



RE: HickoryCove12 - Hickory Cove 12

MiTek USA, Inc.

6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa, FL 33610-4115

Site Information:

Customer Info: SCCI Project Name: . Model: .

Lot/Block: .

Subdivision: .

Address: .,

City: LAKE CITY

State: FL

Name Address and License # of Structural Engineer of Record, If there is one, for the building.

License #:

Address:

City:

State:

General Truss Engineering Criteria & Design Loads (Individual Truss Design Drawings Show Special Loading Conditions):

Design Code: FBC2017/TPI2014

Design Program: MiTek 20/20 8.4

Wind Code: ASCE 7-10 Roof Load: 40.0 psf

Wind Speed: 130 mph

Floor Load: N/A psf

This package includes 42 individual, Truss Design Drawings and 0 Additional Drawings. With my seal affixed to this sheet, I hereby certify that I am the Truss Design Engineer and this index sheet conforms to 61G15-31.003, section 5 of the Florida Board of Professional Engineers Rules.

9 T21297616 B04 10 T21297617 C01 11 T21297618 C02 12 T21297619 C03 13 T21297620 C04 14 T21297621 C05 15 T21297622 C06 16 T21297623 C7GDR 17 T21297624 CJ01 18 T21297625 CJ02 19 T21297626 CJ03 20 T21297627 D01GE 21 T21297628 D02	Date 9/14/20	No. 23 24 25 227 228 230 331 335 337 338 340 442	Seal# T21297630 T21297631 T21297633 T21297635 T21297636 T21297637 T21297639 T21297640 T21297641 T21297642 T21297644 T21297644 T21297645 T21297645 T21297647 T21297648 T21297649	Truss Name D04 D05 G01GE G02 G3GRD H1GDR H02 H03 H04 J01 J02 J03 J04 J05 J06 J07 J08 J09 J10GR J11	Date 9/14/20 9/14/20 9/14/20 9/14/20 9/14/20 9/14/20 9/14/20 9/14/20 9/14/20 9/14/20 9/14/20 9/14/20 9/14/20 9/14/20 9/14/20 9/14/20 9/14/20 9/14/20
--	--	--	---	--	--



The truss drawing(s) referenced above have been prepared by MiTek USA, Inc. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Mayo Truss Company, Inc..

Truss Design Engineer's Name: Finn, Walter

My license renewal date for the state of Florida is February 28, 2021.

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

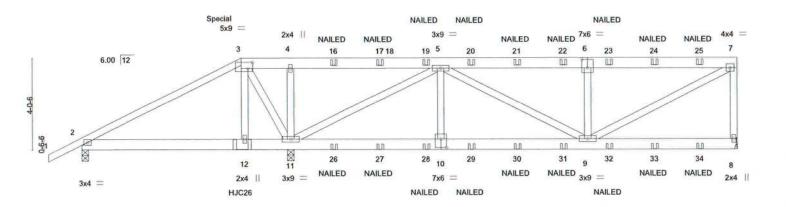


6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610

September 14,2020

Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Hickory Cove 12 T21297608 HICKORYCOVE12 A1GDR Half Hip Girder Job Reference (optional) Mayo Truss Company, Inc., Mayo, FL - 32066, 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:31 2020 Page 1 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-XYVXBlhOZWfdZ1FgC6bAlRd6_zYJ9SzSZyhOUydgco 9-1-12 28-8-0 -1-6-0 1-6-0 7-0-0 6-6-11

Scale = 1:50.7



	19	7-0-0	9-1-12	15-8-7	- 9		22-	1-5		28-8-0	1
		7-0-0	2-1-12	6-6-11			6-4-	-15	1	6-6-11	1
Plate Offse	ets (X,Y)	[3:0-2-8,0-3-4], [6:0-3-0,0	-4-8], [10:0-3-0,0-	4-8]							
LOADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC 0.27	Vert(LL)	-0.03	9-10	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC 0.25	Vert(CT)	-0.07	9-10	>999	180		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB 0.53	Horz(CT)	0.01	8	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code FBC2017/T	PI2014	Matrix-MS						Weight: 382 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

1-3: 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (size) 8=Mechanical, 2=0-3-8, 11=0-3-8

Max Horz 2=173(LC 7)

Max Uplift 8=-261(LC 5), 2=-195(LC 25), 11=-616(LC 8) Max Grav 8=1464(LC 1), 2=336(LC 13), 11=3164(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-118/403, 3-4=-161/778, 4-5=-163/781, 5-6=-1870/383, 6-7=-1870/383, 7-8=-1331/321

BOT CHORD 2-12=-334/132, 11-12=-317/131, 10-11=-305/1544, 9-10=-305/1544

3-12=-158/480, 3-11=-1084/272, 4-11=-780/269, 5-11=-2634/476, 5-10=0/514, WEBS

5-9=-71/381, 6-9=-860/405, 7-9=-372/2088

NOTES-

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc, 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

4) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=29ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 261 lb uplift at joint 8, 195 lb uplift at joint 2 and 616 lb uplift at joint 11.
- 10) Use USP HJC26 (With 16-16d nails into Girder & 10d nails into Truss) or equivalent at 7-0-6 from the left end to connect truss(es) to front face of bottom chord.

11) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

12) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0,148"x3") or 3-12d (0,148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.

No 22

No 22

No 22

Walter P. Finn PE No.2283
MiTek USA. Inc. Walter P. Finn PE No.22839

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

except end verticals.

MiTek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610 Date:

September 14,2020

Continued on page 2



Job 1	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Hickory Cove 12	
HICKORYCOVE12	A1GDR	Half Hip Girder	1	_		T21297608
A management of the process and the process					Job Reference (optional)	

Mayo Truss Company, Inc.,

Mayo, FL - 32066,

8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:32 2020 Page 2 ID:WNlugIpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-?k3vP5i0KqnUABqtmq6Pqf9HkOJn2ch7hCiFwwydgcn

13) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 324 lb down and 84 lb up at 7-0-0, and 218 lb down and 69 lb up at 9-0-12 on top chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-7=-60, 8-13=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

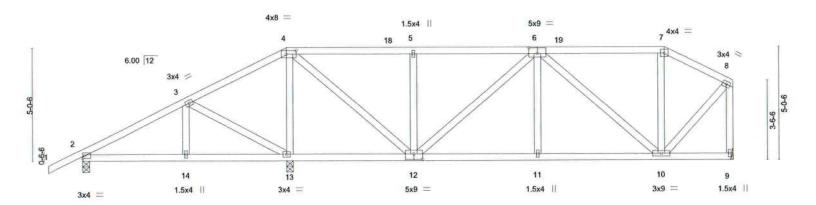
Vert: 3=-203(F) 12=-381(F) 4=-204 16=-128(F) 17=-128(F) 19=-128(F) 20=-128(F) 21=-128(F) 22=-128(F) 23=-128(F) 24=-128(F) 25=-128(F) 26=-60(F) 27=-60(F) 28=-60(F) 29=-60(F) 30=-60(F) 31=-60(F) 32=-60(F) 33=-60(F) 34=-60(F)



Truss Type Qty Hickory Cove 12 Job Truss T21297609 HICKORYCOVE12 A02 Hip 1 Job Reference (optional) 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:27 2020 Page 1 Mayo, FL - 32066, Mayo Truss Company, Inc., ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-emF0LNetVI9B4QyvzHWE7bSQtNbqNNKOXx_UFjydgcs 25-8-0 20-0-12 1-6-0

Scale = 1:51.1

3-0-0



	4	4-7-0	9-0-0	9-1-12	14-7-4	7	20-0-12	1	25-8-	-0 , 2	8-8-0
	1	4-7-0	4-5-0	0-1-12	5-5-8		5-5-8		5-7-	4	3-0-0
Plate Offse	ets (X,Y)	[4:0-5-4,0-2-0], [6:0-4-8,	0-3-0], [12:	0-4-8,0-3-0]							
LOADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC	0.28	Vert(LL)	-0.02 10-11	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC	0.30	Vert(CT)	-0.05 10-11	>999	180	6.00.000	
BCLL	0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.41	Horz(CT)	0.01 9	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code FBC2017/	TPI2014	Mat	rix-AS					Weight: 168 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

REACTIONS.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

2x4 SP No.2

(size) 2=0-3-8, 13=0-3-8, 9=Mechanical

Max Horz 2=195(LC 11)

Max Uplift 2=-97(LC 12), 13=-191(LC 12), 9=-101(LC 12) Max Grav 2=320(LC 21), 13=1348(LC 1), 9=721(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 3-4=-120/329, 4-5=-527/246, 5-6=-527/246, 6-7=-401/223, 7-8=-479/215, 8-9=-700/235

BOT CHORD 12-13=-286/185, 11-12=-242/728, 10-11=-242/728

3-13=-419/221, 4-13=-1048/423, 4-12=-303/989, 5-12=-348/203, 6-12=-292/93, WEBS

6-10=-432/123, 8-10=-169/590

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=29ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 97 lb uplift at joint 2, 191 lb uplift at joint 13 and 101 lb uplift at joint 9.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

Date:

September 14,2020

A WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

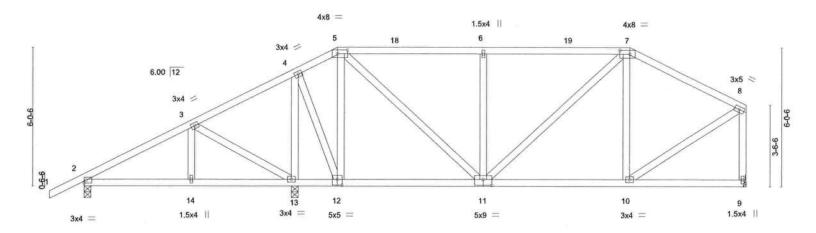
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job_k Truss Truss Type Qty Hickory Cove 12 T21297610 HICKORYCOVE12 A03 Hip Job Reference (optional) Mayo, FL - 32066, Mayo Truss Company, Inc., 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:28 2020 Page 1 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-7zpOZjfWGbH2iaW6X_2Tgp?ZdnwF6qyXmbk1n9ydgcr -1-6-0 11-0-0 17-4-0 9-1-12 23-8-0 28-8-0 1-6-0 1-10-4 6-4-0 5-0-0

Scale = 1:50,3



		4-7-14	4-5-14	1-10-4	6-4-0		6-4-	0	5-0-0		
Plate Offs	sets (X,Y)	[5:0-5-4,0-2-0], [7:0-5-4,0)-2-0], [11:0-4	-8,0-3-0], [12:0-2-	8,0-3-0]						
LOADING	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC 0.	41 Vert(LL)	-0.03 11-12	>999	240	MT20	244/190	
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC 0.	35 Vert(CT)	-0.08 11-12	>999	180	No.		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.	39 Horz(CT)	0.01 9	n/a	n/a			
BCDL	10.0	Code FBC2017/T	PI2014	Matrix-A	s				Weight: 177 lb	FT = 20%	

17-4-0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 **WEBS**

BRACING-

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

23-8-0

REACTIONS.

