

WIND ANALYSIS -- 120 MPH Wind Velocity or as interpolated

2020 7th edition Florida Building Code

Calculations as per Section 1609ASCE 7-16

Prepared By
James Zaleski PE 51544

Wentworth HOME
190 SW THISTLEWOOD Ln, FORT WHITE

Date: 6/6/22 **Contractor** _____

Prepared by (print legibly): James Zaleski
Design Professional FL Lic. #: 51544

Importance factor: 1.0 **Building Category:** Enclosed
Wind Exposure (s): B **Risk Category II**
Internal Pressure Coefficient +/- .18

Mean Roof Height: 20.333 **End Zone Length** 7.0 **Max Overhang Length (Excluding Porches)** 2.0

Roof Slope =8/12

HURRICANE CLIPS(HC)
Hurricane Clips – SIMPSON

TRUSS SPAN/LOCATION

HC MODEL AT END ZONE -2 Simpson H2.5A OR 1 Simpson H10A

HC MODEL INTERIOR ZONE -2 Simpson H2.5A OR 1 Simpson H10A

ALL PORCH BEAMS AND BAY WINDOWS - 2- SIMPSON H2.5A

GIRDER TRUSS USE 2-SIMPSON HTS20

ROOF SHEATHING MATERIAL - 7/16" OSB

NAILING – USE 10D RINGSHANK

NAILING PATTERN **EDGES-** 6" O.C **FIELD –** 6" O.C
EDGE SPACING TO BE 3" O.C ON THE FIRST PANEL AT ALL EAVES

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Plan May Be Mirrored at Contractors Option

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Job Address: _____

Wall Exterior Panel – Sheath with 7/16” OSB

PANEL GRADE – OSB STRUCTURAL 1

2 X 4 STUD SPACING 16” O.C UP TO 10.0 FEET (All Load Bearing and Shear Walls)

MIN NAIL PENETRATION – 1-1/2”

Nail Type 10D

Edge Nail Spacing 4” o.c

Intermediate Nail Spacing 6” o.c

SIMPSON SPH4 AT 48” O.C – TOP AND BOTTOM OF STUD

INTERIOR GYPSUM WALLBOARD GREEN ½”

Edge Nailing 5” o.c

Intermediate Nailing 12 “ o.c

Nails 5d Coolers Nails or Wallboard Screws

½ x 10 J-Bolt at 48” o.c AND 6” FROM ALL CORNERS

WOOD POSTS USE SIMPSON CC66 CAP, CB66

BASE, TYP.

SIMPSON HUS412

FACE MOUNT HANGERS EACH

HEADER/WALL CONNECTION, TYP.

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COMPONENTS AND CLADDING PRESSURES: (WORST CASE LOADS MAY BE USED)

**COMPONENTS AND
CLADDING**

ZONE per

SEE ATTACHED

MAIN WIND FORCE RESISTING SYSTEMS (MWFRS) (WORST CASE LOADS MAY BE USED)

SEE ATTACHED

All Load Bearing and Shear Walls To be Framed as per FBC
Alternative Hurricane Clips are acceptable as long as they meet the
requirements shown

See Attached header schedule

PROVIDE GABLE END BRACING DETAIL, all vaulted or high ceilings shall be balloon framed to the ceiling diaphragm.

NOTES: PLEASE READ & complete all blanks!!!!

1. See floor plan for wall bracing locations or circle 100% if structural sheathing is required on all exterior walls, with the nailing pattern indicated above.
2. There are _____, there are not X interior shear walls, locate interior shear walls on plan.
3. Gable ends required to be sheathed with same material as shear wall? Yes or No (circle one)
4. Wall sheathing used in lieu of vertical straps: Nailing @ N/A o.c. along top & bottom plates
5. Provide detail for 2 story bldgs showing continuous load path between 2nd floor stud & 1st floor studs.
6. Provide additional information for column base & column/beam connection if required for porches.
7. Provide calculations or documentation to substantiate method used as an attachment to this form (SEE PLANS)

Instructions:

1. The form should be completed & signed, sealed & dated by a Fla. licensed engineer or architect.
2. Since more than one methodology for determination of wind forces is permitted under Section 1609ASCE7-16, to comply with State Building Codes a space has been provided to indicate method used.
3. Wind Analysis Forms submitted & permitted to be used as Master Plans will be for identical plans only, minor deviations such as door swings. Any deviation from the exterior form, opening sizes or locations will not be permitted unless noted by the design professional.

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MecaWind v2404

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Calculations Prepared by:

JAMES ZALESKI P.E. 51544

2305 HAVERHILL RD

TALLAHASSEE, FL 32312

Date: Jun 06, 2022

Location:

190 SW THISTLEWOOD Ln, FORT WHITE

Basic Wind Parameters

Wind Load Standard	= ASCE 7-16	Exposure Category	= B
Wind Design Speed	= 120.0 mph	Risk Category	= II
Structure Type	= Building	Building Type	= Enclosed

General Wind Settings

Incl_LF	= Include ASD Load Factor of 0.6 in Pressures	= True
DynType	= Dynamic Type of Structure	= Rigid
Zg	= Altitude (Ground Elevation) above Sea Level	= 0.000 ft
Bdist	= Base Elevation of Structure	= 0.000 ft
SDB	= Simple Diaphragm Building	= True
Reacs	= Show the Base Reactions in the output	= False
MWFRSType	= MWFRS Method Selected	= Ch 27 Pt 1

Topographic Factor per Fig 26.8-1

Topo	= Topographic Feature	= None
Kzt	= Topographic Factor	= 1.000

Building Inputs

RoofType:	Building Roof Type	= Hipped	W	: Width Perp to Ridge	= 58.000 ft
L	: Length Along Ridge	= 70.000 ft	Eht	: Eave Height	= 10.000 ft
Hip	: Ridge Hipped Length	= 40.000 ft	RE	: Roof Entry Method	= Slope
Slope	: Slope of Roof	= 8.0 :12	Theta	: Roof Slope	= 33.69 Deg
Par	: Is there a Parapet	= False			

Exposure Constants per Table 26.11-1:

Alpha:	Table 26.11-1 Const	= 7.000	Zg:	Table 26.11-1 Const	= 1200.000 ft
At:	Table 26.11-1 Const	= 0.143	Bt:	Table 26.11-1 Const	= 0.840
Am:	Table 26.11-1 Const	= 0.250	Bm:	Table 26.11-1 Const	= 0.450
C:	Table 26.11-1 Const	= 0.300	Eps:	Table 26.11-1 Const	= 0.333

Overhang Inputs:

Std	= Overhangs on all sides are the same	= True
OHType	= Type of Roof Wall Intersections	= Soffit
OH	= Overhang of Roof Beyond Wall	= 2.000 ft

Main Wind Force Resisting System (MWFRS) Calculations per Ch 27 Part 1:

h	= Mean Roof Height above grade	= 20.333 ft
Kh	= 15 ft [4.572 m] < Z < Zg --> (2.01*(Z/zg)^(2/Alpha)) {Table 26.10-1}	= 0.627
Kzt	= Topographic Factor is 1 since no Topographic feature specified	= 1.000
Kd	= Wind Directionality Factor per Table 26.6-1	= 0.85
Zg	= Elevation above Sea Level	= 0.000 ft
Ke	= Ground Elevation Factor: Ke = e^-(0.0000362*Zg) {Table 26.9-1}	= 1.000
GCPi	= Ref Table 26.13-1 for Enclosed Building	= +/-0.18
RA	= Roof Area	= 5541.60 sq ft
LF	= Load Factor based upon ASD Design	= 0.60
qh	= (0.00256 * Kh * Kzt * Kd * Ke * V^2) * LF	= 11.79 psf
qin	= For Negative Internal Pressure of Enclosed Building use qh*LF	= 11.79 psf
qip	= For Positive Internal Pressure of Enclosed Building use qh*LF	= 11.79 psf

Gust Factor Calculation:

