

ENERGY PERFORMANCE LEVEL (EPL) DISPLAY CARD**ESTIMATED ENERGY PERFORMANCE INDEX* = 100****The lower the Energy Performance Index, the more efficient the home.**

1. New home or, addition	1. <u>New (From Plans)</u>	12. Ducts, location & insulation level	
2. Single-family or multiple-family	2. <u>Single-family</u>	a) Supply ducts	R <u>6.0</u>
3. No. of units (if multiple-family)	3. <u>1</u>	b) Return ducts	R <u>6.0</u>
4. Number of bedrooms	4. <u>3</u>	c) AHU location	Attic
5. Is this a worst case? (yes/no)	5. <u>No</u>	13. Cooling system:	Capacity <u>23.2</u>
6. Conditioned floor area (sq. ft.)	6. <u>1236</u>	a) Split system	SEER <u>14.0</u>
7. Windows, type and area		b) Single package	SEER <u> </u>
a) U-factor:(weighted average)	7a. <u>0.300</u>	c) Ground/water source	SEER/COP <u> </u>
b) Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC)	7b. <u>0.250</u>	d) Room unit/PTAC	EER <u> </u>
c) Area	7c. <u>140.0</u>	e) Other	<u> </u>
8. Skylights		14. Heating system:	Capacity <u>23.2</u>
a) U-factor:(weighted average)	8a. <u>NA</u>	a) Split system heat pump	HSPF <u>8.2</u>
b) Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC)	8b. <u>NA</u>	b) Single package heat pump	HSPF <u> </u>
9. Floor type, insulation level:		c) Electric resistance	COP <u> </u>
a) Slab-on-grade (R-value)	9a. <u>0.0</u>	d) Gas furnace, natural gas	AFUE <u> </u>
b) Wood, raised (R-value)	9b. <u> </u>	e) Gas furnace, LPG	AFUE <u> </u>
c) Concrete, raised (R-value)	9c. <u> </u>	f) Other	<u> </u>
10. Wall type and insulation:		15. Water heating system	
A. Exterior:		a) Electric resistance	EF <u>0.95</u>
1. Wood frame (Insulation R-value)	10A1. <u> </u>	b) Gas fired, natural gas	EF <u> </u>
2. Masonry (Insulation R-value)	10A2. <u>5.0</u>	c) Gas fired, LPG	EF <u> </u>
B. Adjacent:		d) Solar system with tank	EF <u> </u>
1. Wood frame (Insulation R-value)	10B1. <u> </u>	e) Dedicated heat pump with tank	EF <u> </u>
2. Masonry (Insulation R-value)	10B2. <u> </u>	f) Heat recovery unit	HeatRec% <u> </u>
11. Ceiling type and insulation level		g) Other	<u> </u>
a) Under attic	11a. <u>0.0</u>	16. HVAC credits claimed (Performance Method)	
b) Single assembly	11b. <u> </u>	a) Ceiling fans	<u> </u>
c) Knee walls/skylight walls	11c. <u> </u>	b) Cross ventilation	<u>No</u>
d) Radiant barrier installed	11d. <u>No</u>	c) Whole house fan	<u>No</u>
		d) Multizone cooling credit	<u> </u>
		e) Multizone heating credit	<u> </u>
		f) Programmable thermostat	<u>Yes</u>

*Label required by Section R303.1.3 of the Florida Building Code, Energy Conservation, if not DEFAULT.

I certify that this home has complied with the Florida Building Code, Energy Conservation, through the above energy saving features which will be installed (or exceeded) in this home before final inspection. Otherwise, a new EPL display card will be completed based on installed code compliant features.

Builder Signature: _____ Date: _____

Address of New Home: _____ City/FL Zip: High Springs, FL

INPUT SUMMARY CHECKLIST REPORT

PROJECT

Title:	Soto	Bedrooms:	3	Address Type:	Street Address
Building Type:	User	Conditioned Area:	1236	Lot #	
Owner Name:	Betsy Soto	Total Stories:	1	Block/Subdivision:	
# of Units:	1	Worst Case:	No	PlatBook:	
Builder Name:		Rotate Angle:	0	Street:	
Permit Office:		Cross Ventilation:	No	County:	Alachua
Jurisdiction:		Whole House Fan:	No	City, State, Zip:	High Springs , FL ,
Family Type:	Single-family				
New/Existing:	New (From Plans)				
Comment:					

CLIMATE

✓	Design Location	TMY Site	Design Temp		Int Design Temp		Heating	Design	Daily Temp
			97.5 %	2.5 %	Winter	Summer	Degree Days	Moisture	Range
_____	FL, Gainesville	FL_GAINESVILLE_REGI	32	92	70	75	1305.5	51	Medium

BLOCKS

Number	Name	Area	Volume
1	Block1	1236	11124

SPACES

Number	Name	Area	Volume	Kitchen	Occupants	Bedrooms	Infil ID	Finished	Cooled	Heated
1	Main	1236	11124	Yes	4	3	1	Yes	Yes	Yes

FLOORS

✓	#	Floor Type	Space	Perimeter	R-Value	Area		Tile	Wood	Carpet
_____	1	Slab-On-Grade Edge Insulatio	Main	152 ft	0	1236 ft²	----	0	0	1

ROOF

✓	#	Type	Materials	Roof Area	Gable Area	Roof Color	Rad Barr	Solar Absor.	SA Tested	Emitt	Emitt Tested	Deck Insul.	Pitch (deg)
_____	1	Hip	Composition shingles	1382 ft²	0 ft²	Dark	N	0.9	N	0.9	No	20	26.6

ATTIC

✓	#	Type	Ventilation	Vent Ratio (1 in)	Area	RBS	IRCC
_____	1	Full attic	Unvented	0	1236 ft²	N	N

CEILING

✓	#	Ceiling Type	Space	R-Value	Ins Type	Area	Framing Frac	Truss Type
_____	1	Under Attic (Unvented)	Main	0	Blown	1236 ft²	0.1	Wood