(size) 2=0-3-8, 13=0-3-8, 9=Mechanical

Max Horz 2=220(LC 11)

4-7-14

Max Uplift 2=-102(LC 12), 13=-183(LC 12), 9=-103(LC 12) Max Grav 2=395(LC 21), 13=1237(LC 1), 9=752(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-332/75, 5-6=-646/318, 6-7=-646/318, 7-8=-629/262, 8-9=-707/259

BOT CHORD 2-14=-178/300, 13-14=-178/300, 10-11=-172/503

WEBS 3-13=-424/219, 4-13=-972/362, 4-12=-181/716, 5-12=-589/232, 5-11=-209/648,

6-11=-432/250, 8-10=-150/577

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=29ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

11-0-0

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 102 lb uplift at joint 2, 183 lb uplift at joint 13 and 103 lb uplift at joint 9.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



28-8-0

MiTek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610

September 14,2020

🛕 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information
available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Hickory Cove 12 T21297611 HICKORYCOVE12 1 A04 Hip Job Reference (optional) Mayo Truss Company, Inc., Mayo, FL - 32066, 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:29 2020 Page 1 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-b9Nnm3g81vPvJk5l4hZiD0XihBD1rF_g?FTbJcydgcq 1-6-0 21-8-0 28-8-0 13-0-0 6-5-0 4-4-0 7-0-0

Scale = 1:51.1

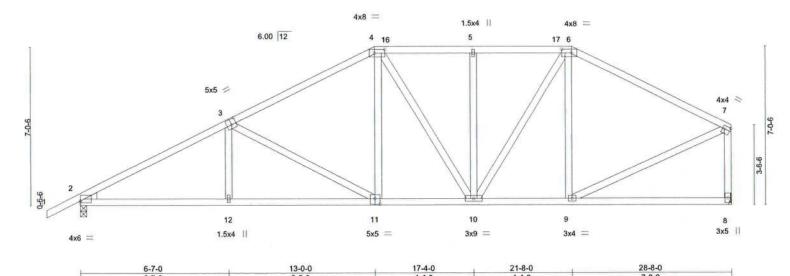


Plate Off	sets (X,Y)	[2:0-0-0,0-1-0], [3:0-2-8,0	-3-0], [4:0-5-4,0	0-2-0], [6:0-5	-4,0-2-0], [7:	Edge,0-1-12], [11:	0-2-8,0-	3-0]				
OADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC	0.51	Vert(LL)	-0.08	11-12	>999	240	MT20	244/190
CDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC	0.57	Vert(CT)	-0.18	11-12	>999	180		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.53	Horz(CT)	0.05	8	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code FBC2017/T	PI2014	Matri	x-AS	The second second					Weight: 175 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 8=Mechanical

Max Horz 2=246(LC 11)

Max Uplift 2=-226(LC 12), 8=-162(LC 12) Max Grav 2=1233(LC 1), 8=1138(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1978/648, 3-4=-1454/560, 4-5=-1158/535, 5-6=-1158/535, 6-7=-1119/437,

7-8=-1068/422

2-12=-697/1687, 11-12=-698/1684, 10-11=-435/1219, 9-10=-316/912 **BOT CHORD**

WEBS 3-11=-561/302, 4-11=-80/431, 5-10=-256/114, 6-10=-157/519, 6-9=-277/205,

7-9=-279/946

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=29ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II: Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 226 lb uplift at joint 2 and 162 lb uplift at joint 8.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

Date:

September 14,2020

🛝 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

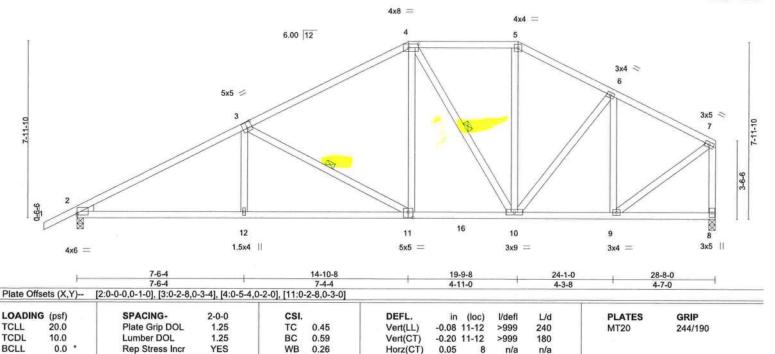
ANSI/TPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job, Truss Truss Type Qty Hickory Cove 12 T21297612 HICKORYCOVE12 A05 Hip 1 Job Reference (optional) Mayo Truss Company, Inc., Mayo, FL - 32066, 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:29 2020 Page 1 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-b9Nnm3g81vPvJk5l4hZiD0XjfBCirJlg?FTbJcydgcq 1-6-0 14-10-8

Scale = 1:52.1



BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

LUMBER-

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD**

WEBS 2x4 SP No.2 WEDGE

10.0

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS.

(size) 2=0-3-8, 8=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=269(LC 11)

Max Uplift 2=-226(LC 12), 8=-162(LC 12) Max Grav 2=1233(LC 1), 8=1138(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

Code FBC2017/TPI2014

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1951/653, 3-4=-1317/539, 4-5=-916/492, 5-6=-1082/504, 6-7=-946/392,

7-8=-1094/414

2-12=-687/1715, 11-12=-689/1713, 10-11=-374/1123, 9-10=-309/797

WEBS 3-12=0/300, 3-11=-674/360, 4-11=-97/513, 4-10=-393/125, 5-10=-74/259, 6-9=-485/261,

7-9=-327/964

NOTES-

BOT CHORD

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=29ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

Matrix-AS

Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 226 lb uplift at joint 2 and 162 lb uplift at joint 8.
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



Weight: 176 lb

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

3-11, 4-10

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt

FT = 20%

6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610

September 14,2020

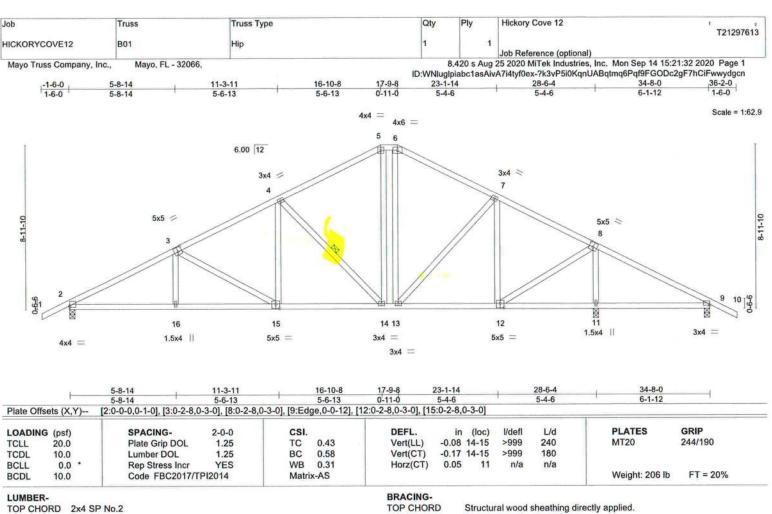


🛦 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information
available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

BOT CHORD WEBS

Rigid ceiling directly applied. 1 Row at midpt

REACTIONS.

(size) 2=0-3-8, 11=0-3-8, 9=0-3-8

Max Horz 2=-242(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-225(LC 12), 11=-201(LC 12), 9=-96(LC 12) Max Grav 2=1201(LC 1), 11=1557(LC 1), 9=258(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-3=-1921/675, 3-4=-1526/617, 4-5=-1021/519, 5-6=-841/519, 6-7=-1011/519, TOP CHORD

7-8=-875/412 8-9=-39/307

2-16=-463/1693, 15-16=-465/1691, 14-15=-282/1325, 13-14=-49/843, 12-13=-95/725 BOT CHORD WEBS

3-15=-414/224, 4-15=-52/398, 4-14=-698/341, 5-14=-128/314, 7-13=-50/262,

7-12=-492/213, 8-12=-249/1035, 8-11=-1398/556

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=35ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 225 lb uplift at joint 2, 201 lb uplift at joint 11 and 96 lb uplift at joint 9.
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



Date:

September 14,2020



A WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, eraction and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

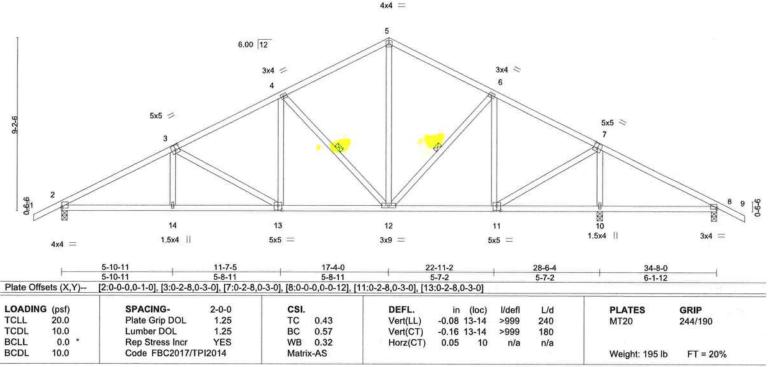
ANSITP!* Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Truss Type Job , Truss Qty Hickory Cove 12 T21297614 HICKORYCOVE12 B02 Common Job Reference (optional) Mayo, FL - 32066, Mayo Truss Company, Inc., 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:33 2020 Page 1 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-TwcHcRje58vLoLP3JXdeNsiQ?oa0n6DGvsRoSNydgcm 1-6-0 5-10-11 11-7-5 17-4-0 22-11-2 28-6-4 34-8-0 5-10-11 5-8-11

Scale = 1:61.5



BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

4-12, 6-12

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt

LUMBER-

2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS.

(size) 2=0-3-8, 10=0-3-8, 8=0-3-8

Max Horz 2=-248(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-224(LC 12), 10=-206(LC 12), 8=-92(LC 12) Max Grav 2=1195(LC 1), 10=1587(LC 1), 8=253(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-1910/674, 3-4=-1488/608, 4-5=-993/516, 5-6=-989/516, 6-7=-877/413,

7-8=-60/370

BOT CHORD 2-14=-460/1682, 13-14=-462/1679, 12-13=-268/1286, 11-12=-92/723, 8-10=-265/181 WEBS 3-13=-446/237, 4-13=-53/393, 4-12=-679/338, 5-12=-233/502, 6-11=-474/210,

7-11=-263/1074, 7-10=-1431/574

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=35ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 224 lb uplift at joint 2, 206 lb uplift at joint 10 and 92 lb uplift at joint 8.
- 6) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610 Date:

September 14,2020

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIL7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

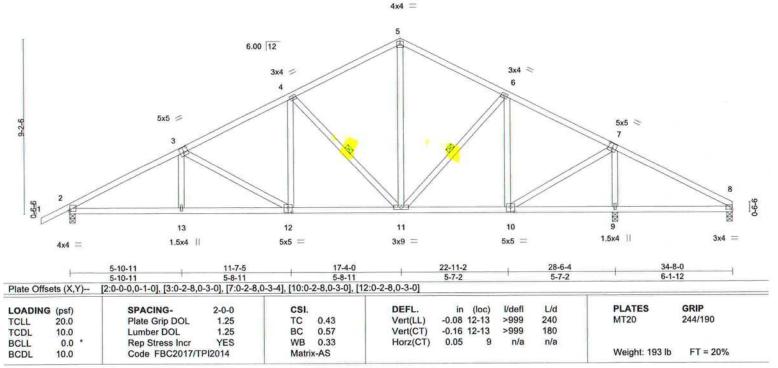
ANSITYPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information
available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Truss Type Qty Ply Hickory Cove 12 Job Truss T21297615 1 HICKORYCOVE12 B03 Common Job Reference (optional) Mayo, FL - 32066. 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:34 2020 Page 1 Mayo Truss Company, Inc., ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-x6AfpnjGrR1CQV_FtF9tw4FbhCwCWZOQ8WBM?pydgcl 28-6-4 34-8-0 -1-6-0 1-6-0 5-10-11

5-8-11

Scale = 1:60.6



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** WEBS

2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

4-11, 6-11 1 Row at midpt

REACTIONS.