Gust Factor	Category I Rigid Structures - Simplified Method	
G1	= For Rigid Structures (Nat. Freq.>1 Hz) use 0.85	= 0.85
Gust Factor	Category II Rigid Structures - Complete Analysis	
Zm	= Max(0.6 * Ht, Zmin)	= 30.000 ft
Izm	= Cc * (33 / Zm) ^ 0.167	= 0.305
Lzm	= L * (Zm / 33) ^ Eps	= 309.993
B	= Structure Width Normal to Wind	= 70.000 ft
Q	= (1 / (1 + 0.63 * ((B + Ht) / Lzm)^0.63))^0.5	= 0.881
G2	= 0.925 * ((1 + 0.7 * Izm * 3.4 * Q) / (1 + 0.7 * 3.4 * Izm))	= 0.855
Gust Factor	Used in Analysis	
G	= Lesser Of G1 Or G2	= 0.850

MWFRS Wind Normal to Ridge (Ref Fig 27.3-1)

h	= Mean Roof Height Of Building	= 20.333 ft
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RHt	= Ridge Height Of Roof	= 30.667 ft
B	= Horizontal Dimension Of Building Normal To Wind Direction	= 70.000 ft
L	= Horizontal Dimension Of building Parallel To Wind Direction	= 58.000 ft
L/B	= Ratio Of L/B used For Cp determination	= 0.829
h/L	= Ratio Of h/L used For Cp determination	= 0.351
Slope	= Slope of Roof	= 33.69 Deg
OH_Top_+Y	= Overhang Top +Y (Leeward)	= -0.6, -0.6
OH_Top_-Y	= Overhang Top Windward Edge	= 0.33, -0.11
OH_X	= Overhang Top +/-X Coeff (0 to h/2) (0.000 ft to 2.000 ft)	= -0.18, -0.9
OH_X	= Overhang Top +/-X Coeff (0 to h/2) (2.000 ft to 10.167 ft)	= -0.18, -0.9
OH_X	= Overhang Top +/-X Coeff (h/2 to h) (10.167 ft to 20.333 ft)	= -0.18, -0.9
OH_X	= Overhang Top +/-X Coeff (h to 2h) (20.333 ft to 31.000 ft)	= -0.18, -0.5
OH_X	= Overhang Top +/-X Coeff (h to 2h) (31.000 ft to 40.667 ft)	= -0.18, -0.5
OH_X	= Overhang Top +/-X Coeff (>2h) (>40.667 ft)	= -0.18, -0.3
OH_X	= Overhang Top +/-X Coeff (>2h) (>60.000 ft)	= -0.18, -0.3
Roof_LW	= Roof (Leeward)	= -0.6, -0.6
Roof_WW	= Roof (Windward)	= 0.33, -0.11
Roof_X	= Roof +/-X Coeff (0 to h/2) (2.000 ft to 10.167 ft)	= -0.18, -0.9
Roof_X	= Roof +/-X Coeff (h/2 to h) (10.167 ft to 20.333 ft)	= -0.18, -0.9
Roof_X	= Roof +/-X Coeff (h to 2h) (20.333 ft to 40.667 ft)	= -0.18, -0.5
Roof_X	= Roof +/-X Coeff (>2h) (>40.667 ft)	= -0.18, -0.3
Sofit_-Y	= Overhang Soffit -Y	= 0.8, 0.8
Cp_WW	= Windward Wall Coefficient (All L/B Values)	= 0.80
Cp_LW	= Leeward Wall Coefficient using L/B	= -0.50
Cp_SW	= Side Wall Coefficient (All L/B values)	= -0.70
GCpn_WW	= Parapet Combined Net Pressure Coefficient (Windward Parapet)	= 1.50
GCpn_LW	= Parapet Combined Net Pressure Coefficient (Leeward Parapet)	= -1.00

Wall Wind Pressures based On Positive Internal Pressure (+GCPi) - Normal to Ridge
All wind pressures include a load factor of 0.6

Elev	Kz	Kzt	qz	GCPi	Windward Press	Leeward Press	Side Press	Total Press	Minimum Pressure*
ft			psf		psf	psf	psf	psf	psf
10.00	0.575	1.000	10.81	0.18	5.23	-7.13	-9.13	12.36	9.60

Wall Wind Pressures based on Negative Internal Pressure (-GCPi) - Normal to Ridge
All wind pressures include a load factor of 0.6

Elev	Kz	Kzt	qz	GCPi	Windward Press	Leeward Press	Side Press	Total Press	Minimum Pressure*
ft			psf		psf	psf	psf	psf	psf
10.00	0.575	1.000	10.81	-0.18	9.47	-2.89	-4.89	12.36	9.60

Notes Wall Pressures:

Kz	= Velocity Press Exp Coeff	Kzt	= Topographical Factor
qz	= $0.00256 * Kz * Kzt * Kd * V^2$	GCPi	= Internal Press Coefficient
Side	= $q_h * G * Cp_{SW} - q_{ip} * +GCPi$	Windward	= $q_z * G * Cp_{WW} - q_{ip} * +GCPi$
Leeward	= $q_h * G * Cp_{LW} - q_{ip} * +GCPi$	Total	= Windward Press - Leeward Press
* Minimum Pressure: Para 27.1.5 no less than 9.60 psf (Incl LF) applied to Walls			
+ Pressures Acting TOWARD Surface		- Pressures Acting AWAY from Surface	

Roof Wind Pressures for Positive & Negative Internal Pressure (+/- GCPi) - Normal to Ridge
All wind pressures include a load factor of 0.6

Roof Var	Start Dist	End Dist	Cp_min	Cp_max	GCPi	Pressure Pn_min*	Pressure Pp_min*	Pressure Pn_max	Pressure Pp_max
	ft	ft				psf	psf	psf	psf
OH_Top_+Y	N/A	N/A	-0.600	-0.600	0.180	-3.89	-8.13	-3.89	-8.13
OH_Top_+Y	N/A	N/A	-0.600	-0.600	0.180	-3.89	-8.13	-3.89	-8.13
OH_Top_-Y	N/A	N/A	0.330	-0.110	0.180	5.43	1.18	1.02	-3.22
OH_Top_-Y	N/A	N/A	0.330	-0.110	0.180	5.43	1.18	1.02	-3.22
OH_X (+X)	0.000	2.000	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_X (-X)	0.000	2.000	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_X (+X)	2.000	10.167	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_X (-X)	2.000	10.167	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_X (+X)	10.167	20.333	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_X (-X)	10.167	20.333	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_X (+X)	20.333	31.000	-0.180	-0.500	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-2.89	-7.13
OH_X (-X)	20.333	31.000	-0.180	-0.500	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-2.89	-7.13
OH_X (+X)	31.000	40.667	-0.180	-0.500	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-2.89	-7.13
OH_X (-X)	31.000	40.667	-0.180	-0.500	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-2.89	-7.13
OH_X (+X)	40.667	60.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13

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Date: 2022.06.06

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James A Zaleski, Licensed Professional Engineer, State of Michigan, No. 28000, Exp. 12/31/2024



OH_X (-X)	40.667	60.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13
OH_X (+X)	60.000	62.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13
OH_X (-X)	60.000	62.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13
Roof_LW	N/A	N/A	-0.600	-0.600	0.180	-3.89	-8.13	-3.89	-8.13
Roof_WW	N/A	N/A	0.330	-0.110	0.180	5.43	1.18	1.02	-3.22
Roof_X (+X)	2.000	10.167	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
Roof_X (-X)	2.000	10.167	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
Roof_X (+X)	10.167	20.333	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
Roof_X (-X)	10.167	20.333	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
Roof_X (+X)	20.333	40.667	-0.180	-0.500	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-2.89	-7.13
Roof_X (-X)	20.333	40.667	-0.180	-0.500	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-2.89	-7.13
Roof_X (+X)	40.667	60.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13
Roof_X (-X)	40.667	60.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13
Sofit_-Y	N/A	N/A	0.800	0.800	0.180	10.14	5.89	10.14	5.89

Notes Roof Pressures:

Start Dist = Start Dist from Windward Edge End Dist = End Dist from Windward Edge
Cp_Max = Largest Coefficient Magnitude Cp_Min = Smallest Coefficient Magnitude
Pp_max = qh * G * Cp_max - qip * (+GCPi) Pn_max = qh * G * Cp_max - qin * (-GCPi)
Pp_min = qh * G * Cp_min - qip * (+GCPi) Pn_min = qh * G * Cp_min - qin * (-GCPi)
OH = Overhang X = Dir along Ridge Y = Dir Perpendicular to Ridge Z = Vertical
* The smaller uplift pressures due to Cp_Min can become critical when wind is combined
with roof live load or snow load; load combinations are given in ASCE 7
+ Pressures Acting TOWARD Surface - Pressures Acting AWAY from Surface