INPUT SUMMARY CHECKLIST REPORT

WALLS

✓	#	Ornt	Adjacent To	Wall Type	Space	Cavity R-Value	Width Ft	In	Height Ft	In	Area	Sheathing R-Value	Framing Fraction	Solar Absor.	Below Grade%
✓	1	N	Exterior	Concrete Block - Int Insul	Main	5	35	0	8	0	280.0 ft²	0	0	0.8	0
✓	2	E	Exterior	Concrete Block - Int Insul	Main	5	41	0	8	0	328.0 ft²	0	0	0.8	0
✓	3	S	Exterior	Concrete Block - Int Insul	Main	5	35	0	8	0	280.0 ft²	0	0	0.8	0
✓	4	W	Exterior	Concrete Block - Int Insul	Main	5	41	0	8	0	328.0 ft²	0	0	0.8	0

DOORS

✓	#	Ornt	Door Type	Space	Storms	U-Value	Width Ft	In	Height Ft	In	Area
✓	1	E	Wood	Main	None	.39	3		7		21 ft²
✓	2	S	Wood	Main	None	.39	3		7		21 ft²

WINDOWS

Orientation shown is the entered, Proposed orientation.

✓	#	Ornt	Wall ID	Frame	Panes	NFRC	U-Factor	SHGC	Imp	Area	Overhang Depth	Separation	Int Shade	Screening
✓	1	n	1	Vinyl	Low-E Double	Yes	0.3	0.25	N	30.0 ft²	1 ft 0 in	1 ft 0 in	Drapes/blinds	None
✓	2	e	2	Vinyl	Low-E Double	Yes	0.3	0.25	N	30.0 ft²	1 ft 0 in	1 ft 0 in	Drapes/blinds	None
✓	3	w	4	Vinyl	Low-E Double	Yes	0.3	0.25	N	35.0 ft²	1 ft 0 in	1 ft 0 in	Drapes/blinds	None
✓	4	W	4	Vinyl	Low-E Double	Yes	0.3	0.25	N	45.0 ft²	1 ft 0 in	1 ft 0 in	Drapes/blinds	None

INFILTRATION

#	Scope	Method	SLA	CFM 50	ELA	EqLA	ACH	ACH 50
1	Wholehouse	Proposed ACH(50)	.000229	741.6	40.71	76.57	.0902	4

HEATING SYSTEM

✓	#	System Type	Subtype	Efficiency	Capacity	Block	Ducts
✓	1	Electric Heat Pump/	Split	HSPF:8.2	23.2 kBtu/hr	1	sys#1

COOLING SYSTEM

✓	#	System Type	Subtype	Efficiency	Capacity	Air Flow	SHR	Block	Ducts
✓	1	Central Unit/	Split	SEER: 14	23.2 kBtu/hr	cfm	0.8	1	sys#1

HOT WATER SYSTEM

✓	#	System Type	SubType	Location	EF	Cap	Use	SetPnt	Conservation
✓	1	Electric	None	Attic	0.95	40 gal	60 gal	120 deg	None

INPUT SUMMARY CHECKLIST REPORT

SOLAR HOT WATER SYSTEM

✓	FSEC Cert #	Company Name	System Model #	Collector Model #	Collector Area	Storage Volume	FEF
_____	None	None			ft²		

DUCTS

✓	#	---- Supply ---- Location	R-Value	Area	---- Return ---- Location	Area	Leakage Type	Air Handler	CFM 25 TOT	CFM25 OUT	QN	RLF	HVAC # Heat	Cool
_____	1	Attic	6	200 ft²	Attic	100 ft²	Prop. Leak Free	Attic	--- cfm	37.1 cfm	0.03	0.50	1	1

TEMPERATURES

Programable Thermostat: Y				Ceiling Fans:											
Cooling	<input type="checkbox"/> Jan	<input type="checkbox"/> Feb	<input type="checkbox"/> Mar	<input type="checkbox"/> Apr	<input type="checkbox"/> May	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Jun	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Jul	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Aug	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sep	<input type="checkbox"/> Oct	<input type="checkbox"/> Nov	<input type="checkbox"/> Dec			
Heating	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Jan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Feb	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mar	<input type="checkbox"/> Apr	<input type="checkbox"/> May	<input type="checkbox"/> Jun	<input type="checkbox"/> Jul	<input type="checkbox"/> Aug	<input type="checkbox"/> Sep	<input type="checkbox"/> Oct	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Nov	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dec			
Venting	<input type="checkbox"/> Jan	<input type="checkbox"/> Feb	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mar	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Apr	<input type="checkbox"/> May	<input type="checkbox"/> Jun	<input type="checkbox"/> Jul	<input type="checkbox"/> Aug	<input type="checkbox"/> Sep	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oct	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Nov	<input type="checkbox"/> Dec			
Thermostat Schedule: HERS 2006 Reference															
Schedule Type			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Cooling (WD)	AM	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	80	80	80	80	
	PM	80	80	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	
Cooling (WEH)	AM	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	
	PM	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	
Heating (WD)	AM	66	66	66	66	66	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	
	PM	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	66	66	
Heating (WEH)	AM	66	66	66	66	66	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	
	PM	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	66	66	

MASS

Mass Type	Area	Thickness	Furniture Fraction	Space
Default(8 lbs/sq.ft.)	0 ft²	0 ft	0.3	Main

