# WIND ANALYSIS -- 120MPH Wind Velocity or as interpolated

# 2023 8th edition Florida Building Code

Calculations as per Section 1609ASCE 7-22

Prepared By James Zaleski PE 51544

Prepared by (print legibly): <u>James Zaleski</u>
Design Professional FL Lic. #: 51544

Importance factor: \_\_\_1.0 \_\_\_ Building Category: ENCLOSED
Wind Exposure (s): B\_\_\_\_ Risk Category II
Internal Pressure Coefficient \_\_\_\_ +/-.18

Borchardt Resident Columbia County, Fl.

Mean Roof Height 20.67 End Zone Length 7.0 feet

max overhang 1.5 ft max

MANUFACTURED TRUSSES TO BE USED

Roof Slope =-8/12 - 12/12

TRUSS SPAN/LOCATION HURRICANE CLIPS

HC MODEL-1 Simpson H-10A IN ALL AREAS

ROOF SHEATHING MATERIAL -7/16" OSB

NAILING - 8D RING SHANK

NAILING PATTERN

EDGES-

6" O.C FIELD - 6" O.C

4" O.C FIRST ROW AT ALL EAVES



Plan May Be Mirrored at Contractors Option

BEAM SPAN TABLE									
Span (FT.)	Header Size								
0' - 4'-0"	2-2x10 w/7/16" OSB Flitch Plate								
4'-0" - 9'-4"	2-2x10 w/7/16" OSB Flitch Plate								
9'-4" - 12'-0"	2-2x10 w/7/16" OSB Flitch Plate								
12'-0" - 15'-4"	3 1/2" X 11 7/8" LVL (or equal)								

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Iob Address:	to the seal. Printed copies of this document are not considered signed and sealed and the signature must be verified on electronic copies

Wall Exterior Panel – Sheath with 7/16" OSB

- 2 X 4 STUDS AT 16" O.C. UP TO 10 FEET

- 2 X 4 STUDS AT 12" O.C. UP TO 12 FEET

- 2 X 6 STUDS AT 16" O.C. UP TO 16 FEET

ALL WALLS OVER 10 FEET TO HAVE 2 ROWS OF BLOCKING

# **SEE ATTACHED DETAILS**

POSTS USE SIMPSON ABU BASE WITH 2-LSTA24 STRAPS AT TOP AND 2 SIMPSON SDWC 15600 SCREWS FROM POST TO BEAM

MIN NAIL PENETRATION – 1-1/2"

Nail Type 8D

#### Edge Nail Spacing 4" o.c

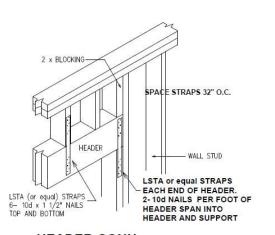
### Intermediate Nail Spacing 8" o.c

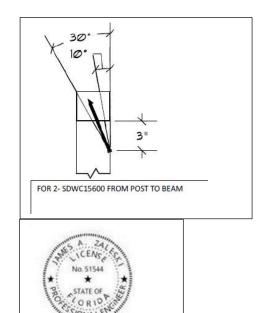
SIMPSON SDWC15600 SCREWS AT THE TOP OF STUDS AND SIMPSON SDWC15450 SCREWS AT THE BOTTOM OF STUDS AT ALL CORNERS AND 48" O.C

SIMPSON SPH STRAPS MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF SCREWS

BEAM TO WALL/CORNER CONNECTION - POCKET AND NAIL INTO WAIL W/ (10 ) 16 PENNY NAILS, STRAP W/ SIMPSON H7Z.

10" 'J' BOLT MINIMUM 48" O.C. w/ 3 GA. x 3" x 3" BEARING PLATE





### **HEADER CONN.**

James Zaleski PE #51544 2305 Haverhill Rd Tall Fl 32312 ph 850-766-7778

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USE (3) 2x HEADERS WITH 2x6 WALLS AND (2) 2x HEADERS WITH 2x4 WALLS. VERIFY HEADER SIZE W/ OPENING FRAMING & HEADER SCHEDULE ON THIS SHEET. ASSEMBLE ALL HEADERS WITH 16D NAILS STAGGERED 6" O.C. W/ 2" EDGE DISTANCE ALL HEADERS SHALL BE 2x12 U.O.N.

ATTACH ALL LVL BEAMS W/ SIMPSON SDWS 0.220 SCREWS (OR EQUAL) STAGGERED W/ 1-1/2" MIN. EDGE DISTANCE.

- (2) ROWS @ 24" O.C. < 10" LVL
- (3) ROWS @ 24" O.C. > 10" LVL
- 2 & 3 PLY 3-1/2" LONG STAGGER INSTALLED FROM BOTH OUTER PLIES
- 4 PLY 6" LONG STAGGER INSTALLED FROM BOTH OUTER PLIES

FOR WINDOWS PLACED WITHIN 3'-0" OF EXTERIOR CORNERS, WALL STUDS SHALL BE SPACED @ 8" O.C.



COMPONENTS AND CLADDING PRESSURES: (WORST CASE LOADS MAY BE USED)

COMPONENTS AND CLADDING

ZONE per

# **SEE ATTACHED**

MAIN WIND FORCE RESISTING SYSTEMS (MWFRS) (WORST CASE LOADS MAY BE USED)

# **SEE ATTACHED**

All Load Bearing and Shear Walls To be Framed as per FBC
Alternative Hurricane Clips are acceptable as long as they meet the requirements shown

See Attached header schedule

PROVIDE GABLE END BRACING DETAIL, all vaulted or high ceilings shall be balloon framed to the ceiling diaphram.