MWFRS Wind Parallel to Ridge (Ref Fig 27.3-1)

h	= Mean Roof Height Of Building	= 20.333 ft
RHt	= Ridge Height Of Roof	= 30.667 ft
B	= Horizontal Dimension Of Building Normal To Wind Direction	= 58.000 ft
L	= Horizontal Dimension Of Building Parallel To Wind Direction	= 70.000 ft
L/B	= Ratio Of L/B used For Cp determination	= 1.207
h/L	= Ratio Of h/L used For Cp determination	= 0.290
Slope	= Slope of Roof	= 33.69 Deg
Hip_End	= Hipped End Coeff (0 to h/2) (2.000 ft to 10.167 ft)	= -0.18, -0.9
Hip_End	= Hipped End Coeff (h/2 to h) (10.167 ft to 17.000 ft)	= -0.18, -0.9
Hip_End	= Hipped End Coeff (>2h) (>57.000 ft)	= -0.18, -0.3
OH_Bot	= Soffit (Windward Face Only)	= 0.8, 0.8
OH_Top	= Overhang Top Coeff (0 to h/2) (0.000 ft to 2.000 ft)	= -0.18, -0.9
OH_Top	= Overhang Top Coeff (0 to h/2) (2.000 ft to 10.167 ft)	= -0.18, -0.9
OH_Top	= Overhang Top Coeff (h/2 to h) (10.167 ft to 20.333 ft)	= -0.18, -0.9
OH_Top	= Overhang Top Coeff (h to 2h) (20.333 ft to 37.000 ft)	= -0.18, -0.5
OH_Top	= Overhang Top Coeff (h to 2h) (37.000 ft to 40.667 ft)	= -0.18, -0.5
OH_Top	= Overhang Top Coeff (>2h) (>40.667 ft)	= -0.18, -0.3
OH_Top	= Overhang Top Coeff (>2h) (>72.000 ft)	= -0.18, -0.3
Roof	= Roof Coeff (0 to h/2) (2.000 ft to 10.167 ft)	= -0.18, -0.9
Roof	= Roof Coeff (h/2 to h) (10.167 ft to 20.333 ft)	= -0.18, -0.9
Roof	= Roof Coeff (h to 2h) (20.333 ft to 40.667 ft)	= -0.18, -0.5
Roof	= Roof Coeff (>2h) (>40.667 ft)	= -0.18, -0.3
Cp_WW	= Windward Wall Coefficient (All L/B Values)	= 0.80
Cp_LW	= Leeward Wall Coefficient using L/B	= -0.46
Cp_SW	= Side Wall Coefficient (All L/B values)	= -0.70
GCPn_WW	= Parapet Combined Net Pressure Coefficient (Windward Parapet)	= 1.50
GCPn_LW	= Parapet Combined Net Pressure Coefficient (Leeward Parapet)	= -1.00

Wall Wind Pressures based On Positive Internal Pressure (+GCPi) - Parallel to Ridge All wind pressures include a load factor of 0.6

Elev	Kz	Kzt	qz	GCPi	Windward Press	Leeward Press	Side Press	Total Press	Minimum Pressure*
ft			psf		psf	psf	psf	psf	psf
10.00	0.575	1.000	10.81	0.18	5.23	-6.72	-9.13	11.94	9.60

Wall Wind Pressures based on Negative Internal Pressure (-GCPi) - Parallel to Ridge All wind pressures include a load factor of 0.6

Elev	Kz	Kzt	qz	GCPi	Windward Press	Leeward Press	Side Press	Total Press	Minimum Pressure*
ft			psf		psf	psf	psf	psf	psf
10.00	0.575	1.000	10.81	-0.18	9.47	-2.47	-4.89	11.94	9.60

Notes Wall Pressures:

Kz = Velocity Press Exp Coeff Kzt = Topographical Factor
qz = $0.00256 * Kz * Kzt * V^2$ GCPi = Internal Press Coefficient
Side = $q_h * G * Cp_{SW} - q_{ip} * +GCPi$ Windward = $q_z * G * Cp_{WW} - q_{ip} * +GCPi$

Leeward = $q_h * G * C_{p_LW} - q_{ip} * +GCPi$ Total = Windward Press - Leeward Press
 * Minimum Pressure: Para 27.1.5 no less than 9.60 psf (Incl LF) applied to Walls
 + Pressures Acting TOWARD Surface - Pressures Acting AWAY from Surface

Roof Wind Pressures for Positive & Negative Internal Pressure (+/- GCPi) - Parallel to Ridge

All wind pressures include a load factor of 0.6

Roof Var	Start Dist ft	End Dist ft	Cp_min	Cp_max	GCPi	Pressure Pn_min* psf	Pressure Pp_min* psf	Pressure Pn_max psf	Pressure Pp_max psf
Hip_End (-X)	2.000	10.167	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
Hip_End (-X)	10.167	17.000	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
Hip_End (+X)	57.000	72.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13
OH_Bot	N/A	N/A	0.800	0.800	0.180	10.14	5.89	10.14	5.89
OH_Top (-X)	0.000	2.000	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_Top (-X)	0.000	2.000	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_Top (-X)	0.000	2.000	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_Top (-X)	0.000	2.000	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_Top (-Y)	0.000	2.000	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_Top (+Y)	0.000	2.000	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_Top (-Y)	0.000	2.000	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_Top (+Y)	2.000	10.167	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_Top (-Y)	2.000	10.167	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_Top (+Y)	10.167	20.333	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_Top (-Y)	10.167	20.333	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
OH_Top (+Y)	20.333	37.000	-0.180	-0.500	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-2.89	-7.13
OH_Top (-Y)	20.333	37.000	-0.180	-0.500	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-2.89	-7.13
OH_Top (+Y)	37.000	40.667	-0.180	-0.500	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-2.89	-7.13
OH_Top (-Y)	37.000	40.667	-0.180	-0.500	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-2.89	-7.13
OH_Top (+Y)	40.667	72.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13
OH_Top (-Y)	40.667	72.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13
OH_Top (+X)	72.000	74.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13
OH_Top (+X)	72.000	74.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13
OH_Top (+X)	72.000	74.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13
OH_Top (+X)	72.000	74.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13
OH_Top (+Y)	72.000	74.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13
OH_Top (-Y)	72.000	74.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13
Roof (+Y)	2.000	10.167	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
Roof (-Y)	2.000	10.167	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
Roof (+Y)	10.167	20.333	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
Roof (-Y)	10.167	20.333	-0.180	-0.900	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-6.89	-11.14
Roof (+Y)	20.333	40.667	-0.180	-0.500	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-2.89	-7.13
Roof (-Y)	20.333	40.667	-0.180	-0.500	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-2.89	-7.13
Roof (+Y)	40.667	72.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13
Roof (-Y)	40.667	72.000	-0.180	-0.300	0.180	0.32	-3.92	-0.88	-5.13

Notes Roof Pressures:

Start Dist = Start Dist from Windward Edge End Dist = End Dist from Windward Edge
 Cp_Max = Largest Coefficient Magnitude Cp_Min = Smallest Coefficient Magnitude
 Pp_max = $q_h * G * C_{p_max} - q_{ip} * (+GCPi)$ Pn_max = $q_h * G * C_{p_max} - q_{in} * (-GCPi)$
 Pp_min* = $q_h * G * C_{p_min} - q_{ip} * (+GCPi)$ Pn_min* = $q_h * G * C_{p_min} - q_{in} * (-GCPi)$
 OH = Overhang X = Dir along Ridge Y = Dir Perpendicular to Ridge Z = Vertical
 * The smaller uplift pressures due to Cp_Min can become critical when wind is combined with roof live load or snow load; load combinations are given in ASCE 7
 + Pressures Acting TOWARD Surface - Pressures Acting AWAY from Surface