(size) 2=0-3-8, 9=0-3-8, 8=0-3-8

Max Horz 2=243(LC 11)

5-10-1

Max Uplift 2=-226(LC 12), 9=-206(LC 12), 8=-41(LC 21) Max Grav 2=1200(LC 1), 9=1571(LC 1), 8=174(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. 2-3=-1920/679, 3-4=-1498/614, 4-5=-1004/522, 5-6=-999/522, 6-7=-897/421,

TOP CHORD

7-8=-34/337 2-13=-512/1677, 12-13=-514/1675, 11-12=-309/1281, 10-11=-132/741

BOT CHORD WEBS

3-12=-446/236, 4-12=-52/393, 4-11=-679/338, 5-11=-238/505, 6-10=-459/201,

7-10=-239/1041, 7-9=-1407/564

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=35ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II: Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 226 lb uplift at joint 2, 206 lb uplift at joint 9 and 41 lb uplift at joint 8.
- 6) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



Date:

September 14,2020

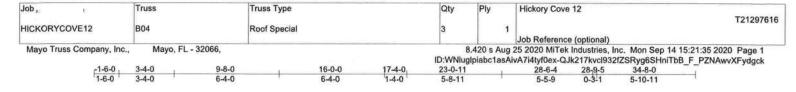
A WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

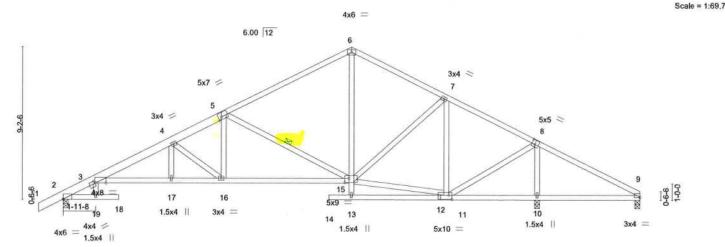
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601







		3-4-0	9-8-0	16	-0-0	17-4-0, 23	0-11	7	28-	6-4	34-8-0	
		3-4-0	6-4-0	6	4-0	1-4-0 5-	8-11		5-5	-9	6-1-12	7
Plate Offse	ets (X,Y)	[2:0-0-0,0-0-4], [3:0-7-4,0	0-0-0], [3:0-0-12	,0-1-12], [5:0	0-2-0,Edge],	[8:0-2-4,0-3-4], [9:	0-0-0,0-	0-8], [1:	2:0-2-4,0	-3-0], [15:0-3	-0,0-3-0]	
LOADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC	0.69	Vert(LL)	-0.25	18	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC	0.86	Vert(CT)	-0.53	18	>645	180	60116-0006	
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.47	Horz(CT)	0.23	10	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code FBC2017/T	PI2014	Matri	x-AS	13,400,125,400,400					Weight: 208 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

1-5: 2x6 SP SS

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

3-15: 2x4 SP No.1

2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

REACTIONS.

(size) 2=0-3-8, 10=0-3-8, 9=0-3-8

Max Horz 2=244(LC 11)

Max Uplift 2=-197(LC 12), 10=-226(LC 12), 9=-351(LC 21) Max Grav 2=1167(LC 1), 10=1995(LC 1), 9=29(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 3-21=-552/179, 3-4=-2498/820, 4-5=-1934/706, 5-6=-1014/462, 6-7=-964/473,

7-8=-599/323, 8-9=-224/1057

BOT CHORD 3-17=-658/2358, 16-17=-658/2358, 15-16=-437/1710, 10-11=-812/244, 9-10=-851/260 WEBS

5-16=-65/676, 5-15=-1039/448, 7-11=-746/269, 8-10=-1814/659, 8-11=-330/1429,

6-15=-139/466, 7-15=0/523, 11-15=-52/453, 4-16=-839/279

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=35ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 197 lb uplift at joint 2, 226 lb uplift at joint 10 and 351 lb uplift at joint 9.
- 6) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610 Date:

September 14,2020

🛕 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE,

Design valid for use only with MITE&® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Hickory Cove 12 Qty Ply Job Truss Truss Type T21297617 HICKORYCOVE12 C01 Roof Special Job Reference (optional) 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:36 2020 Page 1 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-uVIQESIXN3Hwfp8e?gBL?VKsv?Xf_KMicqgS3iydgcj Mayo Truss Company, Inc., Mayo, FL - 32066, 22-0-0 26-11-8 17-4-0 9-8-0 16-0-0 6-4-0 Scale = 1:59.5 4x6 || 1.5x4 || 6.00 12 1.5x4 II 5x7 = 3x5 > 44-10 14 9-9-16 15 4x4 < 10 1.5x4 || 3x4 = 18 1-11-8 13 3x5 || 4x10 = 1.5x4 4x6 = 3x4 || 16-0-0 22-0-0 26-11-8 6-4-0 6-4-0 [2:0-0-0,0-0-4], [3:0-7-0,0-0-0], [3:0-1-0,0-1-12], [5:0-2-0,Edge], [11:0-4-8,0-2-0], [14:0-2-8,0-2-12] Plate Offsets (X,Y)--GRIP LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL l/defl L/d PLATES (loc) >999 240 MT20 244/190 Plate Grip DOL 1.25 TC 0.71 Vert(LL) 0.27 17 TCLL 20.0 180 BC 0.89 Vert(CT) -0.5317 >606 TCDL 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.25 BCLL 0.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.94 Horz(CT) 0.24 10 n/a n/a Weight: 197 lb FT = 20%BCDL 10.0 Code FBC2017/TPI2014 Matrix-AS LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied. Except: 1-5: 2x6 SP SS 10-0-0 oc bracing: 12-14 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* WEBS 3-14: 2x4 SP No.1 1 Row at midpt WEBS 2x4 SP No.2 (size) 2=0-3-8, 10=0-3-8 REACTIONS. Max Horz 2=316(LC 11) Max Uplift 2=-197(LC 12), 10=-149(LC 12) Max Grav 2=1196(LC 1), 10=1077(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 3-20=-604/143, 3-4=-2627/928, 4-5=-1989/746, 5-6=-1172/496, 6-7=-1088/605,

7-8=-825/515, 8-9=-818/372, 9-10=-1031/406

BOT CHORD 3-16=-1075/2483, 15-16=-1075/2483, 14-15=-750/1743, 6-14=-292/249

5-15=-145/624, 5-14=-902/432, 11-14=-277/767, 7-14=-450/1014, 7-11=-392/52, WEBS

8-11=-317/283, 9-11=-308/868, 4-15=-927/401

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=27ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 197 lb uplift at joint 2 and 149 lb uplift at joint 10.
- 6) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



September 14,2020

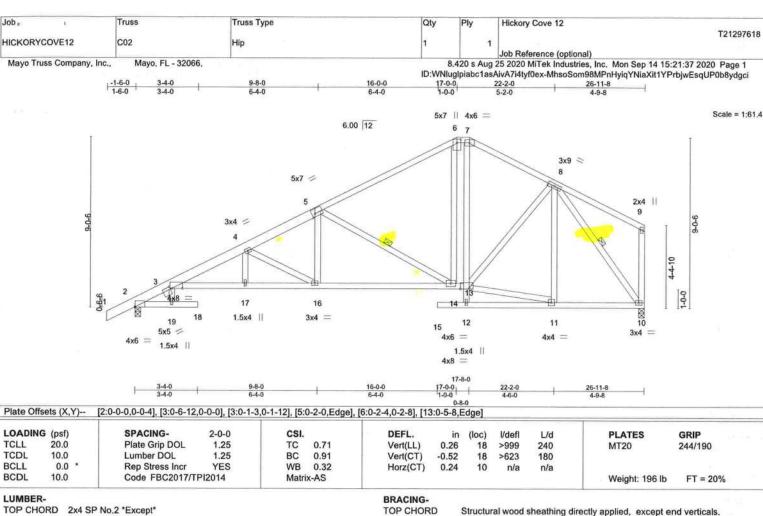


🛦 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not Design valid for use only with Mil lexe connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, eraction and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





BOT CHORD

WEBS

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

5-14, 8-10

1 Row at midpt

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

1-5: 2x6 SP SS

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

3-13: 2x4 SP No.1

WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS.

(size) 2=0-3-8, 10=0-3-8

Max Horz 2=312(LC 11)

Max Uplift 2=-192(LC 12), 10=-140(LC 12) Max Grav 2=1205(LC 1), 10=1092(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 3-21=-606/140, 3-4=-2751/944, 4-5=-2028/731, 5-6=-1133/457, 6-7=-878/473,

7-8=-1037/474

BOT CHORD 3-17=-1100/2611, 16-17=-1100/2611, 14-16=-756/1799, 13-14=-307/874, 6-14=-25/535,

10-11=-276/670

WEBS 5-16=-110/607, 5-14=-1013/490, 4-16=-943/394, 8-10=-1114/380, 8-13=-55/374,

11-13=-277/673

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=27ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 192 lb uplift at joint 2 and 140 lb uplift at joint 10.
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610

September 14,2020

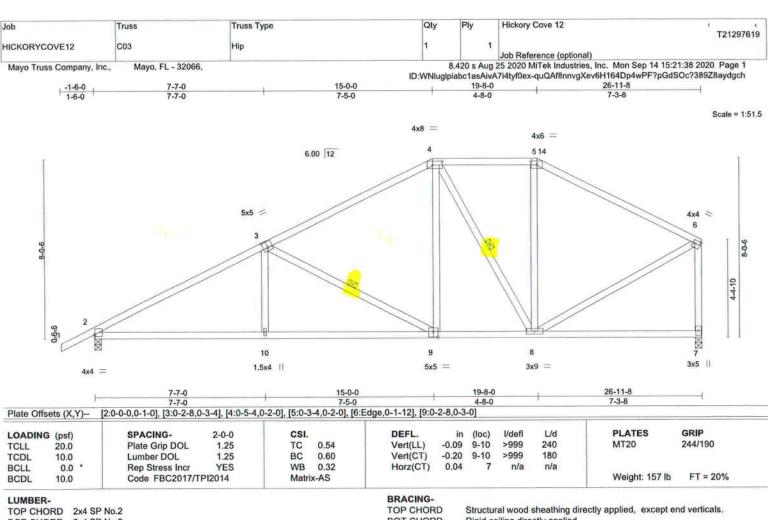
MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not Design Valid for use only with refer controctors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WFRS

BOT CHORD WEBS

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

3-9, 4-8 1 Row at midpt

REACTIONS.

(size) 2=0-3-8, 7=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=286(LC 11)

Max Uplift 2=-216(LC 12), 7=-153(LC 12) Max Grav 2=1165(LC 1), 7=1070(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown

2-3=-1808/603, 3-4=-1157/484, 4-5=-760/440, 5-6=-945/410, 6-7=-996/417 TOP CHORD

2-10=-690/1542, 9-10=-692/1539, 8-9=-370/938 **BOT CHORD**

3-10=0/310, 3-9=-697/368, 4-9=-114/466, 4-8=-421/147, 6-8=-260/813 WEBS

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=27ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 216 lb uplift at joint 2 and 153 lb uplift at joint 7.
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

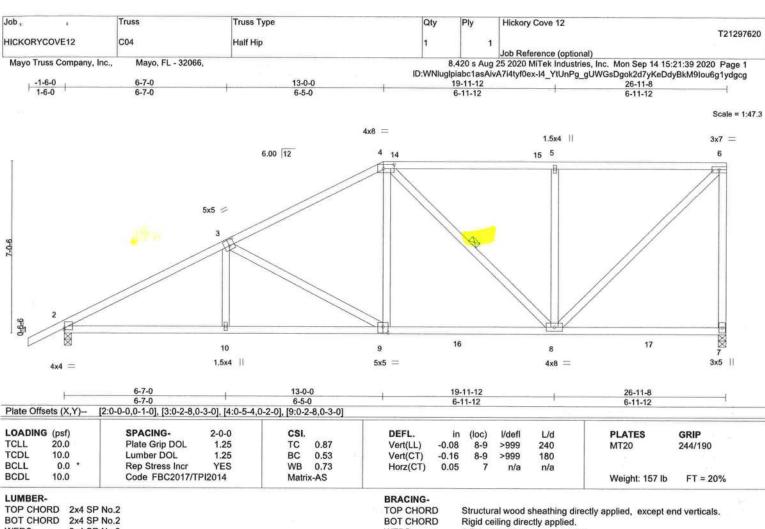




WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent bucking of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





WEBS

1 Row at midpt

WEBS

2x4 SP No.2 (size) 7=0-3-8, 2=0-3-8

Max Horz 2=312(LC 11) Max Uplift 7=-167(LC 9), 2=-213(LC 12) Max Grav 7=1121(LC 17), 2=1165(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-1834/581, 3-4=-1320/489, 4-5=-862/409, 5-6=-862/409, 6-7=-1006/419

BOT CHORD 2-10=-817/1649, 9-10=-818/1646, 8-9=-550/1174

WEBS 3-9=-541/308, 4-9=-76/482, 4-8=-383/201, 5-8=-475/287, 6-8=-460/1199

NOTES-

REACTIONS.

