Julius Lee Engineering

RE: 318034 - COLUMBIA CTY EMS OP. CTR.

1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. **Boynton Beach, FL 33435**

Site Information:

Project Customer: DON REED CONST. Project Name: 318034 Model: COLUMBIA CTY EOC

Lot/Block:

Subdivision:

Address: 263 NW LAKE CITY AVE

City: COLUMBIA CTY

State: FL

Name Address and License # of Structural Engineer of Record, If there is one, for the building.

Name: LARRY DON REED License #: CGC036224

BUILD

for

Code omplianc

EXAMI

Address: 2230 SE BAYA DR. SUITE 101

City: LAKE CITY,

State: FL

General Truss Engineering Criteria & Design Loads (Individual Truss Design Drawings Show Special Loading Conditions):

Design Code: FBC2007/TPI2002

Design Program: MiTek 20/20 7.1

Wind Code: ASCE 7-05 Wind Speed: 110 mph

Floor Load: N/A psf

Truss Name

Date

11/24/09

11/24/09

11/24/09

11/24/09

Roof Load: 40.0 psf

This package includes 21 individual, dated Truss Design Drawings and 0 Additional Drawings. With my seal affixed to this sheet, I hereby certify that I am the Truss Design Engineer and this index sheet conforms to 61G15-31.003, section 5 of the Florida Board of Professional Engineers Rules. This document processed per section 16G15-23.003 of the Florida Board of Professionals Rules

Seal#

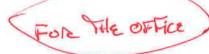
14160811

14160812

14160813 14160814

In the event of changes from Builder or E.O.R. additional coversheets and drawings may accompany this coversheet. The latest approval dates supersede and replace the previous drawings.

No.	Seal#	Truss Name	Date	No.
1	14160794	CJ1	11/24/09	18
2	14160795	CJ3	11/24/09	19
3	14160796	CJ5	11/24/09	20
4	14160797	EJ2	11/24/09	21
5	14160798	EJ5	11/24/09	
6	14160799	EJ7	11/24/09	-
7	14160800	EJ7A	11/24/09	1
8	14160801	HJ3	11/24/09	
9	14160802	HJ7	11/24/09	
10	14160803	HJ9	11/24/09	
11	14160804	T01	11/24/09	
12	14160805	T02	11/24/09	
13	14160806	T03	11/24/09]
14	14160807	T04	11/24/09	
15	14160808	T05	11/24/09	
16	14160809	T06	11/24/09]
17	14160810	T07	11/24/09]



T08

T09

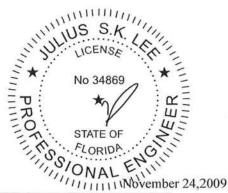
T10

The truss drawing(s) referenced above have been prepared by MiTek Industries, Inc. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Builders FirstSource (Lake City).

Truss Design Engineer's Name: Julius Lee

My license renewal date for the state of Florida is February 28, 2011.

NOTE: The seal on these drawings indicate acceptance of professional engineering responsibility solely for the truss components shown. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer, per ANSI/TPI-1 Chapter 2.



Job Truss Truss Type Qty COLUMBIA CTY EMS OP. CTR 14160794 318034 CJ1 JACK 16 Job Reference (optional)4-10 Builders FrstSource, Lake City, FL 32055 7.140 s Oct 1 2009 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Nov 24 14:25:08 2009 Page 1 10-0-0 10-0-0 -1-6-0 1-6-0 1-0-0 Scale = 1:7.2 5.00 12 0-4-0 **B**1 T1 2x4 =

LOADIN	G (psf)		SPACING	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL	20.0		Plates Increase	1.25	TC	0.18	Vert(LL)	-0.00	2	>999	360	MT20	244/190	
TCDL	10.0	- 1	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC	0.01	Vert(TL)	-0.00	2	>999	240			
BCLL	0.0	6	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(TL)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a			
BCDL	10.0		Code FBC2007/TF	P12002	(Matr	rix)	Wind(LL)	0.00	2	>999	240	Weight: 6 lb		

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BRACING

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=202/0-3-0, 4=10/Mechanical, 3=-44/Mechanical

Max Horz 2=74(LC 7)

Max Uplift2=-244(LC 7), 4=-12(LC 5), 3=-44(LC 1)

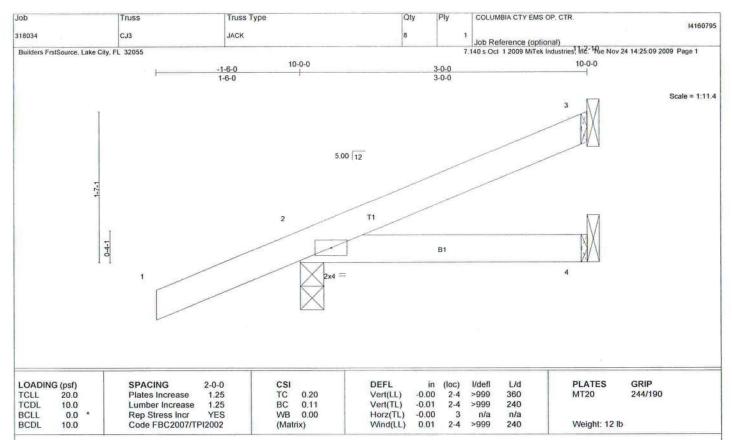
Max Grav 2=202(LC 1), 4=19(LC 2), 3=73(LC 7)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 110mph (3-second gust); TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=3.0psf; h=18ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) All bearings are assumed to be SYP No.2
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 244 lb uplift at joint 2, 12 lb uplift at joint 4 and 44 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.
- 9) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

PROTEIN No. SIONAL November 24,2009



TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2

BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS (lb/size) 3=56/Mechanical, 2=238/0-3-0, 4=28/Mechanical Max Horz 2=121(LC 7)

Max Uplift3=-47(LC 7), 2=-247(LC 7), 4=-36(LC 5) Max Grav 3=56(LC 1), 2=238(LC 1), 4=56(LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

(8-9) NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 110mph (3-second gust); TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=3.0psf; h=18ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) All bearings are assumed to be SYP No.2
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 47 lb uplift at joint 3, 247 lb uplift at joint 2 and 36 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code
- 9) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Flonda P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Coular MO 34869

No 34869

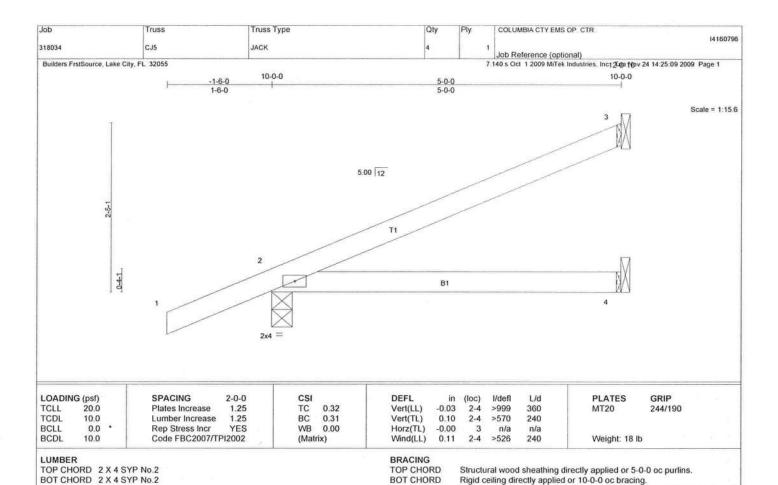
STATE OF FLORIDA MOVEMBER OF November 1988 S

November 24,2009

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE. Design volid for use only with Miles compacts and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLODED BITTER KREEKERCE THATE BILLY AT BEFORE USE.

Design volid for use only with Miles compacts. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.

Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult — ANS/IPI Journal Designer. Some and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



REACTIONS (lb/size) 3=127/Mechanical, 2=307/0-3-8, 4=48/Mechanical

Max Horz 2=169(LC 7)

Max Uplift3=-122(LC 7), 2=-297(LC 7), 4=-61(LC 5) Max Grav 3=127(LC 1), 2=307(LC 1), 4=96(LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES (8-9)

- Wind: ASCE 7-05; 110mph (3-second gust); TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=3.0psf; h=18ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) All bearings are assumed to be SYP No.2
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 122 lb uplift at joint 3, 297 lb uplift at joint 2 and 61 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.
- 9) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

y particular

33435

No 34869

STATE OF

FLORIDA

November 24,2009

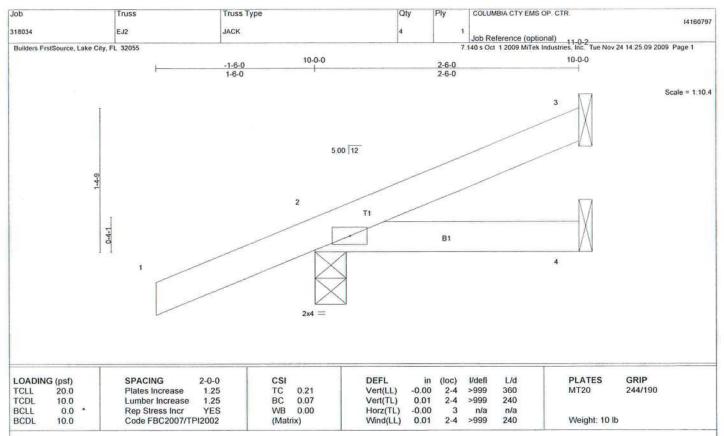
MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

Installation guide

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.

Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Raccing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding flabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. AMSI/IPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Salety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BRACING

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-6-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS (lb/size) 3=33/Mechanical, 2=226/0-3-8, 4=23/Mechanical

Max Horz 2=109(LC 7)

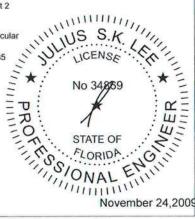
Max Uplift 3=-30(LC 8), 2=-242(LC 7), 4=-29(LC 5) Max Grav 3=33(LC 1), 2=226(LC 1), 4=46(LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES

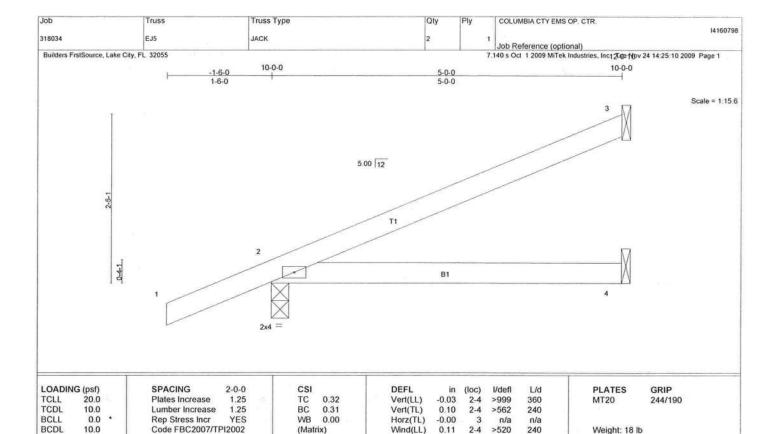
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 110mph (3-second gust); TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=3.0psf; h=18ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) All bearings are assumed to be SYP No.2
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 30 lb uplift at joint 3, 242 lb uplift at joint 2
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
 8) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.
- 9) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



November 24,2009

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE. WARNING - Verify design parameters and RBAD NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REFERENCE PAGE MIN-7473 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with Millet connectors, this design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not trust designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insert stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult — ANSI/IPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from truss Piate Institute. S83 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison. WI 53719.



TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BRACING

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 3=128/Mechanical, 2=306/0-3-0, 4=48/Mechanical

Max Horz 2=169(LC 7)

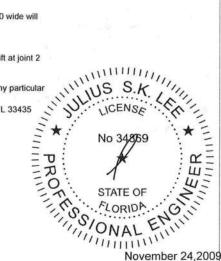
Max Uplift3=-123(LC 7), 2=-296(LC 7), 4=-62(LC 5) Max Grav 3=128(LC 1), 2=306(LC 1), 4=96(LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES (8-9)

- Wind: ASCE 7-05; 110mph (3-second gust); TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=3.0psf; h=18ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) All bearings are assumed to be SYP No.2.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 123 lb uplift at joint 3, 296 lb uplift at joint 2 and 62 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.
- 9) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435

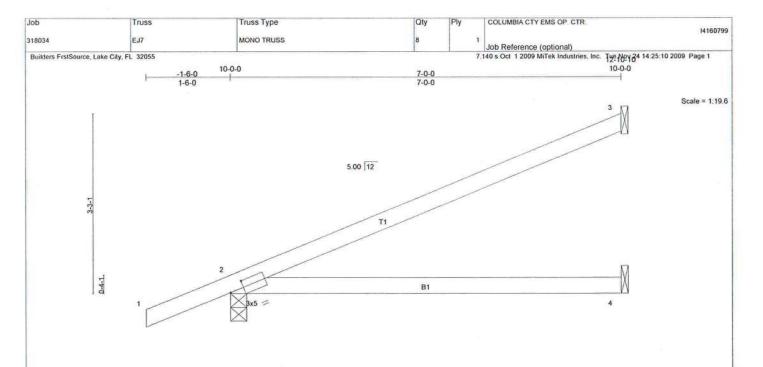
LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.

Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. AMSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI1 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



LOADIN	G (psf)		SPACING	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0		Plates Increase	1.25	TC	0.54	Vert(LL)	-0.09	2-4	>924	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	- 1	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC	0.39	Vert(TL)	-0.25	2-4	>326	240		
BCLL	0.0	*	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(TL)	-0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0		Code FBC2007/TF	212002	(Mati	rix)	Wind(LL)	0.09	2-4	>876	240	Weight: 24 lb	j .

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BRACING

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 3=183/Mechanical, 2=382/0-3-8, 4=77/Mechanical

Max Horz 2=156(LC 6)

Max Uplift3=-112(LC 6), 2=-166(LC 6)

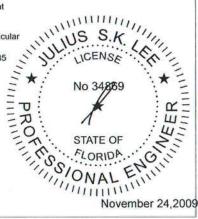
Max Grav 3=183(LC 1), 2=382(LC 1), 4=129(LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES (8-9)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 110mph (3-second gust); TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=3.0psf; h=18ff; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) All bearings are assumed to be SYP No.2
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 112 lb uplift at joint 3 and 166 lb uplift at joint 2.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.
- 9) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIL-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with Mifek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.
Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not trus designer. Bracing shown for lateral support of individual was members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding flabrication, quality controls, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. AMSI/PII Quality Criteria, DS8-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job Reference (optional)

Truss Type
MNNO TRUSS

S18034

Builders Fris/Source, Lake City, FL 32055

T-0-0

7-0-0

Scale = 1.18.8

LOADIN	G (psf)	5 -	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	- 1	Plates Increase	1.25	TC	0.63	Vert(LL)	-0.09	1-3	>873	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0		Lumber Increase	1.25	BC	0.41	Vert(TL)	-0.26	1-3	>310	240	35.900,000,00	
BCLL	0.0		Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(TL)	-0.00	2	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0		Code FBC2007/TF	212002	(Matr	ix)	Wind(LL)	0.10	1-3	>815	240	Weight: 22 lb	

LUMBER

DI 1 07 1 07 10

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2

BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS

(lb/size) 1=272/0-3-8, 2=193/Mechanical, 3=78/Mechanical

Max Horz 1=118(LC 6)

Max Uplift 1=-63(LC 6), 2=-123(LC 6)

Max Grav 1=272(LC 1), 2=193(LC 1), 3=132(LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES (7-8

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 110mph (3-second gust); TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=3.0psf; h=18ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 63 lb uplift at joint 1 and 123 lb uplift at joint 2.
- 6) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any
 particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.
 Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL
- B) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435

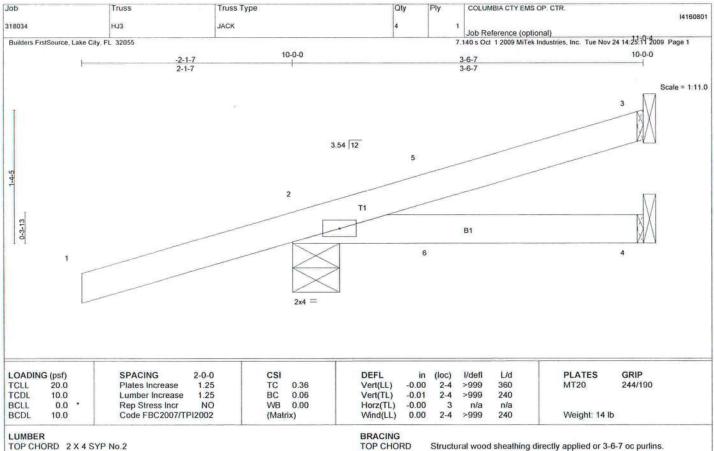
LOAD CASE(S) Standard



14046111061 24,2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design volid for use only with Millek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not huss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding flabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. AMSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD**

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-6-7 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS (lb/size) 3=19/Mechanical, 2=267/0-5-11, 4=24/Mechanical

Max Horz 2=110(LC 3)

Max Uplift 3=-48(LC 6), 2=-352(LC 3), 4=-31(LC 3) Max Grav 3=19(LC 1), 2=267(LC 1), 4=49(LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES (10-11)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 110mph (3-second gust); TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=3.0psf; h=18ff; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; porch left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) All bearings are assumed to be SYP No.2
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 48 lb uplift at joint 3, 352 lb uplift at joint 2 and 31 lb uplift at joint 4.

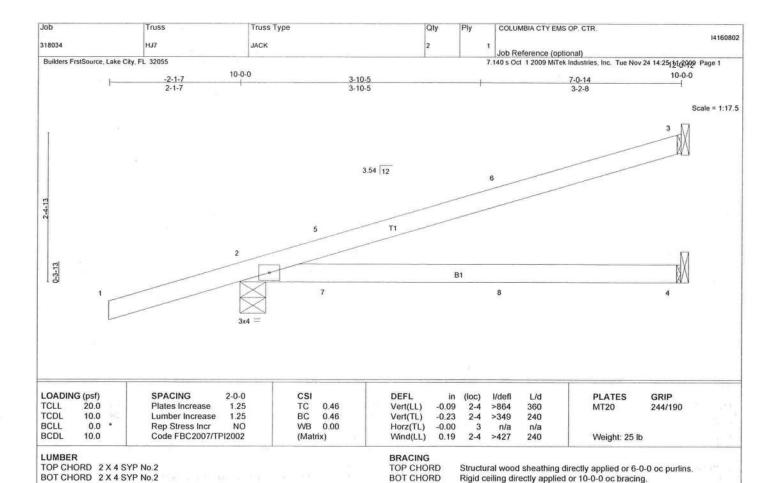
Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 5=69(F=35, B=35) 6=21(F=10, B=10)

Dup at 1-5-12, and 35 lb up at 1-5-12, and 35 lb up at 1-5-12 on bottom chord. The 1-5 VC/E

November 24,2009

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with Milet connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITTER REFERENCE FOR BITTER THE PAGE MILITARY BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with Milet connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual wellong component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for taleral support of individual wellow members only. Additional temporary bracing to invest stability during construction is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, celelivery, erection and bracing, consult. AMS/IPIL Quality Criteria, DS8-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, \$83 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



REACTIONS (Ib/size) 3=163/Mechanical, 2=366/0-5-0, 4=74/Mechanical Max Horz 2=170(LC 3)

Max Uplift3=-159(LC 3), 2=-446(LC 3), 4=-98(LC 6)

Max Grav 3=163(LC 1), 2=366(LC 1), 4=135(LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES (10-11)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 110mph (3-second gust); TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=3.0psf; h=18ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; porch left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) All bearings are assumed to be SYP No.2
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 159 lb uplift at joint 3, 446 lb uplift at joint 2 and 98 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 35 lb up at 1-5-12, 35 lb up at 1-5-12, and 3 lb down and 30 lb up at 4-3-11, and 3 lb down and 30 lb up at 4-3-11 on top chord, and 13 lb down and 21 lb up at 1-5-12, 13 lb down and 21 lb up at 1-5-12, 13 lb down and 21 lb up at 1-5-12, and 16 lb down and 10 lb up at 4-3-11 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 9) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).
- 10) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.
- 11) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 2-4=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 5=69(F=35, B=35) 6=8(F=4, B=4) 7=21(F=10, B=10) 8=-16(F=-8, B=-8)

No 34869

No 34869

STATE OF

FLORIDA

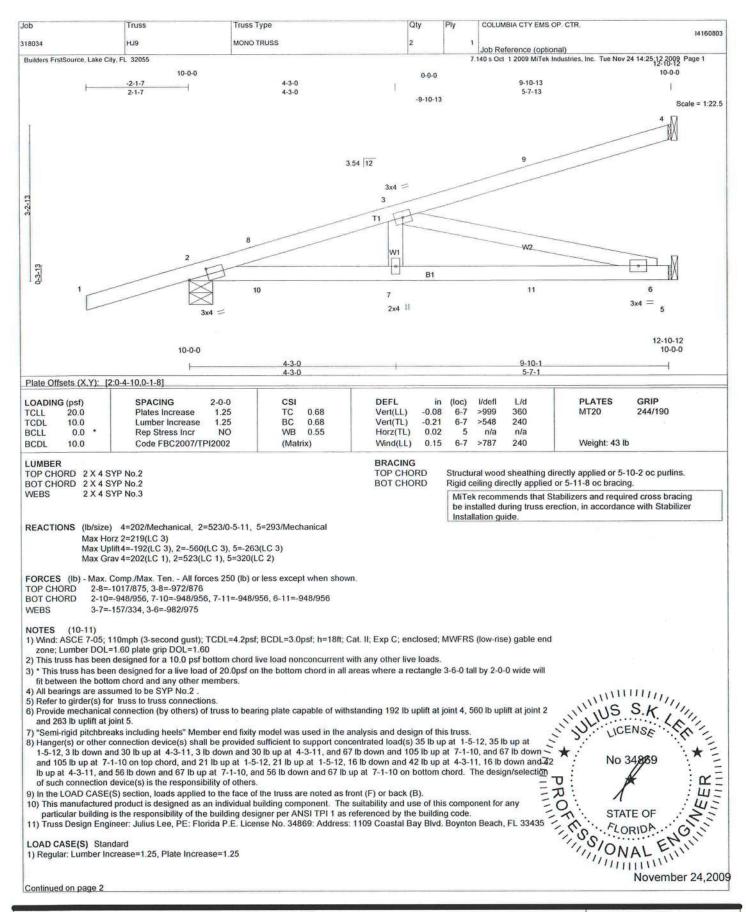
November 24,2009

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

Installation guide

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design volid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is far an individual building component.
Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not trus designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. AMSI/TPU. ADSI/TPU. Stable plantage of the properties of the processing of the processing available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onatrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with Milek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.

Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult — ANSI/TRIUS CHIEF, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

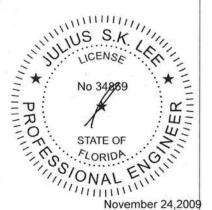
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	COLUMBIA CTY EMS OP. CTR.	
318034	HJ9	MONO TRUSS	2			14160803
					Job Reference (optional)	
Builders FrstSource, Lake City, F	L 32055			7.1	40 s Oct 1 2009 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Nov 24 14:25:12 2009 Pag	ge 2

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Uniform Loads (plf)

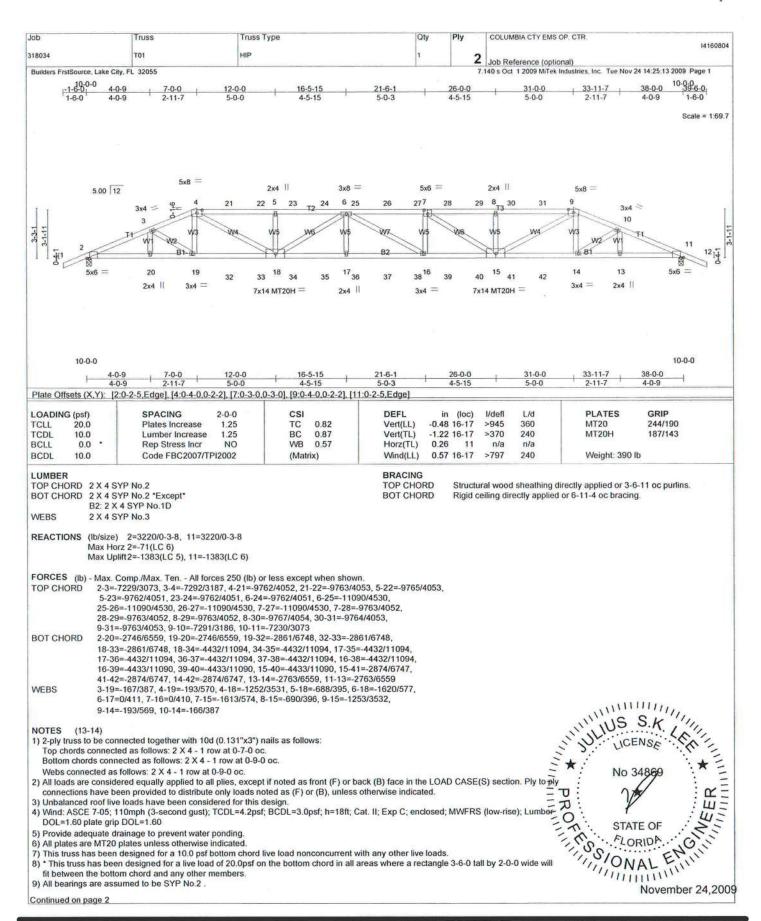
Vert: 1-4=-60, 2-5=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 3=8(F=4, B=4) 7=-16(F=-8, B=-8) 8=69(F=35, B=35) 9=-134(F=-67, B=-67) 10=21(F=10, B=10) 11=-56(F=-28, B=-28)



November 24,2009



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.
Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer not trus designer. Bracing shown is for toleral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fathrication, qualify control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. ANSI/ITI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	COLUMBIA CTY EMS OP. CTR.	
318034	T01	HIP	1		_	14160804
	1.0.			2	Job Reference (optional)	
Buildore EretCourses Lat	LA City El 220EE			2	140 c Oct 1 2000 MiTal Industries Inc. T. Nov. 24	44-05-40 0000 D 0

NOTES (13-14)

10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 1383 lb uplift at joint 2 and 1383 lb uplift at joint 11.