Components and Cladding (C&C) Calculations per Ch 30 Part 1:

h/W	= Ratio of mean roof height to building width	= 0.351
h/L	= Ratio of mean roof height to building length	= 0.290
h	= Mean Roof Height above grade	= 20.333 ft
Kh	= 15 ft [4.572 m] < Z < Zg --> $(2.01 * (Z/zg)^{(2/Alpha)})$ {Table 26.10-1}	= 0.627
Kzt	= Topographic Factor is 1 since no Topographic feature specified	= 1.000
Kd	= Wind Directionality Factor per Table 26.6-1	= 0.85
GCPi	= Ref Table 26.13-1 for Enclosed Building	= +/-0.18
LF	= Load Factor based upon ASD Design	= 0.60
qh	= $(0.00256 * Kh * Kzt * Kd * Ke * V^2) * LF$	= 11.79 psf
LHD	= Least Horizontal Dimension: Min(B, L)	= 58.000 ft
a1	= Min(0.1 * LHD, 0.4 * h)	= 5.800 ft
a	= Max(a1, 0.04 * LHD, 3 ft [0.9 m])	= 5.800 ft
h/B	= Ratio of mean roof height to least hor dim: h / B	= 0.351

Wind Pressures for C&C Ch 30 Pt 1
 All wind pressures include a load factor of 0.6

Description	Zone	Width	Span	Area	1/3	Ref	GCp	GCp	p	p
-------------	------	-------	------	------	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---

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ft		ft	ft	sq ft	Rule	Fig	Max	Min	Max psf	Min psf
-----	----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Zone 1	1	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-2H	0.900	-1.291	12.73	-17.34
Zone 2e	2e	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-2H	0.900	-2.057	12.73	-26.37
Zone 2r	2r	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-2H	0.900	-1.763	12.73	-22.90
Zone 3	3	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-2H	0.900	-2.389	12.73	-30.27
Zone 4	4	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-1	1.000	-1.100	13.91	-15.09
Zone 5	5	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-1	1.000	-1.400	13.91	-18.62

Area = Span Length x Effective Width

1/3 Rule = Effective width need not be less than 1/3 of the span length

GCp = External Pressure Coefficients taken from Figures 30.3-1 through 30.3-7

p = Wind Pressure: $qh \cdot (GCp - GCpi)$ [Eqn 30.3-1]*

* Per Para 30.2.2 the Minimum Pressure for C&C is 9.60 psf [0.460 kPa] {Includes LF}

Components and Cladding (C&C) Overhang Calculations per Section 30.9:

h	= Mean Roof Height above grade	= 20.333 ft
Kh	= $15 \text{ ft} [4.572 \text{ m}] < Z < Z_g \rightarrow (2.01 \cdot (Z/z_g)^{(2/\alpha)})$ {Table 26.10-1}	= 0.627
Kzt	= Topographic Factor is 1 since no Topographic feature specified	= 1.000
Kd	= Wind Directionality Factor per Table 26.6-1	= 0.85
GCpi	= Ref Table 26.13-1 for Enclosed Building	= +/-0.18
LF	= Load Factor based upon ASD Design	= 0.60
qh	= $(0.00256 \cdot Kh \cdot Kzt \cdot Kd \cdot Ke \cdot V^2) \cdot LF$	= 11.79 psf

Wind Pressures for C&C per Section 30.9 & Figure 30.3-2

All wind pressures include a load factor of 0.6

Description	Zone	Width	Span	Area	1/3	Ref	GCpi	GCp	GCp	p	p
ft		ft	ft	sq ft	Rule	Fig	+/-	Max	Min	Max psf	Min psf
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Zone 1_OH	1_OH	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-2H	0.00	0.000	-2.091	9.60	-24.65
Zone 1_OHS	1_OHS	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-2H	0.18	0.000	-2.091	9.60	-26.77
Zone 2e_OH	2e_OH	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-2H	0.00	0.000	-2.857	9.60	-33.68
Zone 2e_OHS	2e_OHS	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-2H	0.18	0.000	-2.857	9.60	-35.80
Zone 2r_OH	2r_OH	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-2H	0.00	0.000	-2.563	9.60	-30.20
Zone 2r_OHS	2r_OHS	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-2H	0.18	0.000	-2.563	9.60	-32.32
Zone 3_OH	3_OH	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-2H	0.00	0.000	-3.189	9.60	-37.58
Zone 3_OHS	3_OHS	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-2H	0.18	0.000	-3.189	9.60	-39.70

#_OH = Zone # on Overhang with Zero Internal Pressure (GCpi = 0)

#_OHS = Zone # on Overhang w/ Soffit w/ Buildings Internal Pressure (GCpi = +/-0.18)

Area = Span Length x Effective Width

1/3 Rule = Effective width need not be less than 1/3 of the span length

p = Wind Pressure: $qh \cdot (GCp - GCpi) \cdot LF$ [Eqn 30.3-1]*

* Per Para 30.2.2 the Minimum Pressure for C&C is 9.60 psf [0.460 kPa] {Includes LF}

Values of GCp for overhangs include contributions from both upper and lower surfaces.

Components and Cladding (C&C) Zone Summary per Ch 30 Pt 1:

h/W	= Ratio of mean roof height to building width	= 0.351
h/L	= Ratio of mean roof height to building length	= 0.290
h	= Mean Roof Height above grade	= 20.333 ft
Kh	= $15 \text{ ft} [4.572 \text{ m}] < Z < Z_g \rightarrow (2.01 \cdot (Z/z_g)^{(2/\alpha)})$ {Table 26.10-1}	= 0.627
Kzt	= Topographic Factor is 1 since no Topographic feature specified	= 1.000
Kd	= Wind Directionality Factor per Table 26.6-1	= 0.85
GCpi	= Ref Table 26.13-1 for Enclosed Building	= +/-0.18
LF	= Load Factor based upon ASD Design	= 0.60
qh	= $(0.00256 \cdot Kh \cdot Kzt \cdot Kd \cdot Ke \cdot V^2) \cdot LF$	= 11.79 psf
LHD	= Least Horizontal Dimension: $\text{Min}(B, L)$	= 58.000 ft
a1	= $\text{Min}(0.1 \cdot LHD, 0.4 \cdot h)$	= 5.800 ft
a	= $\text{Max}(a1, 0.04 \cdot LHD, 3 \text{ ft} [0.9 \text{ m}])$	= 5.800 ft
h/B	= Ratio of mean roof height to least hor dim: h / B	= 0.351

Wind Pressure Summary for C&C Zones based Upon Areas Ch 30 Pt 1 (Table 1 of 3)

All wind pressures include a load factor of 0.6

Zone	Figure	A <=	A =	A =
		3.00 sq ft	5.00 sq ft	7.00 sq ft
-----	-----	psf	psf	psf
1	30.3-2H	12.73 -17.34	11.70 -17.34	11.02 -17.34
1_OH	30.3-2H	9.60 -24.65	9.60 -24.65	9.60 -24.65
1_OHS	30.3-2H	9.60 -26.77	9.60 -26.77	9.60 -26.77
2e	30.3-2H	12.73 -26.37	11.70 -24.28	11.02 -22.90
2e_OH	30.3-2H	9.60 -33.68	9.60 -31.58	9.60 -30.20

2e_OHS		30.3-2H		9.60 -35.80		9.60 -33.70		9.60 -32.33
2r		30.3-2H		12.73 -22.90		11.70 -22.90		11.02 -22.90
2r_OH		30.3-2H		9.60 -30.20		9.60 -30.20		9.60 -30.20
2r_OHS		30.3-2H		9.60 -32.32		9.60 -32.32		9.60 -32.32
3		30.3-2H		12.73 -30.27		11.70 -29.49		11.02 -27.21
3_OH		30.3-2H		9.60 -37.58		9.60 -37.28		9.60 -34.93
3_OHS		30.3-2H		9.60 -39.70		9.60 -39.40		9.60 -37.05
4		30.3-1		13.91 -15.09		13.91 -15.09		13.91 -15.09
5		30.3-1		13.91 -18.62		13.91 -18.62		13.91 -18.62

Wind Pressure Summary for C&C Zones based Upon Areas Ch 30 Pt 1 (Table 2 of 3)
All wind pressures include a load factor of 0.6