#### NOTES: PLEASE READ & complete all blanks!!!!

- 1. See floor plan for wall bracing locations or circle 100% if structural sheathing is required on <u>all</u> exterior walls, with the nailing pattern indicated above.
- **2.** There are  $\underline{\phantom{a}}$ , there are not  $\underline{\phantom{a}}$  interior shear walls, locate interior shear walls on plan.
- 3. Gable ends required to be sheathed with same material as shear wall? Yes or No circle one)
- **4.** Wall sheathing used in lieu of vertical straps: Nailing @ \_N/A o.c. along top & bottom plates
- 5. Provide detail for 2 story bldgs showing continuous load path between 2<sup>nd</sup> floor stud & 1<sup>st</sup> floor studs.
  6. Provide additional information for column base & column/beam connection if required for porches.
- 7. Provide calculations or documentation to substantiate method used as an attachment to this form(SEE PLANS)

#### **Instructions:**

- 1. The form should be completed & signed, sealed & dated by a Fla. licensed engineer or architect.
- 2. Since more than one methodology for determination of wind forces is permitted under Section 1609ASCE7-22, to comply with State Building Codes a space has been provided to indicate method used.
  - 3. Wind Analysis Forms submitted & permitted to be used as Master Plans will be for identical plans only, minor deviations such as door swings. Any deviation from the exterior form, opening sizes or locations will not be permitted unless noted by the design professional.

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### MecaWind v2502

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#### Calculations Prepared by:

JAMES ZALESKI P.E 51544 2305 HAVERHILL RD TALLAHASSEE, FL, 32312 Date: Apr 09, 2025

File Location: Current Project Not Saved

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Reference Abbreviations: T: Table, F: Figure, E: Equation, §: Section
Wind Load Standard = ASCE 7-22 Basic Wind Speed
Exposure Classification = B Risk Category
                                                                                                        = 120.0 \text{ mph}
                                          = B
Exposure Classification
                                                             Risk Category
                                                                                                        = II
                                          = Building
Structure Type
MWFRS Analysis Method
Dynamic Type of Structure
                                                                                                    = ASD
= Ch 30 Pt 1
                                                             Design Basis for Wind Pressures
                                        = Ch 27
= Rigid
                                                             C&C Analysis Method
                                                             Show Advanced Options
                                                                                                        = False
Building:
                                                             | Encl = Enclosure Classification = Enclosed
Roof = Roof Type
                                          = Hipped
Help = Help on Building Roof Type = Help 

\theta = Slope of Roof = 33.69 ° 

E_{Ht} = Eave Height = 10.000 ft 

E_{Ht} = Building Length = 78.000 ft 

\theta_{hip} = Hipped End Slope of Roof = 45.0 °
Par = Parapet
                                                                                                         = None
                                                             HT_{over} = Override Mean Roof Height = False RA_{over} = Override Roof Area = False IsElev = Building is Elevated = False
Exposure Constants [T:26.11-1]:
\alpha = 3-s Gust-speed exponent \hat{\alpha} = Reciprocal of \alpha
                                          = 7.500
                                                             Z_g = Nominal Ht of Boundary Layer = 3280.000 ft
\ddot{\alpha} = Reciprocal of \alpha = 0.133 \alpha_m = Mean hourly Wind-Speed Exponent = 0.222
                                                              b = 3 sec gust speed factor
                                                                                                        = 0.840
                                                              b_m = Mean hourly Windspeed Exponent = 0.470
c = Turbulence Intensity Factor = 0.300
                                                             \varepsilon = Integral Length Scale Exponent = 0.3333
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#### Overhang Inputs:

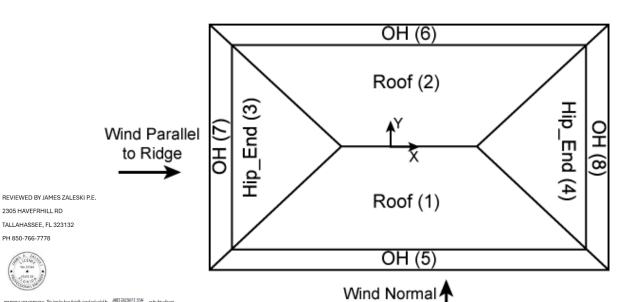
Std = Overhangs on all sides are the same = True = Type of Roof Wall Intersections OHType = Soffit = Overhang of Roof Beyond Wall = 2.000 ftOH

Main Wind Force Resisting System (MWFRS) Wind Calculations per Ch 27

REVIEWED BY JAMES ZALESKI P.E. 2305 HAVEFRHILL RD TALLAHASSEE, FL 323132 PH 850-766-7778



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to Ridge

FOR INCITIAL SHEWLYTHERSREAL: This item has been digitally signed and sealed by \_\_MANES ZALESHIPE.51544\_ on the date adjacen to the seal. Printed copies of this document are not considered signed and sealed and the signature must be verified on electronic copies.