11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.

- 12) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 265 lb down and 269 lb up at 7-0-0, 123 lb down and 95 lb up at 9-0-12, 123 lb down and 95 lb up at 11-0-12, 123 lb down and 95 lb up at 13-0-12, 133 lb down and 106 lb up at 15-0-12, 133 lb down and 106 lb up at 19-0-0, 133 lb down and 106 lb up at 20-11-4, 133 lb down and 106 lb up at 22-11-4, 123 lb down and 95 lb up at 24-11-4, 123 lb down and 95 lb up at 26-11-4, and 123 lb down and 95 lb up at 28-11-4, and 265 lb down and 269 lb up at 31-0-0 on top chord, and 369 lb down and 254 lb up at 7-0-0, 89 lb down at 9-0-12, 89 lb down at 15-0-12, 92 lb down at 15-0-12, 92 lb down at 19-0-0, 92 lb down at 20-11-4, 92 lb down at 22-11-4, 89 lb down at 24-11-4, and 369 lb down and 254 lb up at 30-11-4 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 13) This manufactured product is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.
- 14) Truss Design Engineer: Julius Lee, PE: Florida P.E. License No. 34869: Address: 1109 Coastal Bay Blvd. Boynton Beach, FL 33435

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

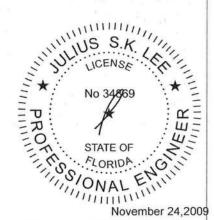
1) Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

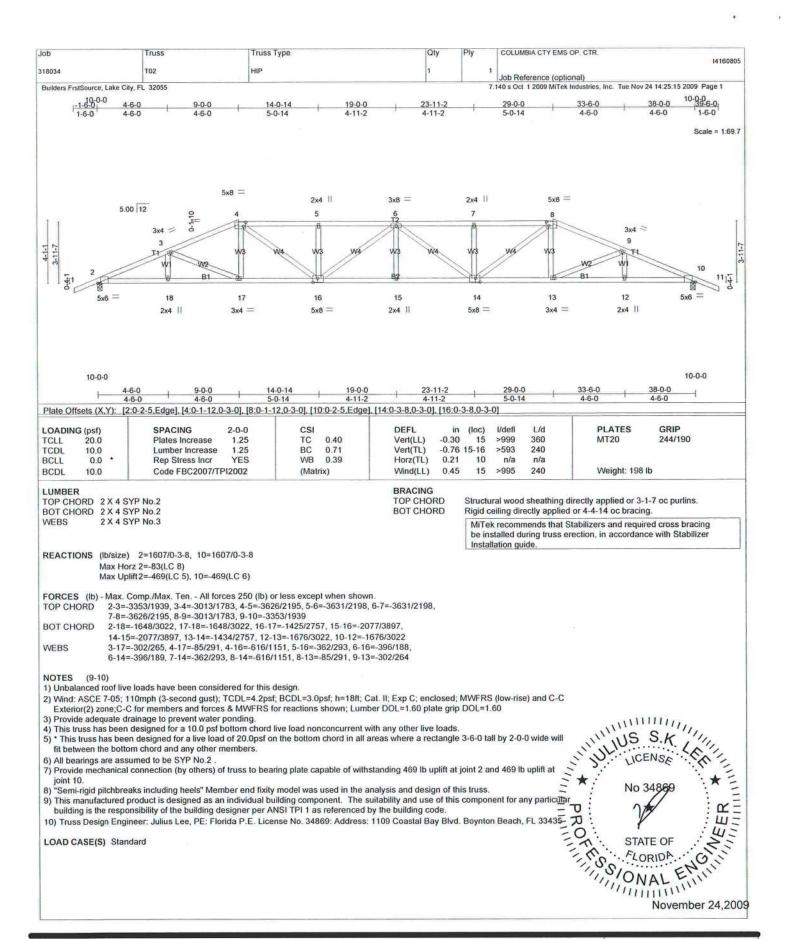
Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-9=-60, 9-12=-60, 2-11=-20

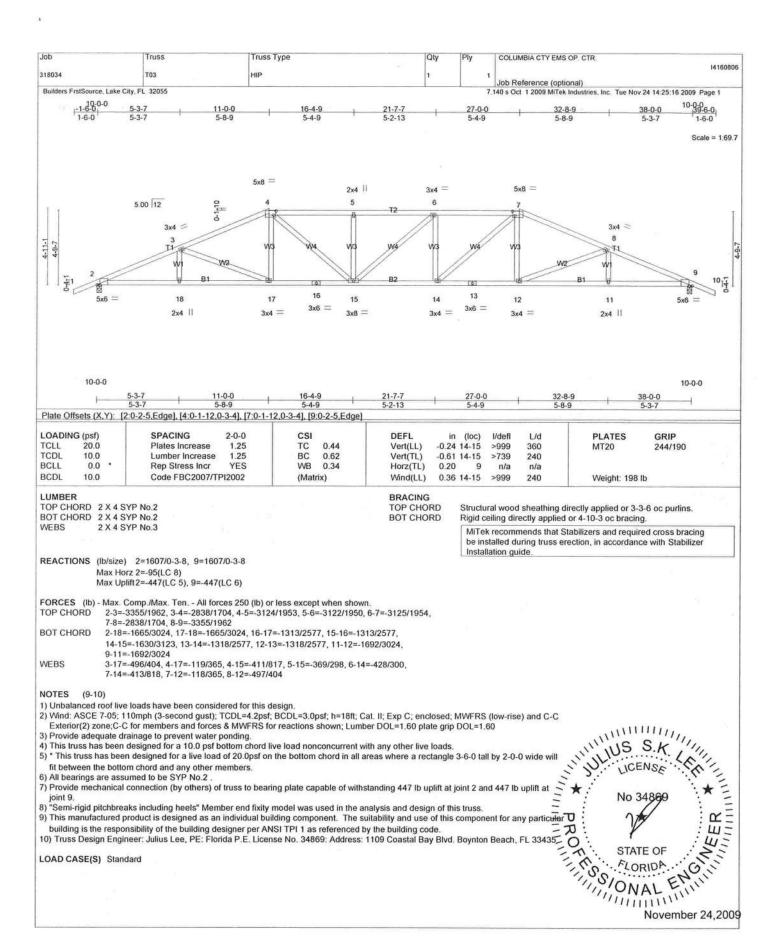
Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 4=-265(B) 19=-330(B) 9=-265(B) 14=-330(B) 21=-123(B) 22=-123(B) 23=-123(B) 24=-133(B) 25=-133(B) 26=-133(B) 27=-133(B) 27=-133(B) 29=-123(B) 30=-123(B) 31=-123(B) 32=-57(B) 33=-57(B) 34=-57(B) 35=-58(B) 37=-58(B) 38=-58(B) 39=-58(B) 40=-57(B) 41=-57(B) 42=-57(B)



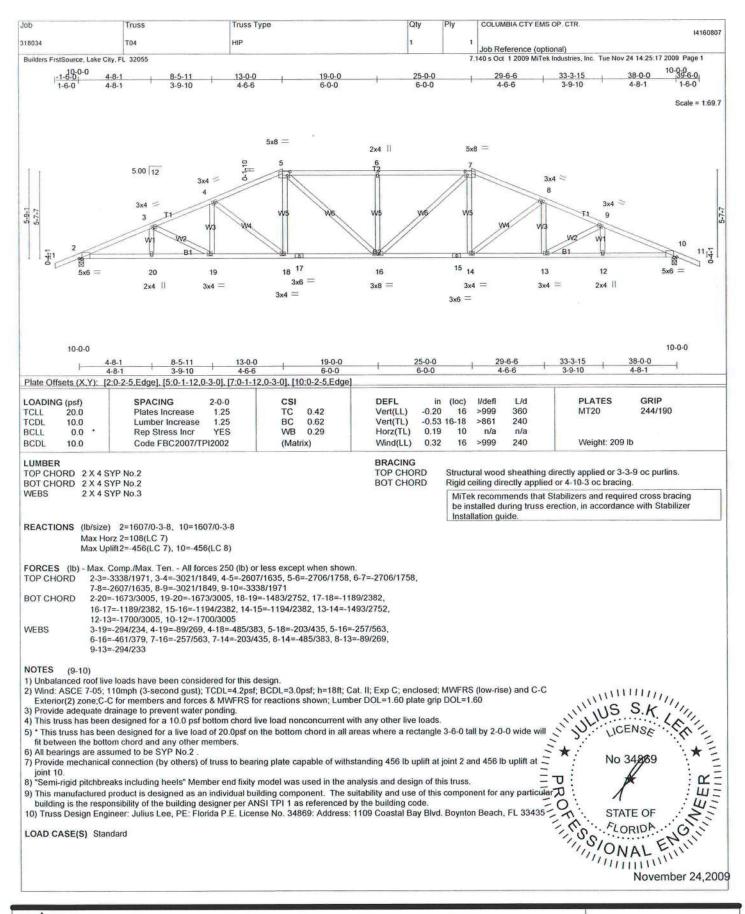


WARNINO - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.
Design volid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.
Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designers. Bracing shown is for lateral support of Individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. AMSI/IPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Satety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

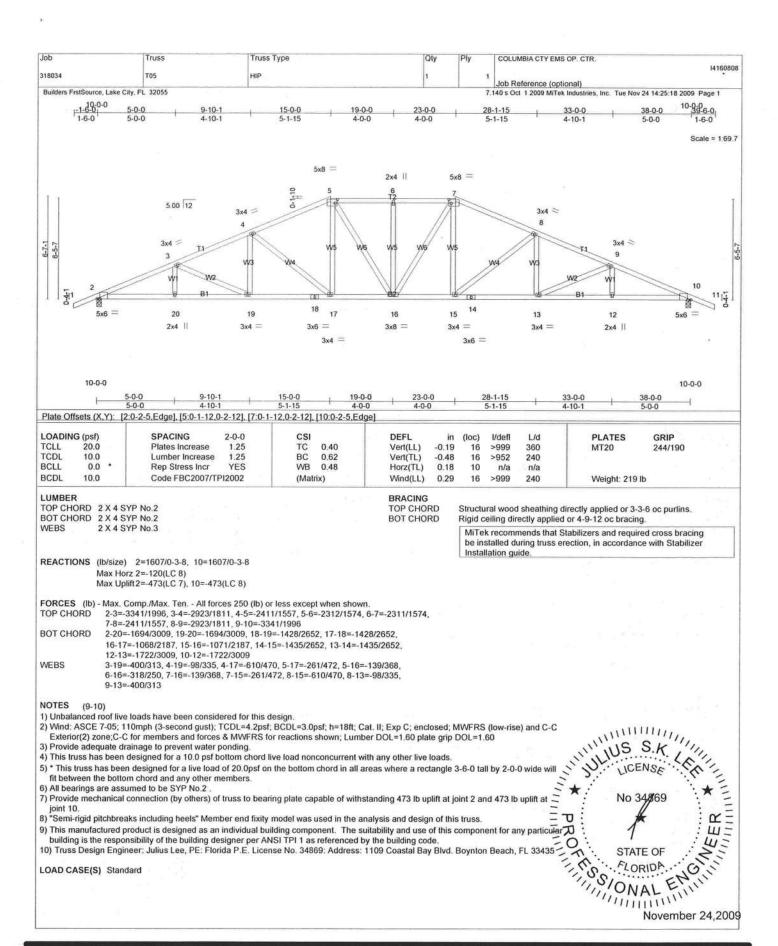
Design void for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. AMSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE U.S.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.