2017 - AIR BARRIER AND INSULATION INSPECTION COMPONENT CRITERIA

**TABLE 402.4.1.1
AIR BARRIER AND INSULATION INSPECTION COMPONENT CRITERIA**

Project Name: Soto Street: City, State, Zip: High Springs , FL , Owner: Betsy Soto Design Location: FL, Gainesville			Builder Name: Permit Office: Permit Number: Jurisdiction:	CHECK
COMPONENT	AIR BARRIER CRITERIA	INSULATION INSTALLATION CRITERIA		
General requirements	A continuous air barrier shall be installed in the building envelope. The exterior thermal envelope contains a continuous air barrier. Breaks or joints in the air barrier shall be sealed.	Air-permeable insulation shall not be used as a sealing material.		
Ceiling/attic	The air barrier in any dropped ceiling/soffit shall be aligned with the insulation and any gaps in the air barrier shall be sealed. Access openings, drop down stairs or knee wall doors to unconditioned attic spaces shall be sealed.	The insulation in any dropped ceiling/soffit shall be aligned with the air barrier.		
Walls	The junction of the foundation and sill plate shall be sealed. The junction of the top plate and the top of exterior walls shall be sealed. Knee walls shall be sealed.	Cavities within corners and headers of frame walls shall be insulated by completely filling the cavity with a material having a thermal resistance of R-3 per inch minimum. Exterior thermal envelope insulation for framed walls shall be installed in substantial contact and continuous alignment with the air barrier.		
Windows, skylights and doors	The space between window/door jambs and framing, and skylights and framing shall be sealed.			
Rim joists	Rim joists shall include the air barrier.	Rim joists shall be insulated.		
Floors (including above-garage and cantilevered floors)	The air barrier shall be installed at any exposed edge of insulation.	Floor framing cavity insulation shall be installed to maintain permanent contact with the underside of subfloor decking, or floor framing cavity insulation shall be permitted to be in contact with the top side of sheathing, or continuous insulation installed on the underside of floor framing and extends from the bottom to the top of all perimeter floor framing members.		
Crawl space walls	Exposed earth in unvented crawl spaces shall be covered with a Class I vapor retarder with overlapping joints taped.	Where provided instead of floor insulation, insulation shall be permanently attached to the crawlspace		
Shafts, penetrations	Duct shafts, utility penetrations, and flue shafts opening to exterior or unconditioned space shall be sealed.			
Narrow cavities		Batts in narrow cavities shall be cut to fit, or narrow cavities shall be filled by insulation that on installation readily conforms to the available cavity spaces.		
Garage separation	Air sealing shall be provided between the garage and conditioned spaces.			
Recessed lighting	Recessed light fixtures installed in the building thermal envelope shall be sealed to the drywall.	Recessed light fixtures installed in the building thermal envelope shall be air tight and IC rated.		
Plumbing and wiring		Batt insulation shall be cut neatly to fit around wiring and plumbing in exterior walls, or insulation that on installation readily conforms to available space shall extend behind piping and wiring.		
Shower/tub on exterior wall	The air barrier installed at exterior walls adjacent to showers and tubs shall separate them from the showers and tubs.	Exterior walls adjacent to showers and tubs shall be insulated.		
Electrical/phone box on exterior walls	The air barrier shall be installed behind electrical or communication boxes or air-sealed boxes shall be installed.			
HVAC register boots	HVAC register boots that penetrate building thermal envelope shall be sealed to the sub-floor or drywall.			
Concealed sprinklers	When required to be sealed, concealed fire sprinklers shall only be sealed in a manner that is recommended by the manufacturer. Caulking or other adhesive sealants shall not be used to fill voids between fire sprinkler cover plates and walls or ceilings.			

a. In addition, inspection of log walls shall be in accordance with the provisions of ICC-400.

Florida Building Code, Energy Conservation, 6th Edition (2017)

Mandatory Requirements for Residential Performance, Prescriptive and ERI Methods

ADDRESS:

High Springs , FL ,

Permit Number:

MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS See individual code sections for full details.

SECTION R401 GENERAL



R401.3 Energy Performance Level (EPL) display card (Mandatory). The building official shall require that an energy performance level (EPL) display card be completed and certified by the builder to be accurate and correct before final approval of the building for occupancy. Florida law (Section 553.9085, Florida Statutes) requires the EPL display card to be included as an addendum to each sales contract for both presold and nonpresold residential buildings. The EPL display card contains information indicating the energy performance level and efficiencies of components installed in a dwelling unit. The building official shall verify that the EPL display card completed and signed by the builder accurately reflects the plans and specifications submitted to demonstrate code compliance for the building. A copy of the EPL display card can be found in Appendix RD.



R402.4 Air leakage (Mandatory). The building thermal envelope shall be constructed to limit air leakage in accordance with the requirements of Sections R402.4.1 through R402.4.5.

Exception: Dwelling units of R-2 Occupancies and multiple attached single family dwellings shall be permitted to comply with Section C402.5.



R402.4.1 Building thermal envelope. The building thermal envelope shall comply with Sections R402.4.1.1 and R402.4.1.2. The sealing methods between dissimilar materials shall allow for differential expansion and contraction.



R402.4.1.1 Installation. The components of the building thermal envelope as listed in Table R402.4.1.1 shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and the criteria listed in Table R402.4.1.1, as applicable to the method of construction. Where required by the code official, an approved third party shall inspect all components and verify compliance.



R402.4.1.2 Testing. The building or dwelling unit shall be tested and verified as having an air leakage rate not exceeding seven air changes per hour in Climate Zones 1 and 2, and three air changes per hour in Climate Zones 3 through 8. Testing shall be conducted in accordance with ANSI/RESNET/ICC 380 and reported at a pressure of 0.2 inch w.g. (50 pascals). Testing shall be conducted by either individuals as defined in Section 553.993(5) or (7), Florida Statutes, or individuals licensed as set forth in Section 489.105(3)(f), (g) or (i) or an approved third party. A written report of the results of the test shall be signed by the party conducting the test and provided to the code official. Testing shall be performed at any time after creation of all penetrations of the building thermal envelope.

Exception: Testing is not required for additions, alterations, renovations, or repairs, of the building thermal envelope of existing buildings in which the new construction is less than 85 percent of the building thermal envelope.