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=27ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 167 lb uplift at joint 7 and 213 lb uplift at joint 2.
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610

September 14,2020

Marning - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev, 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE,

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Qty Ply Hickory Cove 12 Truss Type Job Truss T21297621 HICKORYCOVE12 C05 Half Hip Job Reference (optional) 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:40 2020 Page 1 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-mGXx4qo1RHoL8QRPEVFH9LVWicthwFmIXSegCTydgcf Mayo, FL - 32066 Mayo Truss Company, Inc.,

2-4-0

11-0-0

4-4-0

20-1-12

6-9-12

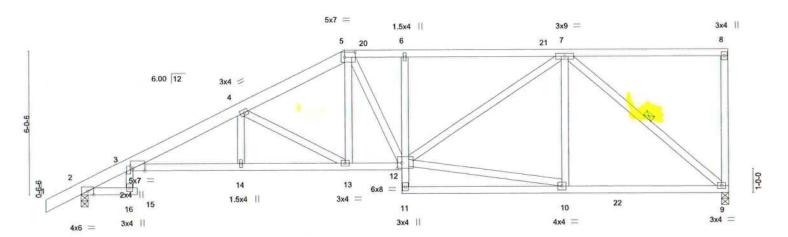
Scale: 1/4"=1"

26-11-8

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt



	2-4	-0 6-8-0	i i	11-0-0	13-4-0	1	20-1	-12			26-11-8	
	2-4	-0 4-4-0	1	4-4-0	2-4-0	,	6-9	-12			6-9-12	
Plate Offse	ets (X,Y)	[3:0-1-2,0-1-4], [3:0-5-12	,Edge], [5:0-5-4	1,0-2-8], [12:0	0-2-4,0-2-12]							
LOADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC	0.78	Vert(LL)	0.26	3-14	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC	0.95	Vert(CT)	-0.48	3-14	>666	180		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.46	Horz(CT)	0.29	9	n/a	n/a	504110000001100000000000000000000000000	
BCDL	10.0	Code FBC2017/7	PI2014	Matri	x-AS						Weight: 180 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

WEBS

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP SS *Except*

2-4-0

1-6-0

4-4-0

5-8: 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* 3-12: 2x4 SP No.1

WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS.

(size) 9=0-3-8, 2=0-3-8

Max Horz 2=269(LC 11)

Max Uplift 9=-160(LC 9), 2=-211(LC 12) Max Grav 9=1070(LC 1), 2=1171(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

3-18=-694/168, 3-4=-2523/858, 4-5=-1735/597, 5-6=-1526/589, 6-7=-1527/595 TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

3-16=-129/289, 3-14=-1144/2373, 13-14=-1144/2373, 12-13=-680/1460, 6-12=-312/183,

9-10=-420/994

WEBS 4-13=-1079/538, 5-13=-206/585, 10-12=-414/877, 7-12=-328/655, 7-9=-1280/464

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=27ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 160 lb uplift at joint 9 and 211 lb uplift at joint 2.
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



Date:

September 14,2020

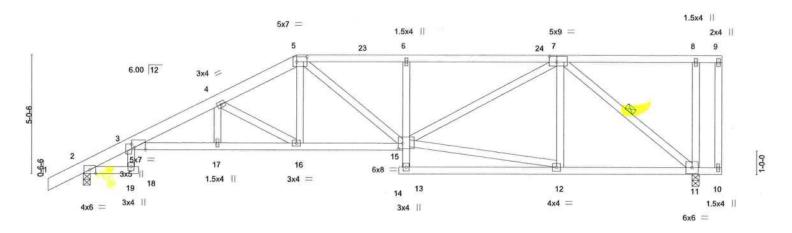
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1** Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job, Qty Truss Truss Type Hickory Cove 12 T21297622 HICKORYCOVE12 C06 Half Hip Job Reference (optional) Mayo Truss Company, Inc., Mayo, FL - 32066, 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:41 2020 Page 1 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-ET5JHApgCbwCma0bnDnWiY1iv0DBfksRl6NDkvydgce -1-6-0 9-0-0 26-11-8

Scale = 1:49.0



	2-4-	0 5-8-0	9-0-0	13-4-0	1	20-1-	12		T.	26-0-0	26-11-8
	2-4-	0 3-4-0	3-4-0	4-4-0		6-9-1	2			5-10-4	0-11-8
Plate Offse	ets (X,Y)	[3:0-1-10,0-1-8], [3:0-5-8,	Edge], [5:0-5-4,0	0-2-8], [7:0-3-12,0-	-0], [15:0-2-4,0-2-12]	-					
LOADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC 0.75	Vert(LL)	0.21	3-17	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC 0.93	Vert(CT)	-0.41	3-17	>763	180	25751W2077X	
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.35	Horz(CT)	0.26	11	n/a	n/a	l l	
BCDL	10.0	Code FBC2017/T	PI2014	Matrix-AS						Weight: 174 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

WEBS

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

1-5: 2x6 SP SS

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

3-15: 2x4 SP No.1

WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 11=0-3-8

Max Horz 2=224(LC 11)

Max Uplift 2=-205(LC 12), 11=-178(LC 9) Max Grav 2=1134(LC 1), 11=1113(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 3-21=-644/166, 3-4=-2613/895, 4-5=-1911/651, 5-6=-1815/631, 6-7=-1803/633

BOT CHORD 3-19=-113/273, 3-17=-1125/2490, 16-17=-1126/2491, 15-16=-704/1638, 6-15=-343/207,

11-12=-398/1043

5-16=-183/570, 5-15=-63/324, 12-15=-395/909, 7-15=-369/882, 4-16=-1006/492,

7-11=-1322/442

NOTES-

WEBS

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=27ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads,
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 205 lb uplift at joint 2 and 178 lb uplift at
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied. Except:

10-0-0 oc bracing: 13-15

1 Row at midpt

September 14,2020

A WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

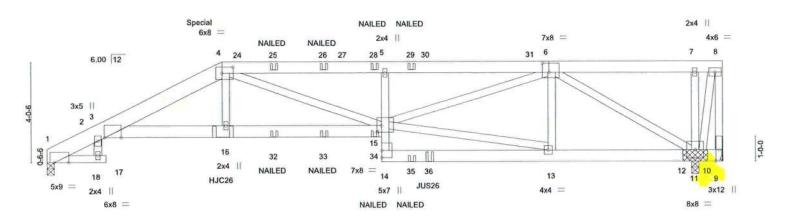
Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors, This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not besign value for each of the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate building design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Qty Ply Hickory Cove 12 Truss Type Job Truss T21297623 HICKORYCOVE12 C7GDR Half Hip Girder Job Reference (optional) 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:43 2020 Page 1 Mayo, FL - 32066 Mayo Truss Company, Inc., ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-BrD3isqwkCAw?tA_vep_nz66lquq7a8kDQsKpoydgcc 20-1-12 26-11-8 13-4-0 4-8-0 6-4-0 6-9-12 2-4-0 1-6-0

Scale = 1:46.3



. 2	4-0	7-0-0		13-4-0			20-1-12			1	26-0-0	26-11-8
2	-4-0	4-8-0		6-4-0			6-9-12				5-10-4	0-11-8
Plate Offse	ets (X,Y)	[1:0-7-0,0-0-0], [3:0-7-12,	0-0-0], [4:0-5-4	,0-3-0], [6:0-	3-4,0-4-8], [15:0-2-4,0-3-4]						
LOADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in (loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC	0.51	Vert(LL)	-0.17 13	3-14	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC	0.92	Vert(CT)	-0.34 13	3-14	>906	180		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.62	Horz(CT)	0.16	11	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code FBC2017/T	PI2014	Matri	c-MS	327. 37					Weight: 405 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

REACTIONS.

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

1-4: 2x8 SP 2400F 2.0E

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

1-17,2-18,5-14: 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

(size) 1=0-3-8, 9=Mechanical, 11=(0-3-8 + bearing block) (req. 0-3-9)

Max Horz 1=159(LC 7)

Max Uplift 1=-343(LC 8), 9=-3732(LC 1), 11=-1051(LC 8) Max Grav 1=2103(LC 1), 9=646(LC 8), 11=6038(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-1372/229, 2-3=-873/157, 3-4=-5533/913, 4-5=-6199/1171, 5-6=-6086/1159,

6-7=-171/806, 7-8=-171/806, 8-9=-594/3256

BOT CHORD 1-18=-66/375, 2-18=-30/254, 3-16=-889/5122, 15-16=-889/5174, 14-15=-129/836,

5-15=-699/319, 13-14=-199/864, 11-13=-468/2367

WEBS 4-16=-9/929, 4-15=-308/1205, 13-15=-274/1516, 6-15=-729/3999, 6-13=-36/254,

7-11=-683/207, 6-11=-3725/680, 8-11=-2937/519

NOTES-

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x8 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc, 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc, 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc. Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc, 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc. Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

- All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to
 ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- 3) 2x6 SP No.2 bearing block 12" long at jt. 11 attached to each face with 3 rows of 10d (0.131"x3") nails spaced 3" o.c. 12 Total fasteners per block. Bearing is assumed to be SP No.2.
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=27ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 10) Bearing at joint(s) 1 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 343 lb uplift at joint 1, 3732 lb uplift at Continue and application of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 343 lb uplift at joint 1, 3732 lb uplift at joint 11.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:

except end verticals

6-0-0 oc bracing: 9-11.

MiTek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610 Date:

September 14,2020

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job, I	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Hickory Cove 12	w.11.1.000
HICKORYCOVE12	C7GDR	Half Hip Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional)	T2129762

Mayo Truss Company, Inc.,

Mayo, FL - 32066,

8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:43 2020 Page 2 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-BrD3isqwkCAw?tA_vep_nz66lquq7a8kDQsKpoydgcc

NOTES-

- 12) This truss has large uplift reaction(s) from gravity load case(s). Proper connection is required to secure truss against upward movement at the bearings. Building designer must provide for uplift reactions indicated.
- 13) Use USP HJC26 (With 16-16d nails into Girder & 10d nails into Truss) or equivalent at 7-0-6 from the left end to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.
- 14) Use USP JUS26 (With 4-10d nails into Girder & 4-10d nails into Truss) or equivalent at 15-3-4 from the left end to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.

15) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

16) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.

17) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 324 lb down and 144 lb up at 7-0-0 on top chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

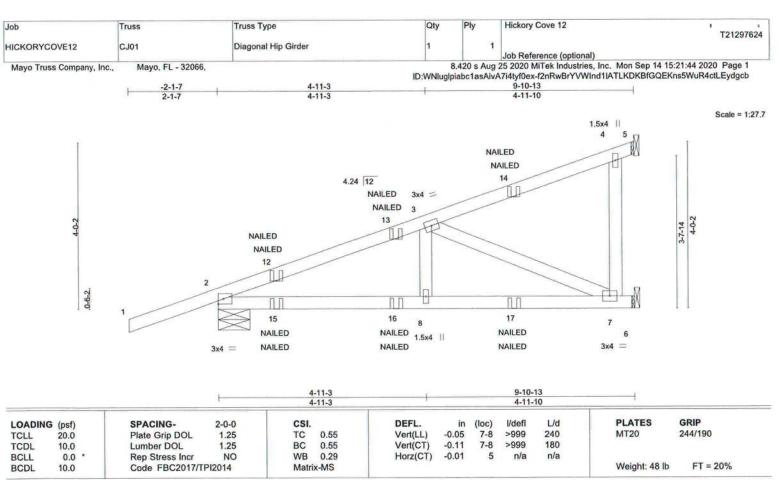
1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-8=-60, 1-18=-20, 17-18=-20, 15-21=-20, 9-14=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 4=-245(B) 16=-317(B) 25=-115(B) 26=-115(B) 28=-115(B) 29=-133(B) 32=-75(B) 33=-75(B) 34=-75(B) 35=-64(B) 36=-944(B)



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.