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#### = 20.667 ft h = Mean structure height $K_{zt}$ = No Topographic Feature = 1.000 $= \pm 0.18$ $GC_{pi}$ = $\pm$ Internal Press Coef $_{\text{T:26.13-1}}$ $K_e$ = Ground Elev Factor $_{\text{T:26.10-1}}$ = 1.000 $q_{in}$ = Negative Internal Pressure: $q_h$ = 13.80 psf $= 6,562.15 \text{ ft}^2$ $A_{roof}$ = Roof Area

$K_h = 2.41 \cdot (Z/Z_g)^{2/\alpha}_{T:26.10-1}$	=	0.624	
K <sub>d</sub> = Directionality Factor T:26.6-1	=	0.85	
LF = ASD Load Factor	=	0.60	
$q_h = .00256 \cdot K_h \cdot K_{zt} \cdot K_e \cdot V^2 \cdot LF_{E:26.10-1}$	=	13.80	psf
$q_{ip} = For +GC_{pi}$ use $q_h$	=	13.80	psf

#### MWFRS Wind Loads [Normal to Ridge]

h = Mean Roof Height of Building	=	20.6667	İ
B = Building Width Normal To Wind	=	78.0000	f
L/B = Ratio: L/B	=	0.769	
$\theta$ = Slope of Main Roof	=	33.69°	
$G = Gust Factor: Min(G_1, G_2)$	=	0.850	
$Cp_{LW}$ = Leeward Wall Coefficient	=	-0.500	

 $R_{Ht}$  = Ridge Height Of Roof = 31.3333 ft L = Building Width Parallel To Wind = 60.0000 ft h/L = Ratio: h/L= 0.344  $\theta_{\text{Hip}}$  = Slope of Hipped Roof Ends = 45.00 ° = 0.800  $Cp_{ww}$  = Windward Wall Coefficient Cp<sub>SW</sub> = Side Wall Coefficient = -0.700

### Wall Wind Pressures [Normal to Ridge]

All wind pressures include a Load Factor (LF) of 0.6

Elev	$GC_{pi}$	$\mathbf{q}_{\mathrm{i}}$	Kz	Kzt	$\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{z}}$	Windward	Leeward	Side	Total	Minimum
						Press	Press	Press	Press	Pressure*
ft		psf			psf	psf	psf	psf	psf	psf
10.000	+0.18	13.80	0.573	1.000	12.67	5.21	-7.10	-9.09	12.31	9.60
10.000	-0.18	13.80	0.573	1.000	12.67	9.44	-2.87	-4.87	12.31	9.60

= 2.41 •  $(Z/Z_g)^{2/\alpha}$ K., = +Internal Coef T:26.13-1  $GC_{pi}$ =  $For +GC_{pi}$  use  $q_h$ Side =  $q_h \cdot K_d \cdot G \cdot Cp_{SW} - q_{ip} \cdot K_d \cdot (GC_{pi+})$  E:27.3-1

Windward  $= q_z \cdot K_d \cdot G \cdot Cp_{WW} - q_{ip} \cdot K_d \cdot (GC_{pi+}) \quad E:27.3-1$ +Press = Pressure Acting Toward Surface = MWFRS Min Wall Pressure = 9.60 psf \$27.1.5

 $K_{zt}$ = No Topographic Feature =  $.00256 \cdot K_z \cdot K_{zt} \cdot K_e \cdot V^2 \cdot LF_{E:26.10-1}$  $q_z$ = Negative Internal Pressure:  $q_h$ Leeward =  $q_h \cdot K_d \cdot G \cdot Cp_{LW} - q_{ip} \cdot K_d \cdot (GC_{pi+})$  E:27.3-1

= Windward - Leeward Total

-Press = Pressure Acting Away from Surface

#### Roof Wind Pressures [Normal to Ridge]

All wind pressures include a Load Factor (LF) of 0.6

Component	Description	Location	Start	End	θ	Basis	GC <sub>pi</sub>	C <sub>pMin</sub>	C <sub>pMax</sub>	Pmin	$P_{max}$	Pmin
			ft	ft	٥					psf	psf	psf
Hip_End	Hipped End 0 to h	3,4	2.000	20.667	0.0	P	+0.18	-0.9	-0.18	-11.09	-3.91	4.80
Hip_End	Hipped End h to 2.h	3,4	20.667	41.333	0.0	P	+0.18	-0.5	-0.18	-7.10	-3.91	4.80
Hip_End	Hipped End ≥ 2•h	3,4	41.333	62.000	0.0	P	+0.18	-0.3	-0.18	-5.10	-3.91	4.80
OH_Top	Overhang Top	5	All	All	33.69	N	+0.18	0.336	-0.108	1.24	-3.19	4.80
OH_Top	Overhang Top 0 to h	7,8	0.000	20.667	0.0	P	+0.18	-0.9	-0.18	-11.09	-3.91	4.80
OH_Top	Overhang Top h to 2.h	7,8	20.667	41.333	0.0	P	+0.18	-0.5	-0.18	-7.10	-3.91	4.80
OH_Top	Overhang Top ≥ 2•h	7,8	41.333	64.000	0.0	P	+0.18	-0.3	-0.18	-5.10	-3.91	4.80
OH_Top	Overhang Leeward	7,8	All	All	33.69	N	+0.18	-0.6	-0.6	-8.09	-8.09	4.80