During testing:

1. Exterior windows and doors, fireplace and stove doors shall be closed, but not sealed, beyond the intended weatherstripping or other infiltration control measures.
2. Dampers including exhaust, intake, makeup air, backdraft and flue dampers shall be closed, but not sealed beyond intended infiltration control measures.
3. Interior doors, if installed at the time of the test, shall be open.
4. Exterior doors for continuous ventilation systems and heat recovery ventilators shall be closed and sealed.
5. Heating and cooling systems, if installed at the time of the test, shall be turned off.
6. Supply and return registers, if installed at the time of the test, shall be fully open.



R402.4.2 Fireplaces. New wood-burning fireplaces shall have tight-fitting flue dampers or doors, and outdoor combustion air. Where using tight-fitting doors on factory-built fireplaces listed and labeled in accordance with UL 127, the doors shall be tested and listed for the fireplace. Where using tight-fitting doors on masonry fireplaces, the doors shall be listed and labeled in accordance with UL 907.



R402.4.3 Fenestration air leakage. Windows, skylights and sliding glass doors shall have an air infiltration rate of no more than 0.3 cfm per square foot (1.5 L/s/m²), and swinging doors no more than 0.5 cfm per square foot (2.6 L/s/m²), when tested according to NFRC 400 or AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 by an accredited, independent laboratory and listed and labeled by the manufacturer.

Exception: Site-built windows, skylights and doors.

MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS - (Continued)

- ☐ **R402.4.4 Rooms containing fuel-burning appliances.** In Climate Zones 3 through 8, where open combustion air ducts provide combustion air to open combustion fuel burning appliances, the appliances and combustion air opening shall be located outside the building thermal envelope or enclosed in a room, isolated from inside the thermal envelope. Such rooms shall be sealed and insulated in accordance with the envelope requirements of Table R402.1.2, where the walls, floors and ceilings shall meet not less than the basement wall R-value requirement. The door into the room shall be fully gasketed and any water lines and ducts in the room insulated in accordance with Section R403. The combustion air duct shall be insulated where it passes through conditioned space to a minimum of R-8.

Exceptions:

1. Direct vent appliances with both intake and exhaust pipes installed continuous to the outside.
2. Fireplaces and stoves complying with Section R402.4.2 and Section R1006 of the Florida Building Code, Residential.

- ☐ **R402.4.5 Recessed lighting.** Recessed luminaires installed in the building thermal envelope shall be sealed to limit air leakage between conditioned and unconditioned spaces. All recessed luminaires shall be IC-rated and labeled as having an air leakage rate not more than 2.0 cfm (0.944 L/s) when tested in accordance with ASTM E283 at a 1.57 psf (75 Pa) pressure differential. All recessed luminaires shall be sealed with a gasket or caulk between the housing and the interior wall or ceiling covering.

SECTION R403 SYSTEMS

R403.1 Controls.

- ☐ **R403.1.1 Thermostat provision (Mandatory).** At least one thermostat shall be provided for each separate heating and cooling system.

- ☐ **R403.1.3 Heat pump supplementary heat (Mandatory).** Heat pumps having supplementary electric-resistance heat shall have controls that, except during defrost, prevent supplemental heat operation when the heat pump compressor can meet the heating load.

- ☐ **R403.3.2 Sealing (Mandatory)** All ducts, air handlers, filter boxes and building cavities that form the primary air containment passageways for air distribution systems shall be considered ducts or plenum chambers, shall be constructed and sealed in accordance with Section C403.2.9.2 of the Commercial Provisions of this code and shall be shown to meet duct tightness criteria below.

Duct tightness shall be verified by testing in accordance with ANSI/RESNET/ICC 380 by either individuals as defined in Section 553.993(5) or (7), Florida Statutes, or individuals licensed as set forth in Section 489.105(3)(f), (g) or (i), Florida Statutes, to be "substantially leak free" in accordance with Section R403.3.3.

- ☐ **R403.3.2.1 Sealed air handler.** Air handlers shall have a manufacturer's designation for an air leakage of no more than 2 percent of the design airflow rate when tested in accordance with ASHRAE 193.

- ☐ **R403.3.3 Duct testing (Mandatory).** Ducts shall be pressure tested to determine air leakage by one of the following methods:

1. Rough-in test: Total leakage shall be measured with a pressure differential of 0.1 inch w.g. (25 Pa) across the system, including the manufacturer's air handler enclosure if installed at the time of the test. All registers shall be taped or otherwise sealed during the test.
2. Postconstruction test: Total leakage shall be measured with a pressure differential of 0.1 inch w.g. (25 Pa) across the entire system, including the manufacturer's air handler enclosure. Registers shall be taped or otherwise sealed during the test.

Exceptions:

1. A duct air leakage test shall not be required where the ducts and air handlers are located entirely within the building thermal envelope.
2. Duct testing is not mandatory for buildings complying by Section 405 of this code.

A written report of the results of the test shall be signed by the party conducting the test and provided to the code official.

- ☐ **R403.3.5 Building cavities (Mandatory).** Building framing cavities shall not be used as ducts or plenums.

- ☐ **R403.4 Mechanical system piping insulation (Mandatory).** Mechanical system piping capable of carrying fluids above 105°F (41°C) or below 55°F (13°C) shall be insulated to a minimum of R-3.

- ☐ **R403.4.1 Protection of piping insulation.** Piping insulation exposed to weather shall be protected from damage, including that caused by sunlight, moisture, equipment maintenance and wind, and shall provide shielding from solar radiation that can cause degradation of the material. Adhesive tape shall not be permitted.

- ☐ **R403.5.1 Heated water circulation and temperature maintenance systems (Mandatory)** Heated water circulation systems shall be in accordance with Section R403.5.1.1. Heat trace temperature maintenance systems shall be in accordance with Section R403.5.1.2. Automatic controls, temperature sensors and pumps shall be accessible. Manual controls shall be readily accessible.