5=Mechanical, 2=0-9-2, 6=Mechanical (size)

Max Horz 2=164(LC 8)

Max Uplift 2=-209(LC 8), 6=-188(LC 8)

Max Grav 5=210(LC 3), 2=494(LC 28), 6=349(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-749/99

BOT CHORD 2-8=-164/648, 7-8=-164/648

3-7=-706/179 WEBS

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 209 lb uplift at joint 2 and 188 lb uplift at
- 6) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 2-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.
- 7) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-5=-60, 6-9=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 12=60(F=30, B=30) 14=-88(F=-44, B=-44) 15=59(F=30, B=30) 16=-1(F=-1, B=-1) 17=-54(F=-27, B=-27)



Date:

September 14,2020

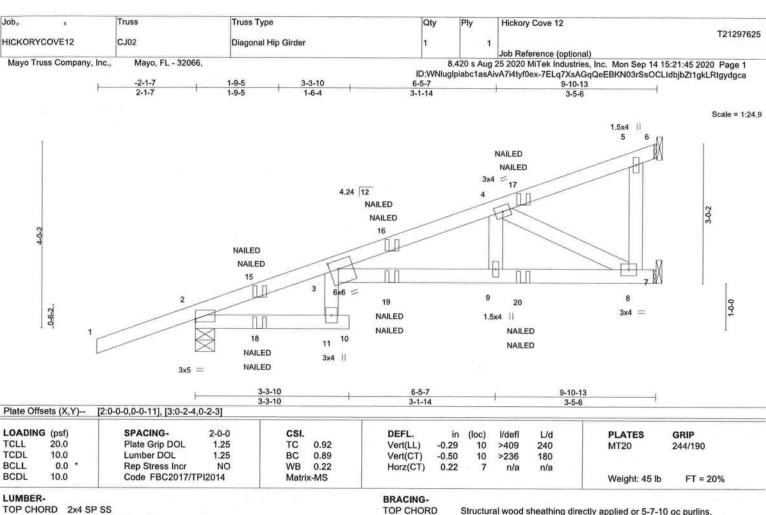


👠 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, eraction and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information
available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP SS

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

3-7: 2x4 SP No.1

WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS.

(size) 6=Mechanical, 2=0-4-15, 7=Mechanical

Max Horz 2=164(LC 8)

Max Uplift 6=-5(LC 8), 2=-193(LC 8), 7=-74(LC 8) Max Grav 6=215(LC 1), 2=513(LC 28), 7=270(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

3-13=-298/31, 3-4=-1019/97

BOT CHORD 3-9=-160/968, 8-9=-160/973

WEBS

4-8=-1087/179, 4-9=0/325

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 5 lb uplift at joint 6, 193 lb uplift at joint 2 and 74 lb uplift at joint 7.

"NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 2-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.

7) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-6=-60, 11-12=-20, 10-11=-20, 3-7=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 15=60(F=30, B=30) 17=-62(F=-31, B=-31) 18=59(F=30, B=30) 19=-32(F=-16, B=-16) 20=-87(F=-43, B=-43)



MiTek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610

September 14,2020

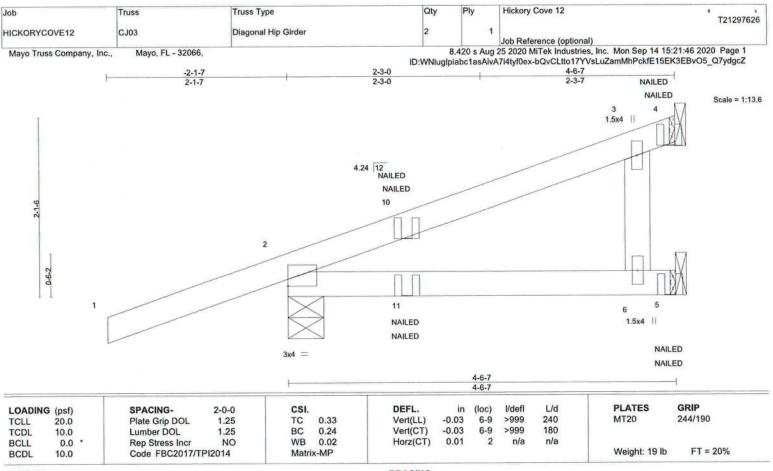
A WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent bucking of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

**available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD**

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-6-7 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.

4=Mechanical, 2=0-4-15, 5=Mechanical (size)

Max Horz 2=97(LC 8)

Max Uplift 4=-79(LC 6), 2=-178(LC 8), 5=-61(LC 8) Max Grav 4=167(LC 24), 2=263(LC 28), 5=138(LC 28)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II: Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 79 lb uplift at joint 4, 178 lb uplift at joint 2 and 61 lb uplift at joint 5.
- 6) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 2-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.
- 7) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4=-60, 5-7=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 4=-36(F=-18, B=-18) 5=-20(F=-10, B=-10) 10=60(F=30, B=30) 11=59(F=30, B=30)



MiTek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610 Date:

September 14,2020



👠 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

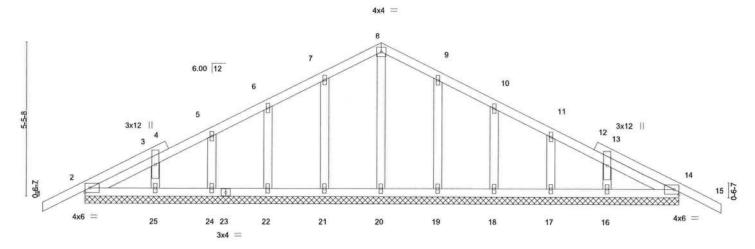
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Qu Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job , Truss Truss Type Qty Hickory Cove 12 T21297627 HICKORYCOVE12 D01GE Common Supported Gable Job Reference (optional) Mayo Truss Company, Inc., Mayo, FL - 32066, 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:47 2020 Page 1 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-3dTaYDuQoRgMUVTI8TtwxpHt_RUV3W0K82qYyZydgcY 21-0-0 -1-6-0 10-6-0 1-6-0 10-6-0 10-6-0 1-6-0

Scale = 1:41.0



		1				21-0-0 21-0-0							
LOADING	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC	0.14	Vert(LL)	-0.01	15	n/r	120	MT20	244/190	
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC	0.04	Vert(CT)	-0.01	15	n/r	120	00000000		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.05	Horz(CT)	0.00	14	n/a	n/a			
BCDL	10.0	Code FBC2017/T	PI2014	Matri	x-S						Weight: 116 lb	FT = 20%	

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD

2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD**

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. All bearings 21-0-0. (lb) -

Max Horz 2=-138(LC 10) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 14, 21, 22, 24, 25, 19, 18, 17, 16

All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 14, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 19, 18, 17, 16

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 14, 21, 22, 24, 25, 19, 18, 17, 16,
- 10) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 2, 14.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

September 14,2020

🛦 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters and recorded use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

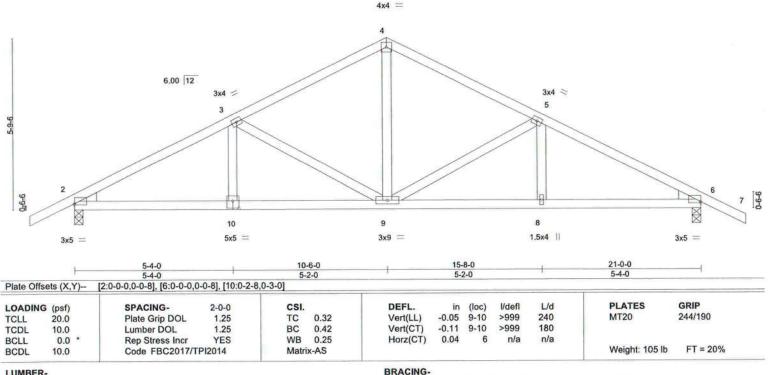
ANSITP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Hickory Cove 12 Qty Ply Truss Truss Type Job T21297628 HICKORYCOVE12 D02 Common Job Reference (optional) 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:48 2020 Page 1 Mayo Truss Company, Inc., Mayo, FL - 32066, ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-Xp0ylZu3YloD5f2yiBP9U1q0xrkoow2TMia5U?ydgcX 15-8-0 21-0-0 -1-6-0 1-6-0 10-6-0 1-6-0 5-2-0





TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

LUMBER-

2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3 , Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS.

(size) 2=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=-146(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-183(LC 12), 6=-183(LC 12) Max Grav 2=930(LC 1), 6=930(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-3=-1386/480, 3-4=-990/412, 4-5=-990/412, 5-6=-1386/480 TOP CHORD

2-10=-300/1172, 9-10=-300/1172, 8-9=-312/1172, 6-8=-312/1172 **BOT CHORD**

4-9=-158/515, 5-9=-425/226, 3-9=-425/226 WEBS

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=183, 6=183
- 6) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



September 14,2020

🛕 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of Individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANS/TPPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Qu
Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job. Truss Truss Type Qty Hickory Cove 12 T21297629 HICKORYCOVE12 D03GE Common Structural Gable 1 1 Job Reference (optional) Mayo, FL - 32066, Mayo Truss Company, Inc., 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:49 2020 Page 1 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-??aKzvvhJ2w4jod8FuwO0EMAfF3?XNMdbMJe0RydgcW 10-6-0 15-7-4 21-0-0 22-6-0 2-0-0 2-0-0 3-1-8 1-11-12 4x4 = Scale = 1:46.4 1.5x4 || R П 4x4 1.5x4 11 4x4 10 1.5x4 || 12 11 3x7 / 6.00 12 1.5x4 || 3×4 13 4-2-5 5-9-6 5 1.5x4 || 3x4 = 0-9-2 18 17 16 19 4x8 5x5 = 3x9 1.5x4 || 3x5 = 6-5-0 10-6-0 13-7-8 21-0-0 3-1-8 1-11-12 5-4-12 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-[7:0-4-0,0-2-0], [14:0-0-0,0-0-8], [18:0-2-8,0-3-0], [19:0-3-2,0-2-4] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL in (loc) I/defl L/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.25 TC 0.32 Vert(LL) -0.05 16-17 >999 240 MT20 244/190 TCDL 10.0 BC Lumber DOL 1.25 0.42 Vert(CT) -0.10 16-17 >999 180

Horz(CT)

BRACING-

JOINTS

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

0.03

n/a

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Brace at Jt(s): 7, 5, 2

n/a

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

Weight: 150 lb

FT = 20%

LUMBER-

BCLL

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD**

0.0

10.0

2x4 SP No.2 *Except* WEBS

3-19: 2x6 SP No.2 WEDGE

Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (size)

19=0-3-8, 14=0-3-8 Max Horz 19=-274(LC 10)

Max Uplift 19=-118(LC 12), 14=-182(LC 12) Max Grav 19=828(LC 1), 14=924(LC 1)

Rep Stress Incr

Code FBC2017/TPI2014

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-19=-751/347, 1-3=-309/240, 12-13=-974/401, 13-14=-1372/456, 1-2=-1098/366,

2-5=-970/254, 5-7=-957/232, 7-9=-819/302, 9-11=-789/277, 11-12=-797/323,

YES

WB

Matrix-AS

0.25

4-6=-253/276, 6-8=-230/312, 8-10=-239/311, 10-11=-261/274

BOT CHORD 18-19=-20/919, 17-18=-20/919, 16-17=-260/1159, 14-16=-260/1159

WEBS 12-17=-35/437, 2-3=-166/272, 13-17=-423/228

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 19=118, 14=182.
- 6) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



Walter P. Finn PE No.22839 MiTek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610 Date:

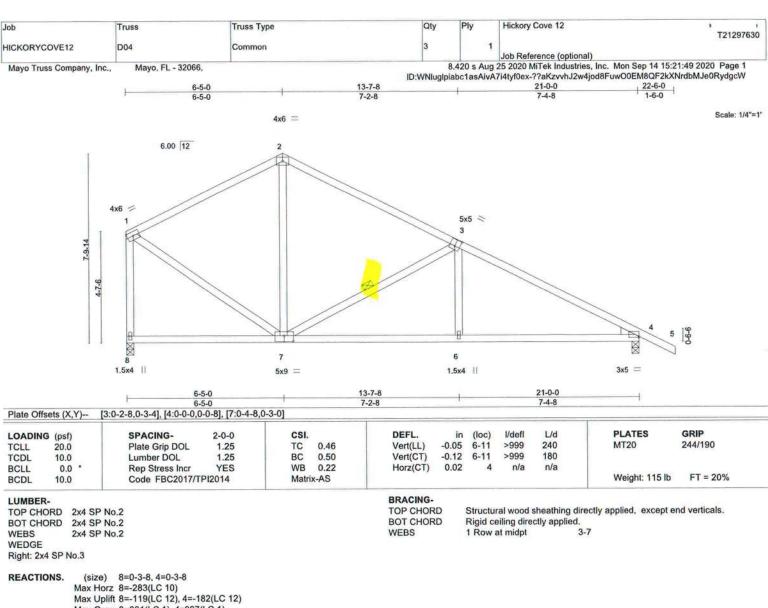
September 14,2020

A WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of Individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





Max Grav 8=831(LC 1), 4=927(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1-2=-659/329, 2-3=-683/328, 3-4=-1316/444, 1-8=-773/346 TOP CHORD

7-8=-143/281, 6-7=-224/1090, 4-6=-222/1093 **BOT CHORD**

2-7=-16/263, 3-7=-679/357, 3-6=0/295, 1-7=-218/594 WEBS

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 8=119, 4=182
- 6) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



September 14,2020

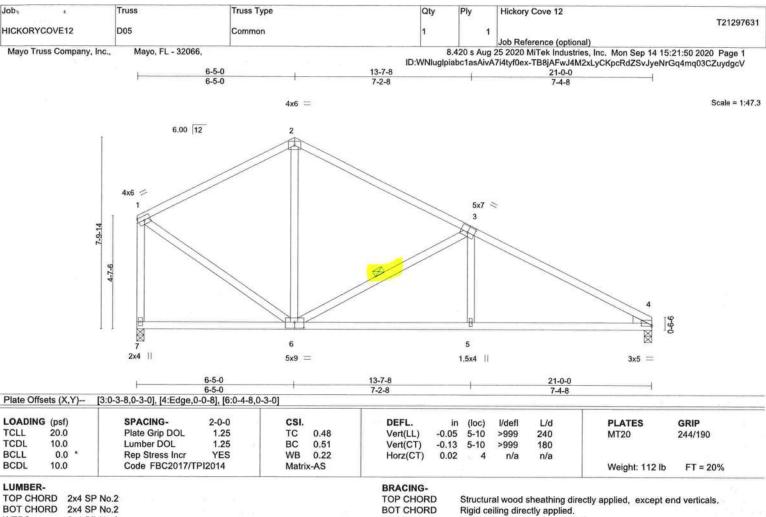
▲ WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and property incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information**

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





WEBS

1 Row at midpt

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.2 WEBS WEDGE

Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS.

