in Section 4.5 of this report are performed, the following parameters may be used for foundation design.

4.4.1 Bearing Pressure

The net maximum allowable soil bearing pressure for use in shallow foundation design should not exceed 2,000 psf. Net bearing pressure is defined as the soil bearing pressure at the foundation bearing level in excess of the natural overburden pressure at that level. The foundations should be designed based on the maximum load which could be imposed by all loading conditions.

4.4.2 Foundation Size

The minimum widths recommended for any isolated column footings and continuous wall footings are 24 inches and 18 inches, respectively. Even though the maximum allowable soil bearing pressure may not be achieved, these width recommendations should control the minimum size of the foundations.

4.4.3 Bearing Depth

The exterior foundations should bear at a depth of at least 18 inches below the finished exterior grades and the interior foundations should bear at a depth of at least 12 inches below the finish floor elevation to provide confinement to the bearing level soils. It is recommended that stormwater be diverted away from the building exteriors to reduce the possibility of erosion beneath the exterior footings.

4.4.4 Bearing Material

The foundations may bear in either the compacted suitable native soils or compacted structural fill. The bearing level soils should be compacted to at least 95 percent of the modified Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM D 1557) to a depth of at least **three** feet below the foundation bearing level.

As previously mentioned some soil test borings encountered very loose soils within 5 feet of the existing grades. We recommend that the bottom of all footings be probed as to confirm the suitability of the bearing soils.

4.4.5 Settlement Estimates

Post-construction settlement of the structure will be influenced by several interrelated factors, such as (1) subsurface stratification and strength/compressibility characteristics; (2) footing size, bearing level, applied loads, and resulting bearing pressures beneath the foundations; and (3) site preparation and earthwork construction techniques used by the Contractor. Our settlement estimates for the structure are based on the use of site preparation/earthwork construction techniques as recommended in Section 4.5 of this report. Any deviation from these recommendations could result in an increase in the estimated post-construction settlement of the structure.

Using the recommended maximum bearing pressure, the assumed maximum structural loads and the field data which we have correlated to geotechnical strength and compressibility characteristics of the subsurface soils, we estimate that total settlements of the structures could be on the order of 1 inch or less.

Differential settlement results from differences in applied bearing pressures and variations in the compressibility characteristics of the subsurface soils. Because of the general uniformity of the subsurface conditions and the recommended site preparation and earthwork construction techniques outlined in Section 4.5, we anticipate that differential settlement of the structure should be within tolerable magnitudes (½ inch or less).

4.4.6 Ground Floor Slab

The floor slab can be constructed as a slab-on-grade member using a modulus of subgrade reaction (K) of 100 pci provided the subgrade materials are compacted as outlined in Section 4.5. It is recommended the floor slab bearing soils be covered with an impervious membrane to reduce moisture entry and floor dampness. A 10-mil thick plastic membrane is commonly used for this purpose. Care should be exercised not to tear large sections of the membrane during placement of reinforcing steel and concrete.

4.4.7 Retaining Walls

We recommend the following soil parameters for design of below grade and retaining walls with level sand backfill:

Angle of Internal Friction	30°
K _A (coef. of active earth pressure)	0.33
K _P (coef. of passive earth pressure)	3.0
K ₀ (coef. of earth pressure at rest)	0.5
Coefficient of Friction (Soil/Concrete interface)	0.4
Unit weight of Soil (wet)	110 pounds per cubic foot
Unit weight of Soil (submerged)	50 pounds per cubic foot

The above values are based on the existing surficial, free draining, sandy soils at the site and the use of similar non plastic, (granular), and free-draining, sandy soils for the wall backfill. It is emphasized that backfill, and all soils located within 5 feet behind retaining walls, should consist of non-plastic soils having free-draining characteristics.

Soils having high soil fines content, and particularly clay, may exhibit behavior ("creep") which would result in long-term deflection of retaining walls, and might result in hydrostatic buildup, with the potential for failure of the wall. Assuming small compaction equipment will be utilized, we recommend below grade and retaining wall backfill be placed utilizing 6 to 8-inch loose layers, and compacted to 95 percent of the Modified Proctor maximum dry density.

An appropriate factor of safety should be applied to these parameters. It should be noted that uplift and lateral hydrostatic pressures could be exerted on the structure during the time the groundwater level is at or near its seasonal high level. These forces should also be included in the proposed design. Also, retaining walls with adjacent sloping earth embankments or subject to permanent or intermittent structural loadings may require special design considerations.

All retaining walls must have foundation level drains to evacuate water that may collect behind the walls. Wall and floors retaining earth and enclosing spaces below finished ground level, shall be waterproofed and/or damp proofed in accordance with Florida Building Code Section 1814.

Excavations should be sloped as necessary to prevent slope failure and to allow backfilling. Where lateral confinement will not permit slopes to be laid back, the excavation should be shored in accordance with OSHA requirements.

4.5 SITE PREPARATION

We recommend normal, good practice site preparation procedures. These procedures include: stripping the site of existing vegetation and topsoil, compacting the subgrade and placing necessary fill or backfill to grade with engineered fill. The structural borings indicated that very loose soils were present to depths of less than 5 feet below existing grades beneath the building footprint. We recommend that the bottom of all footings be probed as to confirm the suitability of the bearing soils. A more detailed synopsis of this work is as follows:

- Prior to construction, the location of any existing underground utility lines within the
 construction area should be established. Provisions should then be made to relocate
 interfering utilities to appropriate locations. It should be noted that if underground pipes
 are not properly removed or plugged, they may serve as conduits for subsurface erosion
 which may subsequently lead to excessive settlement of the overlying structure.
- 2. If required, perform remedial dewatering prior to any earthwork operations. Dewatering operations scheduled immediately adjacent to existing structure footings should be carefully evaluated for possible impacts to the existing foundation systems. Dewatering systems should not be decommissioned until the excavation is backfilled two feet above the groundwater level at the time of construction. Further, the site should always be graded to prohibit ponding of stormwater runoff.
- 3. Strip the proposed construction limits of all grass, roots, topsoil, and other deleterious materials within 5 feet beyond the perimeter of the proposed area. Expect typical stripping at this site to depths of 6 to 12 inches. Deeper clearing and grubbing depths may be encountered in heavily vegetated areas.

4. Following site clearing, grubbing and rough grading, the same project areas should be proof-rolled using a large, fully loaded rubber-tired vehicle (dump truck) or similar equipment. Proof-rolling will help locate any surficial zones of especially loose or soft or unsuitable soils not encountered in the soil test borings, and should help provide more uniformity in the sandy subsurface soil profile. Unusual or unanticipated conditions identified during this process must be immediately brought to the attention of the UES Geotechnical Engineer. Field density testing is not required during proof-rolling operations.

- 5. Weak subgrade soils identified during proof-rolling operations should be excavated and removed from the site, and replaced with granular fill soils. We recommend that all footing excavations be probed to confirm the suitability of the bearing soils. Granular soils used for backfill purpose should meet the material and placement specifications outlined below.
- 6. Proof-rolling operations should be followed by backfill compaction operation. Subgrade compaction operations should be implemented with a tracked dozer equipment or a medium weight vibratory roller (a 2- to 3-ton roller, minimum static weight and 2- to 3-foot minimum drum diameter) until you obtain a minimum density of at least 95 percent of the Modified Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM D-1557), to a depth of 3 feet below the final subgrade, or foundation bearing elevations, whichever is greater. The subgrade beneath slabs should be compacted to a depth of 2 foot below the beginning grade prior to placing fill. If necessary to achieve the recommended soil compaction at depth, the entire project area may be undercut, the exposed subgrade soils compacted, and then the areas backfilled using 6-inch lifts to final subgrade elevation.
- 7. Compaction operations should extend to the limits of the cleared/grubbed project areas. Compaction of the existing, near-surface sandy soils will provide for uniformity of foundation/slab settlements and improve the soils' bearing capacity conditions. Typically, the soils should exhibit moisture contents within ± 2 percent of the modified Proctor optimum moisture content during compaction.
- 8. Should the bearing level soils experience pumping and soil strength loss during the compaction operations, compaction work should be immediately terminated and (1) the disturbed soils removed and backfilled with dry structural fill soils which are then compacted, or (2) the excess pore pressures within the disturbed soils allowed to dissipate before recompacting.
- 9. Test the subgrade for compaction at a frequency of not less than one test per 2,500 square feet in the building area, or a minimum of three test locations, whichever is greater.
- 10. Place fill material, as required. Offsite fill material should contain less than 10 percent passing the No. 200 sieve. Place backfill and fill in uniform 10- to 12-inch loose lifts and compact each lift to a minimum density of 95 percent of the modified Proctor maximum dry density. Additionally, we recommend that you test every other column footing, and one test per every 50 lineal feet of wall footing. Footings should be visually inspected and probed with a static cone penetrometer to verify stability.

4.6 CONSTRUCTION RELATED SERVICES

We recommend the Owner retain Universal Engineering Sciences to perform construction materials tests and observations on this project. Field tests and observations include verification of foundation subgrades by performing quality assurance tests on the placement of compacted structural fill. We can also provide concrete testing, pavement section testing, and general construction observation services. The geotechnical engineering design does not end with the advertisement of the construction documents. The design is an on-going process throughout construction. Because of our familiarity with the site conditions and the intent of the engineering design, we are most qualified to address problems that might arise during construction in a timely and cost-effective manner.

5.0 REPORT LIMITATIONS

This Report has been prepared for the exclusive use of Global Innovation, LLC, and other members of the Design/Construction Team for the specific project discussed in this Report. This Report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted local geotechnical engineering practices; no other warranty is expressed or implied. During the early stages of most construction projects, geotechnical issues not addressed in this report may arise. Because of the natural limitations inherent in working with the subsurface, it is not possible for a geotechnical engineer to predict and address all possible problems. An ASFE publication, "Important Information About Your Geotechnical Engineering Report" appears in Appendix B, and will help explain the nature of geotechnical issues. Further, we present documents in Appendix: Constraints and Restrictions, to bring to your attention the potential concerns and the basic limitations of a typical geotechnical report.



PROJECT NO.: 0230.1100057.0000

REPORT NO.: 908794

PAGE: A-2

PROJECT: GLOBAL INNOVATION

496 SW RING COURT

LAKE CITY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

CLIENT: GLOBAL INNOVATION, LLC LOCATION: SEE BORING LOCATION PLAN

REMARKS:

BORING NO: B-1

SHEET: 1 of 1

SECTION:

TOWNSHIP: RANGE:

GS ELEVATION(ft): WATER TABLE (ft): NE DATE STARTED: 7/14/11 DATE FINISHED: 7/14/11

DATE OF READING: NA

DRILLED BY: J. STILLSON

CT MICHAIT (A).

TYPE OF CAMPUING, ACTAED 4500

						EST. WSWT (ft):	TYI	PE OF S	AMPLIN	NG: ASTN	/I D-1586
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6-	X	5-5-6	11									
_	X	2-1-1	2			Very loose to medium dense orange and gray clayey SAND [SC]						
5 —		2-3-3	6				34	23	33	13		
-	\bigwedge	2-3-3	6									
-	A	4-6-6	12									
10 —	X	4-6-7	13					*******				
-												
-												
15 —	X	10-12-12	24									
15 —												
-												
	V											
20 —	V	10-10-12	22	*******	117	Boring Terminated at 20'	-					
		ě										



PROJECT NO.: 0230.1100057.0000

REPORT NO.: 908794

PAGE: A-3

PROJECT: GLOBAL INNOVATION

496 SW RING COURT

LAKE CITY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

CLIENT: GLOBAL INNOVATION, LLC LOCATION: SEE BORING LOCATION PLAN

REMARKS:

BORING NO: B-2

SHEET: 1 of 1

SECTION:

TOWNSHIP:

RANGE:

GS ELEVATION(ft):

DATE STARTED: 7/14/11

WATER TABLE (ft): NE

DATE FINISHED: 7/14/11

DATE OF READING:NA

DRILLED BY: J. STILLSON

EST. WSWT (ft):

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+					upper 6.5')						
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-\	1			111	Loose to medium dense orange and gray clavey						
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5—				111							
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15	6-9-12	. 21	an to anal	4.6.6	Boring Terminated at 15'	****					
					2						



PROJECT NO.: 0230.1100057.0000

REPORT NO.: 908794

PAGE: A-4

PROJECT: GLOBAL INNOVATION

496 SW RING COURT

LAKE CITY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

CLIENT: GLOBAL INNOVATION, LLC LOCATION: SEE BORING LOCATION PLAN

REMARKS:

BORING NO: B-3

SHEET: 1 of 1

SECTION:

TOWNSHIP:

RANGE:

GS ELEVATION(ft):

DATE STARTED: 7/14/11 DATE FINISHED: 7/14/11

WATER TABLE (ft): NE DATE OF READING:NA

DRILLED BY: J. STILLSON

EST. WSWT (ft):

DEPTH M	BLOWS PER 6"	N VALUE	W.T.	SYMBO.	DESCRIPTION	-200 (%)	MC (%)	ATTER LIN	RBERG IITS	K (FT./ DAY)	ORG. CONT. (%)
0				1. 1. 1. J.	Loose brown fine SAND, with silt [SP-SM] (Fill material in upper 5')						
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	1-2-3	5									
5 —	1-2-3	5	11:21:11		Loose tan fine SAND [SP]					*********	
1	1-3-6	9			Loose to medium dense orange and tan clayey SAND [SC]						
-	4-5-6	11									
10	4-6-6	12		111		40111111111111				******	
15	6-10-12	22					*****			*******	
					Boring Terminated at 15'						



PROJECT NO.: 0230.1100057.0000

REPORT NO.: 908794

PAGE: A-5

PROJECT: GLOBAL INNOVATION

496 SW RING COURT

LAKE CITY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

CLIENT: GLOBAL INNOVATION, LLC LOCATION: SEE BORING LOCATION PLAN

REMARKS:

BORING NO: B-4

SHEET: 1 of 1

SECTION:

TOWNSHIP:

RANGE:

GS ELEVATION(ft):

DATE STARTED: 7/14/11

WATER TABLE (ft): NE

DATE FINISHED: 7/14/11
DRILLED BY: J. STILLSON

DATE OF READING: NA

DRILLED BT. 0. 0112

EST. WSWT (ft):

DEPTH N	BLOWS PER 6"	N	W.T.	SYMBO	DESCRIPTION	-200 (%)	MC	ATTER	RBERG IITS	K (FT./	ORG.
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\uparrow	9-4-4	٥		/ / / / / .							
5 —	4-3-3	6			Loose to medium dense orange and gray clayey SAND [SC]				(2.1 × (3.1)	3 13 11 13 14 14	e en en en exe
\downarrow	2-3-3	6				41	21	34	16		
-\	5-8-8	16									
	5-8-9	17									
10		a to el la sect					******		********		
_											
-	(2)										
\rightarrow	6-8-9	17									
15	0-0-9	17									
]											
_											
-\	7										
20	6-12-12	24		177	Boring Terminated at 20'						

PERMIT Columbia County Building Permit /2011 This Permit Must Be Prominently Posted on Premises During Construction 000029597 867-3534 AARON NICKELSON PHONE APPLICANT 32025 SW COMMERCE DR STE 130 FLADDRESS 426 PHONE 752-4502 GLOBAL INNOVATIONS, LLC OWNER 32025 FL184 SW RING COURT LAKE CITY ADDRESS 386-867-3534 AARON NICKELSON PHONE CONTRACTOR 47 S, R ON RING COURT, PROPERTY ON LEFT, BUILDING 1, LOCATION OF PROPERTY NEXT TO ROAD ESTIMATED COST OF CONSTRUCTION 110000.00 TYPE DEVELOPMENT WAREHOUSE BLDG #1 HEIGHT 25.00 STORIES TOTAL AREA 5000.00 HEATED FLOOR AREA **FLOOR** SLAB ROOF PITCH 1/12 **FOUNDATION** CONCRETE WALLS METAL MAX. HEIGHT 35 **INDUSTRIAL** LAND USE & ZONING SIDE 15.00 STREET-FRONT 20.00 15.00 Minimum Set Back Requirments: FLOOD ZONE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT NO. NO. EX.D.U. FL X SUBDIVISION CANNON CREEK CENTER 19-4S-17-08558-109 PARCEL ID LOT 9 PHASE UNIT TOTAL ACRES 2.75 BLOCK CBC1258040 Culvert Waiver Contractor's License Number Applicant/Owner/Contractor Culvert Permit No. TC **EXISTING** 11-0290 BK New Resident Approved for Issuance LU & Zoning checked by Driveway Connection Septic Tank Number COMMENTS: SDP 11-02, MINIMUM ELEVATION SET @79.8' ELEVATION CONFIRMATION LETTER REQUIRED AT SLAB 2774 NOC ON FILE Check # or Cash FOR BUILDING & ZONING DEPARTMENT ONLY (footer/Slab) Temporary Power Monolithic date/app. by date/app. by date/app. by Under slab rough-in plumbing Slab Sheathing/Nailing date/app. by date/app. by Framing Insulation date/app. by Electrical rough-in Rough-in plumbing above slab and below wood floor date/app. by date/app. by Heat & Air Duct Peri. beam (Lintel) Pool date/app. by date/app. by date/app. by Permanent power C.O. Final Culvert date/app. by date/app. by date/app. by Pump pole Utility Pole M/H tie downs, blocking, electricity and plumbing

NOTICE: IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS PERMIT, THERE MAY BE ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS APPLICABLE TO THIS PROPERTY THAT MAY BE FOUND IN THE PUBLIC RECORDS OF THIS COUNTY. AND THERE MAY BE ADDITIONAL PERMITS REQUIRED FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES SUCH AS WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICTS, STATE AGENCIES, OR FEDERAL AGENCIES.