Roof_LW	Roof Leeward	2	All	All	33.69	N	+0.18	-0.6	-0.6	-8.09	-8.09	4.80
Roof_WW	Roof Windward	1	All	All	33.69	N	+0.18	0.336	-0.108	1.24	-3.19	4.80
Soffit	Soffit Bottom	5	All	All	0.0	N	+0.18	0.8	0.8	5.87	5.87	4.80
Hip_End	Hipped End 0 to h	3,4	2.000	20.667	0.0	P	-0.18	-0.9	-0.18	-6.86	0.32	4.80
Hip_End	Hipped End h to 2•h	3,4	20.667	41.333	0.0	P	-0.18	-0.5	-0.18	-2.87	0.32	4.80
Hip_End	Hipped End ≥ 2•h	3,4	41.333	62.000	0.0	P	-0.18	-0.3	-0.18	-0.88	0.32	4.80
OH_Top	Overhang Top	5	All	All	33.69	N	-0.18	0.336	-0.108	5.46	1.03	4.80
OH_Top	Overhang Top 0 to h	7,8	0.000	20.667	0.0	P	-0.18	-0.9	-0.18	-6.86	0.32	4.80
OH_Top	Overhang Top h to 2.h	7,8	20.667	41.333	0.0	P	-0.18	-0.5	-0.18	-2.87	0.32	4.80
OH_Top	Overhang Top ≥ 2•h	7,8	41.333	64.000	0.0	P	-0.18	-0.3	-0.18	-0.88	0.32	4.80
OH_Top	Overhang Leeward	7,8	All	All	33.69	N	-0.18	-0.6	-0.6	-3.87	-3.87	4.80
Roof_LW	Roof Leeward	2	All	All	33.69	N	-0.18	-0.6	-0.6	-3.87	-3.87	4.80
Roof_WW	Roof Windward	1	All	All	33.69	N	-0.18	0.336	-0.108	5.46	1.03	4.80
Soffit	Soffit Bottom	5	All	All	0.0	N	-0.18	0.8	0.8	10.09	10.09	4.80

Roof Pressures based upon Ch 27:

Component = The building component for pressures Location = Reference Graphic in Output for Values Start = Start Dist from Windward Edge End = End Dist from Windward Edge = Largest Coefficient Magnitude  $C_{pMin}$ = Smallest Coefficient Magnitude  $C_{p{\rm Max}}$  $= q_h \bullet K_d \bullet G \bullet C_{pMax} - q_{in} \bullet K_d \bullet GC_{piE:27.3-1}$  $= \ q_h \bullet K_d \bullet G \bullet C_{pMin} - q_{ip} \bullet K_d \bullet GC_{piE:27.3-1}$  $P_{\max}$  $P_{min}$ = +Internal Coef T:26.13-1 = P=Parallel to Ridge: N=Normal to Ridge  $GC_{pi}$ Basis  $P_{\min}$ = Min Press projected on vertical plane §27.1.5 θ = Roof Slope Relative to Wind = MWFRS Min Wall Pressure = 9.60 psf +Press = Pressure Acting Toward Surface \$27.1.5 = Pressure Acting Away from Surface -Press

• The smaller uplift pressures due to  $C_{p \text{Win}}$  can become critical when wind is combined with roof live load or snow load; load combinations are given in ASCE 7

#### MWFRS Wind Loads [Parallel to Ridge]

 $R_{\text{Ht}}$  = Ridge Height Of Roof h = Mean Roof Height of Building = 20.6667 ft = 31.3333 ft B = Building Width Normal To Wind = 60.0000 ftL = Building Width Parallel To Wind = 78.0000 ft L/B = Ratio: L/Bh/L = Ratio: h/L= 0.265 = 1.300 = 33.69 °  $\theta_{\text{Hip}}$  = Slope of Hipped Roof Ends  $\theta$  = Slope of Main Roof = 45.00 $G = Gust Factor: Min(G_1, G_2)$ = 0.850  $Cp_{ww} = Windward Wall Coefficient$ = 0.800 Cpsw = Side Wall Coefficient Cp\_LW = Leeward Wall Coefficient = -0.440= -0.700

# Wall Wind Pressures [Parallel to Ridge] All wind pressures include a Load Factor (LF) of 0.6

Elev Windward Leeward Side  $GC_{pi}$ Total Minimum K,  $K_{zt}$ Press Press Press Press Pressure\* psf psf psf psf psf psf ft psf 31.333 +0.18 13.80 0.697 1.000 15.42 6.80 -6.50 -9.09 13.30 9.60 13.80 13.80 5.87 -6.50 -9.09 12.37 9.60 20.667 +0.18 0.624 1.000 10.000 +0.18 13.80 0.573 1.000 12.67 5.21 -6.50 -9.09 11.71 9.60 31.333 -0.18 13.80 0.697 1.000 15.42 11.03 -2.28 -4.87 13.30 9.60 20.667 -0.18 13.80 0.624 1.000 13.80 10.09 -2.28 -4.87 12.37 9.60 9.44 10.000 -0.18 13.80 0.573 1.000 12.67 -2.28 11.71 9.60 -4.87

TALLAHASSEF, Pl. 323132
PH 800-766-7778

WINDER CONTRIENED. Biombiologish quel airdals, MICKINST III.

