

DATE 12/09/2005

Columbia County Building Permit

PERMIT

This Permit Expires One Year From the Date of Issue

000023952

APPLICANT MELANIE RODER PHONE 752-2281
ADDRESS 387 SW KEMP COURT LAKE CITY FL 32024
OWNER AARON SIMQUE PHONE 755-0841
ADDRESS 231 SE CAROB GLEN LAKE CITY FL 32055
CONTRACTOR AARON SIMQUE PHONE 755-0841
LOCATION OF PROPERTY 90E, TR ON 100, TR ON CR245, TR ON PLANT STREET, TR ON
GOLDIE WAY, TL ON CAROB GLEN, 5TH LOT ON RIGHT

TYPE DEVELOPMENT SFD, UTILITY ESTIMATED COST OF CONSTRUCTION 109450.00
HEATED FLOOR AREA 2189.00 TOTAL AREA 2189.00 HEIGHT .00 STORIES 1
FOUNDATION CONC WALLS FRAMED ROOF PITCH 10/12 FLOOR SLAB
LAND USE & ZONING RSF-2 MAX. HEIGHT 18
Minimum Set Back Requirments: STREET-FRONT 25.00 REAR 15.00 SIDE 10.00
NO. EX.D.U. 0 FLOOD ZONE X PP DEVELOPMENT PERMIT NO. _____

PARCEL ID 03-4S-17-07570-923 SUBDIVISION SUZANNE
LOT A BLOCK _____ PHASE _____ UNIT _____ TOTAL ACRES 1.04

000000916 _____ RB29003130 Melanie Roder
Culvert Permit No. _____ Culvert Waiver _____ Contractor's License Number _____ Applicant/Owner/Contractor
CULVERT 05-1037-N BK JH Y
Driveway Connection _____ Septic Tank Number _____ LU & Zoning checked by _____ Approved for Issuance _____ New Resident _____

COMMENTS: ONE FOOT ABOVE THE ROAD, NOC ON FILE

Check # or Cash 51360

FOR BUILDING & ZONING DEPARTMENT ONLY

(footer/Slab)

Temporary Power _____ Foundation _____ Monolithic _____
date/app. by _____ date/app. by _____ date/app. by _____
Under slab rough-in plumbing _____ Slab _____ Sheathing/Nailing _____
date/app. by _____ date/app. by _____ date/app. by _____
Framing _____ Rough-in plumbing above slab and below wood floor _____
date/app. by _____ date/app. by _____
Electrical rough-in _____ Heat & Air Duct _____ Peri. beam (Lintel) _____
date/app. by _____ date/app. by _____ date/app. by _____
Permanent power _____ C.O. Final _____ Culvert _____
date/app. by _____ date/app. by _____ date/app. by _____
M/H tie downs, blocking, electricity and plumbing _____ Pool _____
date/app. by _____ date/app. by _____
Reconnection _____ Pump pole _____ Utility Pole _____
date/app. by _____ date/app. by _____ date/app. by _____
M/H Pole _____ Travel Trailer _____ Re-roof _____
date/app. by _____ date/app. by _____ date/app. by _____

BUILDING PERMIT FEE \$ 550.00 CERTIFICATION FEE \$ 10.95 SURCHARGE FEE \$ 10.95
MISC. FEES \$.00 ZONING CERT. FEE \$ 50.00 FIRE FEE \$.00 WASTE FEE \$ _____
FLOOD DEVELOPMENT FEE \$ _____ FLOOD ZONE FEE \$ 25.00 CULVERT FEE \$ 25.00 TOTAL FEE 671.90

INSPECTORS OFFICE [Signature] CLERKS OFFICE CH

NOTICE: IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS PERMIT, THERE MAY BE ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS APPLICABLE TO THIS PROPERTY THAT MAY BE FOUND IN THE PUBLIC RECORDS OF THIS COUNTY. AND THERE MAY BE ADDITIONAL PERMITS REQUIRED FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES SUCH AS WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICTS, STATE AGENCIES, OR FEDERAL AGENCIES.

"WARNING TO OWNER: YOUR FAILURE TO RECORD A NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT MAY RESULT IN YOUR PAYING TWICE FOR IMPROVEMENTS TO YOUR PROPERTY. IF YOU INTEND TO OBTAIN FINANCING, CONSULT WITH YOUR LENDER OR AN ATTORNEY BEFORE RECORDING YOUR NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT."

This Permit Must Be Prominently Posted on Premises During Construction

PLEASE NOTIFY THE COLUMBIA COUNTY BUILDING DEPARTMENT AT LEAST 24 HOURS IN ADVANCE OF EACH INSPECTION, IN ORDER THAT IT MAY BE MADE WITHOUT DELAY OR INCONVENIENCE, PHONE 758-1008. THIS PERMIT IS NOT VALID UNLESS THE WORK AUTHORIZED BY IT IS COMMENCED WITHIN 6 MONTHS AFTER ISSUANCE.

The Issuance of this Permit Does Not Waive Compliance by Permittee with Deed Restrictions.

Columbia County Building Permit Application

Revised 9-23-04

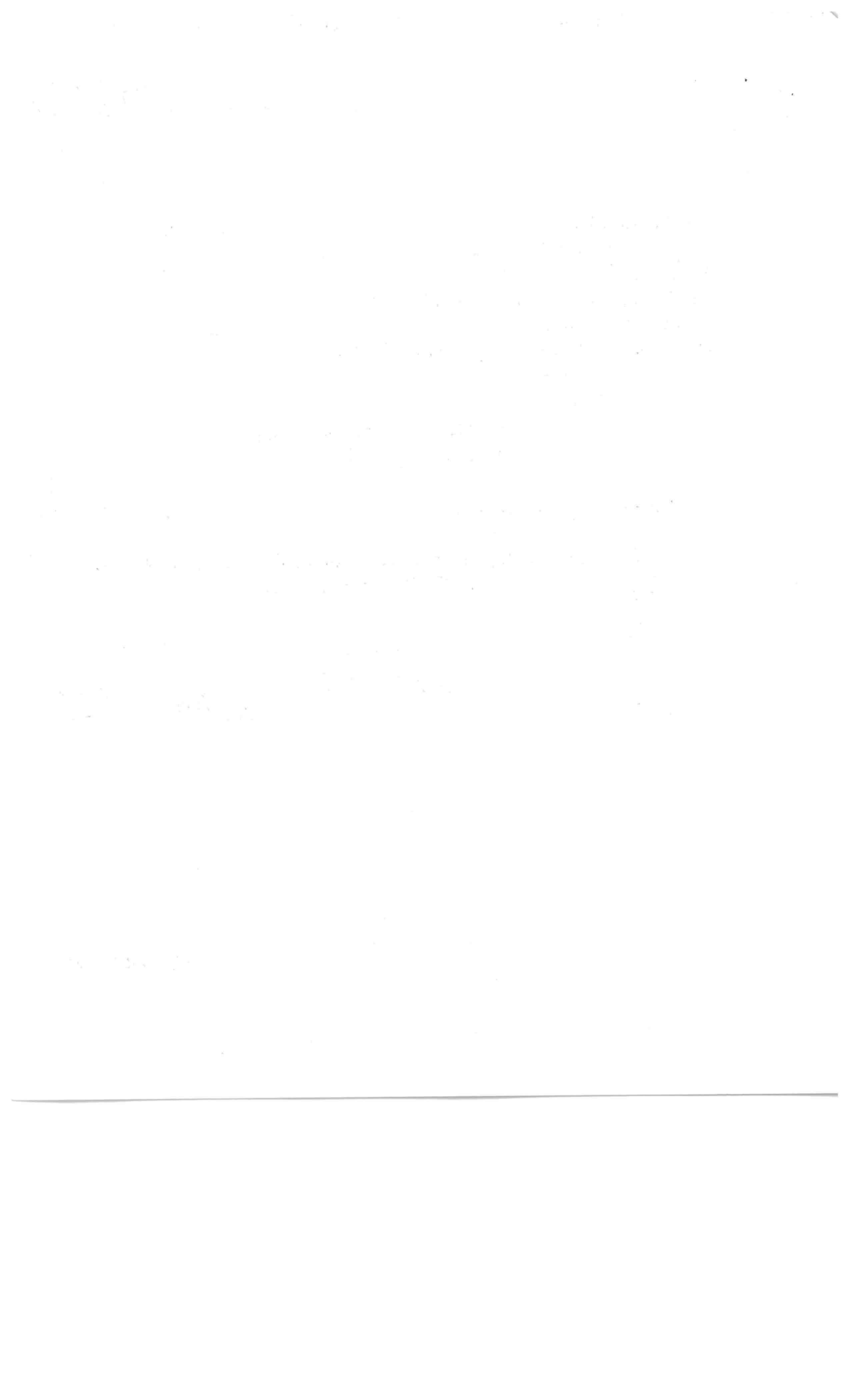
For Office Use Only Application # 0512-02 Date Received 12/2 By JW Permit # 916/23952
 Application Approved by - Zoning Official BLK Date 07.12.05 Plans Examiner OK JTH Date 12-8-05
 Flood Zone X Per Survey Development Permit N/A Zoning RSF-2 Land Use Plan Map Category RES. Low Density
 Comments _____