RV

CERTIFICATION FEE \$

FLOOD ZONE FEE \$ 25.00

date/app. by

ZONING CERT. FEE \$

date/app. by

0.00

BUILDING PERMIT FEE \$

FLOOD DEVELOPMENT FEE \$

date/app. by

550.00

Reconnection

MISC. FEES \$

"WARNING TO OWNER: YOUR FAILURE TO RECORD A NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT MAY RESULT IN YOUR PAYING TWICE FOR IMPROVEMENTS TO YOUR PROPERTY. IF YOU INTEND TO OBTAIN FINANCING, CONSULT WITH YOUR LENDER OR AN ATTORNEY BEFORE RECORDING YOUR NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT."

50.00

date/app. by

25.00

FIRE FEE \$

CULVERT FEE \$

0.00

date/app. by

675.00

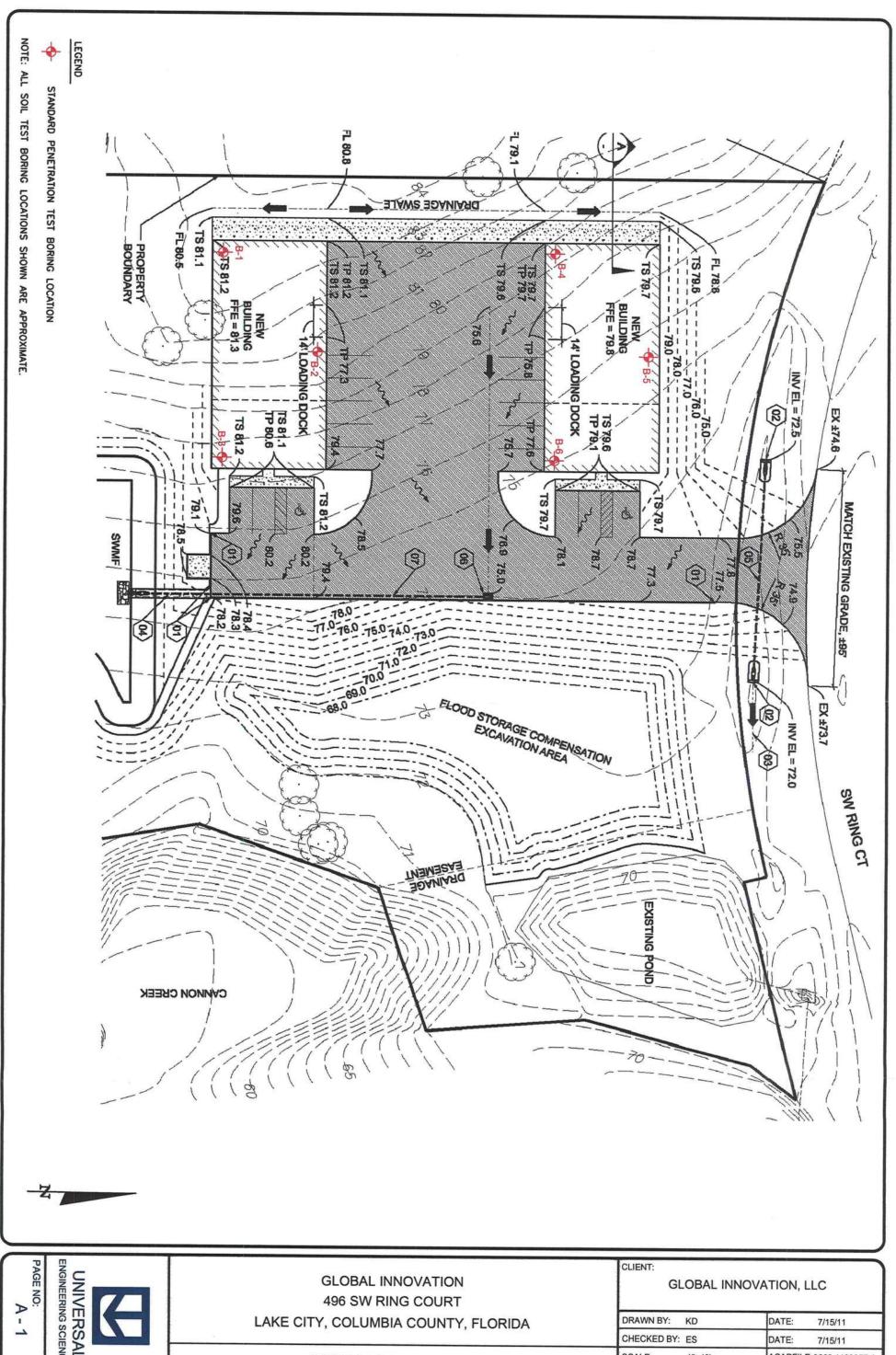
date/app. by

Re-roof

SURCHARGE FEE \$

WASTE FEE \$

EVERY PERMIT ISSUED SHALL BECOME INVALID UNLESS THE WORK AUTHORIZED BY SUCH PERMIT IS COMMENCED WITHIN 180 DAYS AFTER ITS ISSUANCE, OR IF THE WORK AUTHORIZED BY SUCH PERMIT IS SUSPENDED OR ABANDONED FOR A PERIOD OF 180 DAYS AFTER THE TIME THE WORK IS COMMENCED. A VALID PERMIT RECIEVES AN APPROVED INSPECTION EVERY 180 DAYS. WORK SHALL BE CONSIDERED NOT SUSPENDED, ABANDONED OR INVALID WHEN THE PERMIT HAS RECIEVED AN APPROVED INSPECTION WITHIN 180 DAYS OT THE PREVIOUS INSPECTION.



BORING LOCATION PLAN

ACADFILE:0230.1100057-A SCALE: PROJECT NO: 0230.1100057.0000 REPORT NO: 908794



PROJECT NO.: 0230.1100057.0000

REPORT NO.: 908794

PAGE: A-6

PROJECT: GLOBAL INNOVATION

496 SW RING COURT

LAKE CITY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

CLIENT: GLOBAL INNOVATION, LLC LOCATION: SEE BORING LOCATION PLAN

REMARKS:

BORING NO: B-5

SHEET: 1 of 1

SECTION:

TOWNSHIP: RANGE:

GS ELEVATION(ft):

DATE STARTED: 7/14/11

WATER TABLE (ft): NE

DATE FINISHED: 7/14/11

DATE OF READING: NA

DRILLED BY:

Y: J. STILLSON

EST, WSWT (ft):

EPTH (FT.)	SAMP	BLOWS PER 6"	N	W.T.	S Y M B	DESCRIPTION	-200 (%)	MC (%)	ATTER	RBERG	K (FT./	ORG CON1
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	M	6-4-3	7			lenses of orange and gray clayey sand [SP-SC]						
	M	W. 1300.000										
5 —		2-1-1	2			Medium dense to loose dark brown and brown						
-	X	2				fine SAND [SP]						
-	$\langle \cdot \rangle$	5-8-8	16									
-	M	5-3-2	5									
-	M											
10 —	Δ	2-2-2	4				******	F3 (3 F4 F4 F4 F4				
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						Medium dense gray and orange very clayey SAND [SC]						
					111							
-	X	5-9-10	19									
15 —		5-9-10	19			Boring Terminated at 15'						



PROJECT NO.: 0230.1100057.0000

REPORT NO .: 908794

PAGE: A-7

PROJECT: GLOBAL INNOVATION

496 SW RING COURT

LAKE CITY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

CLIENT:

GLOBAL INNOVATION, LLC LOCATION: SEE BORING LOCATION PLAN

REMARKS:

B-6 BORING NO:

SHEET: 1 of 1

SECTION:

TOWNSHIP:

RANGE:

GS ELEVATION(ft):

DATE STARTED: 7/14/11

WATER TABLE (ft): NE

DATE FINISHED: 7/14/11

DATE OF READING: NA

J. STILLSON DRILLED BY:

EST. WSWT (ft):

EPTH M (FT.) P	BLOWS PER 6"	N	W.T.	SYMBO	DESCRIPTION	-200 (%)	MC (%)	ATTER	RBERG	K (FT./	ORG CON
L E	INCREMENT	VALUE		O L			3.00	LL	PI	ĎAY)	(%)
0				1. 1. 1 1. 1. 1	Medium dense to loose brown fine SAND, with silt [SP-SM]						
1/				1 1	SIII [OF-ON]						
-\X	4-6-6	12		1 1 1							
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5 —	1-1-1	2		100							
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\wedge	1-3-1	4		1:1:	Loose tan fine SAND, with silt [SP-SM]						
$\exists X$				1. 1. 1 1. 1. 1 1. 1. 1	Loose tan line SAND, with siit [SP-Sivi]						
-(/	6-5-3	8		1:1:							
10	3-3-3	6									
					Medium dense gray and orange clayey SAND [SC]						
				///							
	4-6-6	12									
15		!5	******	, , ,	Boring Terminated at 15'						
										8	



KEY TO BORING LOGS

	SYMBOLS					
	22	Number of Blows of a 140-lb Weight Falling 30 in. Required to Drive Standard Spoon One Foot				
	WOR	Weight of Drill Rods				
	s	Thin-Wall Shelby Tube Undisturbed Sampler Used				
	90% Rec.	Percent Core Recovery from Rock Core—Drilling Operations				
		Sample Taken at this Level				
	4	Sample Not Taken at this Level				
+	\dashv	Change in Soil Strata				
	7 /2	Free Ground Water Level				
v		Seasonal High Ground Water Level				

RELATIVE DENSITY (sand-silt)

Very loose - Less Than 4 Blows/Ft.

Loose - 4 to 10 Blows/Ft.

Medium Dense - 10 to 30 Blows/Ft.

Dense - 30 to 50 Blows/Ft.

Very Dense - More Than 50 Blows/Ft.

CONSISTANCY (clay)

Very Soft - Less Than 2 Blows/Ft.

Soft - 2 to 4 Blows/Ft.

Firm - 4 to 8 Blows/Ft.

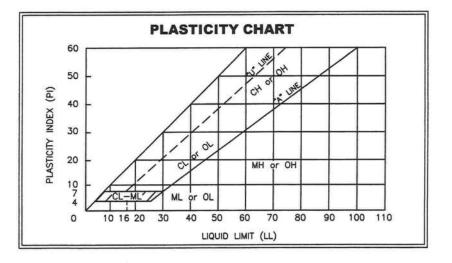
Stiff - 8 to 15 Blows/Ft.

Very Stiff - 15 to 30 Blows/Ft.

Hard - More Than 30 Blows/Ft.

Based on Safety Hammer N-Values

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM							
м	AJOR DIVISION	ONS	GROUP SYMBOLS	TYPICAL NAMES			
COARSE-GRAINED SOILS More than 50% retained on No. 200 sieve*	, o c	CLEAN	GW	Well-graded gravels and gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines			
	GRAVELS 50% or more of coarse fraction retained on No. 200 sieve		GP	Poorly graded gravels and gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines			
		GRAVELS WITH FINES	GM	Silty gravels, gravel—sand—silt mixtures			
			GC	Clayey gravels, gravel—sand—clay mixtures			
	SANDS More than 50% of coarse fraction passes No. 4 sieve	CLEAN	SW	Well-graded sands and gravelly sands, little or no fines			
			SP	Poorly graded sands and gravelly sands, little or no fines			
		SANDS WITH FINES	SM	Silty sands, sand—silt mixtures			
			sc	Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures			
FINE-GRAINED SOILS 50% or more passes No. 200 sieve*	SILTS AND CLAYS Liquid limit 50% or less		ML	Inorganic silts, very fine sands, rock flour, silty or clayey fine sands			
			CL	Inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity, gravelly clays, sandy clays silty clays, lean clays			
			OL	Organic silts and organic silty clays of low plasticity			
	SILTS AND CLAYS Liquid limit greater than 50%		мн	Inorganic silts, micaceous or diatomacaceous fine sands or silts, elastic silts			
			СН	Inorganic clays or high plasticity, fat clays			
			ОН	Organic clays of medium to high plasticity			
Н	ighly organic	Soils	PT	Peat, muck and other highly organic soils			
	* Based	on the m	aterial passi	ng the 3-in. (75mm) sieve.			



Important Information About Your

Geotechnical Engineering Report

Subsurface problems are a principal cause of construction delays, cost overruns, claims, and disputes.

The following information is provided to help you manage your risks.

Geotechnical Services Are Performed for Specific Purposes, Persons, and Projects

Geotechnical engineers structure their services to meet the specific needs of their clients. A geotechnical engineering study conducted for a civil engineer may not fulfill the needs of a construction contractor or even another civil engineer. Because each geotechnical engineering study is unique, each geotechnical engineering report is unique, prepared solely for the client. No one except you should rely on your geotechnical engineering report without first conferring with the geotechnical engineer who prepared it. And no one — not even you — should apply the report for any purpose or project except the one originally contemplated.

Read the Full Report

Serious problems have occurred because those relying on a geotechnical engineering report did not read it all. Do not rely on an executive summary. Do not read selected elements only.

A Geotechnical Engineering Report Is Based on A Unique Set of Project-Specific Factors

Geotechnical engineers consider a number of unique, project-specific factors when establishing the scope of a study. Typical factors include: the client's goals, objectives, and risk management preferences; the general nature of the structure involved, its size, and configuration; the location of the structure on the site; and other planned or existing site improvements, such as access roads, parking lots, and underground utilities. Unless the geotechnical engineer who conducted the study specifically indicates otherwise, do not rely on a geotechnical engineering report that was:

- · not prepared for you,
- not prepared for your project.
- not prepared for the specific site explored, or
- completed before important project changes were made.

Typical changes that can erode the reliability of an existing geotechnical engineering report include those that affect:

 the function of the proposed structure, as when it's changed from a parking garage to an office building, or from a light industrial plant to a refrigerated warehouse,

- elevation, configuration, location, orientation, or weight of the proposed structure,
- composition of the design team, or
- project ownership.

As a general rule, always inform your geotechnical engineer of project changes—even minor ones—and request an assessment of their impact. Geotechnical engineers cannot accept responsibility or liability for problems that occur because their reports do not consider developments of which they were not informed.

Subsurface Conditions Can Change

A geotechnical engineering report is based on conditions that existed at the time the study was performed. Do not rely on a geotechnical engineering report whose adequacy may have been affected by: the passage of time; by man-made events, such as construction on or adjacent to the site; or by natural events, such as floods, earthquakes, or groundwater fluctuations. Always contact the geotechnical engineer before applying the report to determine if it is still reliable. A minor amount of additional testing or analysis could prevent major problems.

Most Geotechnical Findings Are Professional Opinions

Site exploration identifies subsurface conditions only at those points where subsurface tests are conducted or samples are taken. Geotechnical engineers review field and laboratory data and then apply their professional judgment to render an opinion about subsurface conditions throughout the site. Actual subsurface conditions may differ—sometimes significantly—from those indicated in your report. Retaining the geotechnical engineer who developed your report to provide construction observation is the most effective method of managing the risks associated with unanticipated conditions.