Market de Training of this beam are not minimization of airdals by upon market will be draining of this beam are not minimization of airdals by upon market will be draining of this beam are not minimized upon airdals by upon market will be draining or this beam are not minimized upon airdals by upon market will be draining or this beam are not minimized upon airdals by upon market will be draining or this beam are not minimized upon airdals by upon market will be draining or this beam are not minimized upon airdals by upon market will be draining or this beam are not minimized upon airdals by upon market will be drained upon airdals by upo

 $\begin{array}{lll} K_z & = 2.41 \cdot (Z/Z_g)^{2/\alpha} \\ GC_{pi} & = + Internal\ Coef\ _{7:26.13-1} \\ q_{ip} & = For\ + GC_{pi}\ use\ q_h \end{array}$ 

Side =  $q_h \cdot K_d \cdot G \cdot Cp_{SW} - q_{ip} \cdot K_d \cdot (GC_{pi+})$  E:27.3-1 Windward =  $q_z \cdot K_d \cdot G \cdot Cp_{WW} - q_{ip} \cdot K_d \cdot (GC_{pi+})$  E:27.3-1 +Press = Pressure Acting Toward Surface \$27.1.5 = MWFRS Min Wall Pressure = 9.60 psf  $\begin{array}{lll} \textit{K}_{\textit{zt}} & = \textit{No Topographic Feature} \\ \textit{q}_{\textit{z}} & = .00256 \cdot \textit{K}_{\textit{z}} \cdot \textit{K}_{\textit{zt}} \cdot \textit{K}_{\textit{e}} \cdot \textit{V}^{\textit{z}} \cdot \textit{LF}_{\textit{E}:26.10-1}} \\ \textit{q}_{\textit{in}} & = \textit{Negative Internal Pressure: } \textit{q}_{\textit{h}} \\ \textit{Leeward} & = \textit{q}_{\textit{h}} \cdot \textit{K}_{\textit{d}} \cdot \textit{G} \cdot \textit{Cp}_{\textit{LN}} - \textit{q}_{\textit{ip}} \cdot \textit{K}_{\textit{d}} \cdot \textit{(GC}_{\textit{pi+}}) & \textit{E:27.3-1} \\ \textit{Total} & = \textit{Windward} - \textit{Leeward} \\ \end{array}$ 

-Press = Pressure Acting Away from Surface

Roof Wind Pressures [Parallel to Ridge]
All wind pressures include a Load Factor (LF) of 0.6

		·· <u>F</u> -										
Component	Description	Location	Start ft	End ft	θ.	Basis	GC <sub>pi</sub>	$C_{pMin}$	C <sub>pMax</sub>	P <sub>min</sub> psf	P <sub>max</sub> psf	P <sub>min</sub> psf
Hip_End	Hipped End 0 to h	3	2.000	20.667	45.0	P	+0.18	-0.9	-0.18	-11.09	-3.91	4.80
Hip_End	Hipped End h to 2•h	3	20.667	22.000	45.0	Р	+0.18	-0.5	-0.18	-7.10	-3.91	4.80
Hip_End	Hipped End ≥ 2•h	4	60.000	80.000	45.0	P	+0.18	-0.3	-0.18	-5.10	-3.91	4.80
OH_Top	Overhang Top 0 to h	5,6,7	0.000	20.667	33.69	P	+0.18	-0.9	-0.18	-11.09	-3.91	4.80
OH_Top	Overhang Top h to 2•h	5,6	20.667	41.333	0.0	P	+0.18	-0.5	-0.18	-7.10	-3.91	4.80

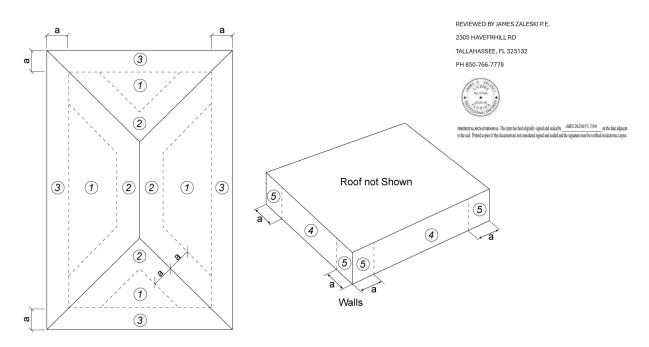
OH Top	Overhang Top ≥ 2.h	5,6,8	41.333	82.000	0.0	P	+0.18	-0.3	-0.18	-5.10	-3.91	4.80
Roof	Roof 0 to h	1,2	2.000	20.667	0.0	P	+0.18	-0.9	-0.18	-11.09	-3.91	4.80
Roof	Roof h to 2•h	1,2	20.667	41.333	0.0	P	+0.18	-0.5	-0.18	-7.10	-3.91	4.80
Roof	Roof ≥ 2•h	1,2	41.333	80.000	0.0	P	+0.18	-0.3	-0.18	-5.10	-3.91	4.80
Soffit	Soffit Bottom	7	All	All	0.0	N	+0.18	0.8	0.8	5.87	5.87	4.80
Hip_End	Hipped End 0 to h	3	2.000	20.667	45.0	P	-0.18	-0.9	-0.18	-6.86	0.32	4.80
Hip_End	Hipped End h to 2•h	3	20.667	22.000	45.0	Р	-0.18	-0.5	-0.18	-2.87	0.32	4.80
Hip_End	Hipped End ≥ 2•h	4	60.000	80.000	45.0	P	-0.18	-0.3	-0.18	-0.88	0.32	4.80
OH_Top	Overhang Top 0 to h	5,6,7	0.000	20.667	33.69	P	-0.18	-0.9	-0.18	-6.86	0.32	4.80
OH_Top	Overhang Top h to 2•h	5,6	20.667	41.333	0.0	P	-0.18	-0.5	-0.18	-2.87	0.32	4.80
OH_Top	Overhang Top ≥ 2•h	5,6,8	41.333	82.000	0.0	P	-0.18	-0.3	-0.18	-0.88	0.32	4.80
Roof	Roof 0 to h	1,2	2.000	20.667	0.0	P	-0.18	-0.9	-0.18	-6.86	0.32	4.80
Roof	Roof h to 2•h	1,2	20.667	41.333	0.0	P	-0.18	-0.5	-0.18	-2.87	0.32	4.80
Roof	Roof ≥ 2•h	1,2	41.333	80.000	0.0	P	-0.18	-0.3	-0.18	-0.88	0.32	4.80
Soffit	Soffit Bottom	7	All	All	0.0	N	-0.18	0.8	0.8	10.09	10.09	4.80