(size) 7=0-3-8, 4=0-3-8

Max Horz 7=-269(LC 10)

Max Uplift 7=-122(LC 12), 4=-116(LC 12) Max Grav 7=834(LC 1), 4=834(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-662/332, 2-3=-686/333, 3-4=-1331/464, 1-7=-776/348

BOT CHORD 5-6=-306/1106, 4-5=-305/1109

WEBS 2-6=-21/265, 3-6=-693/367, 3-5=0/297, 1-6=-219/597

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 7=122, 4=116,
- 6) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610

September 14,2020

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Qty Hickory Cove 12 Ply Job Truss Truss Type T21297632 GABLE G01GE HICKORYCOVE12 Job Reference (optional) 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:51 2020 Page 1 Mayo, FL - 32066, Mayo Truss Company, Inc., ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-yOi5ObxxrgAoy6nWNJys6fSZ_2re?KOw2gol5KydgcU 16-6-0 7-6-0 7-6-0 15-0-0 7-6-0 1-6-0

Scale = 1:30.2

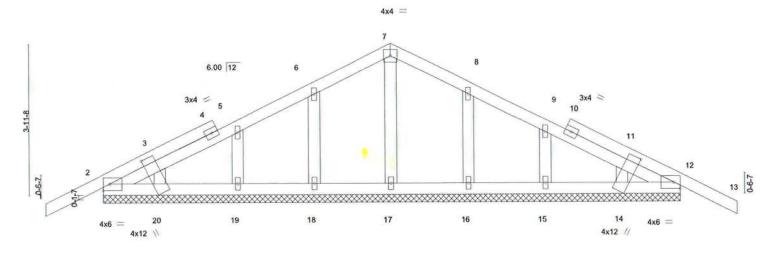


Plate Offs	ets (X,Y)	[14:0-1-15,1-0-5], [20:0-1	-15,1-0-5]			15-0-0						3i
LOADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC	0.14	Vert(LL)	-0.01	13	n/r	120	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC	0.03	Vert(CT)	-0.01	13	n/r	120		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.02	Horz(CT)	0.00	12	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code FBC2017/T	PI2014	Matri	x-S						Weight: 79 lb	FT = 20%

15-0-0

LUMBER-

2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.2 BRACING-

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 15-0-0.

Max Horz 2=102(LC 11) (lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 18, 19, 20, 16, 15, 14 except 2=-103(LC 12), 12=-103(LC 12)

All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 12, 17, 18, 19, 20, 16, 15, 14

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 18, 19, 20, 16, 15, 14 except (jt=lb) 2=103, 12=103.



6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610

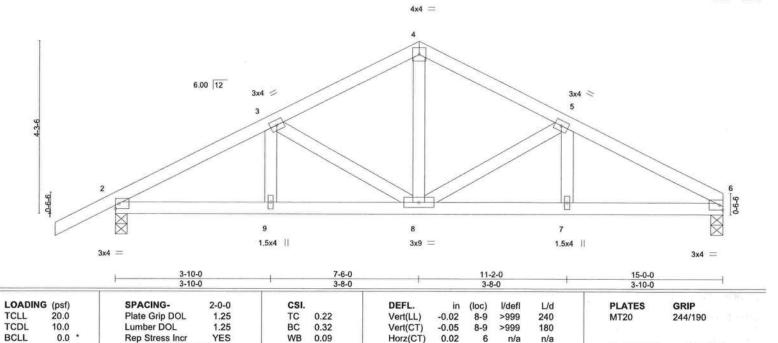
September 14,2020





Job i Truss Type Qty Hickory Cove 12 T21297633 HICKORYCOVE12 G02 Common Job Reference (optional) Mayo, FL - 32066, Mayo Truss Company, Inc., 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:52 2020 Page 1 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-QaGTbxxZczleaGMjx1T5et_jSS7Okmc3HKYIdmydgcT -1-6-0 3-10-0 11-2-0 15-0-0 1-6-0 3-8-0 3-10-0

Scale = 1:28.7



BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

REACTIONS.

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

10.0

2x4 SP No.2

6=0-3-8, 2=0-3-8 (size) Max Horz 2=106(LC 11)

Max Uplift 6=-82(LC 12), 2=-152(LC 12) Max Grav 6=595(LC 1), 2=694(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

Code FBC2017/TPI2014

2-3=-939/354, 3-4=-697/317, 4-5=-698/318, 5-6=-960/369 TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD 2-9=-252/786, 8-9=-252/786, 7-8=-267/809, 6-7=-267/809

WEBS 4-8=-125/355, 5-8=-288/169, 3-8=-260/151

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

Matrix-AS

- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6 except (jt=lb)
- 6) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



Weight: 73 lb

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

FT = 20%

MiTek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610 Date:

September 14,2020

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Qty Ply Hickory Cove 12 Job Truss Truss Type T21297634 HICKORYCOVE12 G3GRD Common Girder 2 Job Reference (optional) 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:53 2020 Page 1 Mayo Truss Company, Inc., Mayo, FL - 32066, ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-umgrpGyBNHQVCQxvUk KB4XuTsLOT92DW HsADydgcS 15-0-0 11-2-0 7-6-0 -1-6-0 3-8-0 3-10-0 Scale = 1:29.5 4x4 = 6.00 12 3x4 = 3x4 5 3

JUS26 **JUS26** 3x7 || 8x8 -3x7 || 4x4 = THD26-2 JUS26 15-0-0 11-2-0 7-6-0 3-10-0 3-10-0 3-10-0 3-8-0 Plate Offsets (X V) ... [2:Edge 0-0-13] [6:Edg 0.0.131

LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC	0.21	Vert(LL)	-0.05	7-8	>999	240	MT20	244/190
CDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC	0.78	Vert(CT)	-0.10	7-8	>999	180		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.33	Horz(CT)	0.03	6	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code FBC2017/T	PI2014	Matri	x-MS	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000					Weight: 169 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

9-9-0

BRACING-

16 8 17

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-4-2 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

7

REACTIONS.

(size) 6=0-3-8, 2=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=106(LC 24)

Max Uplift 6=-517(LC 8), 2=-392(LC 8) Max Grav 6=3224(LC 1), 2=2062(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-3=-3701/613, 3-4=-3603/646, 4-5=-3604/647, 5-6=-5339/882 TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** 2-9=-500/3256, 8-9=-500/3256, 7-8=-744/4745, 6-7=-744/4745 WEBS 4-8=-485/2944, 5-8=-1799/316, 5-7=-178/1454, 3-8=-289/170

NOTES-

- 1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:
 - Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

4) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

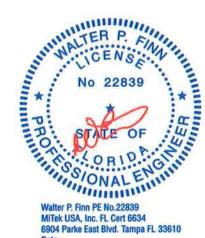
5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 6=517, 2=392,
- 8) Use USP THD26-2 (With 18-16d nails into Girder & 12-10d nails into Truss) or equivalent at 7-1-8 from the left end to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.
- 9) Use USP JUS26 (With 4-10d nails into Girder & 4-10d nails into Truss) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 9-0-12 from the left end to 13-0-12 to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.

10) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25



6

18

MiTek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610 Date:

September 14,2020

Continued on page 2

🛦 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not Design value for use only with null letter connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual obliging component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job, Truss Truss Type Qty Hickory Cove 12 T21297634 HICKORYCOVE12 G3GRD Common Girder 1

Mayo Truss Company, Inc.,

Mayo, FL - 32066,

Job Reference (optional)

8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:53 2020 Page 2
ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-umqrpGyBNHQVCQxvUk_KB4XuTsLOT92DW_HsADydgcS

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

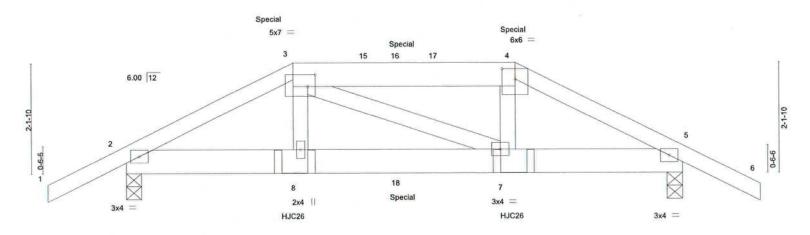
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-6=-60, 10-13=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 7=-732(B) 16=-1444(B) 17=-701(B) 18=-1118(B)

Truss Truss Type Qty Hickory Cove 12 T21297635 HICKORYCOVE12 H1GDR Hip Girder Job Reference (optional) Mayo, FL - 32066, 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:56 2020 Page 1 Mayo Truss Company, Inc., ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-ILV_RI?4gCp43tfUAsY1pi9PL3V5gbNfCxWWmXydgcP 7-5-8 4-3-0 10-8-0 12-2-0 1-6-0 1-6-0 3-2-8 3-2-8

Scale = 1:22.3



		3-2-8	7-5-8 4-3-0				3-2-8					
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [3:0-1-12,0-2-12], [4:0-3-0,0-2-7]												
LOADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC	0.16	Vert(LL)	0.02	7-8	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC	0.20	Vert(CT)	-0.03	7-8	>999	180		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.04	Horz(CT)	0.01	5	n/a	n/a	970807047007710780007	
BCDL	10.0	Code FBC2017/T	PI2014	Matri	K-MS						Weight: 60 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

2x4 SP No.2 *Except* TOP CHORD

3-4: 2x6 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS.

(size) 2=0-3-8, 5=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=57(LC 24)

Max Uplift 2=-262(LC 8), 5=-262(LC 8) Max Grav 2=694(LC 29), 5=693(LC 30)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-3=-1000/349, 3-4=-883/322, 4-5=-1000/348 2-8=-269/895, 7-8=-270/909, 5-7=-266/883 TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD**

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (it=lb) 2=262, 5=262.
- 7) Use USP HJC26 (With 16-16d nails into Girder & 10d nails into Truss) or equivalent spaced at 4-2-4 oc max. starting at 3-2-14 from the left end to 7-5-2 to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.
- 8) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.
- 9) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 271 lb down and 175 lb up at 3-2-8, and 146 lb down and 104 lb up at 5-3-4, and 271 lb down and 175 lb up at 7-5-8 on top chord, and 45 lb down at 5-3-4 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others
- 10) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-4=-60, 4-6=-60, 9-12=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 3=34(B) 4=34(B) 8=-113(B) 7=-113(B) 16=-29(B) 18=-20(B)



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-10-15 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610

September 14,2020



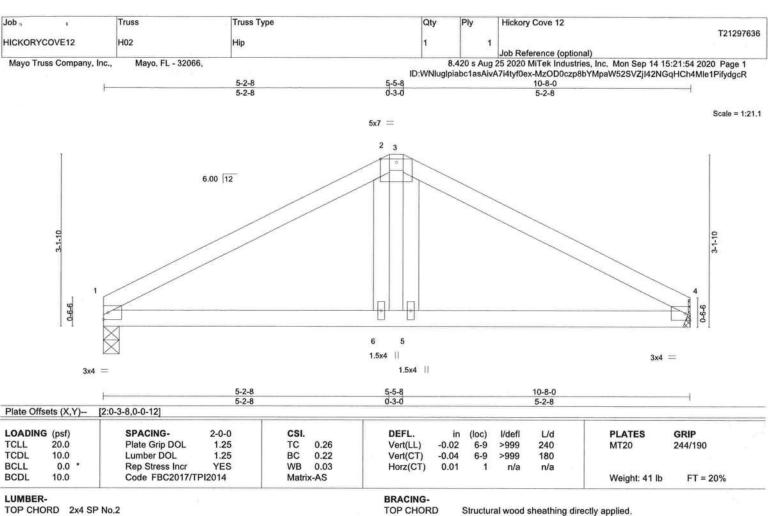
🛦 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD**

WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS.