A Report's Recommendations Are *Not* Final

Do not overrely on the construction recommendations included in your report. *Those recommendations are not final*, because geotechnical engineers develop them principally from judgment and opinion. Geotechnical engineers can finalize their recommendations only by observing actual

subsurface conditions revealed during construction. The geotechnical engineer who developed your report cannot assume responsibility or liability for the report's recommendations if that engineer does not perform construction observation.

A Geotechnical Engineering Report Is Subject to Misinterpretation

Other design team members' misinterpretation of geotechnical engineering reports has resulted in costly problems. Lower that risk by having your geotechnical engineer confer with appropriate members of the design team after submitting the report. Also retain your geotechnical engineer to review pertinent elements of the design team's plans and specifications. Contractors can also misinterpret a geotechnical engineering report. Reduce that risk by having your geotechnical engineer participate in prebid and preconstruction conferences, and by providing construction observation.

Do Not Redraw the Engineer's Logs

Geotechnical engineers prepare final boring and testing logs based upon their interpretation of field logs and laboratory data. To prevent errors or omissions, the logs included in a geotechnical engineering report should never be redrawn for inclusion in architectural or other design drawings. Only photographic or electronic reproduction is acceptable, but recognize that separating logs from the report can elevate risk.

Give Contractors a Complete Report and Guidance

Some owners and design professionals mistakenly believe they can make contractors liable for unanticipated subsurface conditions by limiting what they provide for bid preparation. To help prevent costly problems, give contractors the complete geotechnical engineering report, but preface it with a clearly written letter of transmittal. In that letter, advise contractors that the report was not prepared for purposes of bid development and that the report's accuracy is limited; encourage them to confer with the geotechnical engineer who prepared the report (a modest fee may be required) and/or to conduct additional study to obtain the specific types of information they need or prefer. A prebid conference can also be valuable. Be sure contractors have sufficient time to perform additional study. Only then might you be in a position to give contractors the best information available to you, while requiring them to at least share some of the financial responsibilities stemming from unanticipated conditions.

Read Responsibility Provisions Closely

Some clients, design professionals, and contractors do not recognize that geotechnical engineering is far less exact than other engineering disciplines. This lack of understanding has created unrealistic expectations that

have led to disappointments, claims, and disputes. To help reduce the risk of such outcomes, geotechnical engineers commonly include a variety of explanatory provisions in their reports. Sometimes labeled "limitations" many of these provisions indicate where geotechnical engineers' responsibilities begin and end, to help others recognize their own responsibilities and risks. *Read these provisions closely*. Ask questions. Your geotechnical engineer should respond fully and frankly.

Geoenvironmental Concerns Are Not Covered

The equipment, techniques, and personnel used to perform a *geoenviron-mental* study differ significantly from those used to perform a *geotechnical* study. For that reason, a geotechnical engineering report does not usually relate any geoenvironmental findings, conclusions, or recommendations; e.g., about the likelihood of encountering underground storage tanks or regulated contaminants. *Unanticipated environmental problems have led to numerous project failures*. If you have not yet obtained your own geoenvironmental information, ask your geotechnical consultant for risk management guidance. *Do not rely on an environmental report prepared for someone else*.

Obtain Professional Assistance To Deal with Mold

Diverse strategies can be applied during building design, construction, operation, and maintenance to prevent significant amounts of mold from growing on indoor surfaces. To be effective, all such strategies should be devised for the express purpose of mold prevention, integrated into a comprehensive plan, and executed with diligent oversight by a professional mold prevention consultant. Because just a small amount of water or moisture can lead to the development of severe mold infestations, a number of mold prevention strategies focus on keeping building surfaces dry. While groundwater, water infiltration, and similar issues may have been addressed as part of the geotechnical engineering study whose findings are conveyed in-this report, the geotechnical engineer in charge of this project is not a mold prevention consultant; none of the services performed in connection with the geotechnical engineer's study were designed or conducted for the purpose of mold prevention. Proper implementation of the recommendations conveyed in this report will not of itself be sufficient to prevent mold from growing in or on the structure involved.

Rely, on Your ASFE-Member Geotechncial Engineer for Additional Assistance

Membership in ASFE/The Best People on Earth exposes geotechnical engineers to a wide array of risk management techniques that can be of genuine benefit for everyone involved with a construction project. Confer with you ASFE-member geotechnical engineer for more information.



8811 Colesville Road/Suite G106, Silver Spring, MD 20910 Telephone: 301/565-2733 Facsimile: 301/589-2017 e-mail: info@asfe.org www.asfe.org

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CONSTRAINTS AND RESTRICTIONS

WARRANTY

Universal Engineering Sciences has prepared this report for our client for his exclusive use, in accordance with generally accepted soil and foundation engineering practices and makes no other warranty either expressed or implied as to the professional advice provided in the report.

UNANTICIPATED SOIL CONDITIONS

The analysis and recommendations submitted in this report are based upon the data obtained from soil borings performed at the locations indicated on the Boring Location Plan. This report does not reflect any variation which may occur between these borings.

The nature and extent of variations between borings may not become known until excavation begins. If variations appear, we may have to re-evaluate our recommendations after performing on-site observations and noting the characteristics of any variations.

CHANGED CONDITIONS

We recommend that the specifications for the project require that the contractor immediately notify Universal Engineering Sciences, as well as the owner, when subsurface conditions are encountered that are different from those present in this report.

No claim by the contractor for any conditions differing from those anticipated in the plans, specifications, and those found in this report, should be allowed unless the contractor notifies the owner and Universal Engineering Sciences of such changed conditions. Further, we recommend that all foundation work and site improvements be observed by a representative of Universal Engineering Sciences to monitor field conditions and changes, to verify design assumptions and to evaluate and recommend any appropriate modifications to this report.

MISINTERPRETATION OF SOIL ENGINEERING REPORT

Universal Engineering Sciences is responsible for the conclusions and opinions contained within this report based upon the data relating only to the specific project and location discussed herein. If the conclusions or recommendations based upon the data presented are made by others, those conclusions or recommendations are not the responsibility of Universal Engineering Sciences.

CHANGED STRUCTURE OR LOCATION

This report was prepared in order to aid in the evaluation of this project and to assist the architect or engineer in the design of this project. If any changes in the design or location of the structure as outlined in this report are planned, or if any structures are included or added that are not discussed in the report, the conclusions and recommendations contained in this report shall not be considered valid unless the changes are reviewed and the conclusion modified or approved by Universal Engineering Sciences.

USE OF REPORT BY BIDDERS

Bidders who are examining the report prior to submission of a bid are cautioned that this report was prepared as an aid to the designers of the project and it may affect actual construction operations.

Bidders are urged to make their own soil borings, test pits, test caissons or other investigations to determine those conditions that may affect construction operations. Universal Engineering Sciences cannot be responsible for any interpretations made from this report or the attached boring logs with regard to their adequacy in reflecting subsurface conditions which will affect construction operations.

STRATA CHANGES

Strata changes are indicated by a definite line on the boring logs which accompany this report. However, the actual change in the ground may be more gradual. Where changes occur between soil samples, the location of the change must necessarily be estimated using all available information and may not be shown at the exact depth.

OBSERVATIONS DURING DRILLING

Attempts are made to detect and/or identify occurrences during drilling and sampling, such as: water level, boulders, zones of lost circulation, relative ease or resistance to drilling progress, unusual sample recovery, variation of driving resistance, obstructions, etc.; however, lack of mention does not preclude their presence.

WATER LEVELS

Water level readings have been made in the drill holes during drilling and they indicate normally occurring conditions. Water levels may not have been stabilized at the last readings. This data has been reviewed and interpretations made in this report. However, it must be noted that fluctuations in the level of the groundwater may occur due to variations in rainfall, temperature, tides, and other factors not evident at the time measurements were made and reported. Since the probability of such variations is anticipated, design drawings and specifications should accommodate such possibilities and construction planning should be based upon such assumptions of variations.

LOCATION OF BURIED OBJECTS

All users of this report are cautioned that there was no requirements for Universal Engineering Sciences to attempt to locate any man-made buried objects during the course of this exploration and that no attempt was made by Universal Engineering Sciences to locate any such buried objects. Universal Engineering Sciences cannot be responsible for any buried man-made objects which are subsequently encountered during construction that are not discussed within the text of this report.

TIME

This report reflects the soil conditions at the time of investigation. If the report is not used in a reasonable amount of time, significant changes to the site may occur and additional reviews may be required.

Universal Engineering Sciences, Inc. GENERAL CONDITIONS

SECTION 1: RESPONSIBILITIES

- 1.1 Universal Engineering Sciences, Inc., herefore referred to as the "Consultant," has the responsibility for providing the services described under the "Scope of Services" section. The work is to be performed according to accepted standards of care and is to be completed in a timely manner.
- 1.2 The "Client" or a duly authorized representative, is responsible for providing the Consultant with a clear understanding of the project nature and scope. The client shall supply the Consultant with sufficient and adequate information, including, but not limited to, maps, site plans, reports, surveys and designs, to allow the Consultant to properly complete the specified services. The Client shall also communicate changes in the nature and scope of the project as soon as possible during performance of the work so that the changes can be incorporated into the work product.

SECTION 2: STANDARD OF CARE

- 2.1 Services performed by the Consultant under this Agreement are expected by the Client to be conducted in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by members of the Consultant's profession practicing contemporaneously under similar conditions in the locality of the project. No other warranty, express or implied, is made.
- 2.2 The Client recognizes that subsurface conditions may vary from those observed at locations where borings, surveys, or other explorations are made, and that site conditions may change with time. Date, interpretations, and recommendations by the Consultant will be based solely on information available to the Consultant at the time of service. The Consultant is responsible for those data, interpretations, and recommendations, but will not be responsible for other parties' interpretations or use of the information developed.

SECTION 3: SITE ACCESS AND SITE CONDITIONS

- 3.1 Client will grant or obtain free access to the site for all equipment and personnel necessary for the Consultant to perform the work set forth in this Agreement. The Client will notify any and all possessors of the project site that Client has granted Consultant free access to the site. The Consultant will take reasonable precautions to minimize damage to the site, but it is understood by Client that, in the normal course of work, some damage may occur, and the correction of such damage is not part of this Agreement unless so specified in the Proposal.
- 3.2 The Client is responsible for the accuracy of locations for all subterranean structures and utilities. The Consultant will take reasonable precautions to avoid unknown subterranean structures, and the Client waives any claim against Consultant, and agrees to defend, indemnify, and hold Consultant harmless from any claim or liability for injury or loss, including costs of defense, arising form damage done to subterranean structures and utilities not indentified or accurately located. In addition, Client agrees to compensate Consultant for any time spent or expenses incurred by Consultant in defense of any such claim with compensation to be based upon Consultant's prevailing fee schedule and expense reimbursement policy.

SECTION 4: SAMPLE OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSAL

- 4.1 Soil or water samples obtained from the project during performance of the work shall remain the property of the Client.
- 4.2 The Consultant will dispose of or return to Client all remaining soils and rock samples 60 days after submission of report covering those samples. Further storage or transfer of samples can be made at Client's prior written request.
- 4.3 Samples which are contaminated by petroleum products or other chemical waste will be returned to Client for treatment or disposal, consistent with all appropriate federal, state, or local regulations.

SECTION 5: BILLING AND PAYMENT

- 5.1 Consultant will submit invoices to Client monthly or upon completion of services. Invoices will show charges for different personnel and expense classifications.
- 5.2 Payment is due 30 days after presentation of invoice and is past due 31 days from invoice date. Client agrees to pay a finance charge of one and one-half percent (1- ½ %) per month, or the maximum rate allowed by law, on past due accounts.
- 5.3 If the Consultant incurs any expenses to collect overdue billings on invoices, the sums paid by the Consultant for reasonable attorney's fees, court costs, Consultant's time, Consultant's expenses, and interest will be due and owing by the Client.

SECTION 6: OWNERSHIP OF DOCUMENTS

- 6.1 All reports, boring logs, field data, field notes, laboratory test data, calculations, estimates, and other documents prepared by the Consultant, as instruments of service, shall remain the property of the Consultant.
- 6.2 Client agrees that all reports and other work furnished to the Client or his agents, which are not paid for, will be not be used or relied upon by the Client for any purpose.
- 6.3 The Consultant will retain all pertinent records to the services performed for a period of five years following submission of the report, during which period the records will be made available to the Client at all reasonable times.

SECTION 7: DISCOVERY OF UNANTICIPATED HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

- 7.1 Client warrants that a reasonable effort has been made to inform Consultant of known or suspected hazardous materials on or near the project site.
- 7.2 Under this agreement, the term hazardous materials include hazardous materials (40 CFR 172.01), hazardous wastes (40 CFR 261.2), hazardous substances (40 CFR 300.6), petroleum products, polychlorinated biphenyls, and asbestos.
- 7.3 Hazardous materials may exist at a site where there is no reason to believe they could or should be present. Consultant and Client agree that the discovery of unanticipated hazardous materials constitutes a changed condition mandating a renegotiation of the scope of work. Consultant and Client also agree that the discovery of unanticipated hazardous materials may make it necessary for Consultant to take immediate measures to protect health and safety. Client agrees to compensate Consultant for any equipment decontamination or other costs incident to the discovery of unanticipated hazardous waste.

- Consultant agrees to notify Client when unanticipated hazardous materials or suspected hazardous materials are encountered. Client agrees to make 7.4 any disclosure required by law to the appropriate governing agencies. Client also agrees to hold Consultant harmless for any and all consequences of disclosures made by Consultant which are required by governing law. In the event the project site is not owned by Client, Client recognizes that it is the Client's responsibility to inform the property owners of the discovery of unanticipated hazardous materials or suspected hazardous materials.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of the Agreement, Client waives any claim against Consultant, and to the maximum extent permitted by law, 7.5 agrees to defend, indemnify, and save Consultant harmless from any claim, liability, and/or defense costs for injury or loss arising from Consultant's discovery of unanticipated hazardous materials or suspected hazardous materials including any costs created by delay of the project and any cost associated with possible reduction of the property's value. Client will be responsible for ultimate disposal of any samples secured by Consultant which are found to be contaminated.

SECTION 8: RISK ALLOCATION

Client agrees that Consultant's liability for any damage on account of any error, omission or other professional negligence will be limited to a sum not to 8.1 exceed \$50,000 or Consultant's fee, whichever is greater. Client agrees that the foregoing limits of liability extend to all Consultant's employees and professionals who perform any services for Client. If Client prefers to have higher limits on professional liability, Consultant agrees to increase the limits up to a maximum of \$1,000,000.00 upon Client's written request at the time of accepting our proposal provided that Client agrees to pay an additional consideration of four percent of the total fee, or \$400.00, whichever is greater. The additional charge for the higher liability limits is because of the greater risk assumed and is not strictly a charge for additional professional liability insurance.

SECTION 9: INSURANCE

The Consultant represents and warrants that it and its agents, staff and Consultants employed by it, is and are protected by worker's compensation 9.1 insurance and that Consultant has such coverage under public liability and property damage insurance policies which the Consultant deems to be adequate. Certificates for all such policies of insurance shall be provided to Client upon request in writing. Within the limits and conditions of such insurance, Consultant agrees to indemnify and save Client harmless from and against loss, damage, or liability arising from negligent acts by Consultant, its agents, staff, and consultants employed by it. The Consultant shall not be responsible for any loss, damage or liability beyond the amounts, limits, and conditions of such insurance or the limits described in Section 8, whichever is less. The Client agrees to defend, indemnify, and save Consultant harmless for loss, damage or liability arising from acts by Client, Client's agent, staff, and other consultants employed by Client.

SECTION 10: DISPUTE RESOLUTION

- All claims, disputes, and other matters in controversy between Consultant and Client arising out of or in any way related to this Agreement will be submitted to "alternative dispute resolution" (ADR) such as mediation and/or arbitration, before and as a condition precedent to other remedies
- If a dispute at law arises related to the services provided under this Agreement and that dispute requires litigation instead of ADR as provided above, 10.2
 - the claim will be brought and tried in judicial jurisdiction of the court of the county where Consultant's principal place of business is located and Client waives the right to remove the action to any other county or judicial jurisdiction, and (b)
 - The prevailing party will be entitled to recovery of all reasonable costs incurred, including staff time, court costs, attorneys' fees, and other claim related expenses.