Roof Pressures based upon Ch 27:

Component = The building component for pressures Location = Reference Graphic in Output for Values = Start Dist from Windward Edge = End Dist from Windward Edge Start End = Smallest Coefficient Magnitude = Largest Coefficient Magnitude  $C_{pMin}$  $C_{pMax}$  $=q_h \cdot K_d \cdot G \cdot C_{pMax} - q_{i.n} \cdot K_d \cdot GC_{piE;27,3-1} \\ = P = Parallel \ to \ Ridge: N = Normal \ to \ Ridge$  $= \ q_h \bullet K_d \bullet G \bullet C_{pMin} - q_{ip} \bullet K_d \bullet GC_{piE:27.3-1}$  $P_{\max}$  $P_{\min}$  $GC_{pi}$ = +Internal Coef  $_{T:26.13-1}$ Basis = Min Press projected on vertical plane §27.1.5 = Roof Slope Relative to Wind  $P_{min}$ = MWFRS Min Wall Pressure = 9.60 psf = Pressure Acting Toward Surface \$27.1.5 +Press = Pressure Acting Away from Surface -Press

ullet The smaller uplift pressures due to  $C_{\mathrm{pMin}}$  can become critical when wind is combined with roof live load or snow load; load combinations are given in ASCE 7

#### Components and Cladding (C&C) Wind Loads per Ch 30 Pt 1 Roof & Wall



# C&C Wind Roof & Wall Detailed per Ch 30 Pt 1 All wind pressures include a Load Factor (LF) of 0.6

		77.7	wind bid	SSULE	THETUGE !	a noad rack	)	O1 0.0	,		
Description	Zone	Width	Span	Area	1/3 Rule	Reference	GCpi	GC <sub>pd</sub>	GC <sub>pu</sub>	P <sub>down</sub>	Puplift
		ft	ft	ft <sup>2</sup>						psf	psf
Zone 1	1	1.0000	1.0000	1.00	No	F:30.3-2G	±0.18	0.70	-1.44	10.32	-18.97
Zone 2	2	1.0000	1.0000	1.00	No	F:30.3-2G	±0.18	0.70	-1.93	10.32	-24.70
Zone 3	3	1.0000	1.0000	1.00	No	F:30.3-2G	±0.18	0.70	-2.15	10.32	-27.32
Zone 4	4	1.0000	1.0000	1.00	No	F:30.3-1	±0.18	1.00	-1.10	13.84	-15.02
Zone 5	5	1.0000	1.0000	1.00	No	F:30.3-1	±0.18	1.00	-1.40	13.84	-18.54

 $GC_{pd}$ = Down (+) External Coefficient  $GC_{pu}$ = Uplift (-) External Coefficient  $= q_h \cdot K_d \cdot [GC_{pd} - GC_{pi}] \quad [E:30.3-1]$  $= q_h \cdot K_d \cdot [GC_{pu} - GC_{pi}] \quad [E:30.3-1]$  $P_{uplift}$ +Press = Pressure Acting Toward Surface -Press = Pressure Acting Away from Surface \$30.2.2 = C&C Min Pressure = 9.60 psf = Applicable Zone per Figure Zone = Width of Component = Span of Component Width Span Area = Span • Width 1/3 Rule = Width limited to Span/3 = Internal Coef T:26.13-1 Reference = Applicable Reference from Standard  $GC_{Di}$ 

# C&C Wind Roof & Wall Overhangs Detailed per Ch 30 Pt 4 All wind pressures include a Load Factor (LF) of 0.6

Description	Zone	Width ft	Span ft	Area ft <sup>2</sup>	1/3 Rule	Reference	GCpi	GC <sub>pd</sub>	$GC_{pu}$	P <sub>down</sub>	Puplift
F 1 0110	1 0110				27 -	T 20 2 20/F 20 2 1	10 10	0 00	0 44	psf	psf
Zone 1_OHS	1_OHS	1.0000	1.0000	1.00	No	F:30.3-2G/F:30.3-1			-2.44	9.60	-30.70
Zone 2_OHS	2_OHS	1.0000	1.0000	1.00	No	F:30.3-2G/F:30.3-1	±0.18	0.00	-2.93	9.60	-36.43
Zone 3_OHS	3_OHS	1.0000	1.0000	1.00	No	F:30.3-2G/F:30.3-1	±0.18	0.00	-3.15	9.60	-39.05

= Down (+) External Coefficient = Uplift (-) External Coefficient  $GC_{pd}$  $GC_{pu}$ =  $q_h \cdot K_d \cdot [GC_{pd} - GC_{pi}]$  E:30.7-1  $= q_h \cdot K_d \cdot [GC_{pu} - GC_{pi}] \quad E:30.7-1$  $P_{uplift}$ +Press = Pressure Acting Toward Surface -Press = Pressure Acting Away from Surface §30.2.2 = C&C Min Pressure = 9.60 psf = Applicable Zone per Figure Zone Width = Width of Component Span = Span of Component = Span • Width 1/3 Rule = Width limited to Span/3 Area  $GC_{pi}$ = Internal Coef T:26.13-1 Reference = Applicable Reference from Standard #\_OHS = Roof Zone # on Overhang Soffit Soffit = Soffit present so use building  $GC_{pi}$ 