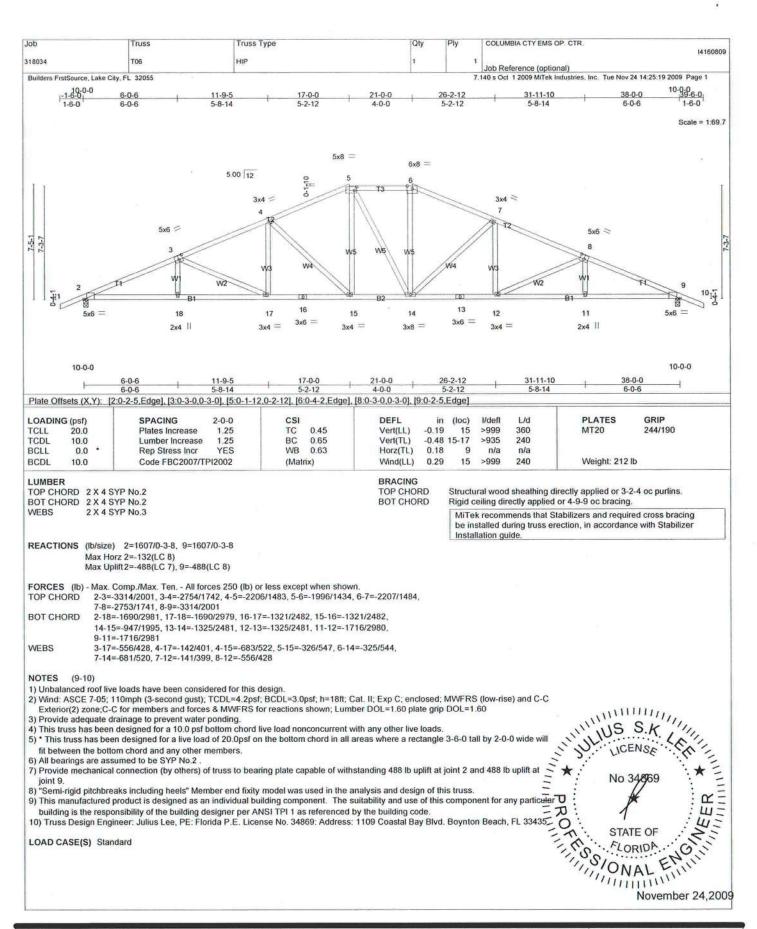
Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Reacing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding flabrication, qualify control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. ANSI/TRI Qualify Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with Millek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.

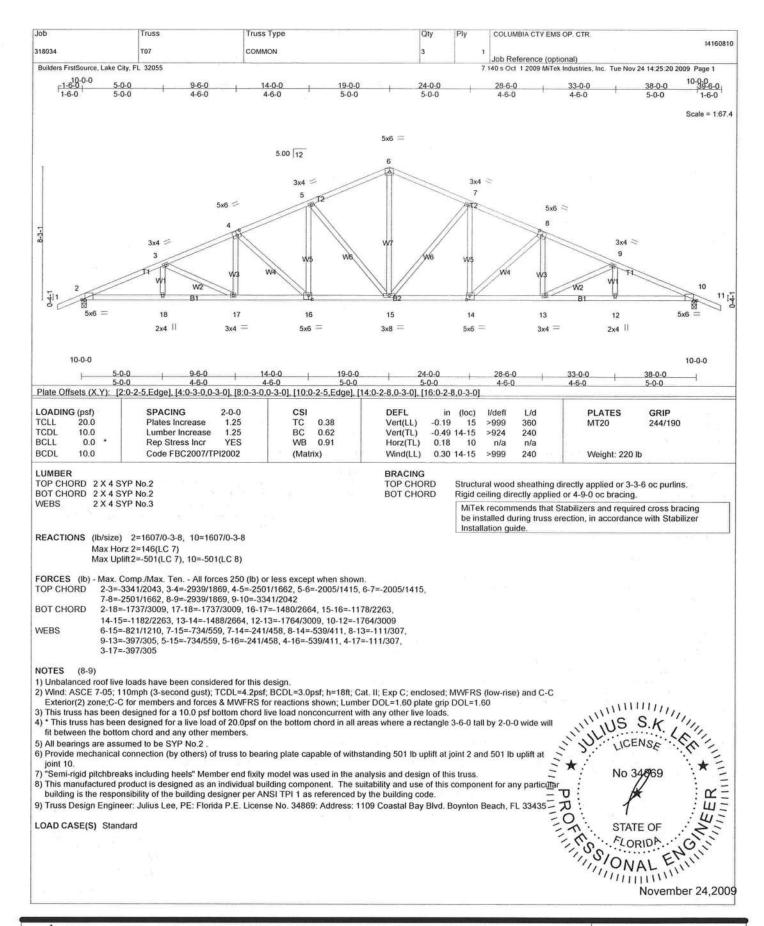
Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not fruss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult — AMSI/IPII IVI AMSI/IPII DSB-89 and BCSII Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute. 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

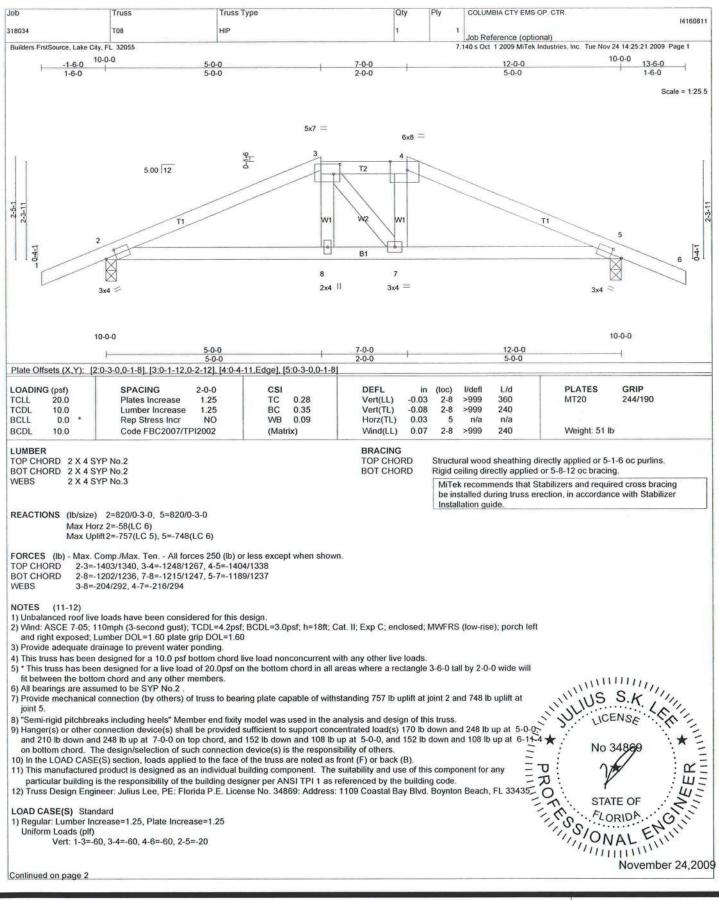
Design valid for use only with Millek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.

Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding tabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. AMSI/ITI on JSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison. WI 53719.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.
Design valid for use only with Mitlex connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.
Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding flabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult.

AMSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.
Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. AMSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and 8CS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onafrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

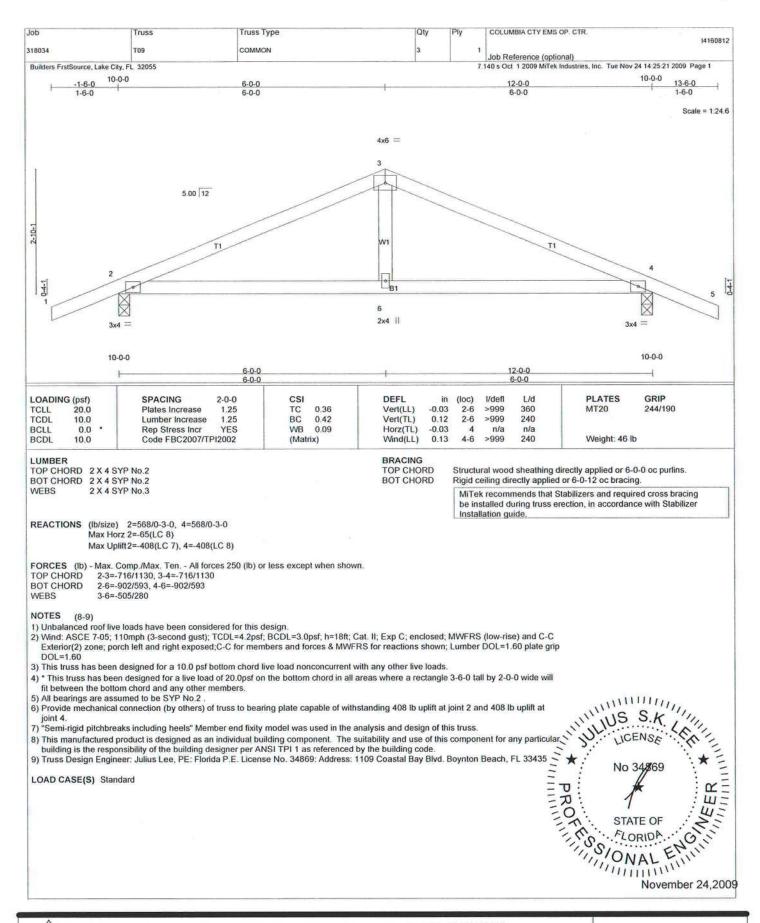
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	COLUMBIA CTY EMS OP. CTR.	
318034	тов	HIP	1		1	1416081
					Job Reference (optional)	
Builders ErstSource Lake City	FI 32055				7 140 s Oct 1 2009 MiTek Industries Inc. Tue Nov 24 1	4:25:21 2000 Page 2

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 3=-170(B) 4=-170(B) 8=-82(B) 7=-82(B)



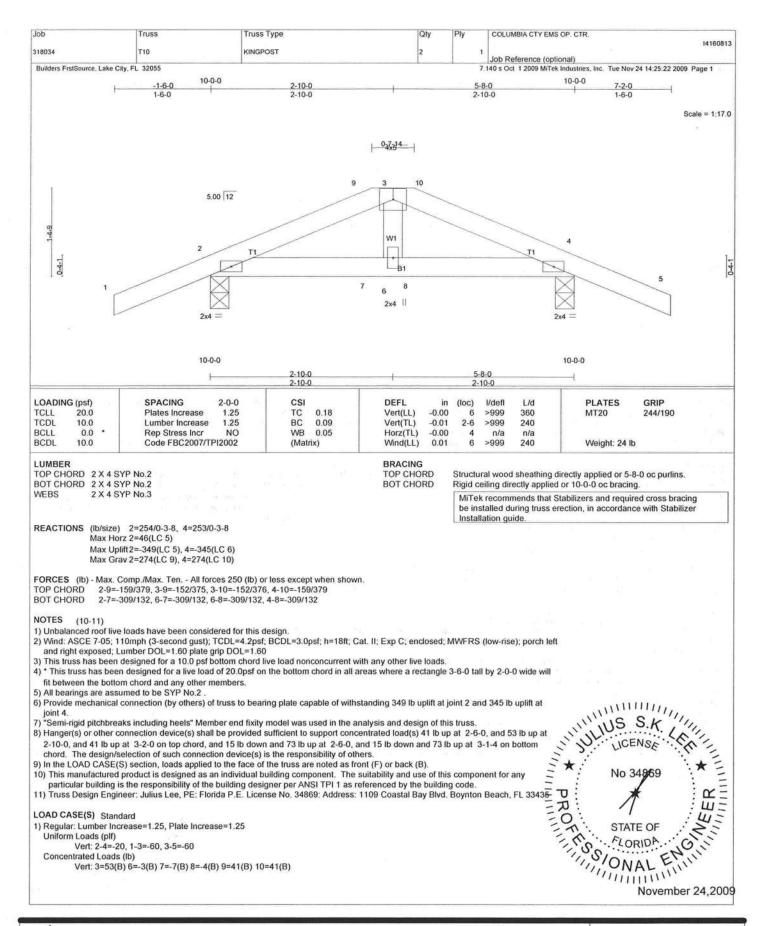
November 24,2009



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIT-7473 BEFORE USE.

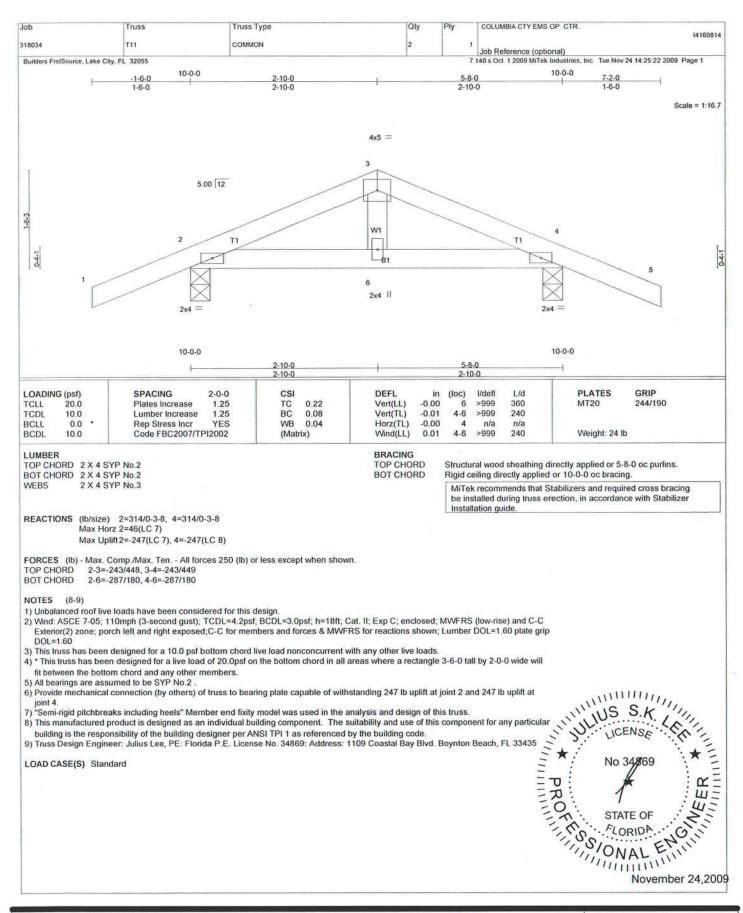
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.

Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. AMSITPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute. 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer- not truss designer. Broating shown is for lateral support of Individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality controls, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. AMSI/ITI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component.

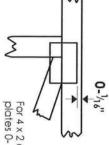
Applicability of design paramenters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designers though story is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult. ANSI/ITI Quality Criteria, DSS-89 and 8CSI1 Building Component Safety Information. available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



offsets are indicated Center plate on joint unless x, y and fully embed teeth Apply plates to both sides of truss Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths.



plates 0- 1/16" from outside edge of truss. For 4 x 2 orientation, locate

This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates

*Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE



width measured perpendicular the length parallel to slots. to slots. Second dimension is The first dimension is the plate

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



number where bearings occur reaction section indicates joint Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but

ANSI/TPII: Industry Standards:

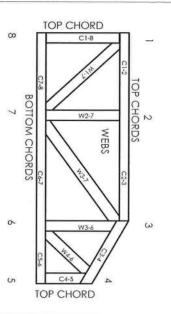
National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction. Design Standard for Bracing.

DSB-89:

Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Connected Wood Trusses Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate

Numbering System

6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths (Drawings not to scale)



THE LEFT. JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ER-5243, 9604B, 9730, 95-43, 96-31, 9667A NER-487, NER-561 95110, 84-32, 96-67, ER-3907, 9432A

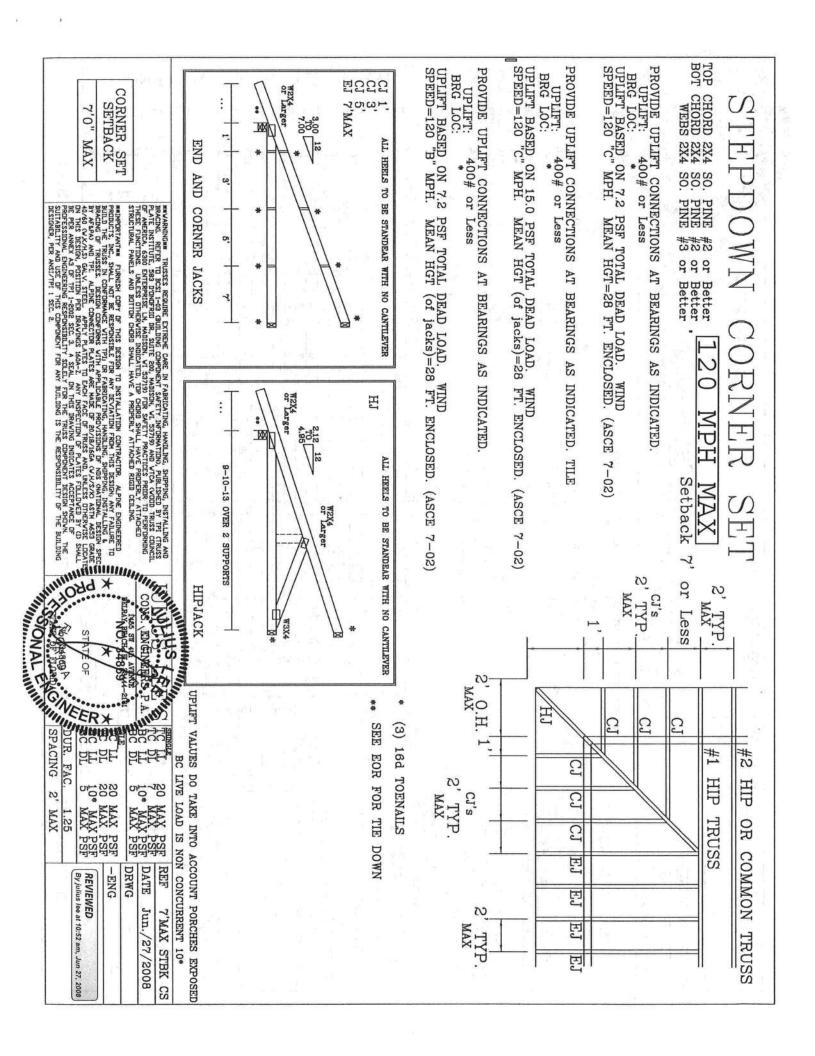
© 2006 MiTek® All Rights Reserved

Boynton, FL 33435 Julius Lee Engineering l 109 Coastal Bay Blvd.

General Safety Notes

Damage or Personal Injury Failure to Follow Could Cause Property

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI1
- Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves bracing should be considered. may require bracing, or alternative T, I, or Eliminator
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, properly owner and all other interested parties.
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
- Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
- 11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing. or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- Do not cut or after truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or freated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
- Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria



ASCE ~1 -02: 130 MPH WIND SPEED, 15 MEAN HEIGHT, ENCLOSED, \mathbf{H} 11 1.00, EXPOSURE 0

NG GROUP SPECIES AND GRADES:

GROUP

A:

STANDARD

		1	M.	A	X		G	A	I	31	J	7		V	E	R	T	I	C	A	L		L	E	N	C	Γ	H	
	70-07	1;	2	33	(0	.(7.			1	6	3 1	(0	.(2	4	33		0	.(ζ.	ě.	SPACING	2
	ļ	<u> </u>)	ПГ		ひてま	CI	l l	<u> </u>		S))	TIT		ひてっ	CIT	t			C T	!	TIP	5	ひてって	בו	SPECIES	2X4
	STANDARD	SUUD	₽ 3	#2	41	STANDARD	STUD	£4	2# / IF	STANDARD	STUD	£ 3	#2	+ 1	STANDARD	C2		£1 / #2		STUD	13	#2	11	STANDARD	CUIS	8#	打 / #2	GRADE	BRACE
	4' 3"		4' 4"	4' 7"	4' 8"	4' 2"	4' 2"	4. 2"	4. 3.	3, TO,	4' 0"	4. 0.	4' 2"	4 3"	3, 8,	3, 8,	3' 8"	3. TO.,	8' 4"	3' 6"	3. 6.	3' 7"	3' 8"	3.	3' 3"	3, 3,	3' 4'	BRACES	S.
	8' 1"	7' 1"	7 2	7' 4"	7' 40	6' 11°	6" 11"	6' 11"	7. 4.	5" 3"	8' 1"	B. 53	8' 8"	B, 8,	Δi.	8' 0"	8' 0"	8.9	4' 3"	5' 0"	5. 0,	5' 10"	5' 10"	4.	4' 11"	4' 11"	e. To	GROUP A	(1) 1X4 °L"
	6' 1"	7' 1"	2, 50		7' 11"	6' 11"	6' 11"		4. 4.	5' 3"	6'1"	6. 5.	7' 2"	7' 2"	6. 8.	8. 0.	8'0"	6. 10.	4' 3"	5' 0"	6' 0"	8° 3°	6' 3"		4' 11"	4' 11"	6. 0.	GROUP B	BRACE .
	B, 0 ₀	1		B, 8 _a	100		8° 9"	B, 8,	8 8	6' 11"	7' 11"					7' 11"			6' 8"		6. 8.	1.0	6' 11"		6, 2,	7	6, 11,	GROUP A	(1) 2X4 "L"
	8' 0"			9" 5"		7' 10"	8' 9"	8, 8 _x	8" 11"	6" 11"	8 1	8 2	8' 8"	B 6°	6. 10.	7' 11"	7' 11"	8 1	6. 9 <u>.</u>		8. 8.			5 6		1	7' 1"	GROUP B	L" BRACE .
1	10' 5"					10' 5"			10' 6"	9' 4"	8 5	9. 6.	9' 5"	8 5	80.	9' 5"	9 5	9. 6	7º 8.*		B' 3°		8 3		8' 3"		8. 3.	GROUP A	(2) 2X4 "L"
	10' 8"			11. 5.	11' 2"	10' 6"	10' 5"	10' 5"	10' 8"	9° 4°	8, 11,	8" 11"	10' 2"	10' 2"	8. 5.	9' 5"	8, 2,	9. 8.	7' B"	8' 8"	8.8		8' 11"		8' 3"		8' 6"	GROUP B	BRACE **
	12' 6"	13' 8"	13' 6"	13. 8.	13' 8"	12' 3"	15' 8'	13' 8"	13' 8"	10' 10"	12' 5"	12' 6	12' 6"	12' 5"	10. 2.	12' 4"	12' 4"	12. 6.	8, 10°	10' 3"	10. 4.	10' 10"	10' 10"	. B. B.	10' D°		10' 10"	GROUP A	(1) 2X6 °L°
	12' 6"	14. 0	14' 0"	14' 0"	14' 0"	12' 3"	13' 6"	13' 6"	14 0	10' 10"	12' 8"	12° 8"	13' 5"	13' 5"	10. 7	12' 4°	12' 4"	12, 8,	8' 10"	10' 3"	10' 4"	11' 8"	11' 8"	8' 8"	10' 0"	10' 1"	11. 2.	GROUP B	BRACE .
	14' 0"	14. 0-	14' 0"	14' 0"	14 0	14' 0"	14' 0"	14 0	14 0"	14' 0"	14 0	14. 0"	14' 0"	14 0	14 0	14' 0"	14' 0"	14. 0	12' 0°	12' 11"	12, 11,	12' 11"	12' 11"	11' 8"	12' 11"	12' 11"	12' 11"	GROUP A GROUP	7, 8XZ (Z)
	14' 0"	14. 0	14' 0"	14' 0"	14 0	14' 0"	14' 0"	14 0	14 0	14' 0"	14 0	14 0	14' 0°	14' 0"	14 0	14' 0°	14' D"	14. 0	12' 0"	13' 7"	13' 7"	13' 11"	13' 11"	11' 8"	12' 11"	12' 11"	13' 3"	GROUP B	L' HRACE .
DUTTONERS WITH S. O.	CARLE END SUPPORTS IOA	CONTINUOUS BEARING (5	PROVIDE UPLAT CONNECTE	LIVE LOAD DEPLECTION CR		CARLE TRUSS I			8	3 15	SOUTHING PINE		71.0	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #		IIOMO			STANDARD	STILL STATE	DOUGLAS FIR-CARCH		dois e#	\$1 / #2 STANDARD	Spalle Sulface	IIOME	BRACING GROUP SPE		

GROUP B: HEM-PIR

SOUTHEAT PONE

STUD

STANDARD

DOUGLAS FIR-LARCH

180 EX4 ASN OR BRITER CONTINUOUS 0 SNEWER

DIAGONAL BRACE OPTION:
VERTICAL LENGTH MAY BE
DOUBLED WITHN DIAGONAL
HRACE IS USED. CONNECT
HIACONAL BRACE TOR SAD!
AT RACH LENGTH IS 14*.

GABLE THUBS

VERTICAL LENGTH

NAMOHR

ZX4 EF #ZN, DT-L #Z,
SPF #/#Z, OR ENTRE
DIAGONAL BRACT;
EMICIES OR DOUBLE
CUT (AS SERWN) AT
UPPER RND.

BLE TRUSS DETAIL NOTES:

DUTLODKERS WITH E' O" OVERHANC, OR 12" AD DEPLECTION CHATERIA IS L/240. UPLAT CONNECTIONS FOR 136 FLF OVER CHOIS BEARING (6 PSF TC DEAD LOAD).

PLYWOOD OVERHANG.

ATTACE EACH 'L' BRACE WITH 104 NAIS.

\$ POR (1) 'L' BRACE; SPACE WALES AF 2° O.C.

\$ POR (2) 'L' BRACES; AND 4° O.C. BETTEZEN ZONES

\$ FOR (2) 'L' BRACES; SPACE NAIS AT 3° O.C.