SECTION 11: TERMINATION

- This agreement may be terminated by either party upon seven (7) days written notice in the event of substantial failure by the other party to perform in accordance with the terms hereof. Such termination shall not be effective if that substantial failure has been remedied before expiration of the period specified in the written notice. In the event of termination, Consultant shall be paid for services performed to the termination notice date plus
- In the event of termination, or suspension for more than three (3) months, prior to completion of all reports contemplated by the Agreement, Consultant may complete such analyses and records as are necessary to complete his files and may also complete a report on the services performed to the date of notice of termination or suspension. The expense of termination or suspension shall include all direct costs of Consultant in completing such

SECTION 12: ASSIGNS

Neither the Client nor the Consultant may delegate, assign, sublet or transfer his duties or interest in the Agreement without the written consent of the

SECTION 13: GOVERNING LAW AND SURVIVAL

- The laws of the State of Florida will govern the validity of these Terms, their interpretation and performance. 13.1
- If any of the previous contained in this Agreement are held illegal, invalid, or unenforceable, the enforceability of the remaining provisions will not be 13.2 impaired. Limitations and liability and indemnities will survive termination of this Agreement for any cause.



Hall's Pump & Well Service, Inc. 904 NW Main Blvd Lake City, FL. 32055

Date: 06/21/2011

Notice to All Contractors: Re: Aaron Marc Company 19-45-17-08558-109

Please be advised that due to the new building codes we will use a large capacity diaphragm tank on all new wells. This will insure a minimum of one (1) minute draw down or one (1) minute refill. If a smaller diaphragm tank is used then we will install a cycle stop valve which will produce the same results. All wells will have a pump & tank combination that will be sufficient enough for each situation.

If you have any questions please feel free to call our office.

Thank You,

Russell Davis

NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT	AND CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT		
S. S	Clerk's Office Stamp		
Tax Parcel Identification Number:	DC,P.DelWitt Cason,Columbia County Page 1 of 1 B:1217 P:91		
19-4s-17-08558-109			
Description of property (legal description) - Lot 9 Cannon Cree	sek Center		
a) Street (job) Address: SW Ring Court, Lake City, FL 32025 2. General description of improvements: Construction of a Wareho	ouse		
Owner Information Name and address: Global Innovation, LLC - 496 SW Ring	IG Court, Lake City, FI 32025		
c) Interest in property Fee-Simple fittenoider (if oth	er than owner)		
4. Contractor Information			
a) Name and address: Aaron Marc Company - P.O. Box 30	04, Lake City, FL 32056		
b) Telephone No.: 386-487-1240	Fax No. (Opt.)		
5. Surety Information			
a) Name and address: N/A			
	Fax No. (Opt.)		
a) Name and address: N/A			
Identity of person within the State of Florida designated by on Name and address: Aaron Nickelson - P.O. Box 304 Lake Cit.	wner upon whom notices or other documents may be served:		
1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	y, r £ 32000		
by receptione ido., 1997/98.	Fax No. (Opt.)		
8. In addition to himself, owner designates the following person 713.13(I)(b). Florida Statutes:	to reache a second of the seco		
713.13(I)(b), Florida Statutes:	To receive a copy of the Lienor's Notice as provided in Section		
a) Name and address:			
b) Telephone No.:	Fax No. (Opt.)		
	data la austria.		
WARNING TO OWNER: ANY PAYMENTS MADE BY THE OWNER. IMPROPER PAYMENTS UNDER CHAPTER 713, PART I, SECTION 7. IMPROVEMENTS TO YOUR PROPERTY: A NOTICE OF COMMENCE	AFTER THE EXPIRATION OF THE NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT ARE CONSIDERED 713.13, FLORIDA STATUTES, AND CAN RESULT IN YOUR PAYING TWICE FOR CEMENT MUST BE RECORDED AND POSTED ON THE JOB SITE BEFORE THE FIRST YOUR LENDER OF AN ATTORNEY BEFORE COMMENCING WORK OR RECORDING		
STATE OF FLORIDA	V/ -		
COUNTY OF COLUMBIA	1XI		
10	gnature of Owner or Owner's Authorized Office/Director/Partner/Manager		
7	owner's Authorized Office/Director/Partner/Manager		
Abra			
	rinted Name		
he foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me , a Florida No	otary, this 21st day of June 20 11 have		
Ahram Huhar	day of June , 20_11 , by:		
as President	(type of authority, e.g. officer, trustee, attorney		
act) for Global Innevation, LLF	and see the second seco		
and the second s	(name of party on behalf of whom instrument was executed).		
ersonally Known X OR Produced Identification Type			
-	JANUARY TONI PLOADS		
lotary Signature	Notary Stamp or Seal: TONI RICARD Commission DD 761464 Expires February 24, 2012		
1. Verification pursuant to Section 92 525 Florida Statutana	-AND- Burded Thru Troy Fain Insurance 800-985-7019		
the facts stated in it are true to the best of my knowledge	Under penalties of perjury, I degare that I have read the foregoing and that and belief.		
	Att		
	Signature of Natyral Person Signing (in line #10 above.)		
	Some fill lile #10 above.)		



SUWANNEE RIVER WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

9225 CR 49 LIVE OAK, FLORIDA 32060 TELEPHONE: (386) 362-1001 TELEPHONE: 800-226-1066 FAX (386) 362-1056

GENERAL PERMIT

PERMITTEE: GLOBAL INNOVATIONS, LLC 496 SW RING CT. LAKE CITY, FL 32025

PERMIT NUMBER: ERP10-0213 DATE ISSUED: 06/21/2011 DATE EXPIRES: 06/21/2014 COUNTY: COLUMBIA

TRS: S19/T4S/R17E

PROJECT: GLOBAL INNOVATIONS - CANNON CREEK CENTER LOT 9

Approved entity to whom operation and maintenance may be transferred pursuant to rule 40B-4.1130, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.):

ABRAM HUBER GLOBAL INNOVATIONS, LLC 496 SW RING CT. LAKE CITY, FL 32025

Based on information provided, the Suwannee River Water Management District's (District) rules have been adhered to and an environmental resource general permit is in effect for the permitted activity description below:

Construction and operation of a surfacewater management system serving 0.91 acres of impervious surface on a total project area of 2.73 acres in a manner consistent with the application package submitted by Crews Engineering certified on June 20, 2011.

It is your responsibility to ensure that adverse off-site impacts do not occur either during or after construction. Any additional construction or alterations not authorized by this permit may result in flood control or water quality problems both on and off site and will be a violation of District rule.

You or any other substantially affected persons are entitled to request an administrative hearing or mediation. Please refer to enclosed notice of rights.

This permit is issued under the provisions of chapter 373, F.S., chapter 40B-4, and chapter 40B-400, F.A.C. A general permit authorizes the construction, operation, maintenance, alteration,

Permit No.: ERP10-0213

Project: GLOBAL INNOVATIONS - CANNON CREEK CENTER LOT 9

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abandonment, or removal of certain minor surface water management systems. This permit authorizes the permittee to perform the work necessary to construct, operate, and maintain the surface water management system shown on the application and other documents included in the application. This is to notify you of District's agency action concerning Notice Of Intent. This action is taken pursuant to rule 40B-4 and 40B-400, F.A.C.

Standard Conditions for All General Permits:

- 1. The permittee shall perform all construction authorized in a manner so as to minimize adverse impacts to fish, wildlife, natural environmental values, and water quality. The permittee shall institute necessary measures during construction including riprap, reinforcement, or compaction of any fill materials placed around newly installed structures, to minimize erosion, turbidity, nutrient loading, and sedimentation in the receiving waters.
- 2. Water quality data representative of the water discharged from the permitted system, including, but not limited to, the parameters in chapter 62-302, F.A.C., shall be submitted to the District as required. If water quality data are required, the permittee shall provide data as required on the volume and rate of discharge including the total volume discharged during the sampling period. All water quality data shall be in accordance with and reference the specific method of analysis in "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" by the American Public Health Association or "Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes" by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
- 3. The operational and maintenance phase of an environmental resource permit will not become effective until the owner or his authorized agent certifies that all facilities have been constructed in accordance with the design permitted by the District. If required by the District, such as-built certification shall be made by an engineer or surveyor. Within 30 days after the completion of construction of the system, the permittee shall notify the District that the facilities are complete. If appropriate, the permittee shall request transfer of the permit to the responsible entity approved by the District for operation and maintenance. The District may inspect the system and, as necessary, require remedial measures as a condition of transfer of the permit or release for operation and maintenance of the system.
- 4. Off-site discharges during and after construction shall be made only through the facilities authorized by the permit. Water discharged from the project shall be through structures suitable for regulating upstream stage if so required by the District. Such discharges may be subject to operating schedules established by the District.
- 5. The permit does not convey to the permittee any property right nor any rights or privileges other than those specified in the permit and chapter 40B-1, F.A.C.

Project: GLOBAL INNOVATIONS - CANNON CREEK CENTER LOT 9

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6. The permittee shall hold and save the District harmless from any and all damages, claims, or liabilities which may arise by reason of the construction, operation, maintenance, alteration, abandonment, or development in a Works of the District which is authorized by the permit.

- 7. The permit is issued based on the information submitted by the applicant which reasonably demonstrates that adverse off-site water resource impacts will not be caused by the permitted activity. It is the responsibility of the permittee to insure that such adverse impacts do not in fact occur either during or after construction.
- 8. It is the responsibility of the permittee to obtain all other clearances, permits, or authorizations required by any unit of local, state, or federal government.
- 9. The surfacewater management system shall be constructed prior to or concurrent with the development that the system is intended to serve and the system shall be completed within 30 days of substantial completion of the development which the system is intended to serve.
- 10. Except for General Permits After Notice or permits issued to a unit of government, or unless a different schedule is specified in the permit, the system shall be inspected at least once every third year after transfer of a permit to operation and maintenance by the permittee or his agent to ascertain that the system is being operated and maintained in a manner consistent with the permit. A report of inspection is to be sent to the District within 30 days of the inspection date. If required by chapter 471, F.S., such inspection and report shall be made by an engineer.
- 11. The permittee shall allow reasonable access to District personnel or agents for the purpose of inspecting the system to insure compliance with the permit. The permittee shall allow the District, at its expense, to install equipment or devices to monitor performance of the system authorized by their permit.
- 12. The surfacewater management system shall be operated and maintained in a manner which is consistent with the conditions of the permit and chapter 40B-4.2040, F.A.C.
- 13. The permittee is responsible for the perpetual operation and maintenance of the system unless the operation and maintenance is transferred pursuant to chapter 40B-4.1130, F.A.C., or the permit is modified to authorize a new operation and maintenance entity pursuant to chapter 40B-4.1110, F.A.C.
- 14. All activities shall be implemented as set forth in the plans, specifications and performance criteria as approved by this permit. Any deviation from the permitted activity and the conditions for undertaking that activity shall constitute a violation of this permit.

Project: GLOBAL INNOVATIONS - CANNON CREEK CENTER LOT 9

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15. This permit or a copy thereof, complete with all conditions, attachments, exhibits, and modifications, shall be kept at the work site of the permitted activity. The complete permit shall be available for review at the work site upon request by District staff. The permittee shall require the contractor to review the complete permit prior to commencement of the activity authorized by this permit.

- 16. Activities approved by this permit shall be conducted in a manner which do not cause violations of state water quality standards.
- 17. Prior to and during construction, the permittee shall implement and maintain all erosion and sediment control measures (best management practices) required to retain sediment on-site and to prevent violations of state water quality standards. All practices must be in accordance with the guidelines and specifications in the Florida Stormwater, Erosion, and Sedimentation Control Inspector's Manual unless a project specific erosion and sediment control plan is approved as part of the permit, in which case the practices must be in accordance with the plan. If site-specific conditions require additional measures during any phase of construction or operation to prevent erosion or control sediment, beyond those specified in the erosion and sediment control plan, the permittee shall implement additional best management practices as necessary, in accordance with the Florida Stormwater, Erosion, and Sedimentation Control Inspector's Manual. The permittee shall correct any erosion or shoaling that causes adverse impacts to the water resources.
- 18. Stabilization measures shall be initiated for erosion and sediment control on disturbed areas as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than seven days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased.
- 19. At least 48 hours prior to commencement of activity authorized by this permit, the permittee shall submit to the District a Construction Commencement Notice Form No. 40B-1.901(14) indicating the actual start date and the expected completion date.
- 20. When the duration of construction will exceed one year, the permittee shall submit construction status reports to the District on an annual basis utilizing an Annual Status Report Form No. 40B-1.901(15). These forms shall be submitted during June of each following year.
- 21. For those systems which will be operated or maintained by an entity requiring an easement or deed restriction in order to provide that entity with the authority necessary to operate or maintain the system, such easement or deed restriction, together with any other final operation or maintenance documents as are required by Paragraph 40B-4.2030(2)(g), F.A.C., and Rule 40B-4.2035, F.A.C., must be submitted to the District for approval. Documents meeting the requirements set forth in these subsections of District rules will be approved. Deed restrictions, easements and other

Project: GLOBAL INNOVATIONS - CANNON CREEK CENTER LOT 9

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operation and maintenance documents which require recordation either with the Secretary of State or Clerk of the Circuit Court must be so recorded prior to lot or unit sales within the project served by the system, or upon completion of construction of the system, whichever occurs first. For those systems which are proposed to be maintained by county or municipal entities, final operation and maintenance documents must be received by the District when maintenance and operation of the system is accepted by the local governmental entity. Failure to submit the appropriate final documents referenced in this paragraph will result in the permittee remaining liable for carrying out maintenance and operation of the permitted system.

- 22. Each phase or independent portion of the permitted system must be completed in accordance with the permitted plans and permit conditions prior to the initiation of the permitted use of site infrastructure located within the area served by that portion or phase of the system. Each phase or independent portion of the system must be completed in accordance with the permitted plans and permit conditions prior to transfer of responsibility for operation and maintenance of that phase or portion of the system to a local government or other responsible entity.
- 23. Within 30 days after completion of construction of the permitted system, or independent portion of the system, the permittee shall submit a written statement of completion and certification by a registered professional engineer or other appropriate individual as authorized by law, using the supplied As-Built Certification Form No. 40B-1.901(16) incorporated by reference in Subsection 40B-1.901(16), F.A.C. When the completed system differs substantially from the permitted plans, any substantial deviations shall be noted and explained and two copies of as-built drawings submitted to the District. Submittal of the completed form shall serve to notify the District that the system is ready for inspection. The statement of completion and certification shall be based on onsite observation of construction (conducted by the registered professional engineer, or other appropriate individual as authorized by law, or under his or her direct supervision) or review of asbuilt drawings for the purpose of determining if the work was completed in compliance with approved plans and specifications. As-built drawings shall be the permitted drawings revised to reflect any changes made during construction. Both the original and any revised specifications must be clearly shown. The plans must be clearly labeled as "as-built" or "record" drawing. All surveyed dimensions and elevations shall be certified by a registered surveyor. The following information, at a minimum, shall be verified on the as-built drawings:
- a. Dimensions and elevations of all discharge structures including all weirs, slots, gates, pumps, pipes, and oil and grease skimmers;
- Locations, dimensions, and elevations of all filter, exfiltration, or underdrain systems including cleanouts, pipes, connections to control structures, and points of discharge to the receiving waters;
- c. Dimensions, elevations, contours, or cross-sections of all treatment storage areas sufficient to

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determine stage-storage relationships of the storage area and the permanent pool depth and volume below the control elevation for normally wet systems, when appropriate;

- d. Dimensions, elevations, contours, final grades, or cross-sections of the system to determine flow directions and conveyance of runoff to the treatment system;
- e. Dimensions, elevations, contours, final grades, or cross-sections of all conveyance systems utilized to convey off-site runoff around the system;
- f. Existing water elevation(s) and the date determined; and
- g. Elevation and location of benchmark(s) for the survey.
- 24. The operation phase of this permit shall not become effective until the permittee has complied with the requirements of the condition in paragraph 23 above, the District determines the system to be in compliance with the permitted plans, and the entity approved by the District in accordance with Rule 40B-4.2035, F.A.C., accepts responsibility for operation and maintenance of the system. The permit may not be transferred to such approved operation and maintenance entity until the operation phase of the permit becomes effective. Following inspection and approval of the permitted system by the District, the permittee shall request transfer of the permit to the approved responsible operation and maintenance operating entity if different from the permittee. Until the permit is transferred pursuant to Rule 40B-4.1130, F.A.C., the permittee shall be liable for compliance with the terms of the permit.
- 25. Should any other regulatory agency require changes to the permitted system, the permittee shall provide written notification to the District of the changes prior to implementation so that a determination can be made whether a permit modification is required.
- 26. This permit does not eliminate the necessity to obtain any required federal, state, local and special District authorizations prior to the start of any activity approved by this permit. This permit does not convey to the permittee or create in the permittee any property right, or any interest in real property, nor does it authorize any entrance upon or activities on property which is not owned or controlled by the permittee, or convey any rights or privileges other than those specified in the permit and in this chapter and Chapter 40B-4, F.A.C.
- 27. The permittee is hereby advised that Section 253.77, F.S., states that a person may not commence any excavation, construction, or other activity involving the use of sovereign or other lands of the state, the title to which is vested in the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund without obtaining the required lease, license, easement, or other form of consent authorizing the proposed use. Therefore, the permittee is responsible for obtaining any necessary

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authorizations from the Board of Trustees prior to commencing activity on sovereignty lands or other state-owned lands.