Zone	Figure	A = 10.00 sq ft psf	A = 20.00 sq ft psf	A = 50.00 sq ft psf
1	30.3-2H	10.30 -17.34	9.60 -15.32	9.60 -12.65
1_OH	30.3-2H	9.60 -24.65	9.60 -22.63	9.60 -19.95
1_OHS	30.3-2H	9.60 -26.77	9.60 -24.75	9.60 -22.08
2e	30.3-2H	10.30 -21.43	9.60 -18.59	9.60 -14.84
2e_OH	30.3-2H	9.60 -28.74	9.60 -25.90	9.60 -22.15
2e_OHS	30.3-2H	9.60 -30.86	9.60 -28.02	9.60 -24.27
2r	30.3-2H	10.30 -21.69	9.60 -19.35	9.60 -16.25
2r_OH	30.3-2H	9.60 -29.00	9.60 -26.66	9.60 -23.56
2r_OHS	30.3-2H	9.60 -31.12	9.60 -28.78	9.60 -25.68
3	30.3-2H	10.30 -24.80	9.60 -20.11	9.60 -13.91
3_OH	30.3-2H	9.60 -32.44	9.60 -27.61	9.60 -21.22
3_OHS	30.3-2H	9.60 -34.57	9.60 -29.73	9.60 -23.34
4	30.3-1	13.91 -15.09	13.28 -14.46	12.45 -13.63
5	30.3-1	13.91 -18.62	13.28 -17.37	12.45 -15.71

Wind Pressure Summary for C&C Zones based Upon Areas Ch 30 Pt 1 (Table 3 of 3)
All wind pressures include a load factor of 0.6

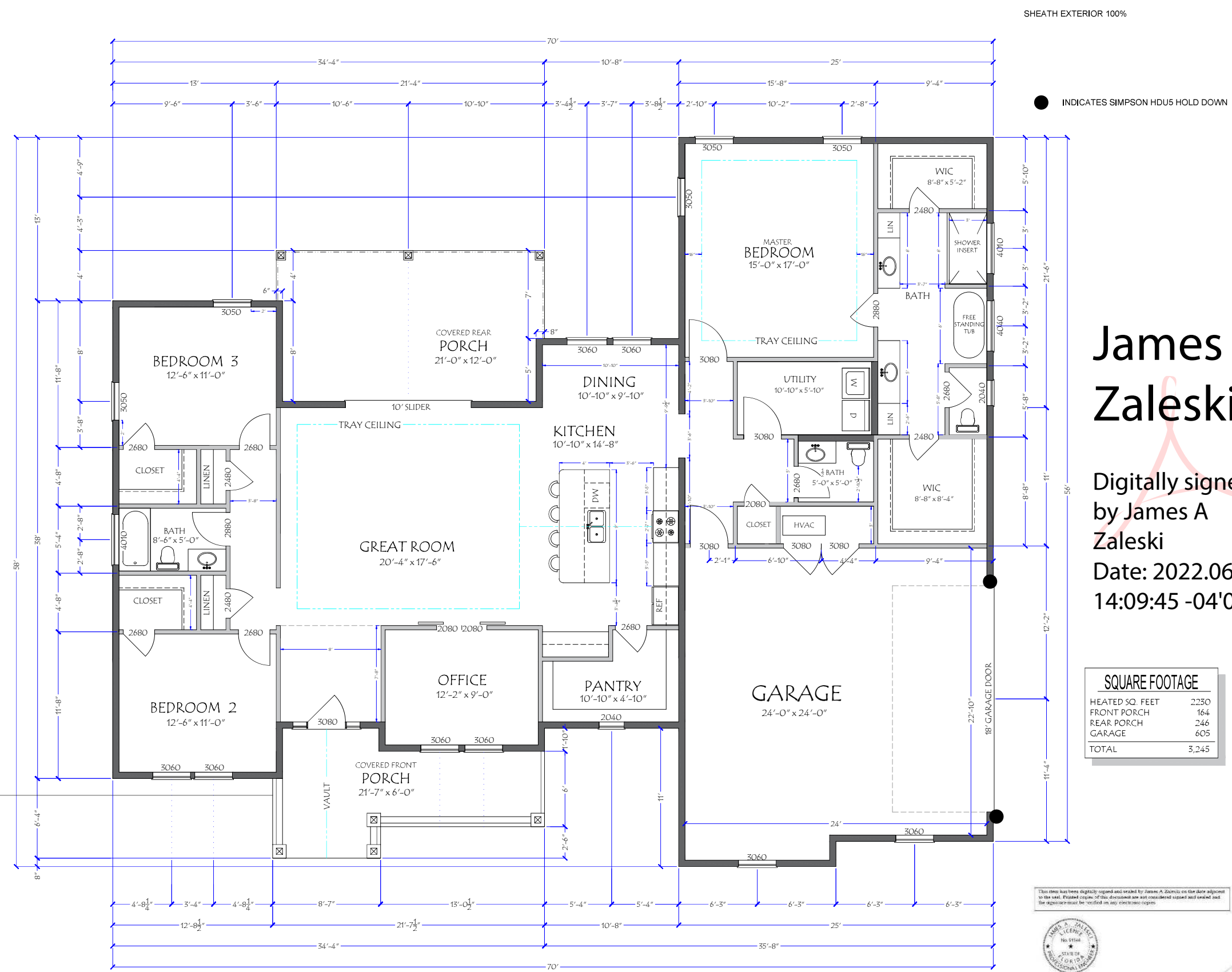
Zone	Figure	A = 100.00 sq ft psf	A = 200.00 sq ft psf	A > 500.00 sq ft psf
1	30.3-2H	9.60 -10.62	9.60 -9.60	9.60 -9.60
1_OH	30.3-2H	9.60 -17.93	9.60 -15.91	9.60 -15.91
1_OHS	30.3-2H	9.60 -20.05	9.60 -18.03	9.60 -18.03
2e	30.3-2H	9.60 -12.00	9.60 -11.55	9.60 -11.55
2e_OH	30.3-2H	9.60 -19.31	9.60 -18.86	9.60 -18.86
2e_OHS	30.3-2H	9.60 -21.43	9.60 -20.98	9.60 -20.98
2r	30.3-2H	9.60 -13.91	9.60 -13.91	9.60 -13.91
2r_OH	30.3-2H	9.60 -21.22	9.60 -21.22	9.60 -21.22
2r_OHS	30.3-2H	9.60 -23.34	9.60 -23.34	9.60 -23.34
3	30.3-2H	9.60 -13.91	9.60 -13.91	9.60 -13.91
3_OH	30.3-2H	9.60 -21.22	9.60 -21.22	9.60 -21.22
3_OHS	30.3-2H	9.60 -23.34	9.60 -23.34	9.60 -23.34
4	30.3-1	11.83 -13.01	11.20 -12.38	10.37 -11.55
5	30.3-1	11.83 -14.46	11.20 -13.21	10.37 -11.55

- * A is effective wind area for C&C: Span Length * Effective Width
- * Effective width need not be less than 1/3 of the span length
- * Maximum and minimum values of pressure shown.
- * + Pressures acting toward surface, - Pressures acting away from surface
- * _OH represents an Overhang in the zone specified
- * Overhang pressures calculated per Para 30.9
- * Per Para 30.2.2 the Minimum Pressure for C&C is 9.60 psf [0.460 kPa] {Includes LF}
- * Interpolation can be used for values of A that are between those values shown.

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James A Zaleski
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PORCH NOTES:
HOLLOW COLUMNS W/ 6X6 PT POST
IN CENTER, SIMPSON CC66 CAP, C866
BASE, TYP.
SIMPSON HUS412
FACE MOUNT HANGERS EACH
HEADER/WALL CONNECTION, TYP.

James A
Zaleski

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by James A
Zaleski
Date: 2022.06.06
14:09:45 -04'00'

SQUARE FOOTAGE	
HEATED SQ. FEET	2230
FRONT PORCH	164
REAR PORCH	246
GARAGE	605
TOTAL	3,245

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James Zaleski P.E 51544 2305 Haverhill Rd Tallahassee, FL 32312 PH 850-766-7778

FLOOR PLAN
SCALE 1/4" = 1'-0"

NOTES

1. CHECK ALL DIMENSIONS FOR ACCURACY PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

2. IN THE EVENT OF A CONFLICT BETWEEN THE PLANS AND THE CODES, THE CODES SHALL GOVERN.

3. ALL CONSTRUCTION MUST CONFORM TO CURRENT STATE AND LOCAL CODES WHERE APPLICABLE.

4. EXACT DESCRIPTION OR SPECIFICATIONS NOT PROVIDED ON PLANS (DOORS, WINDOWS, CABINETS, ELECTRICAL, HVAC, FINISHES ETC. TO BE PROVIDED BY CONTRACTOR OR OWNER.)