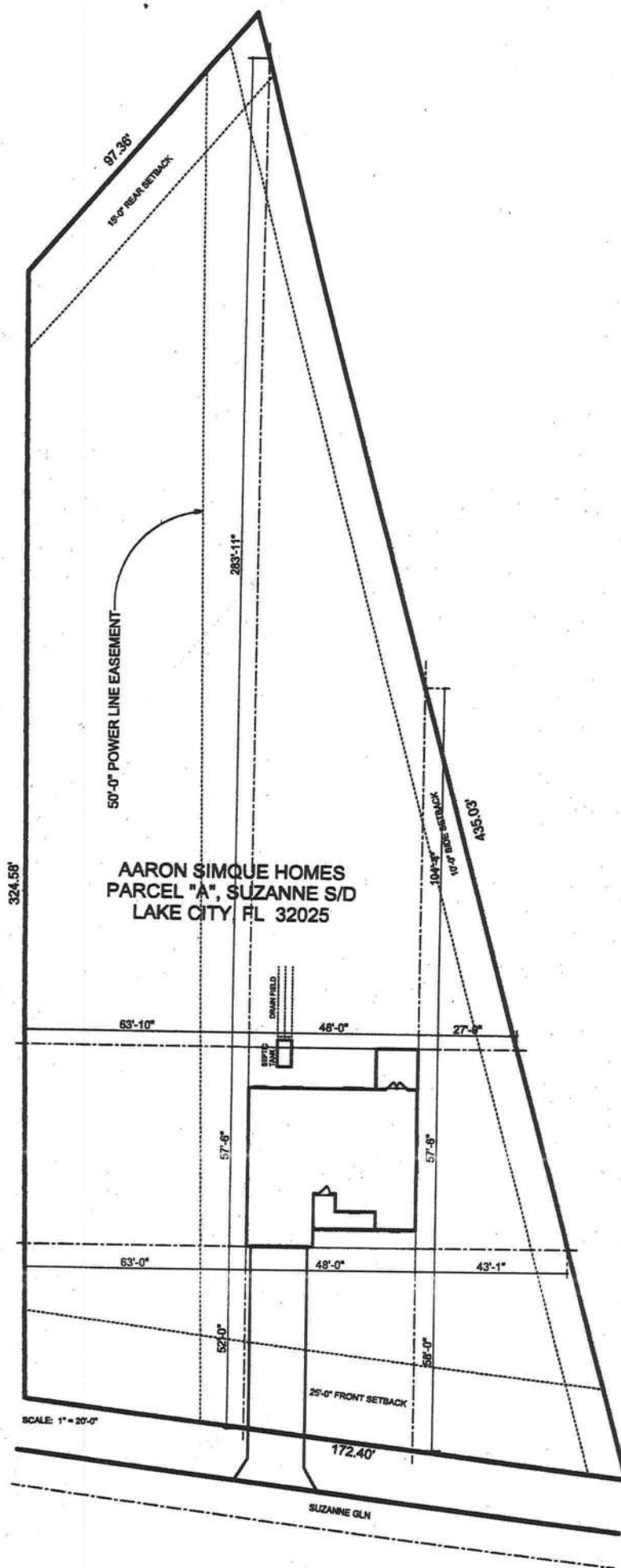
Applicants Name Melanie Roder Phone 752-2281
 Address 387 SW Kemp CT Lake City, FL 32024
 Owners Name Aaron Simque Homes Phone 755-0841
 911 Address 231^{SE} Carob gln Lake City, FL 32055
 Contractors Name Aaron Simque Homes Phone 755-0841
 Address P.O. Box 2183 Lake City, FL 32056
 Fee Simple Owner Name & Address NA
 Bonding Co. Name & Address NA
 Architect/Engineer Name & Address Will Myers Mark Disosway
 Mortgage Lenders Name & Address Columbia County Bank
 Circle the correct power company FL Power & Light - Clay Elec. - Suwannee Valley Elec. - Progressive Energy
 Property ID Number 03-45-17-07570-923 Estimated Cost of Construction 70,000
 Subdivision Name (Parcel 1A) Lot _____ Block _____ Unit _____ Phase _____
 Driving Directions 90 E TR on 100, TR on CR 245, TR on Plant St, TR on Goldie way, TR on Carob gln, 5th lot on right.

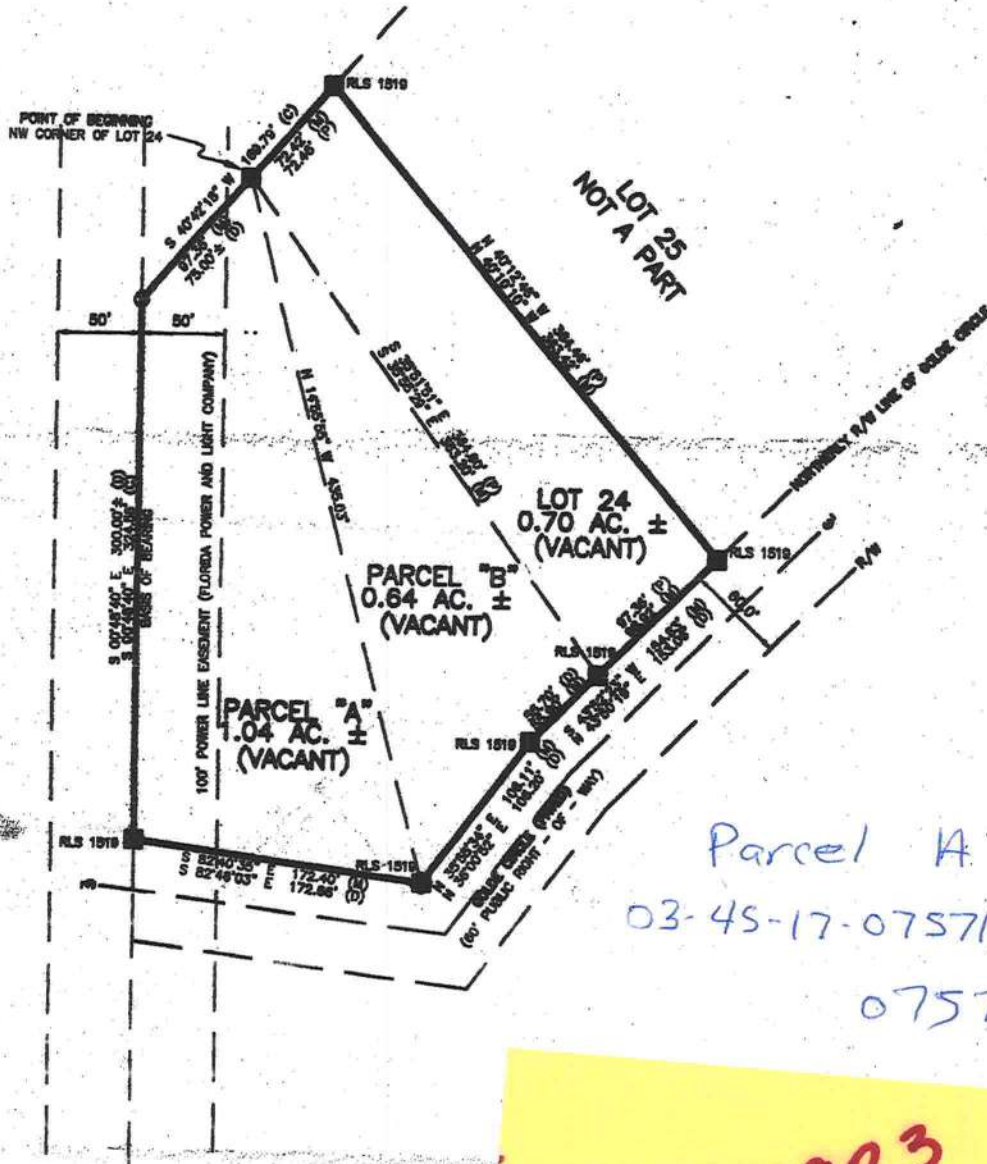
Type of Construction SFD Number of Existing Dwellings on Property 0
 Total Acreage 1.04 Lot Size _____ Do you need a Culvert Permit or Culvert Waiver or Have an Existing Drive
 Actual Distance of Structure from Property Lines - Front 52' Side 63' Side 27'9" Rear 104'4"
 Total Building Height 18'5" Number of Stories 1 Heated Floor Area 2189 ~1514 Roof Pitch 10-12
PORCHES 260 GARAGE 415 LIVING 1514 TOTAL 2189

Application is hereby made to obtain a permit to do work and installations as indicated. I certify that no work or installation has commenced prior to the issuance of a permit and that all work be performed to meet the standards of all laws regulating construction in this jurisdiction.
 OWNERS AFFIDAVIT: I hereby certify that all the foregoing information is accurate and all work will be done in compliance with all applicable laws and regulating construction and zoning.
WARNING TO OWNER: YOUR FAILURE TO RECORD A NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT MAY RESULT IN YOU PAYING TWICE FOR IMPROVEMENTS TO YOUR PROPERTY. IF YOU INTEND TO OBTAIN FINANCING, CONSULT WITH YOUR LENDER OR ATTORNEY BEFORE RECORDING YOUR NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT.

Owner Builder or Agent (Including Contractor) Linda R. Roder Commission #DD303275 Expires: Mar 24, 2008 Bonded Thru Atlantic Bonding Co., Inc.
 STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF COLUMBIA
 Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me this 31st day of October 2005.
 Personally known ✓ or Produced Identification _____
 Contractor Signature _____
 Contractors License Number RB 29003130
 Competency Card Number _____
 NOTARY STAMP/SEAL
 Notary Signature Linda Roder







PARCEL "A"

BEGIN AT THE NOR
SUZANNE SUBDIVISI
4 PAGE 91, COLUM
S 40°43'02" W, 97.
OF OF THE NORTHE
RUN S 00°48'40" E
NORTH RIGHT-OF-
82°40'35" E ALONG
THENCE N 14°55'55
BEGINNING. SUBJEC
WEST 50 FEET THE

PARCEL "B"

BEGIN AT THE NOR
SUZANNE SUBDIVISI
BOOK 4, PAGE 91,
RUN THENCE S 14°
RIGHT-OF-WAY OF
E, ALONG SAID RIG
THENCE CONTINUE
43°50'19" E, 55.70
LINE OF SAID LOT
SAID WESTERLY LIN
BEGINNING.