- 28. Any delineation of the extent of a wetland or other surface water submitted as part of the permit application, including plans or other supporting documentation, shall not be considered specifically approved unless a specific condition of this permit or a formal determination under 40B-400.046, F.A.C., provides otherwise.
- 29. The permittee shall notify the District in writing within 30 days of any sale, conveyance, or other transfer of ownership or control of the permitted system or the real property at which the permitted system is located. All transfers of ownership or transfers of a permit are subject to the requirements of Rule 40B-4.1130, F.A.C. The permittee transferring the permit shall remain liable for any corrective actions that may be required as a result of any permit violations prior to such sale, conveyance or other transfer.
- 30. If historical or archaeological artifacts are discovered at any time on the project site, the permittee shall immediately notify the District.
- 31. The permittee shall immediately notify the District in writing of any previously submitted information that is later discovered to be inaccurate.

WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT, THE PERMITTEE SHALL NOTIFY THE DISTRICT, IN WRITING, THAT THE FACILITIES ARE COMPLETE.

Approved by Jan 14/5

Date Approved_

Executive Director

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NOTICE OF RIGHTS

- 1. A person whose substantial interests are or may be determined has the right to request an administrative hearing by filing a written petition with the Suwannee River Water Management District (District), or may choose to pursue mediation as an alternative remedy under Section 120.569 and 120.573, Florida Statutes, before the deadline for filing a petition. Choosing mediation will not adversely affect the right to a hearing if mediation does not result in a settlement. The procedures for pursuing mediation are set forth in Sections 120.569 and 120.57 Florida Statutes. Pursuant to Rule 28-106.111, Florida Administrative Code, the petition must be filed at the office of the District Clerk at District Headquarters, 9225 C.R. 49, Live Oak, Florida 32060 within twenty-one (21) days of receipt of written notice of the decision or within twenty-one (21) days of newspaper publication of the notice of District decision (for those persons to whom the District does not mail actual notice). A petition must comply with Chapter 28-106, Florida Administrative Code.
- 2. If the Governing Board takes action which substantially differs from the notice of District decision to grant or deny the permit application, a person whose substantial interests are or may be determined has the right to request an administrative hearing or may chose to pursue mediation as an alternative remedy as described above. Pursuant to Rule 28-106.111, Florida Administrative Code, the petition must be filed at the office of the District Clerk at District Headquarters, 9225 C.R. 49, Live Oak, Florida 32060 within twenty-one (21) days of receipt of written notice of the decision or within twenty-one (21) days of newspaper publication of the notice of District decision (for those persons to whom the District does not mail actual notice). Such a petition must comply with Chapter 28-106, Florida Administrative Code.
- 3. A substantially interested person has the right to a formal administrative hearing pursuant to Section 120.569 and 120.57(1), Florida Statutes, where there is a dispute between the District and the party regarding an issue of material fact. A petition for formal hearing must comply with the requirements set forth in Rule 28-106.201, Florida Administrative Code.
- 4. A substantially interested person has the right to an informal hearing pursuant to Section 120.569 and 120.57(2), Florida Statutes, where no material facts are in dispute. A petition for an informal hearing must comply with the requirements set forth in Rule 28-106.301, Florida Administrative Code.
- 5. A petition for an administrative hearing is deemed filed upon receipt of the petition by the Office of the District Clerk at the District Headquarters in Live Oak, Florida.
- 6. Failure to file a petition for an administrative hearing within the requisite time frame shall constitute a waiver of the right to an administrative hearing pursuant to Rule 28-106.111, Florida Administrative Code.

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- 7. The right to an administrative hearing and the relevant procedures to be followed is governed by Chapter 120, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 28-106, Florida Administrative Code.
- 8. Pursuant to Section 120.68, Florida Statutes, a person who is adversely affected by final District action may seek review of the action in the District Court of Appeal by filing a notice of appeal pursuant to the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure, within 30 days of the rendering of the final District action.
- 9. A party to the proceeding before the District who claims that a District order is inconsistent with the provisions and purposes of Chapter 373, Florida Statutes, may seek review of the order pursuant to Section 373.114, Florida Statutes, by the Florida Land and Water Adjudicatory Commission, by filing a request for review with the Commission and serving a copy of the Department of Environmental Protection and any person named in the order within 20 days of adoption of a rule or the rendering of the District order.
- 10. For appeals to the District Courts of Appeal, a District action is considered rendered after it is signed on behalf of the District, and is filed by the District Clerk.
- 11. Failure to observe the relevant time frames for filing a petition for judicial review, or for Commission review, will result in waiver of the right to review.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing Notice of Rights has been sent by U.S. Mail to:

GLOBAL INNOVATIONS, LLC 496 SW RING CT. LAKE CITY, FL 32025

At 4:00 p.m. this 21 day of June, 2011.

Jon M. Diviges Deputy Clerk

Suwannee River Water Management District

9225 C.R. 49

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Live Oak, Florida 32060 386.362.1001 or 800.226.1066 (Florida only)

cc: File Number: ERP10-0213



Columbia County BUILDING DEPARTMENT

MINIMUM PLAN REQUIREMENTS AND CHECKLIST FOR THE FLORIDA BUILDING CODE, FLORIDA PLUMBING CODE, FLORIDA MECHINICAL CODE, FLORIDA FUEL AND GAS CODE 2007 EFFECTIVE 1 MARCH 2009 & 2009 SUPPLEMENTS EFFECTIVE 1 MARCH 2009 with Supplements and Revision OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL 2008

ALL REQUIREMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE

COMMERCIAL MINIMUM PLAN REQUIREMENTS AND CHECKLIST

ALL BUILDING PLANS MUST INDICATE COMPLIANCE WITH THE CURRENT FLORIDA BUILDING CODES. ALL PLANS OR DRAWING SHALL PROVIDED CALCULATIONS AND DETAILS THAT HAVE THE SEAL AND SIGNATURE OF A CERTIFIED ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER REGISTERED IN THE STATE OF FLORIDA, OR ALTERNATE METHODOLOGIES, APPROVED BY THE STATE OF FLORIDA BUILDING COMMISSION.

FOR DESIGN PURPOSES THE FOLLOWING BASIC WIND SPEEDS ARE PER FBC FIGURE 1609 STATE OF FLORIDA WIND-BORNE DEBRIS REGION & BASIC WIND SPEED MAP

	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:	Each I	to Incl Box sha ircled a	all be
1	All drawings must be clear, concise and drawn to scale, details that are not used shall be marked void.	YES	NO	N/A
2	If the design professional is an architect or engineer legally registered under the laws of this state regulating the practice of architecture as provided for in Chapter 481, Florida Statutes, Part I, or engineering as provided for in Chapter 471, Florida Statutes, then he or she shall affix his or her official seal to said drawings, specifications and accompanying data, as required by Florida Statute.	YES	NO	N/A
3	The design professional signature shall be affixed to the plans	YES	NO	N/A
4	Two (2) complete sets of plans with the architecture or engineer signature and the date the affix embossed official seal was placed on the plans	YES	NO	N/A

Two (2) complete sets of plans containing the following information:

			Buildi	ng Site Pla	an Requir	ements				Each C		
	Parking, inclu-									Yes	No	N/A
5	Fire access, sh	owing all o	irive way w	hich will b	e accessible	for emerge	ency vehicl	es		Yes	No	N/A
	Driving/turnin									Yes	No	N/A
	Vehicle loadir									Yes	No	N/A
	Nearest or nur									Yes	No	N/A
	Set back of all separation inc	luding assu	med proper	ty lines			2 2 2			Yes	_No	N/A
	Location of sp drain fields	ecific tank	s(above or	under grow	n ,water lin	es and sewe	er lines and	septic tank	and	Yes	No	N/A
11	All structures	exterior vie	ews include	finished flo	oor elevatio	n				Yes	No	N/A
12	Total height o	f structure(s) form esta	ablished gra	ide					Yes 🗸	No	N/A
	Re Occupancy	Group A	Group B	Group E	Group F	Group H	Group I	13 Th 43 Group M	Group R	Grou S	р	Group U D
8	group use circle all uses:	2702										
9	circle all uses:	al occupano	v requirem	ents.						Yes	No	N/A
13	circle all uses: Specia		cy requirem		e for each r	oom of use	area)				No No	
9	circle all uses: Specia		eas (total sq		e for each r	oom of use	area)		ļ.	Yes Yes Yes	No No	N/A

	Fire-resistant construction requirements shall be shown, include the following comp	onents		
18	Fire-resistant separations	Yes	No	N/A
19	Fire-resistant protection for type of construction	Yes	No	NIA
20	Protection of openings and penetrations of rated walls	Yes	No	NA
21	Protection of corridors and penetrations of rated walls	Yes	No	NA
22	Fire blocking and draftstopping and calculated fire resistance	Yes	No	NA
	Fire suppression systems shall be shown include:			
23	Early warning smoke evacuation systems Schematic fire sprinklers Standpipes	Yes	No	NA
24	Standpipes	Yes	No	NYA
25	Pre-engineered systems	Yes	No	N/A
26	Riser diagram	Yes	No	N/A
	Life safety systems shall be shown include the following requirements:		9 10 3	U THE
27	Occupant load and egress capacities	Yes	No	NA
28	Early warning	Yes	No	NA
29	Smoke control	Yes	No	NA
30	Stair pressurization	Yes	No	NA
31	Systems schematic	Yes	No	NIA
	Occupancy load/egress requirements shall be shown include:			
32	Occupancy load	Yes	No	NU
33	Gross occupancy load	Yes	No	NA
34	Net occupancy load	Yes	No	NW
35	Means of egress	Yes	No	NIA
36	Exit access	Yes	No	NA
37	Exit discharge	Yes	No	NA
38	Stairs construction/geometry and protection	Yes	No	NA
39	Doors	Yes	No	N/M

40	Emergency lighting and exit signs	Yes	No	N/A
41	Specific occupancy requirements	Yes	No	N/A
42	Construction requirements	Yes	No	N/A
43	Horizontal exits/exit passageways	Yes	No	N/A

Items to Include-Each Box shall be Circled as Applicable

		Appli	cable	
	Structural requirements shall be shown include:		THE REAL PROPERTY.	
44	Soil conditions/analysis	Yes	No	N/A
45	Termite protection	Yes	No	N/A
46	Design loads	Yes	No	N/A
47	Wind requirements	Yes	No	N/A
48	Building envelope	Yes	No	N/A
49	Structural calculations (if required)	Yes	No	N/A
50	Foundation For structures with foundation which establish new electrical utility companies service connection a Concrete Encased Electrode will be required within the foundation to serve as an grounding electrode system. Per the National Electrical Code article 250.52.3	Yes	No	N/A
51	Wall systems	Yes	No	N/A
52	Floor systems	Yes	No	N/A
53	Roof systems	Yes	No	N/A
54	Threshold inspection plan	Yes	No	NA
55	Stair systems	Yes	No	NA
	Materials shall be shown include the following			
56	Wood	Yes	No	NA
57	Steel	Yes	No	N/A
58	Aluminum	Yes	No	NA
59	Concrete	Yes	No	N/A
60	Plastic	Yes	No	NA
61	Glass	Yes	No	N/A
62	Masonry	Yps	No	N/A
63	Gypsum board and plaster	Yes	No	NA
64	Insulating (mechanical)	Yes	No	N/A
65	Roofing	Yes	No	N/A
66	Insulation	Yes	No	N/A
	Accessibility requirements shall be shown include the following			
67	Site requirements	Yes	No	N/A
68	Accessible route	Yes	No	N/A
69	Vertical accessibility	Yes	No	NA
70	Toilet and bathing facilities	Yes	No	N/A
71	Drinking fountains	Yes	No	NA
72	Equipment	Yes	No	NA
73	Special occupancy requirements	Yes	No	NVA
74	Fair housing requirements	Yes	No	NIA
	Interior requirements shall include the following			
75	Review required by the Columbia County Fire Department Items 75 Th 80 Interior finishes (flame spread/smoke development)	Yes	No	N/A
76	Light and ventilation	Yes	No	N/A
77	Sanitation	Yes	No	N/A
	Special systems		// E	
78	Elevators	Yes	No	N/A
79	Escalators	Yes	No	N/A
80	Lifts	Yes	No	N/A
V.	Swimming pools		THE .	The second
81	Barrier requirements	Yes	No	N/A
82	Spas	Yes	No	N/A
83	Wading pools	Yes	No	N/A

0.10	Items to Include-Each Box shall be Circled as Applicable			1
0.4	Electrical		NI-	NI/A
34 35	Wiring Services For structures with foundation which establish new electrical utility	Yes Yes	No	N/A N/A
13		165	INO	18/74
	companies service connection a Concrete Encased Electrode will be required			
	within the foundation to serve as an grounding electrode system.			
	Per the National Electrical Code article 250.52.3			
86	Feeders and branch circuits	Yes	No	N/A
37	Overcurrent protection	Yes	No	N/A
88	Grounding	Yes	No	N/A
89	Wiring methods and materials	Yes	No	N/A
90	GFCIs	Yes	No	N/A
91	Equipment	Yes	No	N/A
92	Special occupancies	Yes	No	N/A
93	Emergency systems	Yes	No	N/A
94	Communication systems	Yes	No	N/A
95	Low voltage	Yes	No	N/A
96	Load calculations	Yes	No	N/A
/ jb3	Plumbing		,	
7	Minimum plumbing facilities	Yes	No	N/A
98	Fixture requirements	Yes	No	N/A
99	Water supply piping	Yes	No	N/A
100	Sanitary drainage	Yes	No	N/A
101	Water heaters	Yes	No	N/A
102	Vents	Yes	No	N/A
103	Roof drainage	Yes	No	N/A
104	Back flow prevention	Yes	No	N/A
105	Irrigation	Yes	No	N/A
106	Location of water supply line	Yes	No	N/A
107	Grease traps	Yes	No	N/A
108	Environmental requirements	Yes	No	N/A
109	Plumbing riser	Yes	No	N/A
	Mechanical			
110	Energy calculations	Yes	No	N/A
111	Review required by the Columbia County Fire Department Items 111 Th 114	Yes	No	N/A
112	Exhaust systems Clothes dryer exhaust	Yes	No	N/A
113	Kitchen equipment exhaust	Yes	No	N/A
114	Specialty exhaust systems	Yes	No	N/A
	Equipment location			
115		Yes	No	N/A
116	Roof-mounted equipment	Yes	No	N/A
117	Duct systems	Yes	No	N/A
118	Ventilation	Yes	No	N/A
119	Laboratory	Yes	No	N/A
120	Combustion air	Yes	No	N/A
121	Chimneys, fireplaces and vents	Yes	No	N/A
122	Appliances	Yes	No	N/A
123	Boilers	Yes	No	N/A
24	Refrigeration	Yes	No	N/A
125	Bathroom ventilation	Yes	No	N/A

	Items to Include-Each Box shall be Circled as Applicable Gas			
126	Review required by the Columbia County Fire Department Items 126 Th 134 Gas piping	Yes	No	N/A
127	Venting	Yes	No	N/A
128	Combustion air	Yes	No	N/A
129	Chimneys and vents	Yes	No	N/A
130	Appliances	Yes	No	N/A
131	Type of gas	Yes	No	N/A
132	Fireplaces	Yes	No	N/A
133	LP tank location	Yes	No	N/A
134	Riser diagram/shutoffs	Yes	No	N/A
	Notice of Commencement			
135	A recorded (in the Columbia County Clerk Office) notice of commencement is required to be on file with the building department . Before Any Inspections Will Be Done	Yes	No	N/A
	Disclosure Statement for Owner Builders	Yes	No	N/A