5. ALL ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, AND HVAC TO BE INSTALLED BY CURRENTLY LICENSED FL CONTRACTORS IN ACCORDANCE W/ STATE & LOCAL CODES.

6. INSTALL TPL STUD PACKS IN WALL AND @ ALL GIRDER TRUSS BEARING POINTS.

7. ALL LOAD BEARING WALLS TO BE SYP OR BETTER FRAMING

DRAFTING & DESIGN

CERTIFICATION

PROJECT NAME

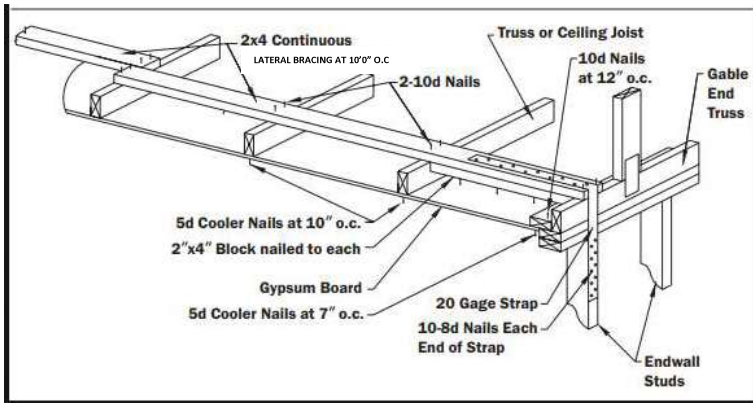
WENTWORTH
Columbia County, FL.

TITLE

FLOOR PLAN

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DATE June 2022	
PROJECT No.	

GABLE END BRACING



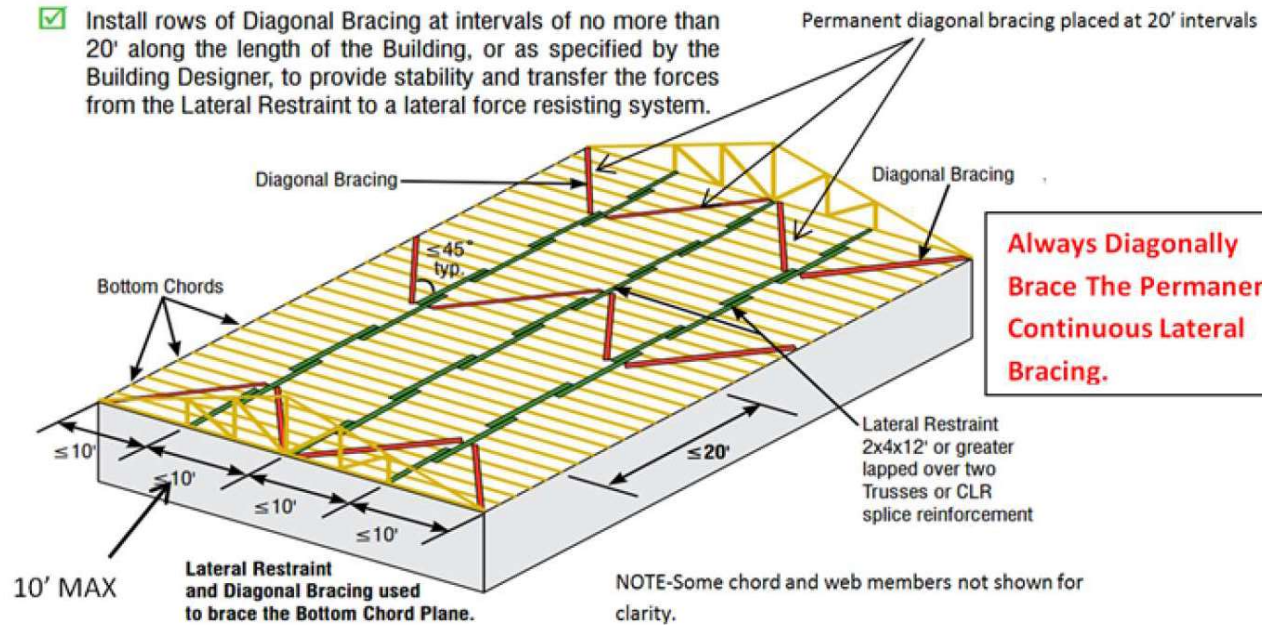
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- ✓ Install rows of Diagonal Bracing at intervals of no more than 20' along the length of the Building, or as specified by the Building Designer, to provide stability and transfer the forces from the Lateral Restraint to a lateral force resisting system.



1. CONCRETE REQUIREMENTS:

ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE OF AT LEAST 3000PSI 28-DAY COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH.
ALL CONCRETE GRADE BEAMS AND SLABS SHALL BE RUN CONTINUOUSLY AS TO
BEHAVE IN A MONOLITHIC FASHION.

CONCRETE SLAB THICKNESS SHALL BE 4" ABOVE THE FOOTERS, AS SHOWN IN THE
DETAILS.

STEP DOWNS AND LEDGES IN THE CONCRETE SHALL NOT REDUCE THE CONCRETE
COVER REQUIREMENT FOR STEEL REINFORCEMENT.

A 6 MIL VAPOR BARRIER SHALL BE PLACED PRIOR TO CONCRETE POUR, AS SHOWN IN
THE DETAILS.

2. REINFORCEMENT REQUIREMENTS:

ALL STEEL REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE GRADE 60 (60 KSI).

3" OF PROPER, MINIMUM COVER OVER REBAR SHALL BE MAINTAINED FROM ALL
CONCRETE SURFACES, AS SHOWN IN THE DETAILS.

NO. 2 WIRE TIES SHALL BE PLACED 48" ON CENTER WITH A MINIMUM OF THREE TIES
PER BAR, AS SHOWN IN THE DETAILS.

ALL LONGITUDINAL REBAR SHALL BE RUN CONTINUOUSLY SUCH THAT THE
FOUNDATION SYSTEM ACTS IN A MONOLITHIC FASHION.

ALL REBAR OVERLAPS (LAP SPLICES) SHALL BE AT LEAST 40".

3. SOIL REQUIREMENTS:

SATISFACTORY FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE FREE OF VEGETATION AND ORGANIC
MATTER, WITH NOT MORE THAN 20 PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING THE 200 SIEVE.
FILL LIFTS SHALL BE 12 INCHES MAXIMUM.

ALL TOP SOIL CONTAINING UNSUITABLE MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED PRIOR TO
THE PLACEMENT OF CLEAN FILL MATERIAL.

ALL CLEAN FILL SHALL BE PLACED ON TOP OF UNDISTURBED SOIL, FREE OF
DELETERIOUS AND ORGANIC MATERIALS, AS NOTED ABOVE.

MORTAR: MORTAR SHALL BE TYPE M OR TYPE S: (28 DAY STRENGTH OF 2000 PSI). MASONRY SHALL BE
LAID IN A RUNNING BOND.

4. CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS:

A. CMU SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM C 90.

B. THE MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF THE MASONRY SHALL BE F'M = 1500 PSI.

C. WHEN 12" CMU IS UTILIZED INSTEAD OF 8" CMU, THE OVERALL WIDTH OF THE FOOTER SHALL BE INCREASED BY 4"
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED ON THE DETAILS.

D. ALTERNATIVE REINFORCING BAR SIZES AND SPACINGS HAVING AN EQUIVALENT CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA OF
REINFORCEMENT PER LINEAL FOOT OF WALL SHALL BE PERMITTED PROVIDED THE SPACING OF THE
REINFORCEMENT DOES NOT EXCEED 72 INCHES.