(size) 1=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical

Max Horz 1=-64(LC 10)

Max Uplift 1=-61(LC 12), 4=-61(LC 12) Max Grav 1=427(LC 1), 4=427(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-578/264, 2-3=-453/302, 3-4=-578/264 1-6=-145/457, 5-6=-145/453, 4-5=-145/457 **BOT CHORD**

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; b=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 4.

8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



MiTek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610 Date:

September 14,2020

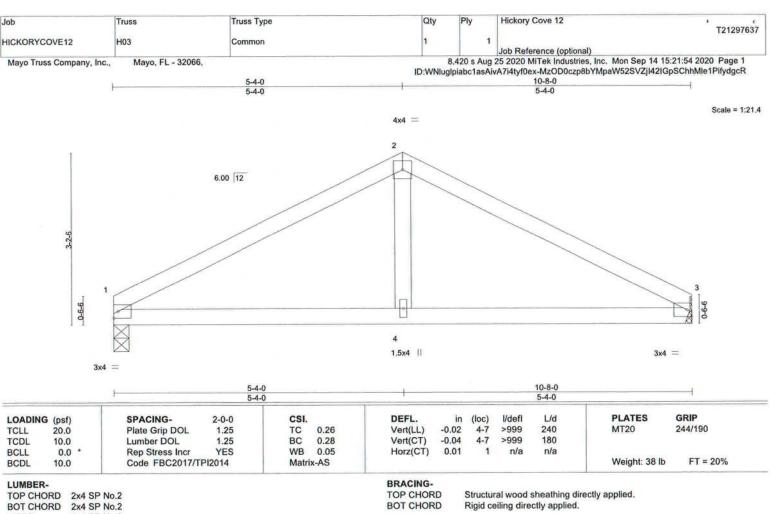
MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev, 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE,

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS.

1=0-3-8, 3=Mechanical (size)

Max Horz 1=-65(LC 10)

Max Uplift 1=-61(LC 12), 3=-61(LC 12)

Max Grav 1=427(LC 1), 3=427(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1-2=-578/265, 2-3=-578/265 TOP CHORD

1-4=-145/457, 3-4=-145/457 BOT CHORD

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610

September 14,2020



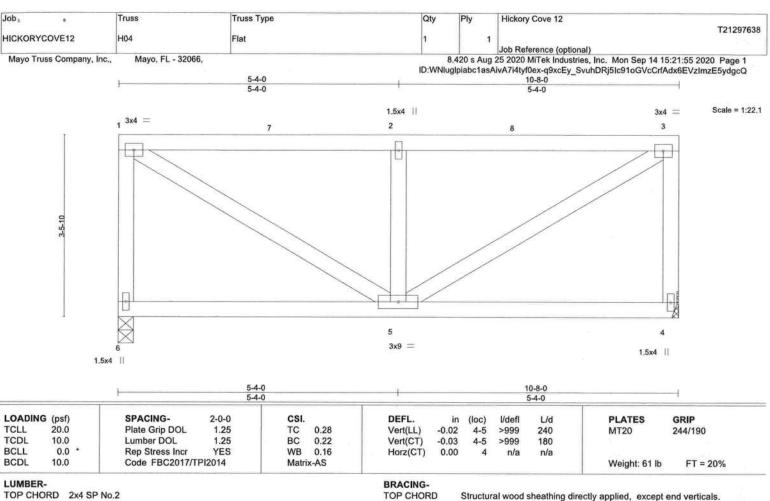
🛦 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS.

(size) 6=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical

Max Horz 6=-132(LC 8)

Max Uplift 6=-94(LC 8), 4=-94(LC 9)

Max Grav 6=415(LC 1), 4=415(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-6=-365/238, 1-2=-404/190, 2-3=-404/190, 3-4=-365/238

WEBS 1-5=-258/440, 2-5=-352/278, 3-5=-259/440

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6, 4.
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



Walter P. Finn PE No.22839 MiTek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610 Date:

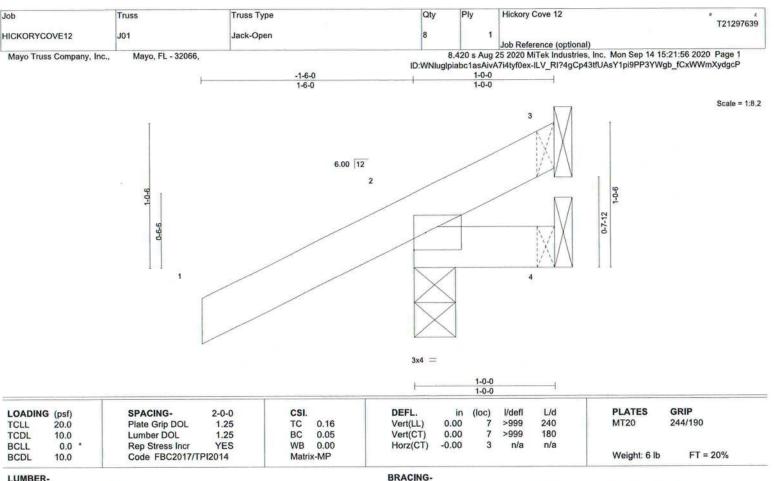
September 14,2020

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, eraction and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

REACTIONS.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2

> 3=Mechanical, 2=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical (size)

Max Horz 2=58(LC 12)

Max Uplift 3=-8(LC 1), 2=-115(LC 12), 4=-21(LC 1) Max Grav 3=13(LC 12), 2=198(LC 1), 4=28(LC 12)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3, 4 except (jt=lb) 2=115.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Date:

September 14,2020



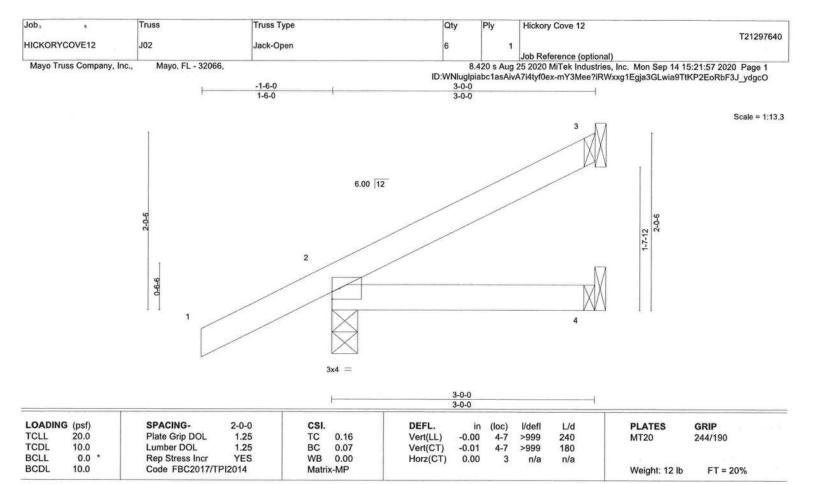
🛦 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD**

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.

3=Mechanical, 2=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical (size)

Max Horz 2=93(LC 12)

Max Uplift 3=-31(LC 12), 2=-81(LC 12)

Max Grav 3=71(LC 17), 2=230(LC 1), 4=51(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3, 2.



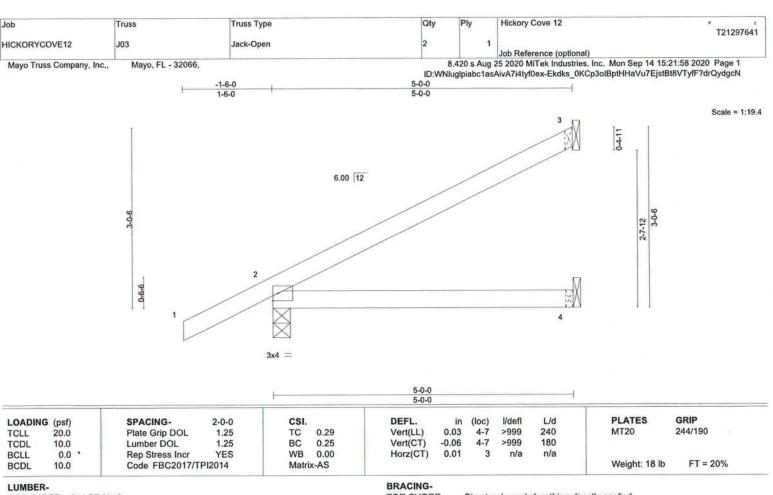
MiTek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610

September 14,2020

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE, Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

REACTIONS.

(size) 3=Mechanical, 2=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical

Max Horz 2=128(LC 12)

Max Uplift 3=-62(LC 12), 2=-76(LC 12)

Max Grav 3=133(LC 17), 2=301(LC 1), 4=89(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3, 2.
- 6) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



September 14,2020



A WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job a Truss Type Qty Ply Hickory Cove 12 T21297642 HICKORYCOVE12 J04 Jack-Open 10 Job Reference (optional) Mayo Truss Company, Inc., Mayo, FL - 32066. 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:58 2020 Page 1 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-Ekdks_0KCp3oIBptHHaVu7Eevt6f8VTyfF?drQydgcN -1-6-0 1-6-0 Scale = 1:23,3 6.00 12 3-7-12 9-9-0 3x4 = 7-0-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-[2:0-0-0,0-0-12] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. (loc) I/defi L/d **PLATES** GRIP 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.25 TCLL TC 0.61 Vert(LL) 0.11 4-7 >735 240 MT20 244/190 TCDL 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.25 BC 0.52 Vert(CT) -0.224-7 >387 180 BCLL 0.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.00 Horz(CT) 0.02 2 n/a n/a BCDL Code FBC2017/TPI2014 10.0 Matrix-AS Weight: 25 lb FT = 20%LUMBER-**BRACING-**TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied. **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied. REACTIONS. (size) 3=Mechanical, 2=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical

Max Horz 2=163(LC 12) Max Uplift 3=-91(LC 12), 2=-76(LC 12)

Max Grav 3=193(LC 17), 2=377(LC 1), 4=126(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3, 2.
- 6) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



Walter P. Finn PE No.22839 MiTek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610 Date:

September 14,2020

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Hickory Cove 12 Job Truss Truss Type Qty T21297643 HICKORYCOVE12 J05 Jack-Open Supported Gable | Job Reference (optional) 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:59 2020 Page 1 Mayo Truss Company, Inc., Mayo, FL - 32066 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-jwB63K1yz7BfwLO3r?5kQLnpuHT5tyj5uvkANsydgcM 7-0-0 -1-6-0 1-6-0 Scale: 1/2"=1" 1.5x4 || 3 6.00 12 9-9-0 1.5x4 11 3x5 7-0-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)--[2:0-0-0,0-0-12] PLATES GRIP LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d 244/190 0.59 Vert(LL) 0.11 4-7 >743 240 MT20 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.25 TC TCLL BC 0.50 Vert(CT) -0.214-7 >401 180 TCDL 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.25 0.00 0.02 n/a BCLL 0.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB Horz(CT) 2 n/a Code FBC2017/TPI2014 FT = 20%Weight: 31 lb BCDL 10.0 Matrix-AS LUMBER-**BRACING-**Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals. TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied. 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS.