NOTES:

1. BEARINGS ARE BASED ON THE WEST LINE OF S...
2. SUBJECT PROPERTY LIES IN ZONE "X", AN ARE
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP COMMUNITY PAN
1988. FLOOD ZONE LINES, IF ANY, ARE SCALE
3. ONLY THOSE VISIBLE INTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS
HAVE BEEN LOCATED AS SHOWN HEREON. EXC
AND OTHER IMPROVEMENTS NOT VISIBLE OR K
4. THIS SURVEY WAS PREPARED WITHOUT THE BE
EXCEPTION IS MADE HEREIN REGARDING EASE
PROVIDED BY THE CLIENT.
5. CLOSURE EXCEEDS 1 : 10,000.
6. SCALE AND GRAPHIC LOCATION OF FENCES AND UTILITY POLES, IF ANY, MAY BE EXAGGERATED FOR CLARITY.

Corporate Warranty Deed

This Indenture, made, September 12, 2005 A.D.

Between
Venture Capital Elite, Inc. whose post office address is: 5731 NW 60th Street,
Parkland, FL 33067 a corporation existing under the laws of the State of Florida,
Grantor

and Aaron Simque Homes, Inc. whose post office address is: Post Office Box
2183, Lake City, FL 32056, Grantee,

Witnesseth, that the said Grantor, for and in consideration of the sum of Ten and No/100 Dollars (\$10.00), to it in hand
paid by the said Grantee, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, has granted, bargained and sold to the said Grantee forever, the
following described land, situate, lying and being in the County of Columbia, State of Florida, to wit:

See Exhibit "A" Attached Hereto And By This Reference Made A Part Hereof

Subject to taxes for the current year, covenants, restrictions and easements of record, if any.

Parcel Identification Number: R07570-024

And the said Grantor does hereby fully warrant the title to said land, and will defend the same against the lawful claims of all
persons whomsoever.

In Witness Whereof, the said Grantor has caused this instrument to be executed in its name by its duly authorized officer
and caused its corporate seal to be affixed the day and year first above written.

Venture Capital Elite, Inc.

By: William Wilson
Its: President

Signed and Sealed in Our Presence:

Witness First Name: MARLON EDWARDS

Witness First Name: Anthony Malcolm

State of FLORIDA
County of BEAUFORT

(Corporate Seal)

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 12th day of September, 2005, by William Wilson, the President of
Venture Capital Elite, Inc. A corporation existing under the laws of the State of Florida, on behalf of the corporation.
He/She is personally known to me or has produced _____ as identification.

Notary Public

Notary Printed Name: Shelleon King

My Commission Expires: 1/11/2009



Notary Public State of Florida
Shelleon King
My Commission 00385327
Expires 01/11/2009

Prepared by:
Lyndi Skinner/Elaine R. Davis, an employee of
American Title Services of Lake City, Inc.,
330 SW Main Boulevard
Lake City, Florida 32025
File Number: 03-643



STATE OF FLORIDA, COUNTY OF COLUMBIA
I HEREBY CERTIFY, that the above and foregoing
is a true copy of the original filed in this office
P. Dewitt CASON, CLERK OF COURTS

By: Dennis Dean
Deputy Clerk
Date: 9/29/05

EXHIBIT "A"

Parcel 1:

LOT 24 IN SUZANNE SUBDIVISION UNIT 1, AS RECORDED IN PLAT BOOK 4, PAGE 91, COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA.

AND

Parcel 2:

TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH-RANGE 17 EAST

SECTION 3: Begin at the Northwest Corner of Lot 24 of Suzanne Subdivision Unit 1, as recorded in Plat Book 4, Page 91, Columbia County, Florida and run thence S 40°43'02" W, 97.36 feet to the West boundary line of the Northeast 1/4 of said Section 3; thence run S 00°48'40" E, 300.00 feet more or less to the North right of way line of Golde Circle; thence S 82°40'35" E, along said right of way line 175.66 feet; N 14°55'55" W, 435.03 feet to the Point of Beginning.

AND

Parcel 3:

TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH-RANGE 17 EAST

SECTION 3: Being at the Northwest Corner of Lot 24 of Suzanne Subdivision Unit 1, as recorded in Plat Book 4, Page 91, Columbia County, Florida and run thence S 14°55'55" E, 435.03 feet to the North right of way of Golde Circle; thence N 36°00'52" E, along said right of way line 106.20 feet; thence continue along said right of way N 43°50'19" E, 55.70 feet to the Westerly boundary line of said Lot 24; thence N 35°51'51" W, along said Westerly line 364.60 feet to the Point of Beginning.

Inst:2005022386 Date:09/13/2005 Time:16:17

Doc Stamp-Deed : 420.00

DC,P.Dewitt Cason,Columbia County B:1056 P:433

THIS INSTRUMENT PREPARED BY
& RETURN TO:
Columbia County Bank
Linda Evans
173 NW Hillsboro Street
Lake City, FL 32055
REC: \$

Inst: 2005022346 Date: 09/13/2005 Time: 12:28
DC, P. DeWitt Cason, Columbia County B: 1058 P: 286

NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT

THE UNDERSIGNED hereby gives notice that improvement will be made to certain real property, and in accordance with Chapter 713, Florida Statutes, the following information is provided in this Notice of Commencement:

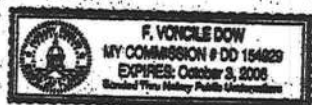
1. Description of Property: Unplatted Lot adjacent to #24 Suzanne Subdivision, SE Carol Glen Parcel #3
2. General Description of Improvements: Approx. 1,500 square foot single family residence
3. Owner Information: Aaron Simque Homes, Inc.
P.O. Box 2183
Lake City, FL 32056
- Owner's Interest in Property: Fee Simple
4. Contractor: Aaron Simque Homes, Inc.
P.O. Box 2183
Lake City, FL 32056
5. Lender: Columbia County Bank
173 NW Hillsboro Street
Lake City, FL 32055
6. Additional persons within the State of Florida designated by Owner upon whom notices or other documents may be served as provided by Section 713.13(1)(a)7., Florida Statutes:
7. Expiration date of Notice of Commencement is one (1) year from the date of recording.

Aaron Simque Homes, Inc.

Aaron Simque, President

STATE OF FLORIDA
COUNTY OF Columbia

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 13 day of September, 2005 by
Aaron Simque as President of Aaron Simque Homes, Inc.



NOTARY PUBLIC

F. VonCile Dow
Name: _____
State of Florida at Large (SEAL)
Personally Known: ☒
Produced Identification: _____
Type: _____
My Commission Expires: _____

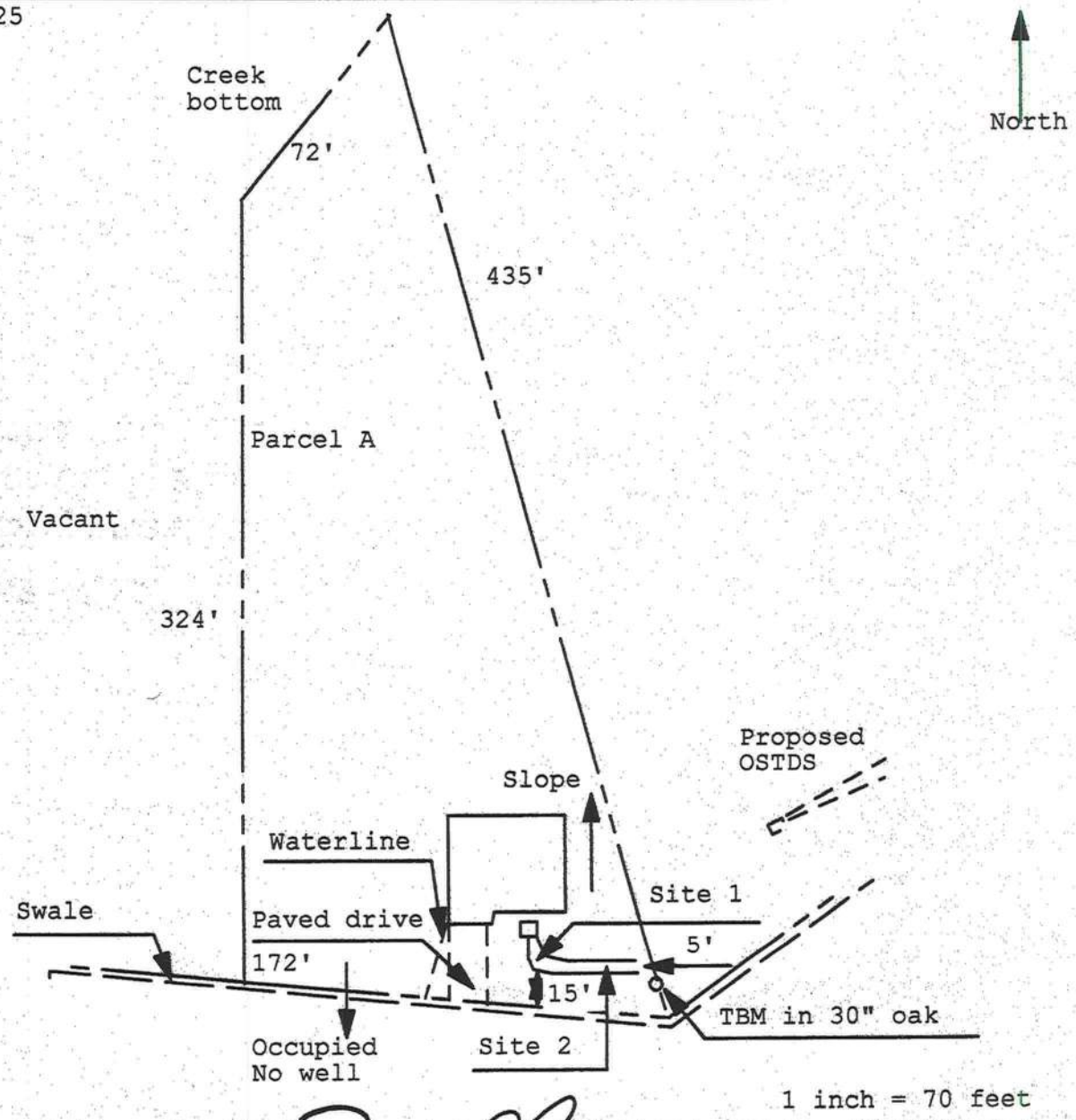
(NOC)