E. VERTICAL REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE GRADE 60 MINIMUM. THE DISTANCE FROM THE FACE OF THE SOIL SIDE OF
THE WALL TO THE CENTER OF VERTICAL REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE AT LEAST 5 INCHES FOR 8" CMU AND 8-3/4"
INCHES FOR 12" CMU.

GENERAL LUMBER NOTES

1. LUMBER AND WOOD FRAMING SHALL COMPLY WITH CHAPTER 23 OF THE
2020 FLORIDA BUILDING CODE 7TH EDITION
2. ALL STRUCTURAL LUMBER TO BE MIN SOUTHERN YELLOW PINE NUMBER 2
3. MICROLAM LVL BEAMS USED AS MULTIPLE ASSEMBLY BEAMS TO BE
CONNECTED WITH 3 ROWS OF 16D NAILS AT 12" O.C.

STRUCTURAL GLUED LAMINATED TIMBER SHALL BE PRODUCED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF TIMBER CONSTRUCTION (AITC). MINIMUM ALLOWABLE BENDING STRESS
SHALL BE 2400 PSI (DRY CONDITIONS).

PROVIDE DRESSED SEASONED LUMBER, S4S, WITH A MAXIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT OF 19% AT TIME
OF DRESSING AS LISTED BELOW.

INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR LOAD-BEARING WALLS:
SOUTHERN PINE, NO. 2 GRADE.

LINTELS, FLOOR JOISTS AND BEAMS:
SOUTHERN PINE, NO. 2 GRADE.

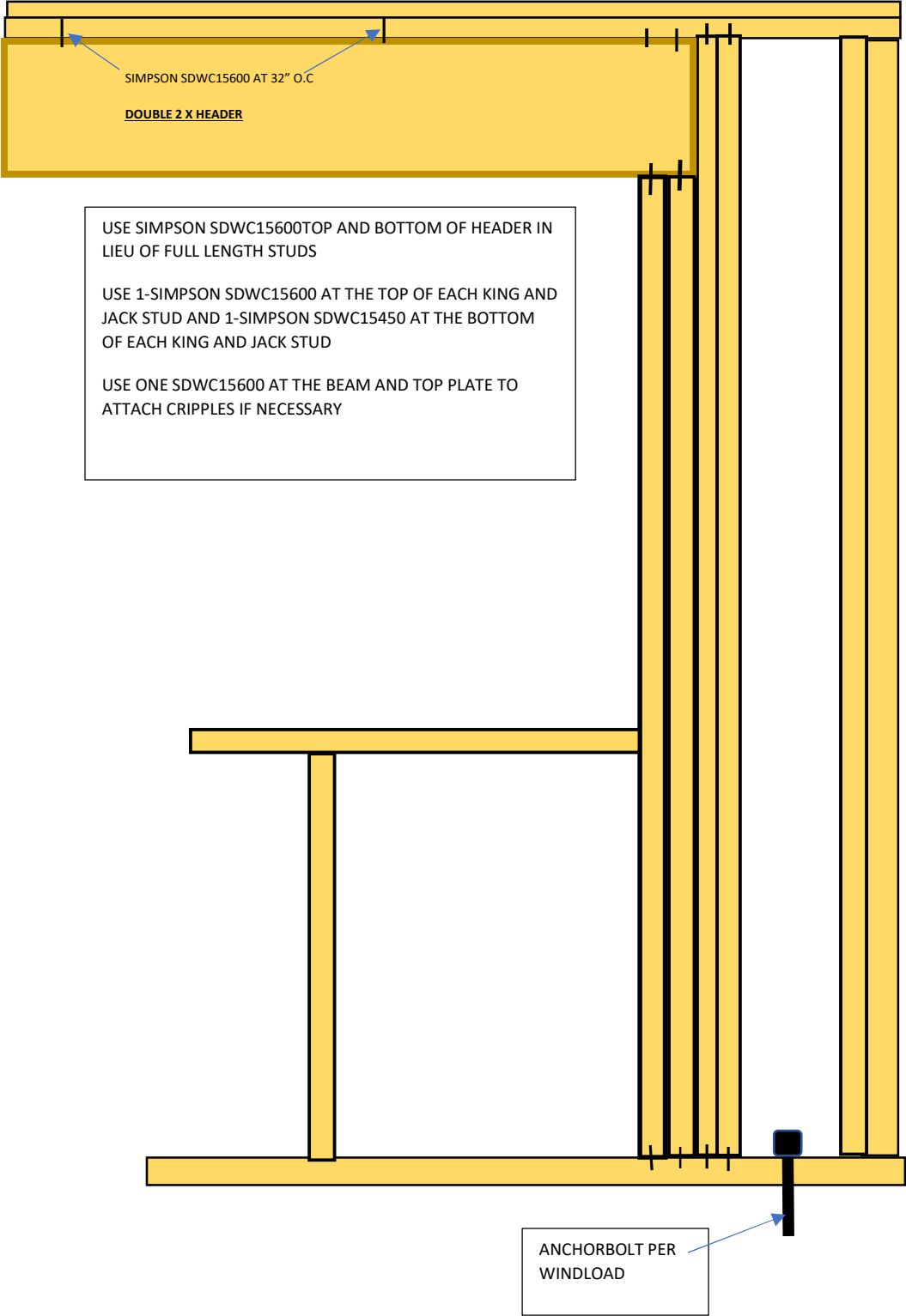
WOOD IN CONTACT WITH CONCRETE OR MASONRY SHALL BE FOUNDATION GRADE
PRESSURE-TREATED. USE GALVANIZED NAILS IN PRESSURE-TREATED WOOD. THE
PROTECTIVE COATING ON LIGHT GAUGE STEEL CONNECTIONS IN CONTACT W/
PRESSURE-TREATED WOOD SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONNECTOR
MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATIONS.

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James A
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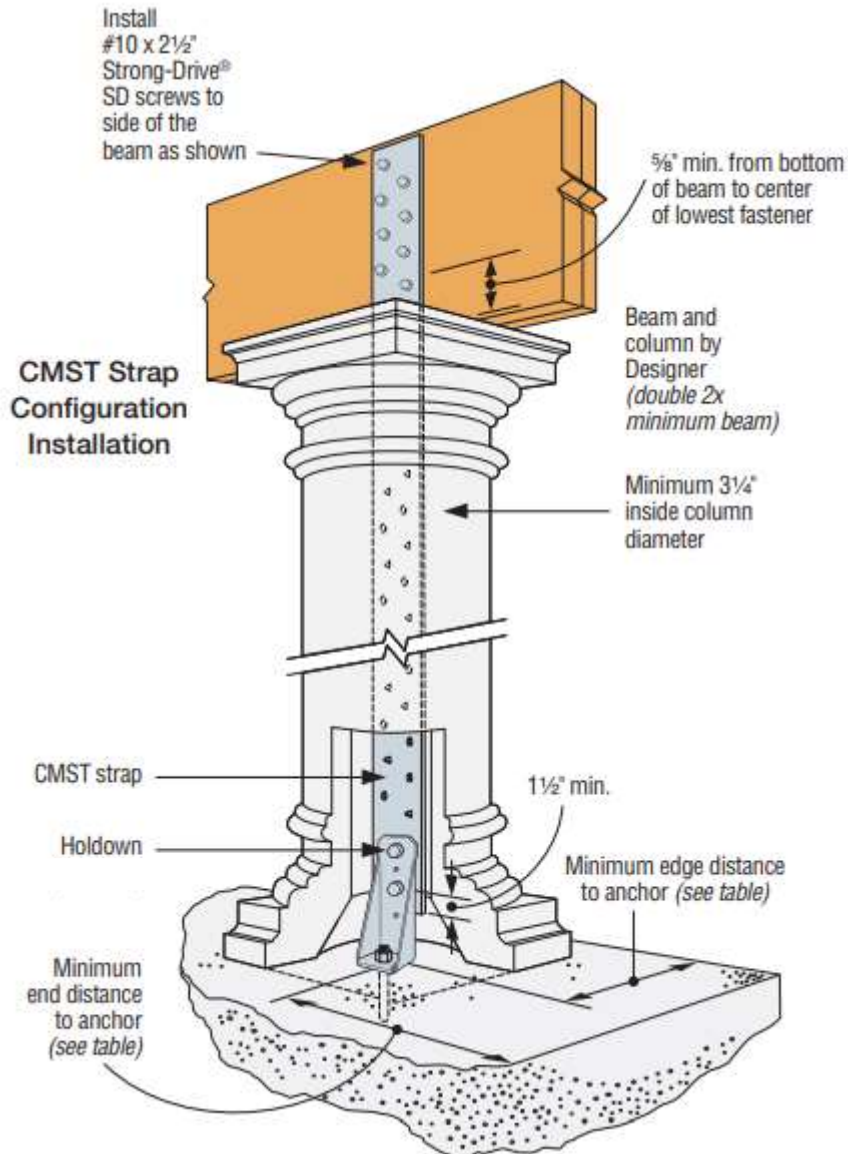
HEADER SIZE AND STRAPPING CHART					
SPAN	HEADER SIZE	QUANTITY OF JACK STUDS AT EACH END	QUANTITY OF KING STUDS AT EACH END	STRAPPING TO JACK STUDS AT EACH END TOP AND BOTTOM	STRAPPING TO KING STUDS AT EACH END TOP AND BOTTOM
0'-0" TO 7'-6"	2 - 2X10" WITH ½" PLATE	1	1	1 SIMPSON MSTA24	1 SIMPSON SPH4
7'-6" – 11'-3"	2 -2X12" WITH ½" PLATE OR 4-2 X 10" WITH ½" PLATE	3	2	2 SIMPSON MSTA24	2 SIMPSON SPH4
11'-3" – 14'-0"	2- 1 ¼" X 9 ¼" LVL	3	2	2 SIMPSON MSTA24	2 SIMPSON SPH4
IN LIEU OF STRAPPING <u>USE</u> A SDWC15600 AT THE TOP OF EACH JACK AND KING STUD AND ONE SDWC15450 AT THE BASE OF EACH JACK AND KING STUD					