- ☐ **R403.5.1.1 Circulation systems.** Heated water circulation systems shall be provided with a circulation pump. The system return pipe shall be a dedicated return pipe or a cold water supply pipe. Gravity and thermosiphon circulation systems shall be prohibited. Controls for circulating hot water system pumps shall start the pump based on the identification of a demand for hot water within the occupancy. The controls shall automatically turn off the pump when the water in the circulation loop is at the desired temperature and when there is no demand for hot water.

- ☐ **R403.5.1.2 Heat trace systems.** Electric heat trace systems shall comply with IEEE 515.1 or UL 515. Controls for such systems shall automatically adjust the energy input to the heat tracing to maintain the desired water temperature in the piping in accordance with the times when heated water is used in the occupancy.

MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS - (Continued)

- ☐ **R403.5.5 Heat traps (Mandatory).** Storage water heaters not equipped with integral heat traps and having vertical pipe risers shall have heat traps installed on both the inlets and outlets. External heat traps shall consist of either a commercially available heat trap or a downward and upward bend of at least 3 ½ inches (89 mm) in the hot water distribution line and cold water line located as close as possible to the storage tank.
- R403.5.6 Water heater efficiencies (Mandatory).**
- ☐ **R403.5.6.1.1 Automatic controls.** Service water-heating systems shall be equipped with automatic temperature controls capable of adjustment from the lowest to the highest acceptable temperature settings for the intended use. The minimum temperature setting range shall be from 100°F to 140°F (38°C to 60°C).
- ☐ **R403.5.6.1.2 Shut down.** A separate switch or a clearly marked circuit breaker shall be provided to permit the power supplied to electric service systems to be turned off. A separate valve shall be provided to permit the energy supplied to the main burner(s) of combustion types of service water-heating systems to be turned off.
- ☐ **R403.5.6.2 Water-heating equipment.** Water-heating equipment installed in residential units shall meet the minimum efficiencies of Table C404.2 in Chapter 4 of the Florida Building Code, Energy Conservation, Commercial Provisions, for the type of equipment installed. Equipment used to provide heating functions as part of a combination system shall satisfy all stated requirements for the appropriate water-heating category. Solar water heaters shall meet the criteria of Section R403.5.6.2.1.
- ☐ **R403.5.6.2.1 Solar water-heating systems.** Solar systems for domestic hot water production are rated by the annual solar energy factor of the system. The solar energy factor of a system shall be determined from the Florida Solar Energy Center Directory of Certified Solar Systems. Solar collectors shall be tested in accordance with ISO Standard 9806, Test Methods for Solar Collectors, and SRCC Standard TM-1, Solar Domestic Hot Water System and Component Test Protocol. Collectors in installed solar water-heating systems should meet the following criteria:
1. Be installed with a tilt angle between 10 degrees and 40 degrees of the horizontal; and
 2. Be installed at an orientation within 45 degrees of true south.
- ☐ **R403.6 Mechanical ventilation (Mandatory).** The building shall be provided with ventilation that meets the requirements of the Florida Building Code, Residential, or Florida Building Code, Mechanical, as applicable, or with other approved means of ventilation including: Natural, Infiltration or Mechanical means. Outdoor air intakes and exhausts shall have automatic or gravity dampers that close when the ventilation system is not operating.
- ☐ **R403.6.1 Whole-house mechanical ventilation system fan efficacy.** When installed to function as a whole-house mechanical ventilation system, fans shall meet the efficacy requirements of Table R403.6.1.
- Exception:** Where whole-house mechanical ventilation fans are integral to tested and listed HVAC equipment, they shall be powered by an electronically commutated motor.
- ☐ **R403.6.2 Ventilation air.** Residential buildings designed to be operated at a positive indoor pressure or for mechanical ventilation shall meet the following criteria:
1. The design air change per hour minimums for residential buildings in ASHRAE 62.2, Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality, shall be the maximum rates allowed for residential applications.
 2. No ventilation or air-conditioning system make-up air shall be provided to conditioned space from attics, crawlspaces, attached enclosed garages or outdoor spaces adjacent to swimming pools or spas.
 3. If ventilation air is drawn from enclosed space(s), then the walls of the space(s) from which air is drawn shall be insulated to a minimum of R-11 and the ceiling shall be insulated to a minimum of R-19, space permitting, or R-10 otherwise.
- R403.7 Heating and cooling equipment (Mandatory).**
- ☐ **R403.7.1 Equipment sizing.** Heating and cooling equipment shall be sized in accordance with ACCA Manual S based on the equipment loads calculated in accordance with ACCA Manual J or other approved heating and cooling calculation methodologies, based on building loads for the directional orientation of the building. The manufacturer and model number of the outdoor and indoor units (if split system) shall be submitted along with the sensible and total cooling capacities at the design conditions described in Section R302.1. This Code does not allow designer safety factors, provisions for future expansion or other factors that affect equipment sizing. System sizing calculations shall not include loads created by local intermittent mechanical ventilation such as standard kitchen and bathroom exhaust systems. New or replacement heating and cooling equipment shall have an efficiency rating equal to or greater than the minimum required by federal law for the geographic location where the equipment is installed.

**TABLE R403.6.1
WHOLE-HOUSE MECHANICAL VENTILATION SYSTEM FAN EFFICACY**

FAN LOCATION	AIRFLOW RATE MINIMUM (CFM)	MINIMUM EFFICACY ^a (CFM/WATT)	AIRFLOW RATE MAXIMUM (CFM)
Range hoods	Any	2.8 cfm/watt	Any
In-line fan	Any	2.8 cfm/watt	Any
Bathroom, utility room	10	1.4 cfm/watt	<90
Bathroom, utility room	90	2.8 cfm/watt	Any

For SI: 1 cfm = 28.3 L/min.

a. When tested in accordance with HVI Standard 916

MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS - (Continued)

- ☐ **R403.7.1.1 Cooling equipment capacity.** Cooling only equipment shall be selected so that its total capacity is not less than the calculated total load but not more than 1.15 times greater than the total load calculated according to the procedure selected in Section 403.7, or the closest available size provided by the manufacturer's product lines. The corresponding latent capacity of the equipment shall not be less than the calculated latent load.