Application for Onsite Sewage Disposal System
Construction Permit. Part II Site Plan

Permit Application Number: 05-103711

ALL CHANGES MUST BE APPROVED BY THE COUNTY HEALTH UNIT

SIMQUE/CR 05-3125



Site Plan Submitted By Paul L. L. Date 10/13/05
Plan Approved ☒ Not Approved ☐ Date 10/14/05

By M. M. M. Columbia CPHU

Notes: _____

FLORIDA ENERGY EFFICIENCY CODE
FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

Florida Department of Community Affairs
Residential Whole Building Performance Method A

Project Name:	Aaron Simque Homes - Hip Spec	Builder:	Aaron Simque Homes
Address:	SE Carob Gln, Suzanne Sub.	Permitting Office:	Columbia
City, State:	Lake City, FI 32025-	Permit Number:	23952
Owner:	Spec House	Jurisdiction Number:	221000
Climate Zone:	North		

1. New construction or existing	New	12. Cooling systems	
2. Single family or multi-family	Single family	a. Central Unit	Cap: 28.0 kBtu/hr
3. Number of units, if multi-family	1		SEER: 11.00
4. Number of Bedrooms	3	b. N/A	
5. Is this a worst case?	No	c. N/A	
6. Conditioned floor area (ft²)	1514 ft²		
7. Glass area & type		13. Heating systems	
a. Clear - single pane	0.0 ft²	a. Electric Heat Pump	Cap: 28.0 kBtu/hr
b. Clear - double pane	172.0 ft²		HSPF: 6.80
c. Tint/other SHGC - single pane	0.0 ft²	b. N/A	
d. Tint/other SHGC - double pane	0.0 ft²	c. N/A	
8. Floor types		14. Hot water systems	
a. Slab-On-Grade Edge Insulation	R=0.0, 178.0(p) ft	a. Electric Resistance	Cap: 40.0 gallons
b. N/A			EF: 0.90
c. N/A		b. N/A	
9. Wall types		c. Conservation credits	
a. Frame, Wood, Exterior	R=13.0, 824.0 ft²	(HR-Heat recovery, Solar	
b. Frame, Wood, Adjacent	R=13.0, 150.0 ft²	DHP-Dedicated heat pump)	
c. N/A			
d. N/A		15. HVAC credits	
e. N/A		(CF-Ceiling fan, CV-Cross ventilation,	
10. Ceiling types		HF-Whole house fan,	
a. Under Attic	R=30.0, 1585.0 ft²	PT-Programmable Thermostat,	
b. N/A		MZ-C-Multizone cooling,	
c. N/A		MZ-H-Multizone heating)	
11. Ducts			
a. Sup: Unc. Ret: Unc. AH: Garage	Sup. R=6.0, 35.0 ft		
b. N/A			

Glass/Floor Area: 0.11	Total as-built points: 21570	PASS
	Total base points: 23278	

I hereby certify that the plans and specifications covered by this calculation are in compliance with the Florida Energy Code.

PREPARED BY: Will Myers

DATE: 09/06/05

I hereby certify that this building, as designed, is in compliance with the Florida Energy Code.

OWNER/AGENT:

DATE:

Review of the plans and specifications covered by this calculation indicates compliance with the Florida Energy Code. Before construction is completed this building will be inspected for compliance with Section 553.908 Florida Statutes.

BUILDING OFFICIAL:

DATE:



SUMMER CALCULATIONS
Residential Whole Building Performance Method A - Details

ADDRESS: SE Carob Gln, Suzanne Sub., Lake City, FL, 32025-

PERMIT #:

BASE				AS-BUILT							
GLASS TYPES											
.18 X Conditioned X BSPM = Points Floor Area				Type/SC	Overhang Ormt Len Hgt			Area X SPM X SOF = Points			
.18	1514.0	20.04	5461.3	Double, Clear	W	13.5	7.7	40.0	36.99	0.42	622.1
				Double, Clear	W	1.5	6.0	60.0	36.99	0.91	2026.9
				Double, Clear	W	1.5	2.0	4.0	36.99	0.60	89.1
				Double, Clear	E	11.5	7.7	22.0	40.22	0.43	383.1
				Double, Clear	E	6.5	6.0	15.0	40.22	0.50	299.9
				Double, Clear	E	1.5	6.0	15.0	40.22	0.91	550.7
				Double, Clear	S	1.5	2.0	4.0	34.50	0.57	78.0
				Double, Clear	S	1.5	5.0	12.0	34.50	0.81	334.0
				As-Built Total:							172.0
WALL TYPES Area X BSPM = Points				Type	R-Value		Area X SPM = Points				
Adjacent	150.0	0.70	105.0	Frame, Wood, Exterior	13.0		824.0	1.50	1236.0		
Exterior	824.0	1.70	1400.8	Frame, Wood, Adjacent	13.0		150.0	0.60	90.0		
Base Total:			974.0	1505.8	As-Built Total:			974.0	1326.0		
DOOR TYPES Area X BSPM = Points				Type	Area X SPM = Points						
Adjacent	18.0	2.40	43.2	Exterior Insulated	20.0 4.10 82.0						
Exterior	20.0	6.10	122.0	Adjacent Insulated	18.0 1.60 28.8						
Base Total:			38.0	165.2	As-Built Total:			38.0	110.8		
CEILING TYPES Area X BSPM = Points				Type	R-Value	Area X SPM X SCM = Points					
Under Attic	1514.0	1.73	2619.2	Under Attic	30.0	1585.0	1.73 X 1.00			2742.1	
Base Total:			1514.0	2619.2	As-Built Total:			1585.0	2742.1		
FLOOR TYPES Area X BSPM = Points				Type	R-Value	Area X SPM = Points					
Slab	178.0(p)	-37.0	-6586.0	Slab-On-Grade Edge Insulation	0.0	178.0(p)	-41.20			-7333.6	
Raised	0.0	0.00	0.0								
Base Total:			-6586.0	As-Built Total:			178.0	-7333.6			
INFILTRATION Area X BSPM = Points				Area X SPM = Points							
			1514.0 10.21 15457.9	1514.0 10.21 15457.9							

SUMMER CALCULATIONS
Residential Whole Building Performance Method A - Details

ADDRESS: SE Carob Gln, Suzanne Sub., Lake City, FL, 32025-

PERMIT #:

BASE				AS-BUILT						
Summer Base Points: 18623.5				Summer As-Built Points: 16687.0						
Total Summer Points	X	System Multiplier	= Cooling Points	Total Component	X	Cap Ratio	X Duct Multiplier (DM x DSM x AHU)	X System Multiplier	X Credit Multiplier	= Cooling Points
18623.5		0.4266	7944.8	16687.0 16687.0		1.000 1.00	(1.090 x 1.147 x 1.00) 1.250	0.310 0.310	1.000 1.000	6473.1 6473.1

WINTER CALCULATIONS
Residential Whole Building Performance Method A - Details

ADDRESS: SE Carob Gln, Suzanne Sub., Lake City, FL, 32025-

PERMIT #:

BASE				AS-BUILT									
GLASS TYPES													
.18 X Conditioned X BWPM = Points Floor Area				Type/SC	Overhang Ornt Len Hgt			Area X WPM X WOF = Points					
.18	1514.0	12.74	3471.9	Double, Clear	W	13.5	7.7	40.0	10.77	1.22	524.2		
				Double, Clear	W	1.5	6.0	60.0	10.77	1.02	661.1		
				Double, Clear	W	1.5	2.0	4.0	10.77	1.13	48.9		
				Double, Clear	E	11.5	7.7	22.0	9.09	1.39	278.0		
				Double, Clear	E	6.5	6.0	15.0	9.09	1.31	178.4		
				Double, Clear	E	1.5	6.0	15.0	9.09	1.04	141.2		
				Double, Clear	S	1.5	2.0	4.0	4.03	2.27	36.5		
				Double, Clear	S	1.5	5.0	12.0	4.03	1.20	57.9		
				As-Built Total:			172.0			1926.2			
WALL TYPES				Area X BWPM = Points		Type	R-Value		Area X WPM = Points				
Adjacent	150.0	3.60	540.0			Frame, Wood, Exterior	13.0		824.0	3.40	2801.6		
Exterior	824.0	3.70	3048.8			Frame, Wood, Adjacent	13.0		150.0	3.30	495.0		
Base Total:				974.0		3588.8		As-Built Total:		974.0		3296.6	
DOOR TYPES				Area X BWPM = Points		Type	Area X WPM = Points						
Adjacent	18.0	11.50	207.0			Exterior Insulated	20.0					8.40	168.0
Exterior	20.0	12.30	246.0			Adjacent Insulated	18.0					8.00	144.0
Base Total:				38.0		453.0		As-Built Total:		38.0		312.0	
CEILING TYPES				Area X BWPM = Points		Type	R-Value		Area X WPM X WCM = Points				
Under Attic	1514.0	2.05	3103.7			Under Attic	30.0		1585.0	2.05 X 1.00		3249.3	
Base Total:				1514.0		3103.7		As-Built Total:		1585.0		3249.3	
FLOOR TYPES				Area X BWPM = Points		Type	R-Value		Area X WPM = Points				
Slab	178.0(p)	8.9	1584.2			Slab-On-Grade Edge Insulation	0.0		178.0(p)	18.80		3346.4	
Raised	0.0	0.00	0.0										
Base Total:				1584.2		As-Built Total:		178.0		3346.4			
INFILTRATION				Area X BWPM = Points		Area X WPM = Points							
1514.0				-0.59		-893.3		1514.0		-0.59		-893.3	