	Private Potable W	ater		
136	Horse power of pump motor	Yes	No	N/A
137	Capacity of pressure tank	Yes	No	N/A
138	Cycle stop valve if used	Yes	No	N/A

THE FOLLOWING ITEMS MUST BE SUBMITTED WITH BUILDING PLANS

139	Building Per Application	A current Building Permit Application form is to be completed and submitted for all construction projects. mit	Yes	No	N/A
140	Parcel Numb	The parcel number (Tax ID number) from the Property Appraiser is required. A copy of property deed is also requested. (386) 758-1084	Yes	No	N/A
141	Environmental Health Permit or Sewer Tap Approval	A copy of an approved Environmental Health (386) 758-1058 waste water disposal permit or an approved City of Lake City(386) 752-2031 sewer tap is required before a building permit can be issued. Toilet facilities shall be provided for construction workers	Yes	No	N/A
142	Driveway Connection	If the property does not have an existing access to a public road, then an application for a culvert permit must be made (\$25.00). Culvert installation for commercial, industrial and other uses shall conform to the approved site plan or to the specifications of a registered engineer. Use or joint use of driveways will comply with Florida Department of Transportation specifications. If the project is to be located on an F.D.O.T. maintained road, then an F.D.O.T. access permit is required.	Yes	No	N/A
143	Suwannee River Water Management District Approval	All commercial projects must have an SRWMD permit issued or an exemption letter, before a building permit will be issued.	Yes	No	N/A

144	Flood Management	All projects within the Floodway of the Suwannee or Santa Fe Rivers shall require permitting through the Suwannee River Water Management District, before submitting application to this office. Any project located within a flood zone where the base flood elevation (100 year flood) has been established shall meet the requirements of section 8.8 of the Columbia County Land Development Regulations. Any project that is located within a flood zone where the base flood elevation (100 year flood) has not been established shall meet the requirements of section 8.7 of Columbia County Land Development Regulations. A development permit will also be required. The development permit cost is \$50.00	Yes	No	N/A
145	Flood Management	A CERTIFIED FINISHED FLOOR ELEVATIONS WILL BE REQUIRED ON ANY PROJECT WHERE THE BASE FLOOD ELEVATION (100 YEAR FLOOD) HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED.	Yes	No	N/A
146	911 Address	If the project is located in an area where a 911 address has not been issued, then application for a 911address must be applied for and received through the Columbia County Emergency Management Office of 911 Addressing Department (386) 758-1125	Yes	No	N/A

Pursuant to Chapter one (administration) section R101.2.1 of the Florida Building Code: Section 105.3.2 **Time limitation of application**. An application for a permit for any proposed work shall be deemed to have been abandoned 180 days after the date of filing, unless such application has been pursued in good faith or a permit has been issued; except that the building official is authorized to grant one or more extensions of time for additional periods not exceeding 90 days each. The extension shall be requested in writing and justifiable cause demonstrated.

Pursuant to Chapter one (administration) section R101.2.1 of the Florida Building Code: Section 105.4.1 **Permit intent.** A permit issued shall be constructed to be a license to proceed with the work and not as authority to violate, cancel, alter or set aside any of the provisions of the technical codes, nor shall issuance of a permit prevent the building official from thereafter requiring a correction of errors in plans, construction or violations of this code. Every permit issued shall become invalid unless the work authorized by such permit is commenced within six months after its issuance, or if the work authorized by such permit is suspended or abandoned for a period of six months after the time the work is commenced.

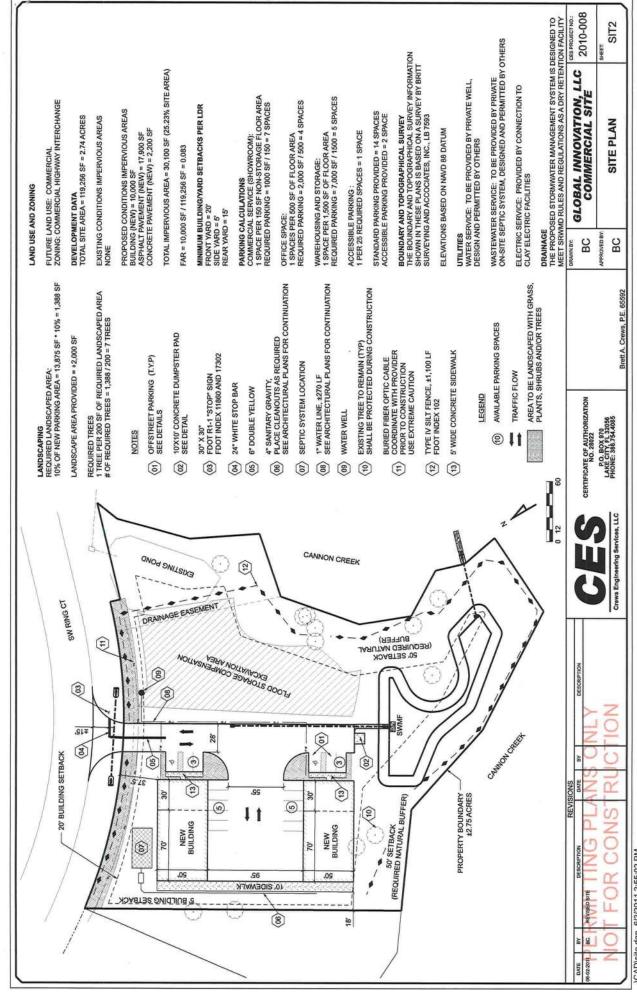
Section 105.4.1.1: If work has commenced and the permit is revoked, becomes null and void, or expires because of lack of progress or abandonment, a new permit covering the proposed construction shall be obtained before proceeding with the work.

Section 105.4.1.2: If a new permit is not obtained within 180 days from the date the initial permit became null and void, the building official is authorized to require that any work which has been commenced or completed be removed from the building site. Alternately, a new permit may be issued on application, providing the work in place and required to complete the structure meets all applicable regulations in effect at the time the initial permit became null and void and any regulations which may have become effective between the date of expiration and the date if issuance of the new permit.

Section 105.4.1.3: Work shall be considered to be in active progress when the permit has received an approved inspection within 180 days. This provision shall not be applicable in case of civil commotion or strike or when the building work is halted due directly to judicial injunction, order or similar process.

Section 105.4.1.4: The fee for renewal reissuance and extension of a permit shall be set forth by the administrative authority.

When the submitted application is approved for permitting the applicant will be notified by phone as to the date and time a building permit will be prepared and issued by the Columbia County Building & Zoning Department.



\CAD\site.dgn 6/2/2011 2:55:02 PM

THIS INSTRUMENT WAS PREPARED BY:

TERRY McDAVID
POST OFFICE BOX 1328
LAKE CITY, FL 32056-1328

RETURN TO:

TERRY McDAVID
POST OFFICE BOX 1328
LAKE CITY, FL 32056-1328

File No. 08-88

Property Appraiser's Parcel Identification No. 08558-109 Inst 200812008624 Date 5/2/2008 Time 3 29 PM
Doc Stamp-Deed 2205 00
DC, P. DeWitt Cason, Columbia County Page 1 of 2 B:1149 P:1257

WARRANTY DEED

THIS INDENTURE, made this 30th day of April 2008, BETWEEN WESTFIELD GROUP, LLLP, a Florida Limited Liability Partnership, whose post office address is Post Office Box 3566, Lake City, Florida 32056, of the County of Columbia, State of Florida, grantor*, and GLOBAL INNOVATION, LLC, a Florida Limited Liability Company, whose post office address is Post Office Box 932, Lake City, Florida 32056, of the County of Columbia, State of Florida, grantee*.

WITNESSETH: that said grantor, for and in consideration of the sum of Ten Dollars (\$10.00), and other good and valuable considerations to said grantor in hand paid by said grantee, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, has granted, bargained and sold to the said grantee, and grantee's heirs and assigns forever, the following described land, situate, lying and being in Columbia County, Florida, to-wit:

Lot 9 of CANNON CREEK CENTER as per plat thereof recorded in Plat Book 6, Pages 113 to 114 of the public records of Columbia County, Florida.

LESS AND EXCEPT a part along the North Line of the property more particularly described as follows: Begin at the NE Corner of said Lot 9 and run S W, 286.58 feet; thence S 25°52'23"E, 82.58 feet; thence S 53°44'29"E, 41.79 feet; thence S 30°30'01"W, 314.73 feet to the POINT OF BEGINNING.

SUBJECT TO: Restrictions, easements and outstanding mineral rights of record, if any, and taxes for the current year.

and said grantor does hereby fully warrant the title to said land, and will defend the same against the lawful claims of all persons whomsoever.

. . . .

*"Grantor" and "grantee" are used for singular or plural, as context requires.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, grantor has hereunto set grantor's hand and seal the day and year first above written.

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of:

First Witness
Lisa C. Ogburn
(Printed Name)

Second Witness Terry McDavid (Printed Name) WESTFIELD GROUP, LLLP, a Florida Limited Liability Limited Partnership

Charles S. Sparks
General Fartner

Scott D. Stewart General Partner

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF COLUMBIA

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 30Hh day of April 2008, by CHARLES S. SPARKS and SCOTT D. STEWART, General Partners of WESTFIELD GROUP, LLLP, a Florida Limited Liability Limited Partnership, on behalf of the partnership. They are personally known to me and did not take an oath.

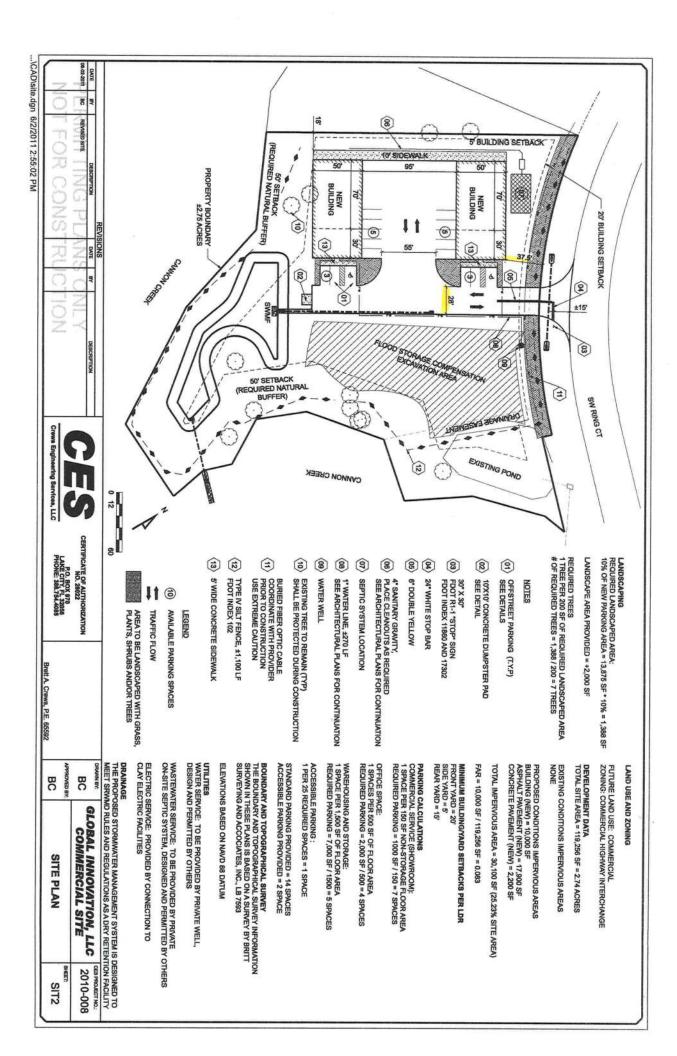
Notary Public My commission expires:

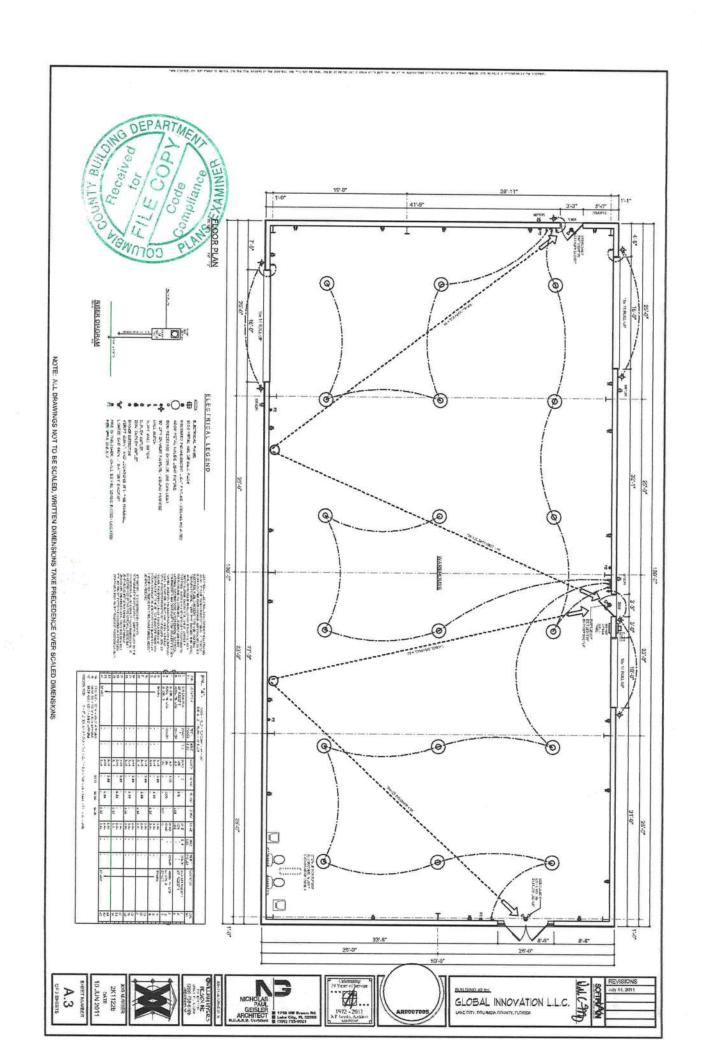
TENRY MCDAVID

MY COMMISSION F DD 7007:89

EXPIRES: January 16, 2010

Rended flucturary Public Characters





COCONUT CREEK, FL 33073 6810 LYONS TECH. CIR #105 BUCK STEEL, INC.

TT/T /9 : 3TAG Aaron Nickelson/Global Innovation LLC.

JOB NO. 1480 BLDG#1

BOITDING SISE:

rengih : 100 ft. : MIDTH 05

RICHARD T. SMITH,

Sincerely,

. Jl 22 EAVE HT :

10BSILE : LAKE CITY, FL

To Whom It May Concern:

Building Systems Manual ". " Low Rise AMAM data as published in the 1996 edition of the of the subject building meet or exceed the minimum county climatic " Cold Formed Steel Design Manual. "The basic loads (ISIA) Construction" and the 1986 Edition of American Iron and Steel Instithe American Institute of Steel Construction (AISC) "Manual of Steel in accordance with the order documentation, the 13TH Edition of This is to certify that the above referenced building is designed

Governing Code : FBC 07 (IBC 06) The criteria for application of design loads are follows

Roof Dead Load : 2.000 psf plus wt. of metal bldg structure

Jsd Roof Live Load : 20.00

Frame Live Load : 20.00 psf W/REDUCTION

lag 2.0 : Collateral Load

Snow Imp. Fac. 0000.I: : Crosed Snow Exp. Fac Wind Load (3 sec gust) : 100 mph 00.I: jsd 0 : Roof Snow Load

: B Wind Exp. Cat Euclosure Type

00.I : Wind Imp. Factor

P.E

lag 00.0 : Ground Snow Load

accessories are supplied it required we Richard I. Smith excludes any foundation, masonry, or general contract we Richard I. Smith accessories are supplied if required. Certification specifically It is the responsibility of the owner to determine if wind lock windows and louvers are not structural components of the building. component parts as furnished by the Metal Building Manufacturer, Doors, This Letter of Certification applies solely to the building and its

102 Main Street Ste#212 **bE##32#1**

Lagrange, Georgia Ph: (706) 888-4874

ATE OF JOHN ATE OF WHITE T ORAY "minum

WIMAX3 ENIME FILE COPY

ompliance Code

TOL gecelved ?