Warnings & Notes:

Overhang GCp determined from adding applicable roof GCp on top to applicable Wall GCp on bottom

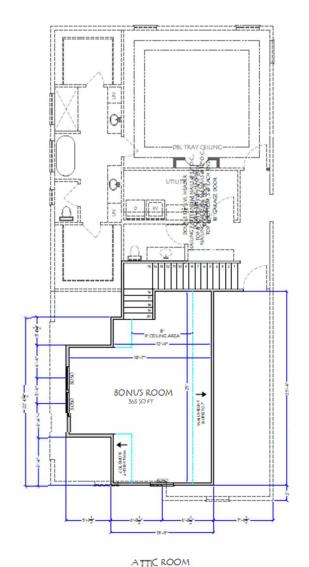
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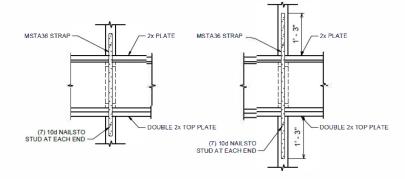
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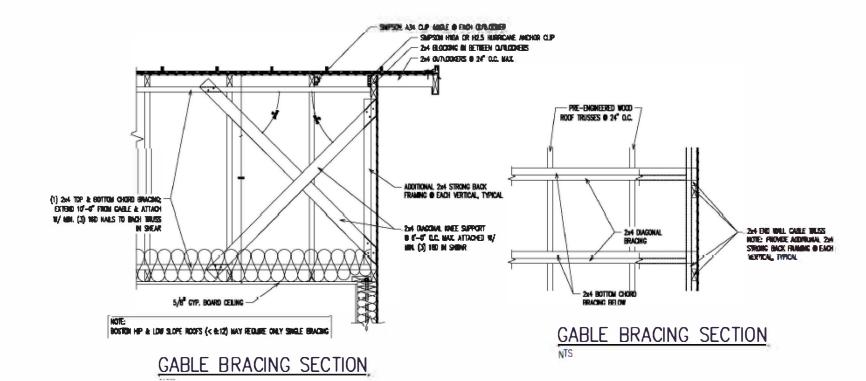






SIMPSON MSTA36

WHERE REQUIRED FOR CONTINUOUS LOAD PATH FROM 1ST FLOOR TO 2ND FLOOR - 60 EACH CORNER AND 60 32° 0.c



ALL FLOOR TRUSS AND /O R ROOFFRAMING S TO BE DETERMINED BY THE TRUSS MANUFACTURER AND TRUSS DRAWINGS SHALL BE SIGNED AND SEALED BY THE SAME. FRAMING LAYOUTS CONTAINED IN 111ESE DRAWINGS ARE TO BE CONSIDERED A PROPOSED SCHEMATIC REPRESENTATION ONLY AND FINAL MANUFACTURER DESIGN MAY VARY FROM THAT SHOWN. THE TRUSS MANUFACTURER'S CALCULATED SIZE AND SPACING OF PRE- ENGINEERED TRUSSES SHALL TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER WHAT HAS BEEN PROPOSED. THE OWNERAND / OR GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR COORDINATION OF ALL TRAY, CATHEDRAL, AND OTHER DIMENSIONAL CEILING ASPECTS OF THIS PROJECT THAT MAY OR MAY NOT BE SHOWN ON PLANS PRIOR TO FABRICATION. IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE OWNER AND /OR CENERAL CONTRACTOR COORDINATE AND UNDERSTAND ALL ASPECTS OF THE SPECIFIED TRUSS PACKAGE LAYOUT BEFORE COMMENCING WITH INSTALLATION. DISIGN OF WOOD FLOOR TRUSSES (IF APPLICABLE) & ROOF TRUSSES SHALL BE THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR, SUBMIT SHOP DRAWINGS, DESIGN LOAD DATA, AND SUPPORT REACTIONS SHALL BE SIGNED AND SEALED BY AN ENGINEER LICENSED IN THE PROJECTSTATE AND SUBMITTED TO BUILDING DEPARTMENT FOR PERMITTING. ANY REVIEW OF SHOP DRAWINGS SHALL BEFOR CONFORMANCE WITH THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS WITH REGARD TO TRUSS CONFIGURATION ONLY

### HEADER SIZE AND STRAPPING CHART

HEADER SIZE	QUANTITY OF JACK STUDS AT EACH END	QUANTITY OF KING STUDS AT EACH END	STRAPPING TO JACK STUDS AT EACH END TOP AND BOTTOM	STRAPPING TO KING STUDS AT EACH END TOP AND BOTTOM
2 - 2X10" WITH 15" PLATE	1	1	1 SIMPSON MSTA24	1 SIMPSON SPH4
2-2X12" WITH M" PLATE OR 4-2 X 10" WITH M" PLATE	3	2	2 SINPSON MSTA24	2 SIMPSO.N SPH4
2- 1 %" X 9 %" LVL	3	2	2 SIMPSON MSTA24	2 SIMPSON SPH4
	2 - 2X10" WITH %" PLATE  2 - 2X12" WITH %" PLATE OR 4-2 X 10" WITH %" PLATE  2 - 1 %" X 9 %"	2 - 2X10" WITH %" 1 PLATE 1 2 - 2X12" WITH %" PLATE 0R 4-2 X 10" WITH %" PLATE 2-1 %" X 9 %" 3	JACK STUDS AT EACH END  2 - 2X10" WITH %" PLATE  2 - 2X12" WITH %" PLATE 0R 4-2 X 10" WITH %" PLATE  2 - 1 %" X 9 %"  3 2	JACK STUDS AT   EACH END   JACK STUDS AT   EACH END   TOP AND   BOTTOM