WINTER CALCULATIONS
Residential Whole Building Performance Method A - Details

ADDRESS: SE Carob Gln, Suzanne Sub., Lake City, FL, 32025-

PERMIT #:

BASE				AS-BUILT						
Winter Base Points:		11308.3		Winter As-Built Points:					11237.2	
Total Winter Points	X	System Multiplier	= Heating Points	Total Component	X	Cap Ratio	X Duct Multiplier (DM x DSM x AHU)	X System Multiplier	X Credit Multiplier	= Heating Points
11308.3		0.6274	7094.9	11237.2	1.000	(1.069 x 1.169 x 1.00)	0.501	1.000	1.000	7042.0
				11237.2	1.00	1.250	0.501	1.000		7042.0

WATER HEATING & CODE COMPLIANCE STATUS
Residential Whole Building Performance Method A - Details

ADDRESS: SE Carob Gln, Suzanne Sub., Lake City, FL, 32025-

PERMIT #:

BASE				AS-BUILT					
WATER HEATING									
Number of Bedrooms	X	Multiplier	= Total	Tank Volume	EF	Number of Bedrooms	X Tank Ratio	X Multiplier	X Credit = Total Multiplier
3		2746.00	8238.0	40.0	0.90	3	1.00	2684.98	1.00 8054.9
				As-Built Total:					8054.9

CODE COMPLIANCE STATUS							
BASE				AS-BUILT			
Cooling Points	+	Heating Points	+ Hot Water Points = Total Points	Cooling Points	+	Heating Points	+ Hot Water Points = Total Points
7945		7095	8238 23278	6473		7042	8055 21570

PASS



Code Compliance Checklist
Residential Whole Building Performance Method A - Details

ADDRESS: SE Carob Gln, Suzanne Sub., Lake City, FL, 32025-

PERMIT #:

6A-21 INFILTRATION REDUCTION COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST

COMPONENTS	SECTION	REQUIREMENTS FOR EACH PRACTICE	CHECK
Exterior Windows & Doors	606.1.ABC.1.1	Maximum:.3 cfm/sq.ft. window area; .5 cfm/sq.ft. door area.	
Exterior & Adjacent Walls	606.1.ABC.1.2.1	Caulk, gasket, weatherstrip or seal between: windows/doors & frames, surrounding wall; foundation & wall sole or sill plate; joints between exterior wall panels at corners; utility penetrations; between wall panels & top/bottom plates; between walls and floor. EXCEPTION: Frame walls where a continuous infiltration barrier is installed that extends from, and is sealed to, the foundation to the top plate.	
Floors	606.1.ABC.1.2.2	Penetrations/openings >1/8" sealed unless backed by truss or joint members. EXCEPTION: Frame floors where a continuous infiltration barrier is installed that is sealed to the perimeter, penetrations and seams.	
Ceilings	606.1.ABC.1.2.3	Between walls & ceilings; penetrations of ceiling plane of top floor; around shafts, chases, soffits, chimneys, cabinets sealed to continuous air barrier; gaps in gyp board & top plate; attic access. EXCEPTION: Frame ceilings where a continuous infiltration barrier is installed that is sealed at the perimeter, at penetrations and seams.	
Recessed Lighting Fixtures	606.1.ABC.1.2.4	Type IC rated with no penetrations, sealed; or Type IC or non-IC rated, installed inside a sealed box with 1/2" clearance & 3" from insulation; or Type IC rated with < 2.0 cfm from conditioned space, tested.	
Multi-story Houses	606.1.ABC.1.2.5	Air barrier on perimeter of floor cavity between floors.	
Additional Infiltration reqts	606.1.ABC.1.3	Exhaust fans vented to outdoors, dampers; combustion space heaters comply with NFPA, have combustion air.	

6A-22 OTHER PRESCRIPTIVE MEASURES (must be met or exceeded by all residences.)

COMPONENTS	SECTION	REQUIREMENTS	CHECK
Water Heaters	612.1	Comply with efficiency requirements in Table 6-12. Switch or clearly marked circuit breaker (electric) or cutoff (gas) must be provided. External or built-in heat trap required.	
Swimming Pools & Spas	612.1	Spas & heated pools must have covers (except solar heated). Non-commercial pools must have a pump timer. Gas spa & pool heaters must have a minimum thermal efficiency of 78%.	
Shower heads	612.1	Water flow must be restricted to no more than 2.5 gallons per minute at 80 PSIG.	
Air Distribution Systems	610.1	All ducts, fittings, mechanical equipment and plenum chambers shall be mechanically attached, sealed, insulated, and installed in accordance with the criteria of Section 610. Ducts in unconditioned attics: R-6 min. insulation.	
HVAC Controls	607.1	Separate readily accessible manual or automatic thermostat for each system.	
Insulation	604.1, 602.1	Ceilings-Min. R-19. Common walls-Frame R-11 or CBS R-3 both sides. Common ceiling & floors R-11.	

ENERGY PERFORMANCE LEVEL (EPL) DISPLAY CARD

ESTIMATED ENERGY PERFORMANCE SCORE* = 84.3

The higher the score, the more efficient the home.

Spec House, SE Carob Gln, Suzanne Sub., Lake City, FL 32025-

1. New construction or existing	New	12. Cooling systems	
2. Single family or multi-family	Single family	a. Central Unit	Cap: 28.0 kBtu/hr
3. Number of units, if multi-family	1		SEER: 11.00
4. Number of Bedrooms	3	b. N/A	
5. Is this a worst case?	No	c. N/A	
6. Conditioned floor area (ft ²)	1514 ft ²		
7. Glass area & type		13. Heating systems	
a. Clear - single pane	0.0 ft ²	a. Electric Heat Pump	Cap: 28.0 kBtu/hr
b. Clear - double pane	172.0 ft ²		HSPF: 6.80
c. Tint/other SHGC - single pane	0.0 ft ²	b. N/A	
d. Tint/other SHGC - double pane	0.0 ft ²	c. N/A	
8. Floor types		14. Hot water systems	
a. Slab-On-Grade Edge Insulation	R=0.0, 178.0(p) ft	a. Electric Resistance	Cap: 40.0 gallons
b. N/A			EF: 0.90
c. N/A		b. N/A	
9. Wall types		c. Conservation credits	
a. Frame, Wood, Exterior	R=13.0, 824.0 ft ²	(HR-Heat recovery, Solar	
b. Frame, Wood, Adjacent	R=13.0, 150.0 ft ²	DHP-Dedicated heat pump)	
c. N/A		15. HVAC credits	
d. N/A		(CF-Ceiling fan, CV-Cross ventilation,	
e. N/A		HF-Whole house fan,	
10. Ceiling types		PT-Programmable Thermostat,	
a. Under Attic	R=30.0, 1585.0 ft ²	MZ-C-Multizone cooling,	
b. N/A		MZ-H-Multizone heating)	
c. N/A			
11. Ducts			
a. Sup: Unc. Ret: Unc. AH: Garage	Sup. R=6.0, 35.0 ft		
b. N/A			

I certify that this home has complied with the Florida Energy Efficiency Code For Building Construction through the above energy saving features which will be installed (or exceeded) in this home before final inspection. Otherwise, a new EPL Display Card will be completed based on installed Code compliant features.

Builder Signature: _____ Date: _____

Address of New Home: _____ City/FL Zip: _____



***NOTE:** The home's estimated energy performance score is only available through the FLA/RES computer program. This is **not** a Building Energy Rating. If your score is 80 or greater (or 86 for a US EPA/DOE EnergyStarTM designation), your home may qualify for energy efficiency mortgage (EEM) incentives if you obtain a Florida Energy Gauge Rating. Contact the Energy Gauge Hotline at 321/638-1492 or see the Energy Gauge web site at www.fsec.ucf.edu for information and a list of certified Raters. For information about Florida's Energy Efficiency Code For Building Construction, contact the Department of Community Affairs. Energy Gauge Version: FLR1PB v3.22)

AA: Waiver
**Columbia County Building Department
Culvert Waiver**

**Culvert Waiver No.
000000916**

DATE: 04/03/2006 BUILDING PERMIT NO. 23852

APPLICANT MELANIE RODER PHONE 752-3281

ADDRESS 387 SW KEMP COURT LAKE CITY FL 32024

OWNER AARON SIMQUE PHONE 755-0841

ADDRESS 231 SE CAROB GLEN LAKE CITY FL 32055

CONTRACTOR AARON SIMQUE PHONE 755-0841

LOCATION OF PROPERTY 90E, TR ON 100, TR ON CR245, TR ON LANT ST, TR ON GOLDIE WAY, TL ON
CAROB GLEN, 5TH LOT ON RIGHT

SUBDIVISION/LOT/BLOCK/PHASE/UNIT SUZANNE A

PARCEL ID # 03-4S-17-07570-923

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I UNDERSTAND AND WILL FULLY COMPLY WITH THE DECISION OF THE COLUMBIA
COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT IN CONNECTION WITH THE HEREIN PROPOSED APPLICATION.