The published value for AHRI total capacity is a nominal, rating-test value and shall not be used for equipment sizing. Manufacturer's expanded performance data shall be used to select cooling-only equipment. This selection shall be based on the outdoor design dry-bulb temperature for the load calculation (or entering water temperature for water-source equipment), the blower CFM provided by the expanded performance data, the design value for entering wet-bulb temperature and the design value for entering dry-bulb temperature.

Design values for entering wet-bulb and dry-bulb temperatures shall be for the indoor dry bulb and relative humidity used for the load calculation and shall be adjusted for return side gains if the return duct(s) is installed in an unconditioned space.

Exceptions:

1. Attached single- and multiple-family residential equipment sizing may be selected so that its cooling capacity is less than the calculated total sensible load but not less than 80 percent of that load.
2. When signed and sealed by a Florida-registered engineer, in attached single- and multiple-family units, the capacity of equipment may be sized in accordance with good design practice.

R403.7.1.2 Heating equipment capacity.

- ☐ **R403.7.1.2.1 Heat pumps.** Heat pump sizing shall be based on the cooling requirements as calculated according to Section R403.7.1.1, and the heat pump total cooling capacity shall not be more than 1.15 times greater than the design cooling load even if the design heating load is 1.15 times greater than the design cooling load.

- ☐ **R403.7.1.2.2 Electric resistance furnaces.** Electric resistance furnaces shall be sized within 4 kW of the design requirements calculated according to the procedure selected in Section R403.7.1.

- ☐ **R403.7.1.2.3 Fossil fuel heating equipment.** The capacity of fossil fuel heating equipment with natural draft atmospheric burners shall not be less than the design load calculated in accordance with Section R403.7.1.

- ☐ **R403.7.1.3 Extra capacity required for special occasions.** Residences requiring excess cooling or heating equipment capacity on an intermittent basis, such as anticipated additional loads caused by major entertainment events, shall have equipment sized or controlled to prevent continuous space cooling or heating within that space by one or more of the following options:

1. A separate cooling or heating system is utilized to provide cooling or heating to the major entertainment areas.
2. A variable capacity system sized for optimum performance during base load periods is utilized.

- ☐ **R403.8 Systems serving multiple dwelling units (Mandatory).** Systems serving multiple dwelling units shall comply with Sections C403 and C404 of the IECC—Commercial Provisions in lieu of Section R403.

- ☐ **R403.9 Snow melt and ice system controls (Mandatory)** Snow- and ice-melting systems, supplied through energy service to the building, shall include automatic controls capable of shutting off the system when the pavement temperature is above 50°F (10°C), and no precipitation is falling and an automatic or manual control that will allow shutoff when the outdoor temperature is above 40°F (4.8°C).

- ☐ **R403.10 Pools and permanent spa energy consumption (Mandatory).** The energy consumption of pools and permanent spas shall be in accordance with Sections R403.10.1 through R403.10.5.

- ☐ **R403.10.1 Heaters.** The electric power to heaters shall be controlled by a readily accessible on-off switch that is an integral part of the heater mounted on the exterior of the heater, or external to and within 3 feet (914 mm) of the heater. Operation of such switch shall not change the setting of the heater thermostat. Such switches shall be in addition to a circuit breaker for the power to the heater. Gas-fired heaters shall not be equipped with continuously burning ignition pilots.

- ☐ **R403.10.2 Time switches.** Time switches or other control methods that can automatically turn off and on according to a preset schedule shall be installed for heaters and pump motors. Heaters and pump motors that have built-in time switches shall be in compliance with this section.

Exceptions:

1. Where public health standards require 24-hour pump operation.
2. Pumps that operate solar- and waste-heat-recovery pool heating systems.
3. Where pumps are powered exclusively from on-site renewable generation.

- ☐ **R403.10.3 Covers.** Outdoor heated swimming pools and outdoor permanent spas shall be equipped with a vapor-retardant cover on or at the water surface or a liquid cover or other means proven to reduce heat loss.

Exception: Where more than 70 percent of the energy for heating, computed over an operation season, is from site-recovered energy, such as from a heat pump or solar energy source, covers or other vapor-retardant means shall not be required.

- ☐ **R403.10.4 Gas- and oil-fired pool and spa heaters.** All gas- and oil-fired pool and spa heaters shall have a minimum thermal efficiency of 82 percent for heaters manufactured on or after April 16, 2013, when tested in accordance with ANSI Z 21.56. Pool heaters fired by natural or LP gas shall not have continuously burning pilot lights.

- ☐ **R403.10.5 Heat pump pool heaters.** Heat pump pool heaters shall have a minimum COP of 4.0 when tested in accordance with AHRI 1160, Table 2, Standard Rating Conditions-Low Air Temperature. A test report from an independent laboratory is required to verify procedure compliance. Geothermal swimming pool heat pumps are not required to meet this standard.
- ☐ **R403.11 Portable spas (Mandatory)** The energy consumption of electric-powered portable spas shall be controlled by the requirements of APSP-14.

SECTION R404

ELECTRICAL POWER AND LIGHTING SYSTEMS

- ☐ **R404.1 Lighting equipment (Mandatory).** Not less than 75 percent of the lamps in permanently installed lighting fixtures shall be high-efficacy lamps or not less than 75 percent of the permanently installed lighting fixtures shall contain only high-efficacy lamps.
- Exception:** Low-voltage lighting.
- R404.1.1 Lighting equipment (Mandatory)** Fuel gas lighting systems shall not have continuously burning pilot lights.