AT ALL CORNERS USE 3- SIMPSON SDWC1540 SCREWS – IF NECESSARY, USE 2-SCREWS IN ONE STUD AND ADD ONE MORE STUD MID SPAN

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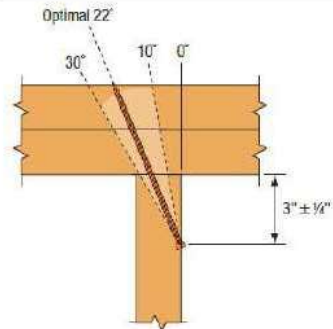
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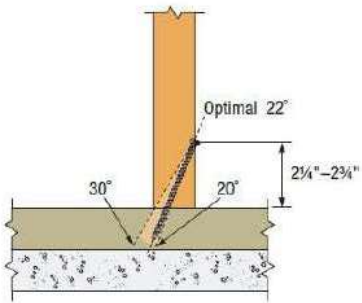


Holdown Model No.	Anchor	Anchor Drill Bit Diameter (in.)	Minimum Embedment Depth (in.)	Minimum End Distance (in.)	Minimum Edge Distance (in.)	Strap Model No.	Strap Bolts		Drill Bit Diameter (Strap) (in.)	Strap-to-Beam	Beam Depth Min. (in.)	Allowable Uplift (lb.)
							Qty.	Dia. (in.)				
TITEN HD® ANCHORAGE ⁴												
HD3B												
	THD501200H ⁴	½	10	8	1¾	CMST14	2	⅝	1⅛	(12) SD#10x2½ ¹⁰	10½	3,855

HOLLOW COLUMN HOLD DOWN

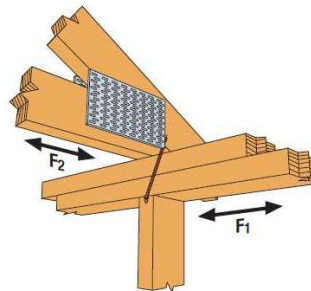


Stud-to-Top Plate Connection
(This application requires SDWC15600)

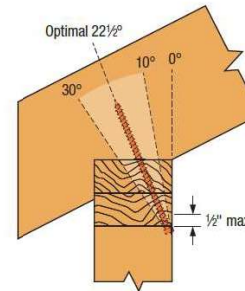


**Stud-to-Bottom Plate Connection
Over Concrete/Masonry Foundation**
(This application requires SDWC15450)

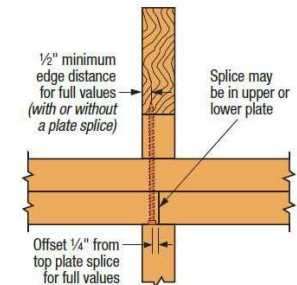
Use SDWC15600 AT THE TOP OF EACH STUD AND ONE SDWC 1540 AT THE BOTTOM OF EACH STUD in LIEU OF SPH STRAPS



Typical SDWC Installation – Truss Aligned w/Stud
(Offset truss similar)



Installation Angle Limit



Min. Edge Distance for Top Plate Splice

USE 2 – SDWC 15600 IN LIEU OF SIMPSON H-10 AND 1 – SDWC 15600 IN LIEU OF SIMPSON H-2.5A

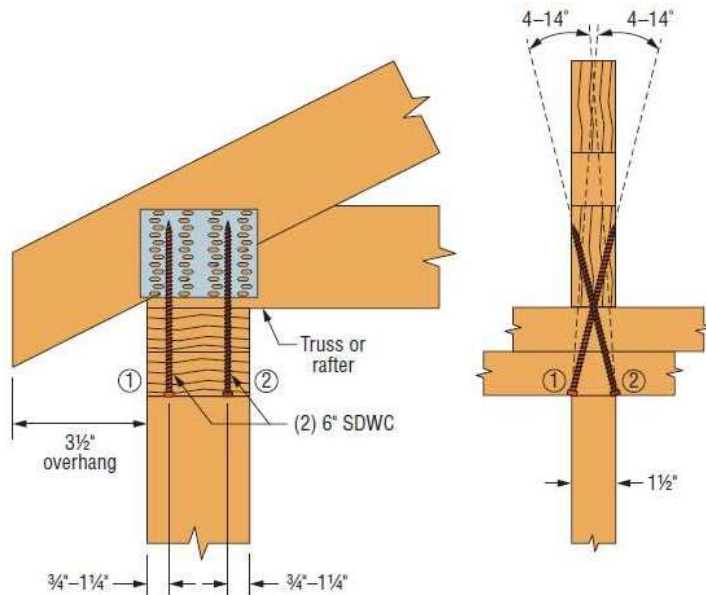
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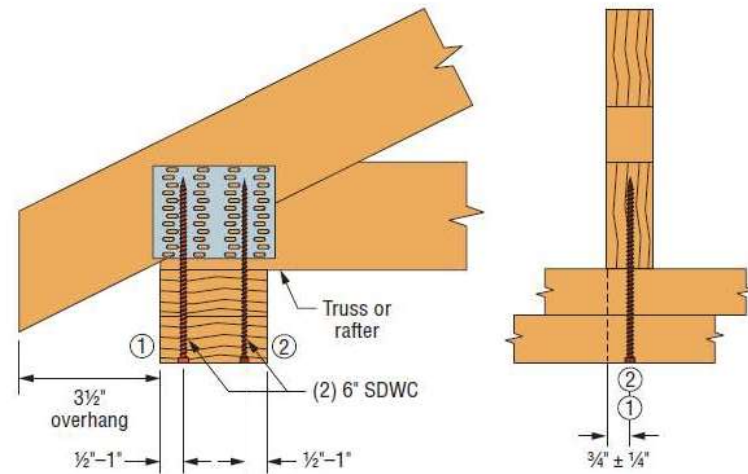


SDWC Truss/Rafter-to-Top Plate Two-Screw Connections



Configuration A:
Truss Aligned with Stud
Install through Top Plate into Truss/Rafter

Both screws installed at a 4° - 14° angle, offset $\frac{3}{4}$ "- $1\frac{1}{4}$ " from opposite edges of the top plate.



Configuration B:
Truss Offset from Stud
Install through Top Plate into Truss/Rafter

Both screws installed vertically $\pm 5^{\circ}$ into the center of the truss/rafter from the underside of the top plate, $\frac{1}{2}$ " - 1" from opposite edges of the top plate.

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