SIGNATURE: [Signature]

A SEPARATE CHECK IS REQUIRED
MAKE CHECKS PAYABLE TO BCC

Amount Paid 50.00

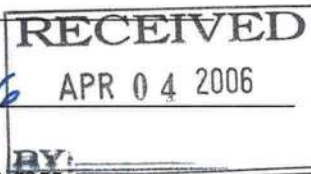
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT USE ONLY

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I HAVE EXAMINED THIS APPLICATION AND DETERMINED THAT THE
CULVERT WAIVER IS:

 APPROVED ✓ NOT APPROVED - NEEDS A CULVERT PERMIT

COMMENTS: Needs Culvert -^{so} Ditches Don't
Restrict water flow

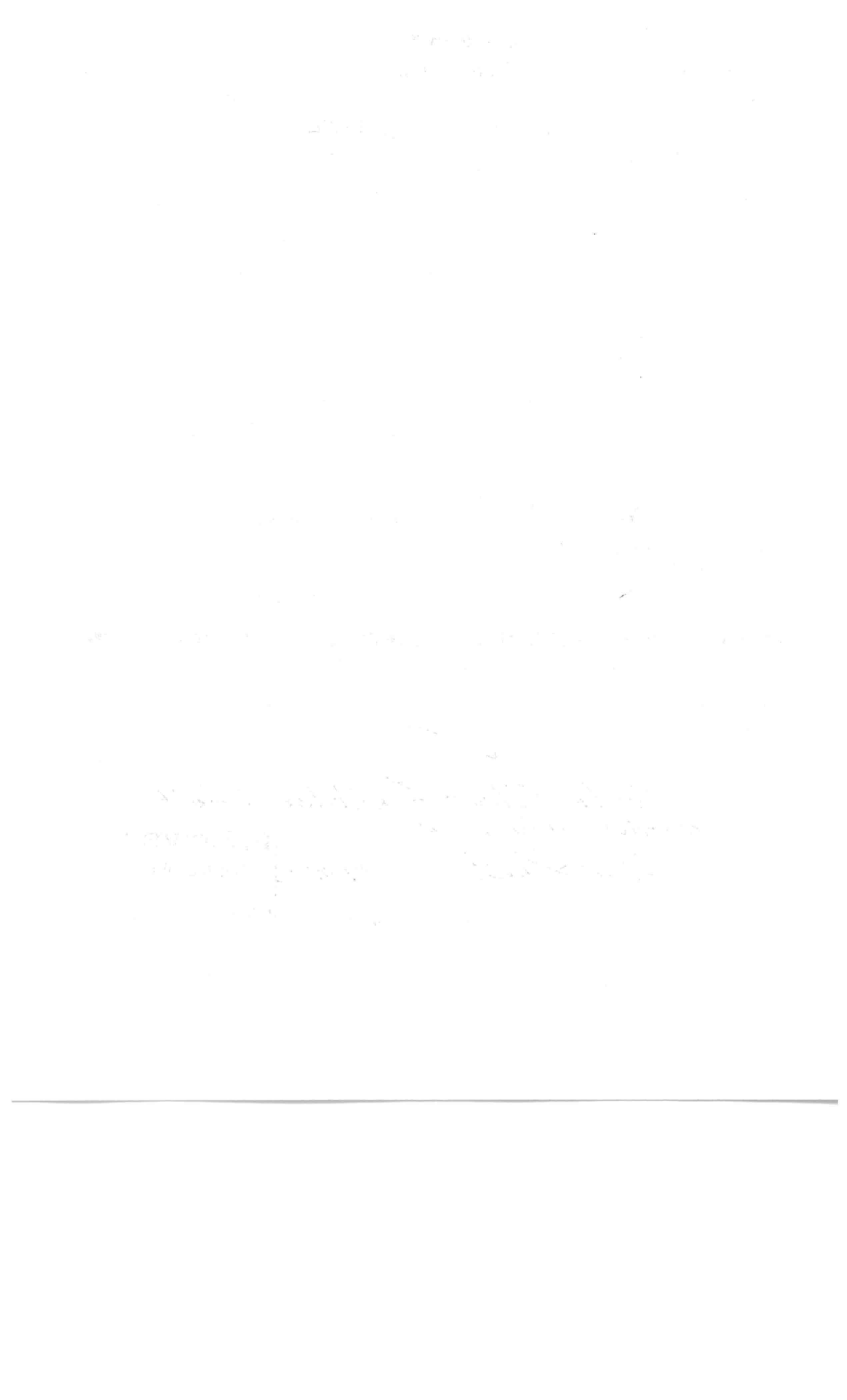
SIGNED: [Signature] DATE: 04-05-06



ANY QUESTIONS PLEASE CONTACT THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT AT 386-752-5955.

135 NE Hernando Ave., Suite B-21
Lake City, FL 32055
Phone: 386-758-1008 Fax: 386-758-2160





23852

**Columbia County Building Department
Culvert Permit****Culvert Permit No.
000000916**

DATE 12/09/2005 PARCEL ID # 03-4S-17-07570-923
APPLICANT MELANIE RODER PHONE 752-3281
ADDRESS 387 SW KEMP COURT LAKE CITY FL 32024
OWNER AARON SIMQUE PHONE 755-0841
ADDRESS 231 SE CAROB GLEN LAKE CITY FL 32055
CONTRACTOR AARON SIMQUE PHONE 755-0841
LOCATION OF PROPERTY 90E, TR ON 100, TR ON CR245, TR ON LANT ST, TR ON GOLDIE WAY, TL ON
CAROB GLEN, 5TH LOT ON RIGHT
SUBDIVISION/LOT/BLOCK/PHASE/UNIT SUZANNE A
SIGNATURE Melanie Roder

INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

Culvert size will be 18 inches in diameter with a total length of 32 feet, leaving 24 feet of driving surface. Both ends will be mitered 4 foot with a 4 : 1 slope and poured with a 4 inch thick reinforced concrete slab.

INSTALLATION NOTE: Turnouts will be required as follows:

- a) a majority of the current and existing driveway turnouts are paved, or;
- b) the driveway to be served will be paved or formed with concrete.

Turnouts shall be concrete or paved a minimum of 12 feet wide or the width of the concrete or paved driveway, whichever is greater. The width shall conform to the current and existing paved or concreted turnouts.



Culvert installation shall conform to the approved site plan standards.



Department of Transportation Permit installation approved standards.



Other _____

**ALL PROPER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS SHOULD BE FOLLOWED
DURING THE INSTALLATION OF THE CULVERT.**

135 NE Hernando Ave., Suite B-21
Lake City, FL 32055
Phone: 386-758-1008 Fax: 386-758-2160

Amount Paid 25.00



Residential System Sizing Calculation

Summary

Spec House
SE Carob Gln, Suzanne Sub.
Lake City, FL 32025-

Project Title:
Aaron Simque Homes - Hip Spec

Class 3 Rating
Registration No. 0
Climate: North

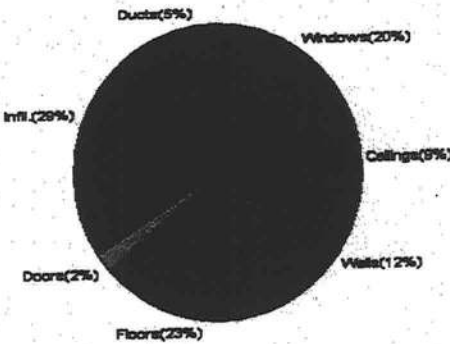
9/6/2005

Location for weather data: Gainesville - User customized: Latitude(29) Temp Range(M)			
Humidity data: Interior RH (50%) Outdoor wet bulb (78F) Humidity difference(51gr.)			
Winter design temperature	31 F	Summer design temperature	99 F
Winter setpoint	70 F	Summer setpoint	75 F
Winter temperature difference	39 F	Summer temperature difference	24 F
Total heating load calculation	23966 Btuh	Total cooling load calculation	27570 Btuh
Submitted heating capacity	28000 Btuh	Submitted cooling capacity	28000 Btuh
Submitted as % of calculated	116.8 %	Submitted as % of calculated	101.6 %

WINTER CALCULATIONS

Winter Heating Load (for 1514 sqft)

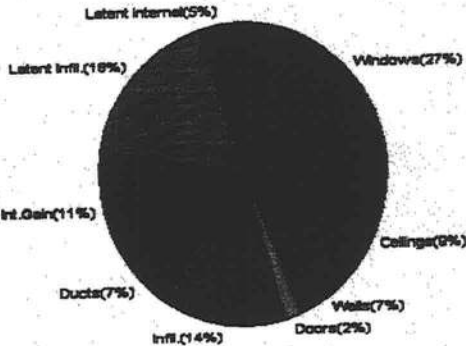
Load component		Load	
Window total	172 sqft	4868	Btuh
Wall total	974 sqft	2794	Btuh
Door total	38 sqft	536	Btuh
Ceiling total	1585 sqft	2061	Btuh
Floor total	178 ft	5625	Btuh
Infiltration	162 cfm	6942	Btuh
Subtotal		22825	Btuh
Duct loss		1141	Btuh
TOTAL HEAT LOSS		23966	Btuh



SUMMER CALCULATIONS

Summer Cooling Load (for 1514 sqft)