Project Information

For: Betsy Soto
High Springs, FL

Notes:

Design Information

Weather: Gainesville Regional AP, FL, US

Winter Design Conditions

Outside db 33 °F
Inside db 70 °F
Design TD 37 °F

Summer Design Conditions

Outside db 92 °F
Inside db 75 °F
Design TD 17 °F
Daily range M
Relative humidity 50 %
Moisture difference 47 gr/lb

Heating Summary

Structure 17157 Btuh
Ducts 4053 Btuh
Central vent (0 cfm)
(none) 0 Btuh
Humidification 0 Btuh
Piping 0 Btuh
Equipment load 21209 Btuh

Sensible Cooling Equipment Load Sizing

Structure 13387 Btuh
Ducts 5239 Btuh
Central vent (0 cfm)
(none) 0 Btuh
Blower 0 Btuh
Use manufacturer's data n
Rate/swing multiplier 0.97
Equipment sensible load 18066 Btuh

Infiltration

Method Simplified
Construction quality Average
Fireplaces 0

Latent Cooling Equipment Load Sizing

Structure 2004 Btuh
Ducts 874 Btuh
Central vent (0 cfm)
(none) 0 Btuh
Equipment latent load 2878 Btuh

	Heating	Cooling
Area (ft ²)	1236	1236
Volume (ft ³)	9800	9800
Air changes/hour	0.45	0.23
Equiv. AVF (cfm)	74	38

Equipment Total Load (Sen+Lat) 20944 Btuh
Req. total capacity at 0.80 SHR 1.9 ton

Heating Equipment Summary

Make Goodman Mfg.
Trade GOODMAN
Model GSZ140241K
AHRI ref 201640478

Efficiency 8.2 HSPF
Heating input
Heating output 23200 Btuh @ 47°F
Temperature rise 27 °F
Actual air flow 773 cfm
Air flow factor 0.036 cfm/Btuh
Static pressure 0.53 in H2O
Space thermostat
Capacity balance point = 33 °F

Backup:
Input = 4 kW, Output = 14788 Btuh, 100 AFUE

Cooling Equipment Summary

Make Goodman Mfg.
Trade GOODMAN
Cond GSZ140241K
Coil ARUF25B14A
AHRI ref 201640478

Efficiency 11.5 EER, 14 SEER
Sensible cooling 18560 Btuh
Latent cooling 4640 Btuh
Total cooling 23200 Btuh
Actual air flow 773 cfm
Air flow factor 0.042 cfm/Btuh
Static pressure 0.53 in H2O
Load sensible heat ratio 0.87

Calculations approved by ACCA to meet all requirements of Manual J 8th Ed.



Duct System Summary

Entire House

Job: Soto
Date: 10/24/19
By: DJM

Project Information

For: Betsy Soto
High Springs, FL

	Heating	Cooling
External static pressure	0.53 in H ₂ O	0.53 in H ₂ O
Pressure losses	0 in H ₂ O	0 in H ₂ O
Available static pressure	0.53 in H ₂ O	0.53 in H ₂ O
Supply / return available pressure	0.343 / 0.187 in H ₂ O	0.343 / 0.187 in H ₂ O
Lowest friction rate	0.297 in/100ft	0.297 in/100ft
Actual air flow	773 cfm	773 cfm
Total effective length (TEL)	178 ft	

Supply Branch Detail Table

Name	Design (Btuh)	Htg (cfm)	Clg (cfm)	Design FR	Diam (in)	H x W (in)	Duct Matl	Actual Ln (ft)	Ftg.Eqv Ln (ft)	Trunk
Bath	c 123	3	5	0.348	4.0	0x0	VIFx	8.5	90.0	st2
Bath 2	h 1310	48	22	0.308	5.0	0x0	VIFx	21.4	90.0	st1
Bed 1	h 3421	125	102	0.333	7.0	0x0	VIFx	13.0	90.0	st2
Bed 2	c 1713	53	71	0.326	5.0	0x0	VIFx	15.3	90.0	st1
Den	h 3899	142	134	0.317	7.0	0x0	VIFx	18.3	90.0	st1
Kit/Liv-A	c 4219	159	175	0.324	8.0	0x0	VIFx	15.9	90.0	st2
Living/Dining	c 1809	51	75	0.323	7.0	0x0	VIFx	16.3	90.0	st2
M Bed	c 4218	166	175	0.297	8.0	0x0	VIFx	25.6	90.0	st1
WIC	h 751	27	13	0.328	4.0	0x0	VIFx	14.8	90.0	st2

Supply Trunk Detail Table

Name	Trunk Type	Htg (cfm)	Clg (cfm)	Design FR	Veloc (fpm)	Diam (in)	H x W (in)	Duct Material	Trunk
st1	Peak AVF	408	403	0.297	520	12.0	0 x 0	VinIFlx	
st2	Peak AVF	365	370	0.323	471	12.0	0 x 0	VinIFlx	

Return Branch Detail Table

Name	Grille Size (in)	Htg (cfm)	Clg (cfm)	TEL (ft)	Design FR	Veloc (fpm)	Diam (in)	H x W (in)	Stud/Joist Opening (in)	Duct Matl	Trunk
rb4	0x0	51	75	58.2	0.321	281	7.0	0x 0		VIFx	rt2
rb1	0x0	349	332	32.5	0.574	444	12.0	0x 0		VIFx	
rb2	0x0	166	175	62.9	0.297	501	8.0	0x 0		VIFx	rt1
rb5	0x0	53	71	60.8	0.307	362	6.0	0x 0		VIFx	rt1
rb3	0x0	155	120	59.1	0.316	444	8.0	0x 0		VIFx	rt2

Return Trunk Detail Table

Name	Trunk Type	Htg (cfm)	Clg (cfm)	Design FR	Veloc (fpm)	Diam (in)	H x W (in)	Duct Material	Trunk
rt2	Peak AVF	206	195	0.316	466	9.0	0 x 0	VinIFlx	
rt1	Peak AVF	218	246	0.297	451	10.0	0 x 0	VinIFlx	