IN 18° END ZONES AND 6° O.C. BETTEZEN ZONES T. BRACING MUST BE A MINIMUM OF MEMBER LENGTH. BOX OF WEB

	PLATE	PEAK SPLICE AND HEEL
HOT	DEBIGN	REFER TO COMMON TRUBS
	2.5X4	GREATER THAN 11' 6"
	200	GREATER THAN 4' 0', BUT
PX3	1X4 DR	LESS THAN 4' O"
S	NO BELL	VERTICAL LENGTH

TRUSCES REQUIRE EXTREME CARE IN FABRICATION, HANDLING, SHEPPING, INSTALLING AND BRACKS. REFER TO 1855 1-24 GOMILING CORPORATION, PUBLISHED BY THE ITEMATION, PUBLISHED BY THE ITEMATION, PUBLISHED BY THE ITEMATION, PUBLISHED BY THE ITEMATION PUBLISHED BY THE ITEMATION PUBLISHED BY THE ITEMATION PUBLISHED BY THE ITEMATION PUBLISH AND SHITTEN FLORE SINCE LIVE SHIPPING, INSTALLING AND SHITTEN FLORE SINCE LIVE SHIPPING, PUBLISHED BY THE ITEMATION FROM THE OF PROPERTY ATTACHED REVIEWED By juilius lee at 12:00 pm, Jun 11, 2008 No. 34869 STATE OF FLORIDA No. 34869 STATE OF FLORIDA No. 34869	CONNECT DIAGONAL AT
THUSSES REQUISE EXTREME CARE IN FABRICATION, HANDLING, SHIPPING, INSTALLING AND THE THUSSES IN FABRICATION, PAULSCHE BY 1917 (FRUSS INTRODUCED BY 1917 BANDSON, VI STATION, PAULSCHE BY 1917 BANDSON, VI STATION PAULSCHE BY 1917 BANDSON, VI STATION PAULSCHE THE THUSSES COLUMN. L. PANELS AND BOTTON CHORD SHALL HAVE A PROPERLY ATTACHED RESIDENCE THING. L. PANELS AND BOTTON CHORD SHALL HAVE A PROPERLY ATTACHED RESIDENCE THE PAULSCHE BY 4th AVENUE BY 1917	4
IN FABRICATION, HANDLING, SUPPENG, INSTALLING AND BAY SAFETY INFORMATION, PUBLISHED BY THE (TRUSS STATE) OF TAXATICES PRICE TO PRESTRICHED OF TAXATICES PRICE TO PRESTRICHED OF TAXATICES PRICE TO PRESTRICHED OF TAXATICES PRICE TO PROPERLY ATTACHED OF TAXATICHED OF TAXATICES PRICE DELING. JULIAN BELOW, 1855 OF TAXATICE OF TAXATIC	7- F
IN FABRICATION, HANDLING, SUPPENG, INSTALLING AND BAY SAFETY INFORMATION, PUBLISHED BY THE (TRUSS STATE) OF TAXATICES PRICE TO PRESTRICHED OF TAXATICES PRICE TO PRESTRICHED OF TAXATICES PRICE TO PRESTRICHED OF TAXATICES PRICE TO PROPERLY ATTACHED OF TAXATICHED OF TAXATICES PRICE DELING. JULIAN BELOW, 1855 OF TAXATICE OF TAXATIC	4
ENGINEERS P.A.	REFER TO CHART ABOVE FOR MAX
Z Z	OR MAX GABLE VERTICAL LENGTH.
AX.	GTH.
TOT. L	
MAX. TOT. LD. 60 PSF	

-ENG

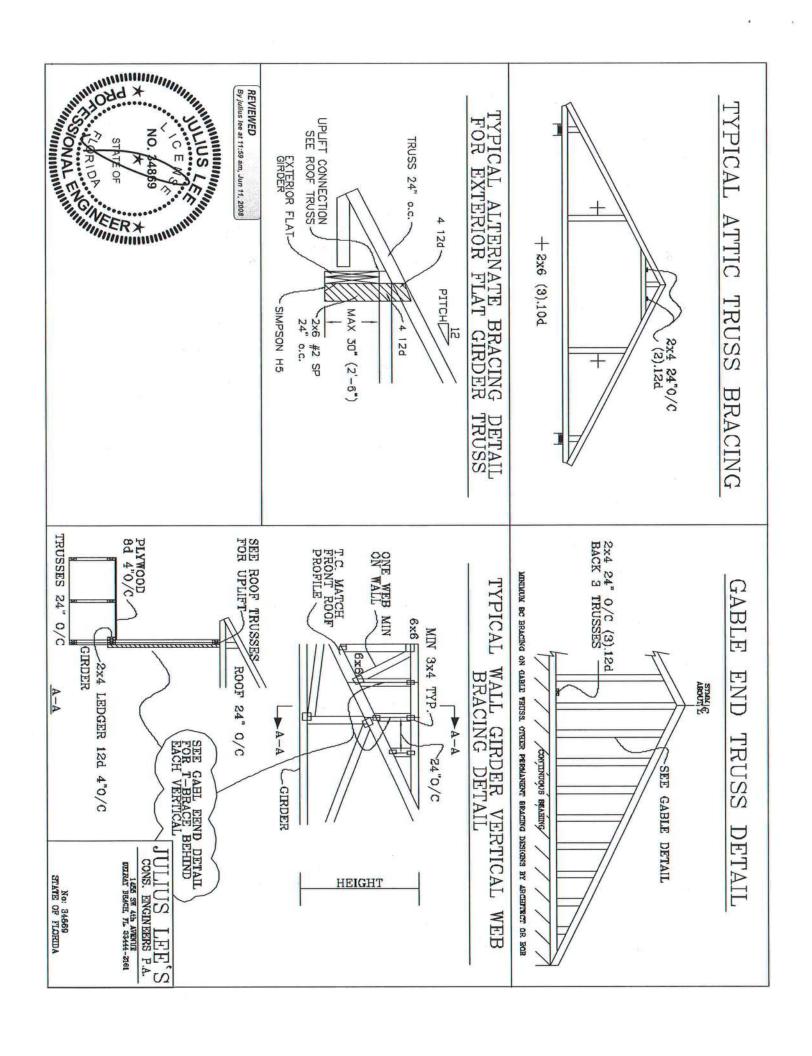
DRWG MIER SID CABLE 15 E ET

REF

DATE

11/26/09 ASCE7-02-CAB13015

CENTRET PLACONAL AT THE MANAGEMENT TO THE PARTY OF THE PA DIAGONAL BEACE OPTION: VERTICAL LENGTH MAY BE DOUBLED WINNEN DIAGONAL HEACE IS USED. CONNECT HIACONAL BEACE TOR SEG! AT EACH END. MAX WEB TOTAL LENGTH IS 14*. VERTICAL LENGTH MAX **GABLE** PERTICAL LENGTH SPACING SPECIES 12" O.C. O.C. O.C. GABLE VERTICAL SPF SPF DFL SPF DFL SP SP SP H H ΉL ASCE NAOHG #8 STUD STANDARD STANDARD STANDARD STANDARD GRADE STANDARD STANDARD 打 / #2 STUD STUD STUD STUD 力表さ お書か BRACE 7-02: "MARONER" TRUSKIS REGUNE EXTREME CARE IN FARRICATING, HANDLING, SUPPONG, DISTALLING AND COME. RETER TO BOST 14-3 GUILLING CHAPCENT SAFETY (KATSANITON, PUBLISHED BY FET CRUSS TE INSTITUTE, 383 D'INCORD. DR., SUTTE EDD, MAIDISM, ALE SSTIP) AND VICTA KADDI TRUSS CONCIL. MACKLEY, 6930 ENTERPRISE LK, MAIGISM, AT SSTIP) FER SAFETY PRACTICES PRIZE TO PERFORMING SE FINICITORS. UNILESS OFFICEALISE INTERFED. TO PORTOUR SHALL HAVE PROPERTY ATTRACED CELLING. GABLE TRUBS By julius lee at 12:00 pm, Jun 11, 2008 REVIEWED NO 4 4 130 GROUP A ZK4 SP OR DIT-L #2 OH BETTER DIAGONAL BRACE; SINGLE Ξ AT UPPER END ON DOUBLE 1X4 °L" BRACE * (1) 2X4 "L" BRACE * (2) 2X4 "L" BRACE ** (1) 2X6 "L" BRACE * (2) 2X8 "L" MPH GROUP B WIND GROUP A SPEED, GROUP B REFER TO T TOOR 30 GROUP A CHART ABOVE FOR MAX GABLE MEAN 10 EX4 #EN OR BETTER CONLINDOR GROUP B HEIGHT, SNIEVSE CONS. GROUP A DELEAY BEACH, PL 33444-2161 No: 34869 STATE OF FLORIDA IUS LEI ENCLOSED, GROUP B 12, 13 VERTICAL LENGTH PE GROUP A 20 20 S MAX. MAX. GROUP B BRACE 11 TOT. 1.00, SPACING E ATIACE EACH 'L' BRACE WITH 104 NAIS. * FOR (1) 'L' BRACE; SPACE NAIS AT 2' O.C. * FOR (2) 'L' BRACE; SPACE NAIS AT 2' O.C. ** FUR (2) 'L' BRACES; SPACE NAIS AT 3' O.C. IN 18' END ZONIS AND 6' O.C. BETTIEN ZONES. CABLE END SUPPOSIS LOAD FROM 4' 0" PROVIDE UPLANT CONNECTIONS FOR 180 FLF OVER CONTINUOUS BEARING (6 PSF TC DEAD LOAD). LIVE LOAD DEPLECTION CHITERIA IS L/240. T. BRACING MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 80% OF MEMBER LENGTH DOUGLAS FIR-LARCH #3 STUD STANDARD SPRUCE-POUE-INB 41 / #2 STANDARD #3 STUD PLYWOOD OVERHANG. BRACING GROUP SPECIES CABLE TRUSS DETAIL NOTES: SOUTHING PINE EXPOSURE 60 GREATER THAN 4' D', BUT 24.0 VEHINCAL CENCIF PREFER TO COUNTON THURS DESIGN FOR PEAK, SPLICE, AND HEEL PLATES. CABLE VERTICAL PLATE SIZES PSF DATE DWG REF GROUP GROUP AIR & BIR HEM-PIR MITEK STD GABLE SO' E HT 0 DOUGLAS FIR-LARCH 11/26/03 ä ASCB7-02-GAB13030 A: SOUTHERN PINE 13 2 NO SPLICE AND 2.5X4 224 STANDARD GRADES: H2A.M



BOT CHORD 2X4 2X4 2X4 # 1 to 1 to 1 品品品 BETTER BETTER

PIGGYBACK DETAIL

TYPE

SPANS

Ā

7

30,

42

88

55

REFER TO SEALED DESIGN FOR DASHED PLATES.

TOP AND BOTTOM CHORD SPLICES MUST BE STAGGERED SO THAT ONE SPLICE IS NOT DIRECTLY OVER ANOTHER. SPACE PIGGYBACK VERTICALS AT 4' OC MAX.

PIGGYBACK BOTTOM CHORD MAY BE OMITTED. ATTACH VERTICAL WEBS TO TRUSS TOP CHORD WITH 1.5%3 PLATE.

ATTACH PURLINS TO TOP OF FLAT TOP CHORD. IF PIGGYBACK IS SOLID LUMBER OR THE BOTTOM CHORD IS OMITTED, PURLINS MAY BE APPLIED HENEATH THE TOP CHORD OF SUPPORTING TRUSS. REFER TO ENGINEER'S SEALED DESIGN FOR REQUIRED FURLIN SPACING

THIS DETAIL IS APPLICABLE FOR THE FOLLOWING WIND CONDITIONS:

110 MPH WIND, 30' MEAN HGT, ASCE 7-02, CLOSED BILDG, LOCATED ANYWHERE IN ROOF, 1 MI FROM COAST CAT I, EXP C, WIND TO DI=5 PSF, WIND BC DI=5 PSF 110 MPH WIND, 30' MEAN HGT, FEC ENCLOSED BLDG, LOCATED ANYWHERE IN ROOF WIND TO DL-5 PSF, WIND BC DL-5 PSF

130 MPH WIND, 30' MEAN HCT, ASCE 7-02, CLOSED BLDG, LOCATED ANYWHERE IN ROOF, CAT I, EXP. C, WIND TC DL=6 PSF, WIND HC DL=6 PSF

Ħ

AXB OR 3X6 TRULOX AT 4' OC,

U

5X4 EX3

5X6

9X9

.5X4 5X6

.5X4 **5X**5

1.5X4

н C

> 4X8 284

5X8

9X9 3X5

×

2.5X4

2.6X4

FRONT FACE (B,*) PLATES MAY BE OFFSET FROM BACK FACE PLATES AS LONG AS HOTH FACES ARE SPACED 4' OC MAX. ACCEPTABLE OCATION IS 20' FLAT TOP CHORD MAX SPAN #2 OR BETTER M.

ATTACH TRULOX PLATES WITH (8) 0.120" X 1.375" NAILS, EQUAL, PER FACE PER PLY. (4) NAILS IN EACH MEMBER BE CONNECTED. REFER TO DRAWING 160 TL FOR TRULOX

INFORMATION.

D-SPLICE 色 中 C a a

TP.

B

W

ZX Z

THIS DRAWING REPLACES DRAWINGS 634,016

REF

PIGGYBACK

09/12/07

GLE

PIGG)

834,017 & 847,045

-ENG JL DRWGMITEK

	A LONG TO A LONG
o' To 7'9"	NO BRACING
7'9" TO 10'	1x4 "T" BRACE, SAME GRADE, SPECIES MEMBER, OR BETTER, AND 80% LENGTH.
ימי זמי ואי	ZX4 T BRACE. SAME GRADE, SPECIES
400000000000000000000000000000000000000	MEMBER. ATTACH WITH 18d NAILS AT 4° OC.

