



Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 section 6.3
These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

RE: 1865-A - New Builder

MiTek, Inc.

16023 Swingley Ridge Rd.
Chesterfield, MO 63017
314.434.1200

Site Information:

Customer Info: Nic Tyre Project Name: New Build Model: .
Lot/Block: . Subdivision: .
Address: ., .
City: . State: FL

Name Address and License # of Structural Engineer of Record, If there is one, for the building.

Name: License #:
Address:
City: State:

General Truss Engineering Criteria & Design Loads (Individual Truss Design Drawings Show Special Loading Conditions):

Design Code: FBC2023/TPI2014 Design Program: MiTek 20/20 8.8
Wind Code: ASCE 7-22 Wind Speed: 140 mph
Roof Load: 40.0 psf Floor Load: N/A psf

This package includes 1 individual, Truss Design Drawings and 0 Additional Drawings.

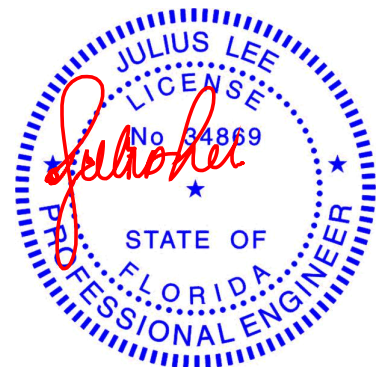
With my seal affixed to this sheet, I hereby certify that I am the Truss Design Engineer and this index sheet conforms to 61G15-31.003, section 5 of the Florida Board of Professional Engineers Rules.

No.	Seal#	Truss Name	Date
1	T36863919	T1	4/2/25

The truss drawing(s) referenced above have been prepared by MiTek USA, Inc.
under my direct supervision based on the parameters
provided by 19 Lumber, Inc..

Truss Design Engineer's Name: Lee, Julius
My license renewal date for the state of Florida is February 28, 2027.

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



Julius Lee PE No. 34869
MiTek Inc. DBA MiTek USA FL Cert 6634
16023 Swingley Ridge Rd. Chesterfield, MO 63017
Date:

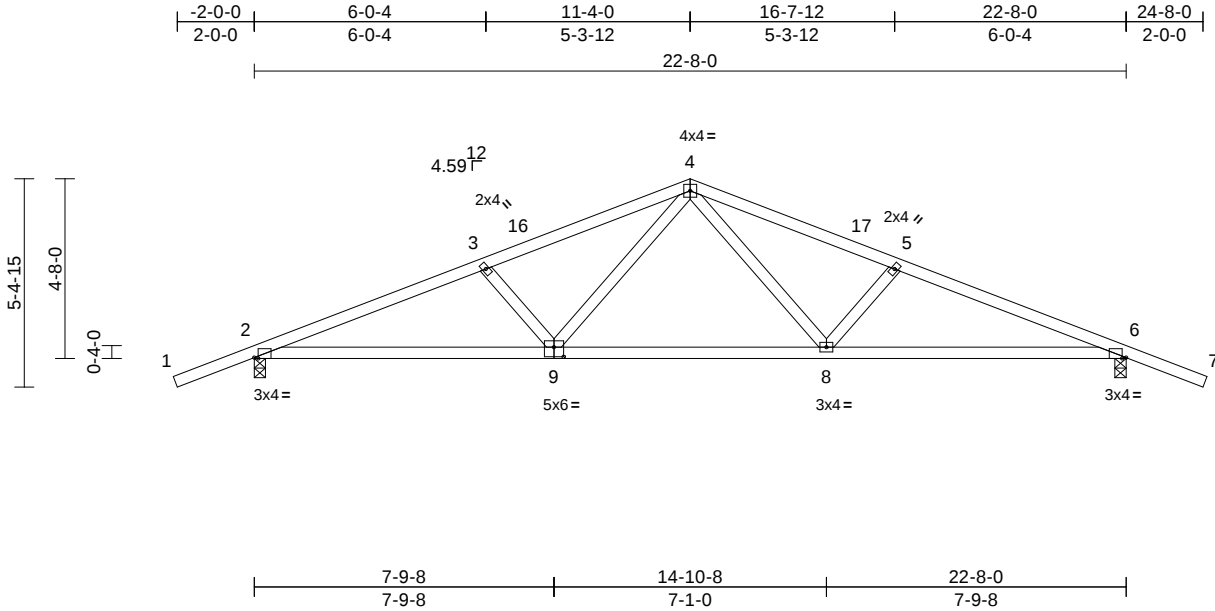
April 2, 2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	New Builder
1865-A	T1	COMMON	1	1	Job Reference (optional)
					T36863919