Project Information

For: Betsy Soto
High Springs, FL

Cooling Equipment

Design Conditions

Outdoor design DB:	92.0°F	Sensible gain:	18625	Btuh	Entering coil DB:	77.1°F
Outdoor design WB:	76.3°F	Latent gain:	2878	Btuh	Entering coil WB:	63.5°F
Indoor design DB:	75.0°F	Total gain:	21503	Btuh		
Indoor RH:	50%	Estimated airflow:	773	cfm		

Manufacturer's Performance Data at Actual Design Conditions

Equipment type:	Split ASHP				
Manufacturer:	Goodman Mfg.	Model:	GSZ140241K+ARUF25B14A		
Actual airflow:	773	cfm			
Sensible capacity:	18560	Btuh	100%	of load	
Latent capacity:	4640	Btuh	161%	of load	
Total capacity:	23200	Btuh	108%	SHR:	80%

Heating Equipment

Design Conditions

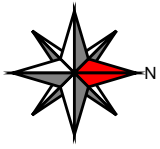
Outdoor design DB:	33.4°F	Heat loss:	21209	Btuh	Entering coil DB:	69.0°F
Indoor design DB:	70.0°F					

Manufacturer's Performance Data at Actual Design Conditions

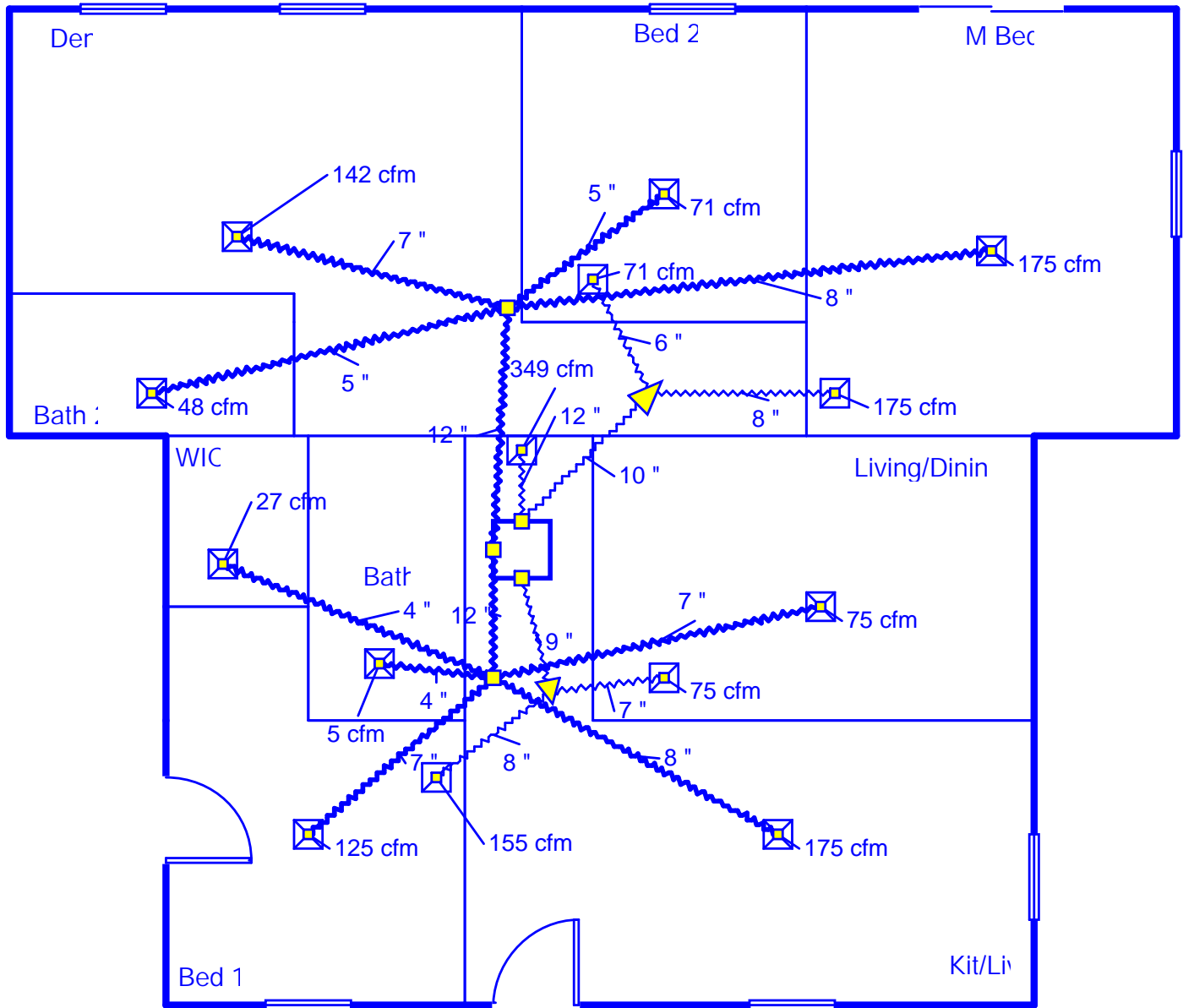
Equipment type:	Split ASHP				
Manufacturer:	Goodman Mfg.	Model:	GSZ140241K+ARUF25B14A		
Actual airflow:	773	cfm			
Output capacity:	23200	Btuh	109%	of load	
Supplemental heat required:	0	Btuh			
Capacity balance:	33 °F				
Economic balance:	-99 °F				

Backup equipment type:	Elec strip				
Manufacturer:		Model:			
Actual airflow:	773	cfm			
Output capacity:	4.3	kW	70%	Temp. rise:	50 °F

Meets all requirements of ACCA Manual S.



Duct Layout



Job #: Soto
Performed by DJM for:
Betsy Soto
High Springs, FL

Scale: 1 : 68
Page 1
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