By Richard T Smith at 3:20 pm, Jun 08, 2011 **BENIEMED**





P.O. Box 1625, Lake City, FL 32056-1625 4784 Rosselle St. • Jacksonville, FL 32254 Lake City • (386) 755-360 Fax • (386) 752-54!

Jacksonville • (904) 381-890 Fax • (904) 381-890

29597

JOB NO .: 11-288 DATE TESTED: 8-11-11

REPORT OF IN-PLACE DENSITY TEST

AS	TM METHOD:(D-2922) Nucle	ar	([0-2937) Driv	e Cylinder		Other
PRC	JECT: Warehouse a Ring Power In	d. Park			/-		
CLIE	NT: Global Immorations						
GEN	ERAL CONTRACTOR: SAC	EARTHW	ORK CON	ITRACTOR:	SAC		
SOIL	USE (SEE NOTE):	SPECIFIC	ATION R	EQUIREMEN	NTS: 95%		
TEC	HNICIAN: C. Day						
MOE	DIFIED (ASTM D-1557):	STANDAR	D (ASTM	D-698):			
TEST NO.	* North Warehouse * TEST LOCATION	TEST:DEPTHELEVLIFT	PROCTOR NO.	WET DENS. LBS.CU.FT.	DRY DENS. LBS.CU.FT.	MOIST PERCENT	% MAX. DENS.
IA	South Englesion Wall Footing - 17'W.	19	1	117.5	108.5	8.3	97
	of S. E. Corner						
2A	Ded Column footing pad from S. E. Corner	12"	- 1	115.5	107.6	7.3	96
	going west along S. centerin wall						
3 A	Went ceptinion wall pooting - 20 D.	12"	1	117.9	107.5	9.7	96
	from S.W. Comes)					
4	@ 1st Colsemn feating pad from N.W. Corner	12"	1	118.2	108.4	9.0	97
	of North cepterion wall footing going east	-					
女	East contenier wall footing - 12' S. from	10	193 2	1090		13.0	97
	N.E. Cernen		1	123.2	109.0		
REMA	ARKS: 1A; DA, 3A = Retents Rocom 8-10-	11					
	OCTOR NO. SOIL DESCRIPTION			PROCTOF	R VALUE	OPT	MOIST.
				110	. 0	11.0	
						IN IN	
NOTE	1 Building Fill 2 Trench Bookfill 2 Page Course 4 Cubb (Cub						

ackfill 3. Base Course 4. Subbase/Stabilized Subgrade 5. Embankment 6. Subgrade/Natural Soil 7. Other The test results presented in this report are specific only to the samples tested at the time of testing. The tests were performed in accordance with generally accepted methods and standards. Since material conditions can vary between test location and change with time, sound judgemen should be exercised with regard to the use and interpretation of the data.

New Construction Subterranean Termite Service Record

This form is completed by the licensed Pest Control Company.

OMB Approval No. 2502-052! (exp. 02/29/2012

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. This information is required to obtain benefits. HUD may not collect this information, and you are not required to complete this form, unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Section 24 CFR 200.926d(b)(3) requires that the sites for HUD insured structures must be free of termite hazards. This information collection requires the builder to certify that an authorized Pest Control company performed all required treatment for termites, and that the builder guarantees the treated area against infestation for one year. Builders, pest control companies, mortgage lenders, homebuyers, and HUD as a record of treatment for specific homes will use the information collected. The information is not considered confidential, therefore, no assurance of confidentiality is provided.

This report is submitted for informational purposes to the builder on proposed (new) construction cases when treatment for prevention of subterranean termite infestation is specified by the builder, architect, or required by the lender, architect, FHA, or VA.

All contracts for services are between the Pest Control Company and builder, unless stated otherwise.

ection 1: General Information (Pest Control Company Information)	
Barrier Break Barriagh Sec.	
Company Name Aspen Pest Control, Inc.	
Company Address P.O. Box 1785	City Lake City State FL Zin 32056
Company Business License No.	Company Phone No. 386-755-3611
FHA/VA Case No. (if any)	
ection 2: Builder Information	
Company Name Aaron Nickelson	Phone No. <u>967-3534</u>
ection 3: Property Information	
Location of Structure(s) Treated (Street Address or Legal Description, City, S	State and Zip) Global Innovations LLC
ection 4: Service Information	
Date(s) of Service(s)	
Type of Construction (More than one box may be checked)	D Bossmant D Count D Others
7	
Check all that apply:	
A. Soil Applied Liquid Termiticide	la \$3973-6
A. Soil Applied Liquid Termiticide Brand Name of Termiticide: Max X-Thou FC EPA Registration N	No. 83973-6
A. Soil Applied Liquid Termiticide Brand Name of Termiticide: Approx. Dilution (%): Approx. Total Gallons Mix Applied:	No. <u>83973-6</u> Treatment completed on exterior: Yes N
A. Soil Applied Liquid Termiticide Brand Name of Termiticide: Approx. Dilution (%): Approx. Total Gallons Mix Applied:	Treatment completed on exterior: Yes N
A. Soil Applied Liquid Termiticide Brand Name of Termiticide: Approx. Dilution (%): B. Wood Applied Liquid Termiticide Brand Name of Termiticide:	Treatment completed on exterior: Yes N EPA Registration No.
A. Soil Applied Liquid Termiticide Brand Name of Termiticide: Approx. Dilution (%): B. Wood Applied Liquid Termiticide Brand Name of Termiticide: Approx. Total Gallons Mix Applied: Approx. Dilution (%): Approx. Total Gallons Mix Applied:	Treatment completed on exterior: Yes N EPA Registration No.
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A. Soil Applied Liquid Termiticide Brand Name of Termiticide: Approx. Dilution (%): B. Wood Applied Liquid Termiticide Brand Name of Termiticide: Approx. Dilution (%): Approx. Total Gallons Mix Applied: Approx. Dilution (%): C. Bait System Installed Name of System EPA Registration N	Treatment completed on exterior: Yes N EPA Registration No.
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A. Soil Applied Liquid Termiticide Brand Name of Termiticide: Approx. Dilution (%): B. Wood Applied Liquid Termiticide Brand Name of Termiticide: Approx. Dilution (%): Approx. Total Gallons Mix Applied: Approx. Dilution (%): Approx. Total Gallons Mix Applied: Approx. Dilution (%): Approx. Total Gallons Mix Applied: C. Bait System Installed Name of System EPA Registration N D. Physical Barrier System Installed Name of System Attach installation in	Treatment completed on exterior: Yes No PARegistration No No Number of Stations Installed Information (required)
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A. Soil Applied Liquid Termiticide Brand Name of Termiticide: Approx. Dilution (%): B. Wood Applied Liquid Termiticide Brand Name of Termiticide: Approx. Dilution (%): Approx. Total Gallons Mix Applied: Approx. Dilution (%): Approx. Total Gallons Mix Applied: Approx. Dilution (%): Approx. Total Gallons Mix Applied: Approx. Total Gallons Mix Applied: Approx. Dilution (%): Approx. Total Gallons Mix Applied: Approx. Total Gallons Mix A	Treatment completed on exterior: Yes No. EPA Registration No. No. No. Number of Stations Installed information (required) does not preempt state law. Certification No. (if required by State law)

Warning: HUD will prosecute false claims and statements. Conviction may result in criminal and/or civil penalties. (18 U.S.C. 1001, 1010. 1012; 31 U.S.C. 3729, 3802)



COLUMBIA COUNTY FIRE RESCUE

P.O. BOX 1529 Lake City, Florida 32056 Office (386) 754-7071 Fax (386) 754-7064

Division Chief David L. Boozer

18 July 2011

TO:

Troy Crews

Columbia County Building and Zoning

FROM:

David L. Boozer

Division Chief / Fire Marshal

RE:

Global Innovations L.L.C

Buildings 1 & 2

Application # 1106-50

A plan review was performed of the proposed construction of Buildings 1 & 2 for Global Innovations L.L.C. in Lake City, Florida. These buildings were classified under Chapter 42, Storage, of the Florida Fire Prevention Code, 2007 Edition. The following additions have been made to the provided plans and I recommend approval.

Building 1 (classified as High Hazard occupancy due to storage of Class B Materials)

- Building Address
 - New and existing buildings shall have approved address numbers placed in a position to be plainly legible and visible from the street or road, in contrast with their background. At the minimum, numbers shall be not less than 3 inches in height for residential buildings and at least 6 inches in height for all other buildings. NFPA 1:10.13.1.1 & NFPA 1:10.13.1.2
- Means of Egress
 - Where the contents are classified as high hazard, exists shall be provided and arranged to allow occupants to escape from the building or structure, or from the hazardous area thereof, to the outside or to a place of safety with a travel distance of not more than 75 ft. measured as required in NFPA101:42.2.6, Maximum Travel Distance
- Portable Fire Extinguishers
 - Portable fire extinguishers requires a license or permit of organizations and individuals who service, recharge, test, mark, inspect, install, or hydro test fire



- extinguishers. It will be necessary to use a Licensed Fire Extinguisher Contractor for identifying the location and type of extinguisher to use. FSS 633.061
- Minimum 20ABC rated extinguisher shall be located in egress path with not more than 50-foot travel distance, NFPA 10.6.3.1.1
- Mounted on brackets or in cabinets, with top not more than 5 feet above floor, and bottom not less than 4" above floor. (less than 40 lbs) NFPA 1:13.6.3.7 & NFPA 1:13.6.3.10
- All portable fire extinguishers must have a current (less than 12 months old) inspection tag by a licensed fire extinguisher contractor. FAC 69A-21.237

Light Weight Truss Marking

Florida Statute, Section 633.027, (2008) requires the owner of any commercial, industrial or multiunit residential structure of three units or more constructed of light-frame trusses, to install a symbol adopted by rule of the State Fire Marshal's Office. This rule establishes the dimensions, color, and location of the symbol to be applied to every commercial, industrial and multiunit residential structure of three units or more constructed of light-frame trusses.

It is understood that there are future plans to create an office space to be located with-in the proposed building 1. When and should this take place, an additional permit will need to be filed and a plan review conducted of the proposed changes in relation to building classification, means of egress and possible fire separations.

Building 2 (classified as Ordinary Hazard Occupancy)

Building Address

New and existing buildings shall have approved address numbers placed in a position to be plainly legible and visible from the street or road, in contrast with their background. At the minimum, numbers shall be not less than 3 inches in height for residential buildings and at least 6 inches in height for all other buildings. NFPA 1:10.13.1.1 & NFPA 1:10.13.1.2

Portable Fire Extinguishers

- Portable fire extinguishers requires a license or permit of organizations and individuals who service, recharge, test, mark, inspect, install, or hydro test fire extinguishers. It will be necessary to use a Licensed Fire Extinguisher Contractor for identifying the location and type of extinguisher to use. FSS 633.061
- Minimum 2A rated extinguisher shall be located in egress path with not more than 75-foot travel distance. Additional extinguishers of B rating may be required if flammable or combustible liquids are present. Class C rated extinguishers are required whenever fires may involve energized electrical equipment. NFPA 1:13.6
- Mounted on brackets or in cabinets, with top not more than 5 feet above floor, and bottom not less than 4" above floor. (less than 40 lbs) NFPA 1:13.6.3.7 & NFPA 1:13.6.3.10
- All portable fire extinguishers must have a current (less than 12 months old) inspection tag by a licensed fire extinguisher contractor. FAC 69A-21.237

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It is understood that the roofing material to be stored is this building has a Class A Fire Rating, need documentation of said roofing material indicating it's Fire Residence Rating. In addition, it is understood that a rack system will be used for storage of material. Request a layout of proposed shelving.

Should you require any additional information, please feel free to contact my office.

Sincerely,

David L. Boozer

David L. Boger

COLUMBIA COUNTY 9-1-1 ADDRESSING

P. O. Box 1787, Lake City, FL 32056-1787 PHONE: (386) 758-1125 * FAX: (386) 758-1365 * Email: ron_croft@columbiacountyfla.com

Addressing Maintenance

To maintain the Countywide Addressing Policy you must make application for a 9-1-1 Address at the time you apply for a building permit. The established standards for assigning and posting numbers to all principal buildings, dwellings, businesses and industries are contained in Columbia County Ordinance 2001-9. The addressing system is to enable Emergency Service Agencies to locate you in an emergency, and to assist the United States Postal Service and the public in the timely and efficient provision of services to residents and businesses of Columbia County.

DATE REQUESTED:

6/27/2011

DATE ISSUED:

7/1/2011

ENHANCED 9-1-1 ADDRESS:

184

SW RING

CT

LAKE CITY

FL 32025

PROPERTY APPRAISER PARCEL NUMBER:

19-4S-17-08558-109

Remarks:

1ST OF TWO NEW PROPOSED STRUCTURES ON PARCEL.

Address Issued By: SIGNED: / RONAL N. CROFT

Columbia County 9-1-1 Addressing / GIS Department

NOTICE: THIS ADDRESS WAS ISSUED BASED ON LOCATION INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM THE REQUESTER. SHOULD, AT A LATER DATE, THE LOCATION INFORMATION BE FOUND TO BE IN ERROR, THIS ADDRESS IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE.





STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

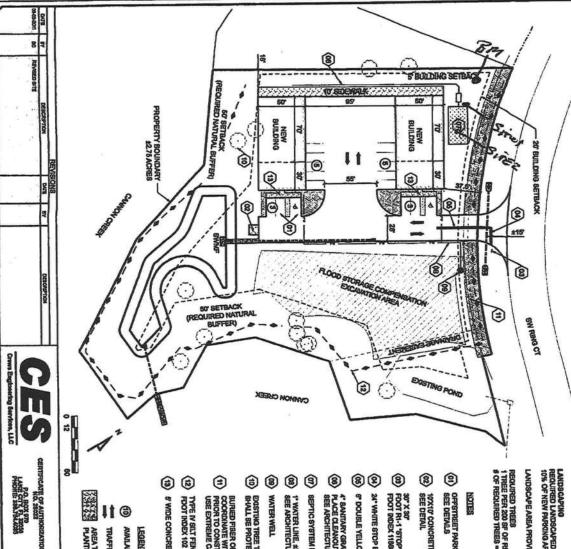
APPLICATION FOR ONSITE SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION PERMIT

						Permit A	pplication N	iumber _	11-00	10
					SITE PLA	N				
le: Each block r	epresents 5	feet and 1	inch = 50	leet.						
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ALL CHANGES MUST BE APPROVED BY THE COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT

11-0090

MATRIAL



LANDSCAPING
REQUIRED LANDSCAPED AREA:
10% OF NEW PARKING AREA = 13,975 SF • 10% = 1,388 SF LANDSCAPE AREA PROVIDED = +2,000 SF REQUIRED TREES 1 TREE PER 200 SF OF REQUIRED LANDSCAPED AREA \$ OF REQUIRED TREES = 1,389 / 200 = 7 TREES

OFFSTREET PARKING (T.Y.P) SEE DETAILS

10'X10' CONCRETE DUMPSTER PAD SEE DETAIL

50" X 30" FDOT R1-1 "STOP" SIGN FDOT INDEX 11860 AND 1

17302

(M) 24" WHITE STOP BAR

& DONBLE AETTOM

4" BANTARY GRAVITY, PLACE CLEANOUTS AS REQUIRED SEE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR CONTINUATION

SEPTIC SYSTEM LOCATION

1" WATER LINE, ±270 LF SEE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR CONTINUATION

EDISTING TREE TO REMAIN (TYP) SHALL BE PROTECTED DURING CONSTRUCTION

BURIED FIBER OPTIC CABLE COORDINATE WITH PROVIDER PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION USE EXTREME CAUTION

TYPE IV SILT FENCE, \$1,100 LF FDOT INDEX 102

8 WIDE CONCRETE SIDEWALK

AVAILABLE PARKKING SPACES

TRAFFIC FLOW

AREA TO BE LANDSCAPED WITH GRASS, PLANTS, SHRUBS AND/OR TREES

LAND USE AND ZONING

FUTURE LAND USE: COMMERCIAL ZONING: COMMERCIAL HIGHWAY INTERCHANGE

DEVELOPMENT DATA TOTAL SITE AREA = 119,288 SF = 2,74 ACRES EXISTING CONDITIONS IMPERVIOUS AREAS

PROPOSED CONDITIONS IMPERVIOUS AREAS BUILDING (MEW) = 10,000 SF ASPHALT PAVEALENT (MEW) = 17,900 SF CONCRETE PAVEALENT (NEW) = 2,200 SF