19 Lumber, Inc., Old Town, FL - 32680,

Run: 8.83 S Mar 20 2025 Print: 8.830 S Mar 20 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Apr 01 14:04:51
ID:edUrYxMKZQfHY0Hj_LqXsSzVSdj-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



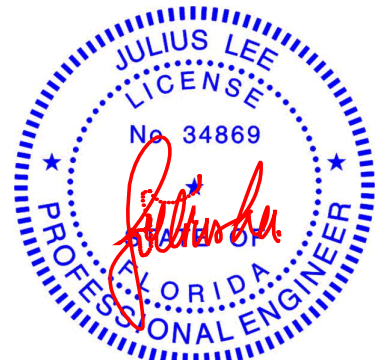
Scale = 1:59.9									
Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-1-4,Edge], [6:0-1-4,Edge], [9:0-3-0,0-3-0]									
Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC	0.38	Vert(LL)	0.10	9-12	>999
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC	0.65	Vert(CT)	-0.21	9-12	>999
BCLL	0.0*	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.14	Horz(CT)	0.05	6	n/a
BCDL	10.0	Code	FBC2023/TPI2014	Matrix-MS					n/a
						PLATES		GRIP	
						MT20		244/190	
						Weight: 101 lb		FT = 20%	

LUMBER	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.2
BRACING	
TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-11-10 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-11-6 oc bracing.
REACTIONS (size)	
2=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8	
Max Horiz 2=134 (LC 16)	
Max Uplift 2=484 (LC 8), 6=484 (LC 9)	
Max Grav 2=1030 (LC 1), 6=1030 (LC 1)	
FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension	
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/44, 2-3=-1888/813, 3-4=-1676/739, 4-5=-1676/738, 5-6=-1888/813, 6-7=0/44	
BOT CHORD 2-8=-713/1731, 6-8=-661/1731	
WEBS 3-9=-367/341, 4-9=-252/565, 4-8=-253/565, 5-8=-367/341	

- NOTES**
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-22; Vult=140mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior (2) zone and C-C Zone3 -2-0-10 to 0-8-8, Zone1 0-8-8 to 11-4-0, Zone2 11-4-0 to 15-6-15, Zone1 15-6-15 to 24-8-10 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - Building Designer / Project engineer responsible for verifying applied roof live load shown covers rain loading requirements specific to the use of this truss component.
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 .
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 484 lb uplift at joint 2 and 484 lb uplift at joint 6.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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Date:

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WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

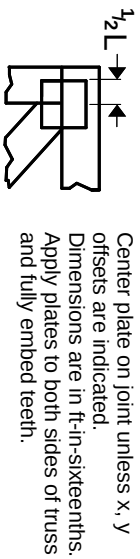
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcsccomponents.com)

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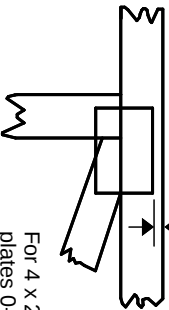
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Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



0- $\frac{1}{16}$ "



For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- $\frac{1}{16}$ " from outside edge of truss.

—
This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in MITek software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

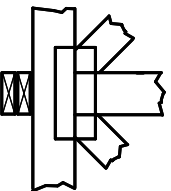
The first dimension is the plate width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated.

BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number/letter where bearings occur. Min size shown is for crushing only.

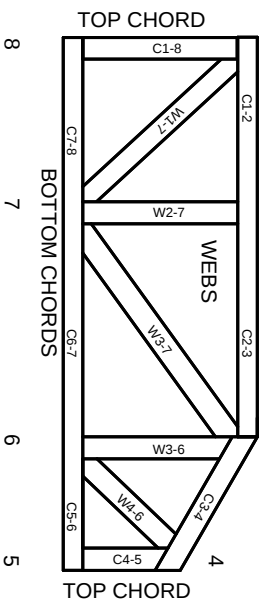
Industry Standards:

ANSI/TP1.1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-22: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCSI: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths (Drawings not to scale)

1 2 3 Joint ID typ.



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

Product Code Approvals

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1988, ESR-2362, ESR-2685, ESR-3282
ESR-4722, ESL-1388

Design General Notes

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TP1 1 section 6.3. These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

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MITek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473 rev. 1/12/2023

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI.
2. Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
3. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
4. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
5. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
6. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP1 1.
7. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP1 1.
8. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
9. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
10. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
12. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
13. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
14. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
16. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
17. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
18. Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
19. Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.
20. Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TP1 1 Quality Criteria.
21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.