Load component		Load	
Window total	172 sqft	7554	Btuh
Wall total	974 sqft	2057	Btuh
Door total	38 sqft	492	Btuh
Ceiling total	1585 sqft	2504	Btuh
Floor total		0	Btuh
Infiltration	142 cfm	3738	Btuh
Internal gain		3000	Btuh
Subtotal(sensible)		19345	Btuh
Duct gain		1935	Btuh
Total sensible gain		21280	Btuh
Latent gain(infiltration)		4910	Btuh
Latent gain(internal)		1380	Btuh
Total latent gain		6290	Btuh
TOTAL HEAT GAIN		27570	Btuh



EnergyGauge® System Sizing based on ACCA Manual J.
PREPARED BY: _____
DATE: _____

EnergyGauge® FLR1PB v3.22

System Sizing Calculations - Winter

Residential Load - Component Details

Spec House
SE Carob Gln, Suzanne Sub.
Lake City, FL 32025-

Project Title:
Aaron Simque Homes - Hip Spec

Class 3 Rating
Registration No. 0
Climate: North

Reference City: Gainesville (User customized) Winter Temperature Difference: 39.0 F

9/6/2005

Window	Panes/SHGC/Frame/U	Orientation	Area X	HTM=	Load
1	2, Clear, Metal, DEF	W	40.0	28.3	1132 Btuh
2	2, Clear, Metal, DEF	W	60.0	28.3	1698 Btuh
3	2, Clear, Metal, DEF	W	4.0	28.3	113 Btuh
4	2, Clear, Metal, DEF	E	22.0	28.3	623 Btuh
5	2, Clear, Metal, DEF	E	15.0	28.3	424 Btuh
6	2, Clear, Metal, DEF	E	15.0	28.3	424 Btuh
7	2, Clear, Metal, DEF	S	4.0	28.3	113 Btuh
8	2, Clear, Metal, DEF	S	12.0	28.3	340 Btuh
Window Total			172		4868 Btuh
Walls	Type	R-Value	Area X	HTM=	Load
1	Frame - Exterior	13.0	824	3.1	2554 Btuh
2	Frame - Adjacent	13.0	150	1.6	240 Btuh
Wall Total			974		2794 Btuh
Doors	Type		Area X	HTM=	Load
1	Insulated - Exter		20	18.3	367 Btuh
2	Insulated - Adjac		18	9.4	169 Btuh
Door Total			38		536 Btuh
Ceilings	Type	R-Value	Area X	HTM=	Load
1	Under Attic	30.0	1585	1.3	2060 Btuh
Ceiling Total			1585		2061 Btuh
Floors	Type	R-Value	Size X	HTM=	Load
1	Slab-On-Grade Edge Insul	0	178.0 ft(p)	31.6	5625 Btuh
Floor Total			178		5625 Btuh
Infiltration	Type	ACH X	Building Volume	CFM=	Load
	Natural	0.80	12112(sqft)	162	6942 Btuh
	Mechanical			0	0 Btuh
Infiltration Total				162	6942 Btuh

Totals for Heating	Subtotal	22825 Btuh
	Duct Loss(using duct multiplier of 0.05)	1141 Btuh
	Total Btuh Loss	23966 Btuh

Key: Window types (SHGC - Shading coefficient of glass as SHGC numerical value or as clear or tint)
(Frame types - metal, wood or insulated metal)
(U - Window U-Factor or 'DEF' for default)
(HTM - ManualJ Heat Transfer Multiplier)

Key: Floor size (perimeter(p) for slab-on-grade or area for all other floor types)

System Sizing Calculations - Summer

Residential Load - Component Details

Spec House
SE Carob Gln, Suzanne Sub.
Lake City, FL 32025-

Project Title:
Aaron Simque Homes - Hip Spec

Class 3 Rating
Registration No. 0
Climate: North

Reference City: Gainesville (User customized) Summer Temperature Difference: 24.0 F 9/6/2005

Window	Type	Overhang		Window Area(sqft)			HTM		Load	
	Panes/SHGC/U/InSh/ExSh Omt	Len	Hgt	Gross	Shaded	Unshaded	Shaded	Unshaded		
1	2, Clear, DEF, N, N	W	13.5	7.66	40.0	40.0	0.0	25	74	1000 Btuh
2	2, Clear, DEF, N, N	W	1.5	6	60.0	12.5	47.6	25	74	3830 Btuh
3	2, Clear, DEF, N, N	W	1.5	2	4.0	2.5	1.5	25	74	174 Btuh
4	2, Clear, DEF, N, N	E	11.5	7.66	22.0	22.0	0.0	25	74	550 Btuh
5	2, Clear, DEF, N, N	E	6.5	6	15.0	12.7	2.3	25	74	490 Btuh
6	2, Clear, DEF, N, N	E	1.5	6	15.0	0.0	15.0	25	74	1110 Btuh
7	2, Clear, DEF, N, N	S	1.5	2	4.0	4.0	0.0	25	39	100 Btuh
8	2, Clear, DEF, N, N	S	1.5	5	12.0	12.0	0.0	25	39	300 Btuh
Window Total					172					7554 Btuh
Walls	Type	R-Value			Area			HTM		Load
1	Frame - Exterior	13.0			824.0			2.2		1829 Btuh
2	Frame - Adjacent	13.0			150.0			1.5		228 Btuh
Wall Total					974.0					2057 Btuh
Doors	Type				Area			HTM		Load
1	Insulated - Exter				20.0			12.9		259 Btuh
2	Insulated - Adjac				18.0			12.9		233 Btuh
Door Total					38.0					492 Btuh
Ceilings	Type/Color	R-Value			Area			HTM		Load
1	Under Attic/Dark	30.0			1585.0			1.6		2504 Btuh
Ceiling Total					1585.0					2504 Btuh
Floors	Type	R-Value			Size			HTM		Load
1	Slab-On-Grade Edge Insulation	0.0			178.0 ft(p)			0.0		0 Btuh
Floor Total					178.0					0 Btuh
Infiltration	Type	ACH			Volume			CFM=		Load
	Natural	0.70			12112			141.6		3738 Btuh
	Mechanical							0		0 Btuh
Infiltration Total								142		3738 Btuh
Internal gain	Occupants			Btuh/occupant			Appliance		Load	
	6			X 300 +			1200		3000 Btuh	

Manual J Summer Calculations

Residential Load - Component Details (continued)

Spec House
SE Carob Gln, Suzanne Sub.
Lake City, FL 32025-

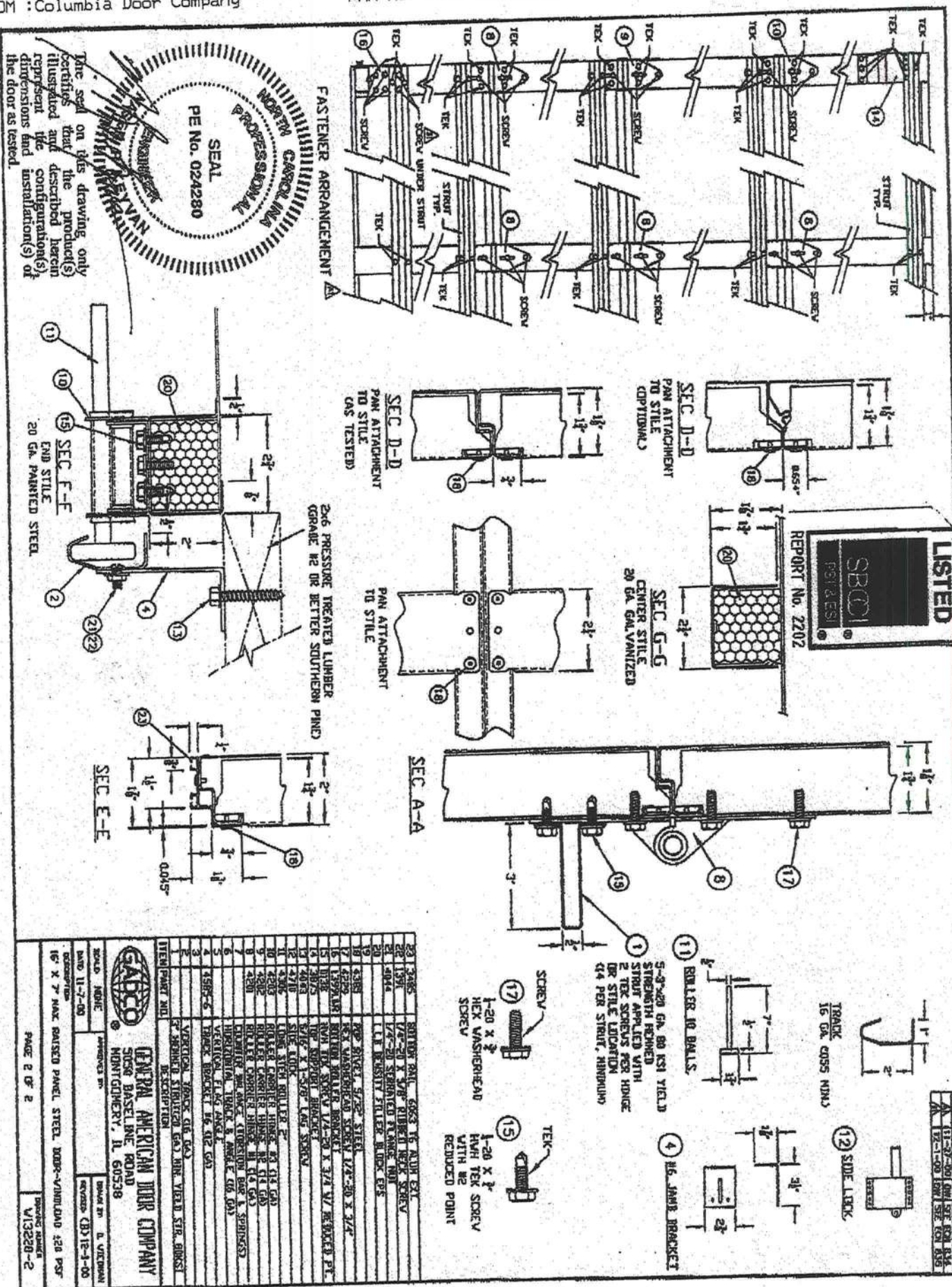
Project Title:
Aaron Simque Homes - Hip Spec