TOTAL IMPERVIOUS AREA = 30,100 SF (25.23% SITE AREA)

FAR = 10,000 SF / 119,255 SF = 0.083

MINIMUM BUILDWRGYARD 8ETBACKS PER LDR FRONT YARD = 20' SIDE YARD = 5' MEAR YARD = 16"

PARKING CALCHLAYDAB COMMERCIAL SERVICE (SKOWROOM): 1 SPACE PER 150 SF NON-STORVAGE FLOOR AREA REQUIRED PARVING = 1000 SF / 150 = 7 SPACES

OFFICE SPACE: 1 SPACES PER 500 SF OF FLOOR AREA REQUIRED PARKING = 2,000 SF / 500 = 4 SPACES

WAREHOUSING AND STORAGE: 1 8PACE PER 1,500 SP OF FLOOR AREA REQUIRED PARKING = 7,000 SF / 1500 = 5 SPACES

PER 25 REQUIRED SPACES = 1 SPACE

TANDARD PARKING PROVIDED = 14 SPACES \CCESSIBLE PARKING PROVIDED = 2 SPACE

BOUNDARY AND TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY
THE BOUNDARY AND TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY INFORMATION
THE BOUNDARY AND TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY BY BRITT
SHOWN IN THESE PLANS IS BASED ON A SURVEY BY BRITT
SURVEYING AND ACCOCATES, INC., LB 7893

ELEVATIONS BASED ON NAVD 86 DATUM

MATER SERVICE: TO BE PROVIDED BY PRIVATE WELL, DESIGN AND PERMITTED BY OTHERS

WASTEWATER SERVICE: TO BE PROVIDED BY PRIVATE ON-SITE SEPTIC SYSTEM, DESIGNED AND PERMITTED BY OTHERS

ELECTRIC SERVICE: PROVIDED BY CONNECTION TO CLAY ELECTRIC FACILITIES

DRAINAGE THE PROPOSED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM IS DESIGNED TO THE PROPOSED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM IS DESIGNED TO

SITS	SITE PLAN	Westowen In
2010-008	GLOBAL INNOVATION, LLC COMMERCIAL SITE	BC

.VCAD/site.dgn 6/2/2011 2:55:02 PM



BRITT SURVEYING & ASSOCIATES

830 West Duval Street • Lake City, FL 32055 Phone (386) 752-7163 • Fax (386) 752-5573

L-21158

12\05\2011

C/o Isaac Construction

Re: Lot 9 Cannon Creek Center

To Whom It May Concern:

The elevation of the South buildings finished floor is found to be 81.33 feet. The minimum floor elevation is 81.30 feet per the building plans. The lowest adjacent ground elevation is 77.54 feet and the highest adjacent grade is 81.22 feet. All elevations shown hereon are based on the plat of record, which is NAVD 88.

The elevation of the North buildings finished floor is found to be 79.80 feet. The minimum floor elevation is 79.80 feet per the building plans. The lowest adjacent ground elevation is 77.20 feet and the highest adjacent grade is 79.80 feet. All elevations shown hereon are based on the plat of record, which is NAVD 88.

L. Scott Britt PLS 5757

The Stoy of Stellar Man All Month of Grance
2 BUDGS ON PARCE Columbia County Building Permit Application TO 110 2001 10 110
For Office Use Only Application # 1106-56-A Date of 125 - 6/25 - 6/25
Zoning Official But Date 3 Av6 201 Flood Zone Land Use I Zoning ILW
FEMA Map # 0382 Elevation 75.26 MFE 77.8 River Creek Plans Examiner 7.C. Date 7-20-11
Comments SDP 1/-02 Stevention Conference Letter Regard Pending Soil borings 6 K
Well letter (1911 Shoot D
Letter of Auth. from Contractor DEW Comp. Letter
Corr Ruinby Earn Ruinbolt
Septic Permit No. 11-0290 = TOTAL (Suspended) - App Fee Paid Skowran
Fax 390.719.070
Name Authorized Person Signing Permit Aaron Nickelson Phone 386-867-3534
- 120 SW COMMERCE Drive Ste 130 lake (1)
owners name Global Innovation L/C
THAT I IS TO THE COURT Lake City, If 7 200
Contractors Name Acron Morc Company, ANON NICHELON Phone 386-867-3534
Address P.O. Box 304 Lake City, FC 32056
Fee Simple Owner Name & Address Colobs T
Fee Simple Owner Name & Address Global Innovation, CCC / 4965W Ring 4 132025 Bonding Co. Name & Address N/A
Architect/Engineer Name & Address Vicholas D (1 1 2 CO)
Architect/Engineer Name & Address Nicholas P. Giesler 1758NW Brown Rd. Lake City, FC 3265 Mortgage Lenders Name & Address N/A
Circle the correct power company – FL Power & Light — Clay Elec. – Suwannee Valley Elec. – Progress Energy
Property ID Number 19 - 45-12 - 00500 100
Property ID Number 19 - 45 - 17 - 08558 - 109 Estimated Cost of Construction 110,000
SUBDIVISION Name Cannon Good CTR
Driving Directions Hwy 47 South to Ring (T turn Right, Property on Left.
3 TO MATY ON LOT.
Number of E. t. U.
Construction of Warehouse #1 dosest & R/ Total A O
Do you need a - Culvert Permit or Culvert Waiver or Have an Existing Drive Total Building Height 25'
Actual Distance of Structure from Property Lines 5 and 30 and 10
Actual Distance of Structure from Property Lines - Front 37.5 Side 28 Side 160 Rear 80
Total Floor Area Total Floor Area
installation has commenced prior to the issuance of a permit and that all work be performed to meet the standards
Page 1 of 2 (Both Pages must be submitted together.) Revised 1.14

0,k# 2774

NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT Clerk's Office Stamp Tax Parcel Identification Number: 1201112009744 Date:6/27/2011 Time:4:15 PM DC,P.DeWitt Cason,Columbia County Page 1 of 1 B:1217 P:91 19-4s-17-08558-109 THE UNDERSIGNED hereby gives notice that improvements will be made to certain real property, and in accordance with Section 713.13 of the Florida Statutes, the following information is provided in this NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT. 1. Description of property (legal description): Lot 9 Cannon Creek Center a) Street (job) Address: SW Ring Court, Lake City, FL 32025 2. General description of improvements: Construction of a Warehouse 3. Owner Information a) Name and address: Global Innovation, LLC - 496 SW Ring Court, Lake City, FL 32025 b) Name and address of fee simple titleholder (if other than owner) c) Interest in property Fee Simple 4. Contractor Information a) Name and address: Aaron Marc Company - P.O. Box 304, Lake City, FL 32056 b) Telephone No.: 386-487-1240 Fax No. (Opt.) 5. Surety Information a) Name and address: N/A b) Amount of Bond: c) Telephone No.: Fax No. (Opt.) 6. Lender a) Name and address: N/A b) Phone No. Identity of person within the State of Florida designated by owner upon whom notices or other documents may be served: a) Name and address: Aaron Nickelson - P.O. Box 304, Lake City, FL 32056 b) Telephone No.: (386) 867-3534 Fax No. (Opt.) 8. In addition to himself, owner designates the following person to receive a copy of the Lienor's Notice as provided in Section 713.13(I)(b), Florida Statutes: a) Name and address: _ b) Telephone No.: 9. Expiration date of Notice of Commencement (the expiration date is one year from the date of recording unless a different date WARNING TO OWNER: ANY PAYMENTS MADE BY THE OWNER AFTER THE EXPIRATION OF THE NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT ARE CONSIDERED IMPROPER PAYMENTS UNDER CHAPTER 713, PART I, SECTION 713.13, FLORIDA STATUTES, AND CAN RESULT IN YOUR PAYING TWICE FOR IMPROVEMENTS TO YOUR PROPERTY; A NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT MUST BE DECORDED AND POSTED ON THE JOB SITE BEFORE THE FIRST INSPECTION. IF YOU INTEND TO OBTAIN FINANCING, CONSULT YOUR LENDER OF AN ATTORNEY BEFORE COMMENCING WORK OR RECORDING YOUR NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT. STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF COLUMBIA Signature of O or Owner's Authorized Office/Director/Partner/Manager Printed Name The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me, a Florida Notary, this 21st ____ day of June President _ (type of authority, e.g. officer, trustee, attorney fact) for Global Innovation, LLF ___ (name of party on behalf of whom instrument was executed). Personally Known X OR Produced Identification TONI RICARD Commission DD 761464 Notary Signature Notary Stamp or Seal: Expires February 24, 2012 ed Thru Troy Fein Insurance 800-385-7019 11. Verification pursuant to Section 92.525, Florida Statutes. Under penalties of perjury, I degare that I have read the foregoing and that the facts stated in it are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature of Natural Person Signing (in line #10 above.)

Columbia County Building Permit Application

TIME LIMITATIONS OF APPLICATION: An application for a permit for any proposed work shall be deemed to have been abandoned 180 days after the date of filing, unless such application has been pursued in good faith or a permit has been issued; except that the building official is authorized to grant one or more extensions of time for additional periods not exceeding 90 days each. The extension shall be requested in writing and justifiable cause demonstrated.

<u>TIME LIMITATIONS OF PERMITS:</u> Every permit issued shall become invalid unless the work authorized by such permit is commenced within 180 days after its issuance, or if the work authorized by such permit is suspended or abandoned for a period of 180 days after the time work is commenced. A valid permit receives an approved inspection every 180 days. Work shall be considered not suspended, abandoned or invalid when the permit has received an approved inspection within 180 days of the previous approved inspection.

FLORIDA'S CONSTRUCTION LIEN LAW: Protect Yourself and Your Investment: According to Florida Law, those who work on your property or provide materials, and are not paid-in-full, have a right to enforce their claim for payment against your property. This claim is known as a construction lien. If your contractor fails to pay subcontractors or material suppliers or neglects to make other legally required payments, the people who are owed money may look to your property for payment, even if you have paid your contractor in full. This means if a lien is filed against your property, it could be sold against your will to pay for labor, materials or other services which your contractor may have failed to pay.

NOTICE OF RESPONSIBILITY TO BUILDING PERMITEE: YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED as the recipient of a building permit from Columbia County, Florida, you will be held responsible to the County for any damage to sidewalks and/or road curbs and gutters, concrete features and structures, together with damage to drainage facilities, removal of sod, major changes to lot grades that result in ponding of water, or other damage to roadway and other public infrastructure facilities caused by you or your contractor, subcontractors, agents or representatives in the construction and/or improvement of the building and lot for which this permit is issued. No certificate of occupancy will be issued until all corrective work to these public infrastructures and facilities has been corrected.

<u>WARNING TO OWNER:</u> YOUR FAILURE TO RECORD A NOTICE OF COMMENCMENT MAY RESULT IN YOU PAYING TWICE FOR IMPROVEMENTS TO YOUR PROPERTY. A NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT MUST BE RECORDED AND POSTED ON THE JOB SITE BEFORE THE FIRST INSPECTION. IF YOU INTEND TO OBTAIN FINANCING, CONSULT WITH YOUR LENDER OR ATTORNEY BEFORE RECORDING YOUR NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT.

OWNERS CERTIFICATION: I CERTIFY THAT ALL THE FOREGOING INFORMATION IS ACCURATE AND THAT ALL WORK WILL BE DONE IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING CONSTRUCTION AND ZONING.

<u>NOTICE TO OWNER:</u> There are some properties that may have deed restrictions recorded upon them. These restrictions may limit or prohibit the work applied for in your building permit. You must verify if your property is encumbered by any restrictions or face possible litigation and or fines.

Owners Signature

**OWNER BUILDERS MUST PERSONALLY APPEAR AND SIGN THE BUILDING PERMIT.

CONTRACTORS AFFIDAVIT: By my signature I understand and agree that I have informed and provided this written statement to the owner of all the above written responsibilities in Columbia County for obtaining this Building Permit including all application and permit time limitations.

Contractor's License Number CBC 1258040

Columbia County

Competency Card Number

Affirmed under penalty of perjury to by the Contractor and subscribed before me this 23 day of June 2011.

Personally known by or Produced Identification

TON ROAD

State of Florida Notary Signature (For the Contractor)

Commission DD 761464

Expires February 24, 2012 Bonded Thru Troy Fain Insurance 800-385-7019

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF STATE DIVISION OF CORPORATIONS

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Detail by Entity Name

Florida Limited Liability Company

GLOBAL INNOVATION, LLC

Filing Information

Document Number L06000090233

FEI/EIN Number

205588326

Date Filed

09/13/2006

State

FL

Status

ACTIVE

Principal Address

496 SW RING COURT LAKE CITY FL 32025 US

Changed 05/03/2007

Mailing Address

496 SW RING COURT LAKE CITY FL 32025 US

Changed 01/08/2008

Registered Agent Name & Address

HUBER, ABRAM B MR. 496 SW RING COURT

LAKE CITY FL 32025 US

Name Changed: 05/03/2007

Address Changed: 05/03/2007

Manager/Member Detail

Name & Address

Title MR

HUBER, ABRAM B OWNER 496 SW RING COURT LAKE CITY FL 32025 US

Annual Reports

Report Year Filed Date

2009 01/16/2009 2010 06/15/2010 2011 01/04/2011

Columbia County Property Appraiser DB Last Updated: 6/22/2011

Parcel: 19-4S-17-08558-109

<< Next Lower Parcel Next Higher Parcel >>

Owner & Property Info

Owner's Name	GLOBAL INNOVATION LLC						
Mailing Address	P O BOX 932 LAKE CITY, FL	P O BOX 932 LAKE CITY, FL 32056					
Site Address	CANNON CREE	CANNON CREEK CENTER					
Use Desc.	VACANT COM	VACANT COM (001000)					
Tax District	2 (County)	2 (County) Neighborhood 19					
Land Area	2.750 ACRES						
Description	NOTE: This desc Description for the	NOTE: This description is not to be used as the Legal Description for this parcel in any legal transaction.					
LOT 9 CANNON CREEK 41.79 FT, NW 314.73 FT	CENTER S/D EX BEG N	E COR LOT 9, RUN SW 286.58 FT, S 924-686, WD 990-490, WD 1149-125	E 82 58 FT SE				

Property & Assessment Values

2010 Certified Values		
Mkt Land Value	cnt: (0)	\$185,625.00
Ag Land Value	cnt: (1)	\$0.00
Building Value	cnt: (0)	\$0.00
XFOB Value	cnt: (0)	\$0.00
Total Appraised Value		\$185,625.00
Just Value		\$185,625.00
Class Value		\$0.00
Assessed Value		\$185,625.00
Exempt Value		\$0.00
Total Taxable Value	Other	Cnty: \$185,625 : \$185,625 Schl: \$185,625

2010 Tax Year

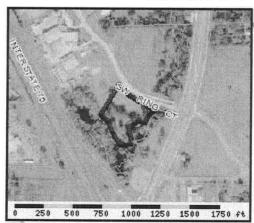
Tax Collector Tax Estimator

Property Card

Parcel List Generator

Interactive GIS Map Print

Search Result: 1 of 1



2011 Working Values

NOTE:

2011 Working Values are NOT certified values and therefore are subject to change before being finalized for ad valorem assessment purposes.

Show Working Values

Sales History

Show Similar Sales within 1/2 mile

Sale Date	OR Book/Page	OR Code	Vacant / Improved	Qualified Sale	Sale RCode	Sale Price
4/30/2008	1149/1257	WD	V	U	03	\$315,000.00
7/25/2003	990/490	WD	V	Q		\$135,000.00
4/10/2001	924/686	WD	V	Q		\$114,900.00
8/16/1999	886/2254	WD	٧	Q		\$85,400.00

Building Characteristics

Bldg Item	Bldg Desc	Year Bit	Ext. Walls	Heated S.F.	Actual S.F.	Bldg Value
			NONE			

Extra Features & Out Buildings

Code	Desc	Year Blt	Value	Units	Dims	Condition (% Good)
				NONE		

Land Breakdown

Lnd Code	Desc	Units	Adjustments	Eff Rate	Lnd Value