ATTACH TEETH TO THE PIGGYBACK AT THE TIME OF FABRICATION. ATTACH TO SUPPORTING TRUSS WITH (4) 0.120° X 1.375" NAILS PER FACE PER PLY. APPLY PIGCYBACK SPECIAL PLATE TO EACH TRUSS FACE AND SPACE 4' OC OR LESS. * PIGGYBACK SPECIAL PLATE 8 1/4" M

The state of the s	NEW YORK	A X	NO. 34869	WH.	min A	WILLIAM STATE
	REVIEWED By julius lee at 11:59 am, Jun 11, 2008	TOURNE PARELS AND BUTTON CHICAD SHALL HAVE A PROPERTY ATTACHED RIGID CELLOG.	DITERPRISE LIN, NADISON, WI 337190 FOR SAFETY PRACTICES PRIOR TO PERFO	APRINITIONE I RAIX SIX RELIAING. EXPRESSE EARE, IN FABRICATION, PROTEINATION), CHIPPING, INSTALLING AND ACING, REFER TI DI EXIL (-10.0 GUILLING CORPONENT EXPETY PROTEINATION), PROLECUSION OF TRI CRUIXS ATE INSTITUTE, 183 OTTOUTROD DR., SUITE 20, MADISON, VI. 53719) AND ATEA CYCIDD TRIASS CILIFOLI		
STATE OF FLORIDA		UMAAI BSALCI, IL 05711 - 4101	1400 SW 4th AFRICE	CONS. ENGINEERS P.A.	S, HH'I SIII'III'	TWANT CITI
SPACING 24.0"	47 PSF AT 1.15 DUR. FAC.	50 PSF AT 1.25 DUR. FAC.	1.33 DUK. FAC.	55 PSF	MAX LOADING	THE DRAWING REPLACES DRAWINGS

VALLEYTRUSS DETAIL

TOP CHORD CHORD SELAM 2X4 SP #2 OR SPF #1/#2 OR BETTER. 2X3(*) OR 2X4 SP #2N OR SPF #1/#2 OR BETTER. 2X4 SP #3 OR BETTER.

- ZX3 MAY BE RUPPED FROM A ZX6 (PITCHED OR SQUARE).
- ** ATTACH EACH VALLEY TO EVERY SUPPORTING TRUSS WITH: FBC 2004 110 MPH, ASCE 7-02 110 MPH WIND OR (ASCE 7-02 130 MPH WIND. 15' MEAN HEIGHT, ENC. BUILDING, EXP. C. RESIDENTIAL, WIND TC DL=5 PSF. (Z) 16d BOX (0.135" X 3.5") NAILS TOE-NAILED FOR OR (3) 16d ENCLOSED FOR

UNLESS SPECIFIED ON ENGINEER'S SEALED DESIGN, APPLY 1X4 "T"-BRACE, 80% LENGTH OF WEH, VALLEY WEH, SAME SPECIES AND GRADE OR BETTER, ATTACHED WITH 8d BOX (0.113" X 2.5") NAILS AT 6" OC, OR CONTINUOUS LATERAL BRACING. EQUALLY SPACED, FOR VERTICAL VALLEY WEBS GREATER THAN 7'9".

MAXIMUM VALLEY VERTICAL HEIGHT MAY NOT EXCEED 12'0".

PROPERLY ATTACHED, RATED SHEATHING APPLIED PRIOR TO VALLEY INSTALLATION TRUSS

ENGINEERS' SEALED DESIGN. BY VALLEY TRUSSES USED IN PURLINS AT 24" OC OR AS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED ON ENGINEERS' LIEU OF PURLIN SPACING AS SPECIFIED SEALED DESIGN S

++ LARGER SPANS MAY BE BUILT AS LONG AS THE VERTICAL HEIGHT DOES NOT EXCEED 12'0".

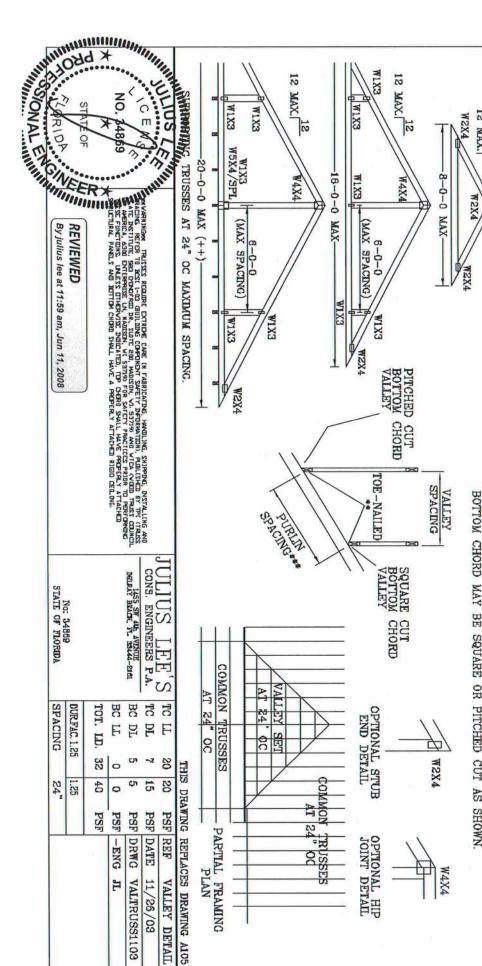
LARGER AS REQ'D

4-0-0

MAX

12 NAX.

SQUARE OR PITCHED CUT AS SHOWN



CONS.

TC

DL

11/26/09 VALTRUSS1103

DELRAY BEACH, IL 33444-8161

BC DL

TOT.

E

32

40

PSF PSF PSF DRWG PSF DATE

0

0

-ENG

IL

Ç 15

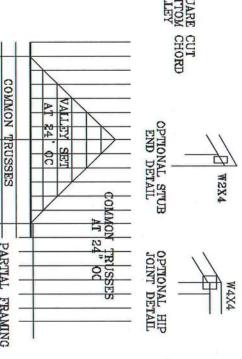
No: 34869 STATE OF FLORIDA

SPACING DURFAC, 1.25

24

1.25

*** NOTE THAT THE PURLIN SPACING FOR BRACING THE TOP CHORD OF THE TRUSS BENEATH THE VALLEY IS MEASURED ALONG THE SLOPE OF THE TOP CHORD.



TOE-NAIL DETAIL

TOE-NAILS TO BE DRIVEN AT AN ANGLE OF APPROXIMATELY THIRTY DEGREES WITH THE PIECE AND STARTED APPROXIMATELY ONE-THIRD THE LENGTH OF THE NAIL FROM THE END OF THE MEMBER.

PER ANSI/AF&PA NDS-2001 SECTION 12.4.1 END DISTANCE, SPACING: "EDGE DISTANCES, SPACINGS FOR NAILS AND SPIKES SHALL BE PREVENT SPLITTING OF THE WOOD." - EDGE DISTANCE, END DISTANCES AND E SUFFICIENT TO

THE NUMBER OF TOE-NAILS TO BE USED IN A SPECIFIC APPLICATION IS DEPENDENT UPON PROPERTIES FOR THE CHORD SIZE, LUMBER SPECIES, AND NAIL TYPE. PROPER CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES AS WELL AS GOOD JUDGEMENT SHOULD DETERMINE THE NUMBER OF NAILS TO BE USED.

THIS DETAIL DISPLAYS A TOE-NAILED CONNECTION FOR JACK FRAMING INTO A SINGLE OR DOUBLE PLY SUPPORTING GIRDER.

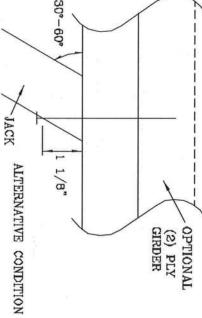
MAXIMUM VERTICAL RESISTANCE OF 16d (0.162"X3.5") COMMON TOE-NAILS

ALL VALUES MAY BE MULTIPLIED BY APPROPRIATE DURATION OF LOAD FACTOR.	5 48	4 38	3 28	2 18	TOE-NAILS 1	1
MAY BE	493#	394#	296#	197#	1 PLY	SOUTHERN PINE
MULTIPLIE	639#	511#	383#	256#	2 PLIES	
D BY APP	452#	361#	271#	181#	1 PLY	DOUGLAS
ROPRIATE	585#	468#	351#	234#	2 PLIES	DOUGLAS FIR-LARCH
DURATION	390#	312#	234#	156#	1 PLY	
OF LOAD I	507#	406#	304#	203#	2 PLIES	HEM-FIR
ACTOR	384#	307#	230#	154#	1 PLY	SPRUCE
	496#	397#	298#	188#	2 PLIES	SPRUCE PINE FIR

NO. 54869

STATE OF

STATE /B. JACK 30° GIRDER OPTIONAL (2) PLY 30°-60° \JACK



THIS DRAWING REPLACES DRAWING 784040

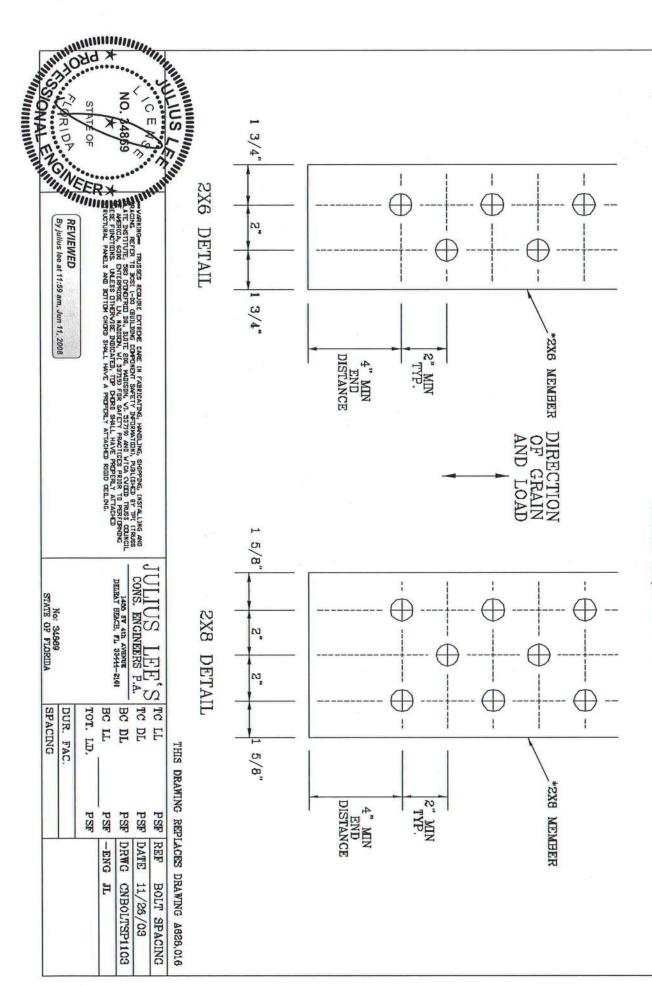
	AARONG== TRUSSES REQUIRE EXTREME CARE IN FABRICATING, HANDLING, SUPPONG, INSTALLING AND CONTROL OF TRUSS.					
STATE OF FLORIDA	No: 34889			DELPAY SEACH, FL SO444-2161	CONS. ENGINEERS P.A.	S, HET SOUTH
SPACING	DUR. FAC.	TOT. LD.	BC LL	BC DL	TC DL	TC LL
53.4	1.00	PSF	PSF	PSF	PSF	PSF
1.7			-ENG JL	DRWG	DATE	REF
111			IL	CNTONAIL1103	09/12/07	TOE-NAIL

DIAMETER BOLT SPACING FOR LOAD APPLIED PARALLEL TO GRAIN

BOLT HOLES SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 1/32" TO A MAXIMUM OF 1/16" LARGER THAN BOLT DIAMETER. GRADE AND SPECIES AS SPECIFIED ON THE ALPINE DESIGN

> TYPICAL LOCATION OF 1/2" DIAMETER THRU BOLTS. QUANTITIES AS NOTED ON SEALED DESIGN MUST BE IN ONE OF THE PAITERNS SHOWN BELOW. APPLIED