IN LIEU OF STRAPPING LISE A SDWC15600 AT THE TOP OF EACH JACK AL NIKING STUD AND ONE SDWC15450 AT THE BASE OF EACH JACK AND KING STUD

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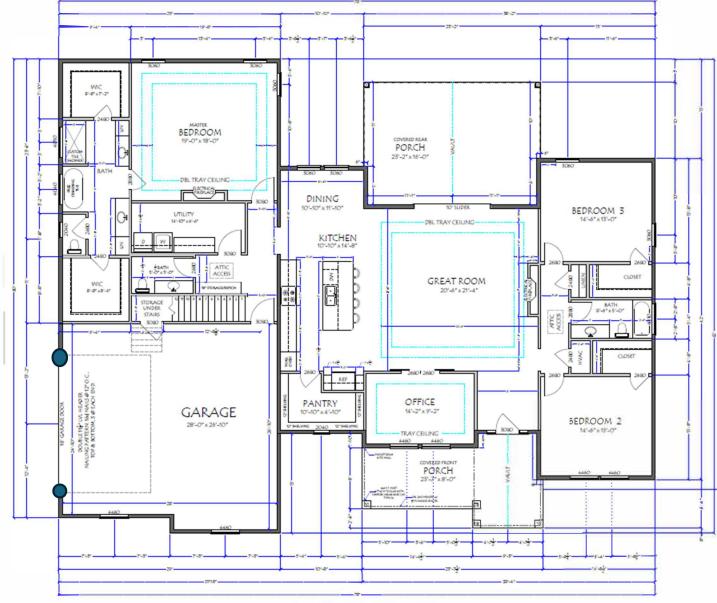
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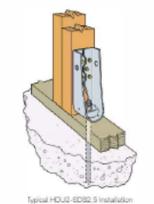


FLOOR PLAN

# PORCH FRAMING NOTES: (IF APPLICABLE)

- 1 PORCH COLUMN P.T. AS NOTED ON PLAN AND/OR SECTIONS. CONNECT TO SLAB W/SIMPSON ABU \_\_ OREQUAL. CONTRACTOR OPTION TO USE KDAT COLUMN. PROVIDE 5/8" × 10" LONG A.B. © CENTER OF KDATLOCATION.
- 2. COLUMN TO BEAM CONNECTION THRU-BOLT WITH (2) 5/8" BOLTS SPACED © 2.5" FROM EDGES) WITH COLUMN NOTCHED NO MORE THAN 3".
- 3. PORCH BEAMS (2) 2x12 P.T. SYP FLITCHED W/ 1/2" PLYWOOD U.N O. ON PLAN & SECTIONS. BEAMS SHALL NOT HAVE MD- SPAN SPLICES.
- 4 COLUMN TO BEAM CONNECTION THRU BOLTS WITH (2) 5/8" BOLTS WITH COLUMN NOTCHED NOT MORE THAN 3"
- 5. CORNER COLUMN TO BEAM CONNECTION THRU BOLT WITH (2) 5/8" SPACED AT 2.5" FROM THE EDGE, NOTCH COLUMN NO MORE THAN 3", STRAP WITH CS16 STRAP LAP 12" ON COLUMN AND COLUMN
- 6 BEAM TO WALL/CORNER CONNECTION POCKET AND NAIL INTO WAIL W/ (10 ) 16 PENNY NAILS, STRAP W/ SIMPSON H7Z.





FOR HOUZ-SD52,5 - USE B\* LONG ANCHOR BOLT

Factorers (in.)	
Anchor Not Dia. (in)	Water Facilities
76	(X) % X2 W SDS

ATTACH TO DOUBLE STUD

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EXTERIOR NON-SITEAR WAILS - 2x6 STUDS WITH 1/2" EXTERIOR SHEATHING. PROVIDE MID-SPAN BLOCKING © WALLS 10'-0"+

USE (3) 2xHEADERS WITH 2x6 WALLS AND (2) 2x HEADERS WITH 2x4 WALLS.

VERIFY HEADER SIZE W/ OPENING FRAMING & HEADER SCHEDULE ON THIS SHEET

ASSEMBLE ALL HEADERS WITH 16D NAILS STAGGERED 6" O.C. W/ 2" EDGE DISTANCE
ALL HEADERS SHALL BE 2x12 U.O.N

ATTACH ALL LVL BEAMS W/ SIMPSON SDWS 0.220 SCREWS (OREQUAL) STAGGERED W/ 1-1/2 MIN. EDGE DISTANCE.

- (2) ROWS @ 24" O.C. < 10" LVL
- (3) ROWS @ 24" O.C. > 10" LYL
- 2 & 3 PLY 3-1/2" LONG STAGGER INSTALLED FROM BOTH OUTER PIJES
- 4 PLY 6" LONG STAGGER INSTALLED FROM BOTH OUTERPLIES

FOR WINDOWS PLACED WITHIN 3'-0" OF EXTERIOR CORNERS, WALL STUDS SHALL BE SPACED @ 8" O.C.

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