(size) 4=0-3-8, 2=0-3-8

Max Horz 2=174(LC 11)

Max Uplift 4=-48(LC 9), 2=-104(LC 12) Max Grav 4=277(LC 17), 2=374(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4 except (jt=lb) 2=104.
- 5) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



September 14,2020

A WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Qu Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Qty Job . Truss Truss Type Hickory Cove 12 T21297644 HICKORYCOVE12 J06 2 Jack-Open Job Reference (optional) Mayo, FL - 32066, Mayo Truss Company, Inc., 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:21:59 2020 Page 1 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4tyf0ex-jwB63K1yz7BfwLO3r?5kQLnwfHZutyj5uvkANsydgcM -1-6-0 1-6-0 3-0-0 0-8-0 Scale = 1:13.3 9-0-6.00 12 4x6 1.5x4 || 3x4 = 3-0-0 LOADING (psf) SPACING-CSI. DEFL. **PLATES** 2-0-0 GRIP in (loc) I/defl L/d TCLL 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.25 TC 0.16 Vert(LL) 0.01 6 >999 240 MT20 244/190 TCDL 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.25 BC 0.07 Vert(CT) -0.016 >999 180 BCLL 0.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.00 Horz(CT) 0.01 5 n/a n/a Code FBC2017/TPI2014 BCDL 10.0 Matrix-MR Weight: 14 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 **BRACING-**

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.

4=Mechanical, 2=0-3-8, 5=Mechanical (size)

Max Horz 2=93(LC 12)

Max Uplift 4=-14(LC 12), 2=-80(LC 12)

Max Grav 4=59(LC 17), 2=233(LC 1), 5=52(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.



6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610

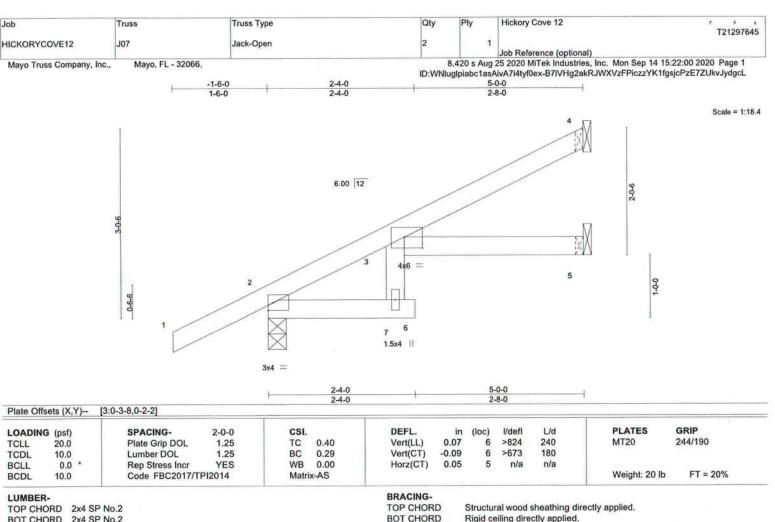
September 14,2020

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE, Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 Rigid ceiling directly applied.

REACTIONS.

(size) 4=Mechanical, 2=0-3-8, 5=Mechanical

Max Horz 2=128(LC 12)

Max Uplift 4=-45(LC 12), 2=-74(LC 12)

Max Grav 4=119(LC 17), 2=306(LC 1), 5=87(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II: Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.
- 6) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

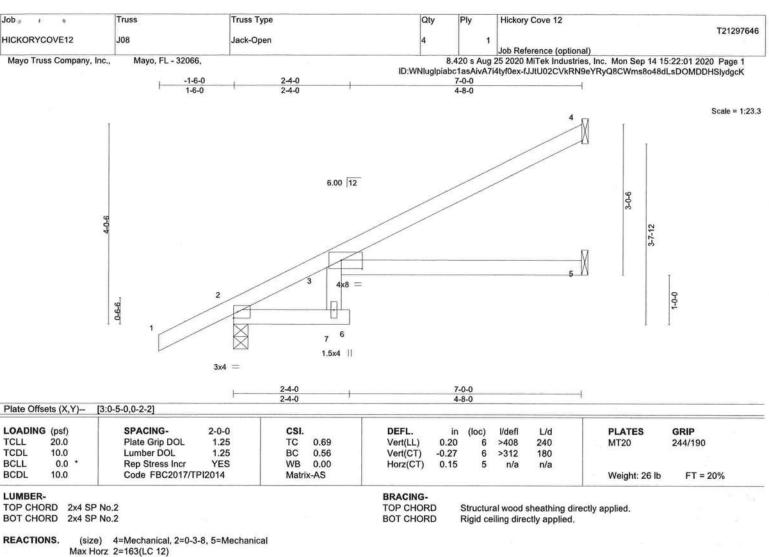


September 14,2020

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITEk® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





Max Uplift 4=-75(LC 12), 2=-72(LC 12)

Max Grav 4=180(LC 17), 2=383(LC 1), 5=122(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1,60 plate grip DOL=1,60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.
- 6) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



Walter P. Finn PE No.22839 MiTek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610

September 14,2020

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev, 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITCR's connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TP/11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Is always required no stability and to prevent compare with possible business in a property service and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANS/TPH QU Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Truss Type Qty Ply Hickory Cove 12 Job Truss T21297647 HICKORYCOVE12 J09 Jack-Open Job Reference (optional) 8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:22:01 2020 Page 1 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4ty10ex-fJJtU02CVkRN9eYRyQ8CWms8b489LsDOMDDHSlydgcK Mayo Truss Company, Inc., Mayo, FL - 32066, 7-0-0 Scale = 1:23.3 6.00 12 3-7-12 9-9-0 3 3x4 = 7-0-0 7-0-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)--[1:0-0-0,0-0-12] LOADING (psf) SPACING-CSI. DEFL. I/defl L/d **PLATES** GRIP 2-0-0 in (loc) 244/190 Vert(LL) MT20 Plate Grip DOL 1.25 TC 0.64 0.13 3-6 >642 240 TCLL 20.0 BC 0.53 -0.223-6 >374 180 TCDL 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.25 Vert(CT)

BCDL 10.0

BCLL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

0.0

BRACING-

Horz(CT)

0.03

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

n/a

Weight: 22 lb

FT = 20%

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

n/a

REACTIONS.

(size) 1=0-3-8, 2=Mechanical, 3=Mechanical

Code FBC2017/TPI2014

Max Horz 1=123(LC 12)

Max Uplift 1=-5(LC 12), 2=-95(LC 12)

Rep Stress Incr

Max Grav 1=277(LC 1), 2=198(LC 17), 3=127(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

WB

Matrix-AS

0.00

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

YES

- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 2.

6) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



September 14,2020



A WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job : Fruss Truss Truss Qty Ply Hickory Cove 12

HICKORYCOVE12 J10GR Jack-Open Girder 1 1 Job Reference (optional)

Mayo Truss Company, Inc.,

Mayo, FL - 32066,

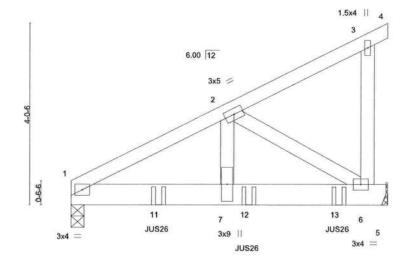
8.420 s Aug 25 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 14 15:22:02 2020 Page 1 ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7i4ty10ex-7VtFiL3rF2ZEno7eW7fR2zPSUUR04F7Xatzq_BydgcJ

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-3-6 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

ID:WNluglpiabc1asAivA7ii 3-5-8 7-0-0 3-5-8 3-6-8

Scale = 1:25.7



		3-5-8				3-6-8					-	
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC	0.12	Vert(LL)	-0.02	6-7	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC	0.68	Vert(CT)	-0.04	6-7	>999	180		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.28	Horz(CT)	0.01	5	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	.0 Code FBC2017/TPI2014		Matrix-MP		1.0000000000000000000000000000000000000					Weight: 40 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS.

(size) 1=0-3-8, 5=Mechanical

Max Horz 1=128(LC 8)

Max Uplift 1=-103(LC 8), 5=-237(LC 8) Max Grav 1=803(LC 1), 5=964(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-1219/163

BOT CHORD 1-7=-234/1060, 6-7=-234/1060 WEBS 2-7=-147/962, 2-6=-1237/274

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=103, 5=237.
- 6) Use USP JUS26 (With 4-10d nails into Girder & 4-10d nails into Truss) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 1-11-4 from the left end to 5-11-4 to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.
- 7) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.
- 8) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4=-60, 5-8=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 11=-407(B) 12=-407(B) 13=-395(B) No 22839

No 22839

No 2000

N

Walter P. Finn PE No.22839 MiTek USA, Inc. FL Cert 6634 6904 Parke East Blvd. Tampa FL 33610

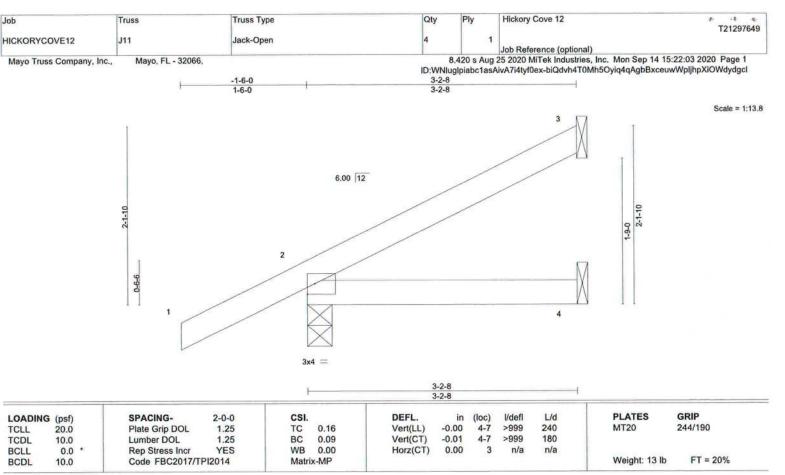
September 14,2020

warning - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MitTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BRACING-**

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-2-8 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.

3=Mechanical, 2=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical (size)

Max Horz 2=96(LC 12)

Max Uplift 3=-35(LC 12), 2=-80(LC 12)

Max Grav 3=78(LC 17), 2=237(LC 1), 4=56(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=101mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Encl., GCpi=0.18; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3, 2.



September 14,2020



A WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not Design valid for use only with mittee controlled seign is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an introducial ordinary completing, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

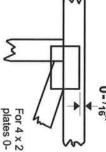


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated. and fully embed teeth Apply plates to both sides of truss Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths



edge of truss. plates 0- 116" from outside For 4 x 2 orientation, locate

œ

O

5

connector plates required direction of slots in This symbol indicates the

Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

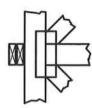
the length parallel to slots. width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is The first dimension is the plate

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



if indicated. output. Use T or I bracing by text in the bracing section of the Indicated by symbol shown and/or

BEARING



Min size shown is for crushing only number where bearings occur. reaction section indicates joint Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but

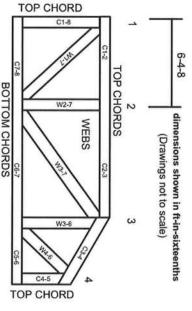
Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Design Standard for Bracing.

DSB-89:

Connected Wood Trusses. Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate **Building Component Safety Information,** Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ESR1988 ER-3907, ESR-2362, ESR-1397, ESR-3282

truss unless otherwise shown. Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the

section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 established by others.

© 2012 MiTek® All Rights Reserved



MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves bracing should be considered may require bracing, or alternative Tor I
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses

ω

- Provide copies of this truss design to the building all other interested parties. designer, erection supervisor, property owner and
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
- Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.

.7

- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication
- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- 10. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the camber for dead load deflection. responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to
- Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing. or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted
- Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable project engineer before use environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with
- Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
- 21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.

ROOF PITCH: 6/12
CLG PITCH: 12" STEP
TRAYS LR & MBR
O.H.: 18" PLUMB CUT
WIND: 130 MPH
EXP: "C"
LOADING: 40 PSF
WALLS 2 X 4 X 9'
DATE: 9/14/2020