WASHERS REQUIRED UNDER BOLT HEAD AND NUT



No: 34869 STATE OF FLORIDA

SPACING

TRULOX CONNECTION

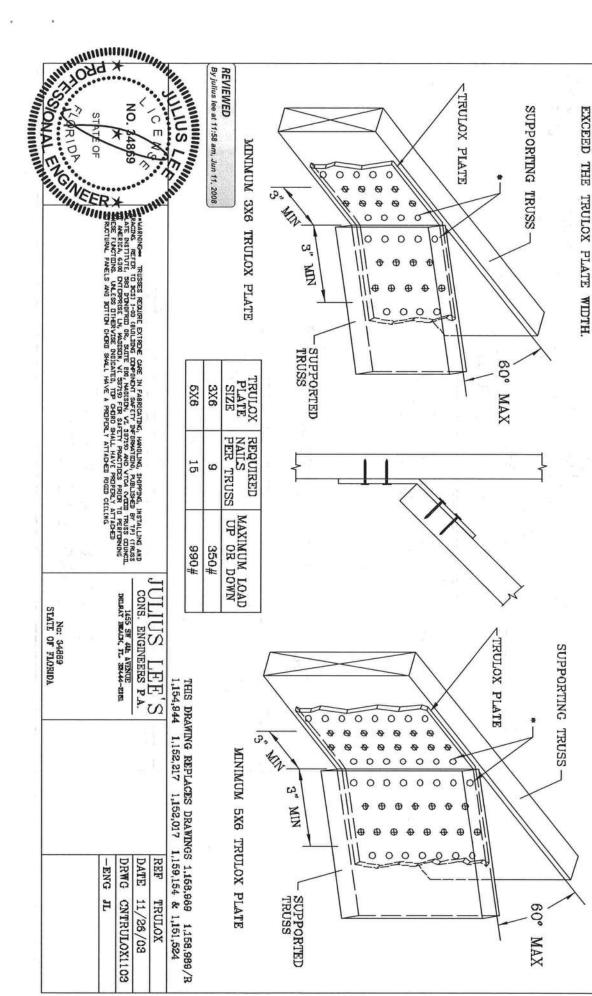
SHOWN (+). 11 GAUGE (0.120" X 1.375") NAILS REQUIRED FOR TRULOX PLATE ATTACHMENT. FILL ROWS COMPLETELY WHERE

NAILS MAY BE OMITTED FROM THESE ROWS

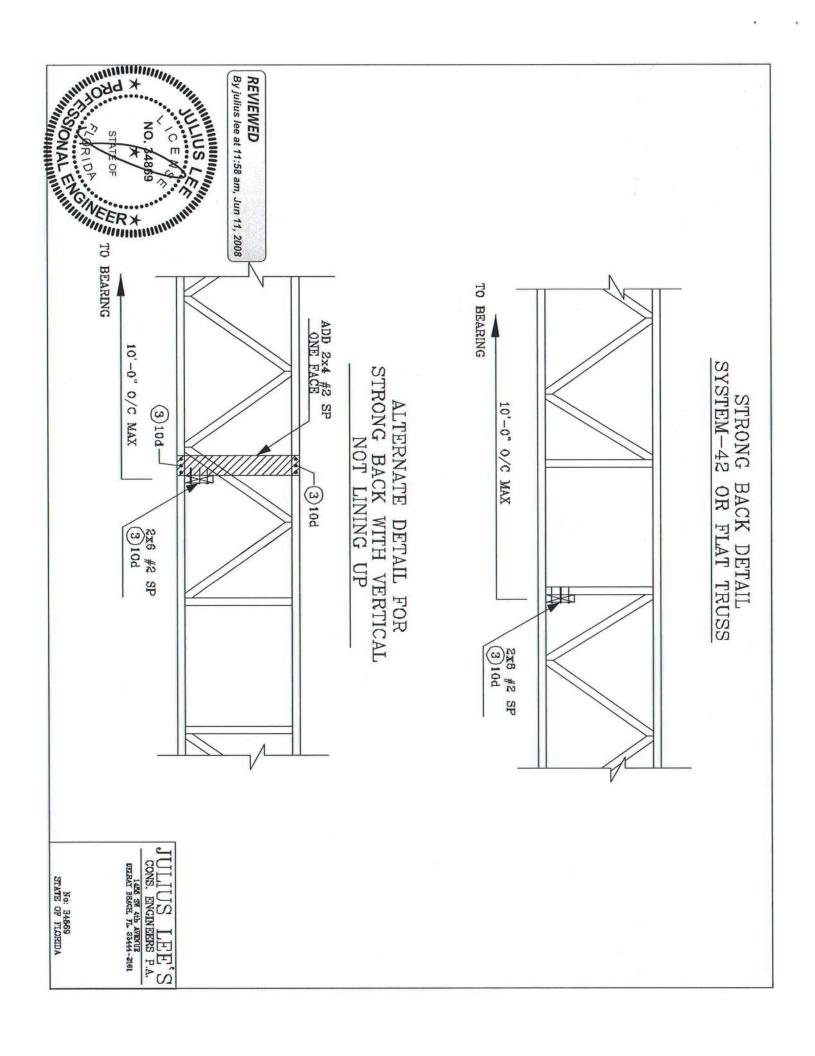
THIS DETAIL MAY BE USED WITH SO, PINE, DOUGLAS-FIR OR HEM-FIR CHORDS WITH A MINIMUM 1.00 DURATION OF LOAD OR SPRUCE-PINE-FIR CHORDS WITH A MINIMUM 1.15 DURATION OF LOAD. CHORD SIZE OF BOTH TRUSSES MUST EXCEED THE TRULOX PLATE WIDTH.

BETWEEN NAIL TRULOX PLATE IS CENTERED ON THE CHORDS AND BENT ROWS

REFER TO ENGINEER'S SEALED DESIGN REFERENCING INFORMATION NOT SHOWN THIS DETAIL FOR LUMBER, PLATES, AND OTHER



No: 34869 STATE OF FLORIDA



MULTIPLE-MEMBER CONNECTIONS FOR SIDE-LOADED BEAMS

Maximum Uniform Load Applied to Either Outside Member (PLF)

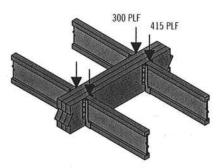
			Connector Pattern						
		Connector	Assembly A	Assembly B	Assembly C	Assembly D	Assembly E	Assembly F	
Connector Type	Number of Rows	On-Genter Spacing	2° 134°	- -	134 31/2	13/2" 13/4"	1 31/2*	13°	
			3½" 2-ply	51/4" 3-ply	51/4" 2-ply	7" 3-ply	7" 2-ply	7" 4-ply	
10d (0.128" x 3")	2	12"	370	280	280	245			
Nail ⁽¹⁾	3	12"	555	415	415	370			
1/2" A307		24"	505	380	520	465	860	340	
Through Bolts(2)(4)	2	19.2"	635	475	655	580	1,075	425	
		16"	760	570	785	695	1,290	505	
	2	24"	680	510	510	455	国际的基础		
SDS 1/4" x 31/2"(4)		19.2"	850	640	640	565			
		16"	1,020	765	765	680		STATE STATE OF THE	
	2	24"				455	465	455	
SDS 1/4" x 6"(3)(4)		19.2"		Market State State		565	580	565	
		16"			Land Brand	680	695	680	
	2	24"	480	360	360	320			
USP WS35 (4)		19.2"	600	450	450	400			
		16"	715	540	540	480			
		24"		DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF THE		350	525	350	
USP WS6 (3)(4)	2	19.2"				440	660	440	
TEMPERATURE STATE	图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图	16"	205	N. Cranton Co.	DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	525	790	525	
33/8"		24"	635	475	475	425			
TrussLok(4)	2	19.2"	795	595	595	530		Managara and American	
		16" 24"	955	715 500	715 500	635 445	400	115	
5"	2	19.2"	CONTRACTOR OF SERVICE	625			480	445	
TrussLok(4)		19.2	REPRESENTATION OF THE	750	625 750	555 665	600 725	555 665	
		24"	SESSMINISTERS	730	750	445	620		
63/4"	2	19.2"		Manager 198	ASSESSED FOR THE		770	445	
TrussLok(4)	2	19.2	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN	MANUAL MA	BUTUE SEARCH STATE	555 665	925	555 665	

- (1) Nailed connection values may be doubled for 6" on-center or tripled for 4" on-center nail spacing.
- (2) Washers required. Bolt holes to be 1/16" maximum.
- (3) 6" SDS or WS screws can be used with Parallam® PSL and Microllam® LVL, but are not recommended for TimberStrand® LSL.
- (4) 24" on-center bolted and screwed connection values may be doubled for 12" on-center spacing.

General Notes

- Connections are based on NDS® 2005 or manufacturer's code report.
- Use specific gravity of 0.5 when designing lateral connections.
- Values listed are for 100% stress level. Increase 15% for snow-loaded roof conditions or 25% for non-snow roof conditions, where code allows.
- Bold Italic cells indicate Connector Pattern must be installed on both sides.
 Stagger fasteners on opposite side of beam by ½ the required Connector Spacing.
- Verify adequacy of beam in allowable load tables on pages 16-33.
- 7" wide beams should be side-loaded only when loads are applied to both sides
 of the members (to minimize rotation).
- Minimum end distance for bolts and screws is 6".
- Beams wider than 7" require special consideration by the design professional.

Uniform Load Design Example



First, check the allowable load tables on pages 16–33 to verify that three pieces can carry the total load of 715 plf with proper live load deflection criteria. Maximum load applied to either outside member is 415 plf. For a 3-ply 1¾" assembly, two rows of 10d (0.128" x 3") nails at 12" on-center is good for only 280 plf. Therefore, use three rows of 10d (0.128" x 3") nails at 12" on-center (good for 415 plf).

Alternates:

Two rows of 1/2" bolts or SDS 1/4" x 31/2" screws at 19.2" on-center.

MULTIPLE-MEMBER CONNECTIONS FOR SIDE-LOADED BEAMS

Point Load—Maximum Point Load Applied to Either Outside Member (lbs)

		Connector Pattern							
		Assembly A	Assembly B	Assembly C	Assembly D	Assembly E	Assembly F		
		2"				Z ⁿ Constitution of the c	2"		
Connector Type	Number of Connectors	1 2"				<u>†</u>			
		T		13/4" 31/2"	13/4" 31/2" 13/4"	31/2"	134		
		3½" 2-ply	51/4" 3-ply	51/4" 2-ply	7" 3-ply	7" 2-ply	7" 4-ply		
STAN STANKE	6	1,110	835	835	740				
Od (0.128" x 3")	12	2,225	1,670	1,670	1,485				
Nail	18	3,335	2,505	2,505	2,225				
	24	4,450	3,335	3,335	2,965	张华斯 图 2 (表)(畫)			
SDS Screws	4	1,915	1,435(4)	1,435	1,275	1,860(2)	1,405(2)		
" x 31/2" or WS35	6	2,870	2,150 (4)	2,150	1,915	2,785(2)	2,110(2)		
1/4" x 6" or WS6(1)	8	3,825	2,870 (4)	2,870	2,550	3,715(2)	2,810(2)		
22/0 50	4	2,545	1,910 (4)	1,910	1,695	1,925(3)	1,775(3)		
3¾" or 5" TrussLok™	6	3,815	2,860 (4)	2,860	2,545	2,890(3)	2,665(3)		
HUSSLUK	8	5,090	3,815 (4)	3,815	3,390	3,855(3)	3,550(3)		

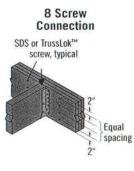
(1) 6" SDS or WS screws can be used with Parallam® PSL and Microllam® LVL, but are not recommended for TimberStrand® LSL.

See General Notes on page 38

- (2) 6" long screws required.
- (3) 5" long screws required.
- (4) 31/2" and 31/4" long screws must be installed on both sides.

Connections

4 or 6 or Screw Connection SDS or TrussLok™ screw, typical 2", typical top and bottom ½ beam depth

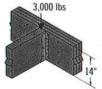


Nail Connection 10d (0.128" x 3") nails, typical. Stagger to prevent splitting. 8"-10" 2" spacing, typical 2" minimum spacing, typical

There must be an equal number of

nails on each side of the connection

Point Load Design Example



First, verify that a 3-ply 1¾" x 14" beam is capable of supporting the 3,000 lb point load as well as all other loads applied. The 3,000 lb point load is being transferred to the beam with a face mount hanger. For a 3-ply 1¾" assembly, eight 3¾" TrussLok™ screws are good for 3,815 lbs with a face mount hanger.

MULTIPLE-MEMBER CONNECTIONS FOR TOP-LOADED BEAMS

13/4" Wide Pieces

- Minimum of three rows of 10d (0.128" x 3") nails at 12" on-center.
- Minimum of four rows of 10d (0.128" x 3") nails at 12" on-center for 14" or deeper.
- If using 12d-16d (0.148"-0.162" diameter) nails, the number of nailing rows may be reduced by one.
- Minimum of two rows of SDS, WS, or TrussLok™ screws at 16" on-center. Use 3¾" minimum length with two or three plies; 5" minimum for 4-ply members. 6" SDS and WS screws are not recommended for use with TimberStrand® LSL. For 3- or 4-ply members, connectors must be installed
- on both sides. Stagger fasteners on opposite side of beam by ½ of the required connector spacing.
- Load must be applied evenly across entire beam width. Otherwise, use connections for side-loaded beams.

31/2" Wide Pieces

- Minimum of two rows of SDS, WS, or TrussLok™ screws, 5" minimum length, at 16" on-center. 6" SDS and WS screws are not recommended for use with TimberStrand® LSL. Connectors must be installed on both sides. Stagger fasteners on opposite side of beam by ½ of the required connector spacing.
- Load must be applied evenly across entire beam width. Otherwise, use connections for side-loaded beams.
- Minimum of two rows of ½" bolts at 24" on-center staggered.



Multiple pieces can be nailed or bolted together to form a header or beam of the required size, up to a maximum width of 7"