Class 3 Rating
Registration No. 0
Climate: North

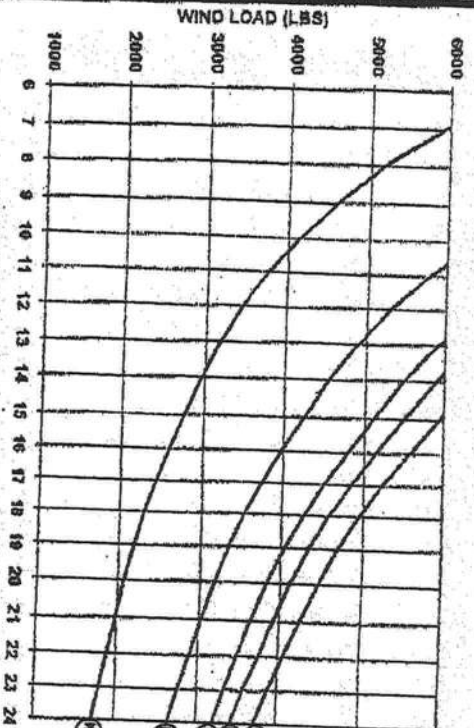
9/6/2005

Totals for Cooling	Subtotal	19345 Btuh
	Duct gain(using duct multiplier of 0.10)	1935 Btuh
	Total sensible gain	21280 Btuh
	Latent infiltration gain (for 51 gr. humidity difference)	4910 Btuh
	Latent occupant gain (6 people @ 230 Btuh per person)	1380 Btuh
	Latent other gain	0 Btuh
	TOTAL GAIN	27570 Btuh

Key: Window types (SHGC - Shading coefficient of glass as SHGC numerical value or as clear or tint)
(U - Window U-Factor or 'DEF' for default)
(InSh - Interior shading device: none(N), Blinds/Daperies(B) or Roller Shades(R))
(ExSh - Exterior shading device: none(N) or numerical value)
(Omt - compass orientation)



WIND LOAD VS ANCHOR SPACING



MAXIMUM ANCHOR SPACING (INCHES) PER EACH JAMB

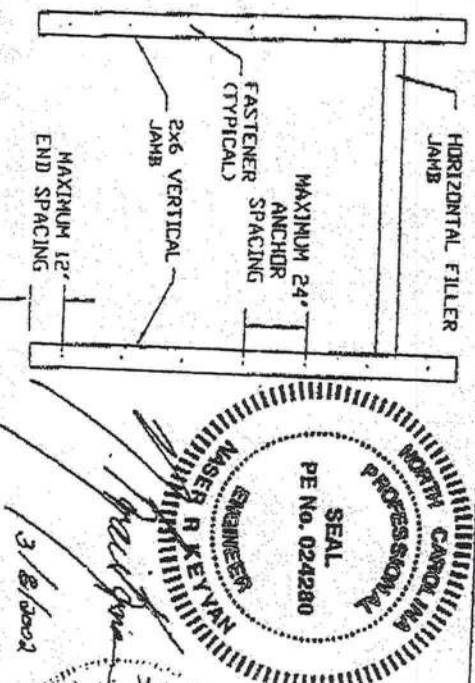
DESIGN (LBS) X GARAGE DOOR AREA (WIDTH-FT X HEIGHT-FT) = WIND LOAD (LBS)
LOAD / FT²

EXAMPLE

30 LBS / FT² X 16 FT WIDE X 8 FT HIGH = 3840 LBS

① USE 22" SPACING
② USE 21" SPACING
③ USE 19" SPACING

SEE NOTE II FOR ADDITIONAL REQUIRED 2X6 WOOD JAMB ANCHORS



SEAL
PE No. 024280
NORTH CAROLINA PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
EMERSON R. KEYVAN
3/8/2002

2X6 JAMB TO SUPPORTING STRUCTURE ATTACHMENT

2X6 PRESSURE TREATED GRADE #2 OR BETTER SOUTHERN PINE WOOD JAMB SHALL BE ANCHORED TO BUILDING WOOD FRAME, GROUTED AND REINFORCED CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT (CMU) WALLS OR COLUMNS, OR REINFORCED CONCRETE COLUMNS.

NOTES:

- 1) ALL DOOR OPENING SURROUNDING STRUCTURE TO BE DESIGNED BY REGISTERED ENGINEER OR ARCHITECT WITH DUE CONSIDERATION GIVEN TO INSTALLATIONS USING CENTER "HURRICANE" POSTS.
- 2) ALL DOOR OPENING STRUCTURE AND FASTENERS TO COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE CODES INCLUDING SBCI STANDARD FOR HURRICANE RESISTANT RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION SSTB 10, CURRENT EDITION.
- 3) ALL FASTENERS TO BE INSTALLED IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS, INSTRUCTIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.
- 4) WOOD FRAME BUILDINGS: STUDS AT EACH SIDE OF DOOR OPENING SHALL BE PROPERLY DESIGNED, CONNECTED, ANCHORED AND SHALL CONSIST OF A MINIMUM OF THREE (3) LAMINATIONS OF 2X6 PRESSURE TREATED SOUTHERN PINE #2 GRADE OR BETTER WALL STUDS CONTINUOUS FROM FLOODING TO DOUBLE TOP PLATE.
- 5) REINFORCED CMU OR CONCRETE: 2X6 WOOD JAMB SHALL BE ANCHORED TO SOLIDLY GROUTED AND REINFORCED CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT (CMU) WALLS OR COLUMNS, OR REINFORCED CONCRETE COLUMNS. ANCHOR SPACING AND EMBEDMENT IS BASED ON CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS COMPLYING WITH ASTM C90 WITH A MINIMUM NET AREA COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 2150 PSI GROUT WITH A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 2000 PSI REINFORCED CONCRETE COLUMNS WITH A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 2500 PSI.
- 6) EMBEDMENTS LISTED ARE THE MINIMUM ALLOWABLE EMBEDMENTS.
- 7) ANCHORS FOR CONCRETE AND CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS (CMU) SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM 3" EDGE DISTANCE FROM ALL EDGES OF CONCRETE OR CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS. ANCHORS FOR CONCRETE AND CMU SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM SPACING OF 3-3/4".
- 8) LAG SCREWS SHALL BE CENTERED IN ONE OF THE 1-1/2" DIMENSION FACES OF THE TRIPLE 2X6 WALL STUDS.
- 9) WASHERS ARE REQUIRED ON ALL FASTENERS.
- 10) THE WIND LOAD VS. ANCHOR SPACING CHART IS FOR A MAXIMUM DOOR SIZE OF 16' X 8' AT A MAXIMUM 42 PSF DESIGN WIND LOAD.
- 11) FOR THE UPPER THREE INDIVIDUAL STEEL JAMB BRACKETS, BRACKETS SHALL BE CENTERED BETWEEN THE TWO CLOSEST 2X6 WOOD JAMB ANCHORS. IF THE STEEL JAMB BRACKET IS NOT CENTERED BETWEEN THE TWO CLOSEST 2X6 WOOD JAMB ANCHORS, ADD AN ADDITIONAL 2X6 WOOD JAMB ANCHOR NEAR THAT STEEL BRACKET TO INSURE THAT THE LOAD FROM THE STEEL BRACKET IS EQUALLY TRANSFERRED TO TWO WOOD JAMB ANCHORS.

GENERAL AMERICAN DOOR COMPANY
5000 BASELINE ROAD
MONTGOMERY, IL 60538

DATE: 3-8-02
REV: B-30-99
APPROVED BY: [Signature]
RECEIVED BY: [Signature]

JAMB TO STRUCTURE ATTACHMENT
FOR WIND LOADED GARAGE DOORS

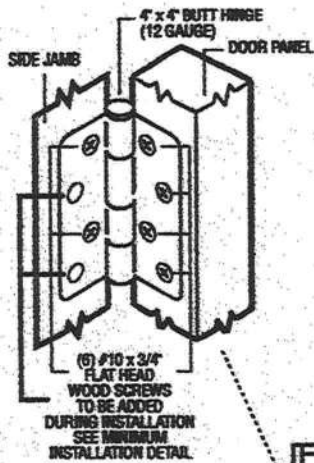
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REV: A10560

XX
Unit

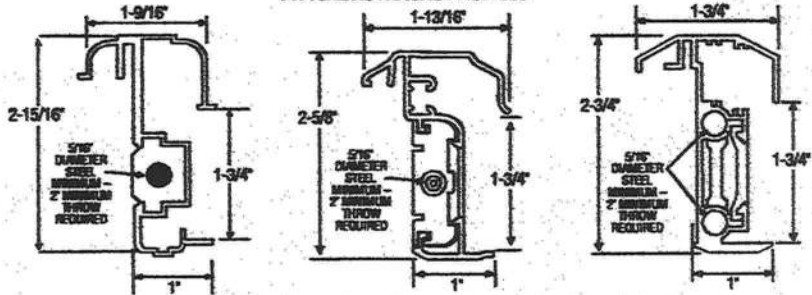
MAD-WL-MA0012-02

OUTSWING UNITS WITH DOUBLE DOOR

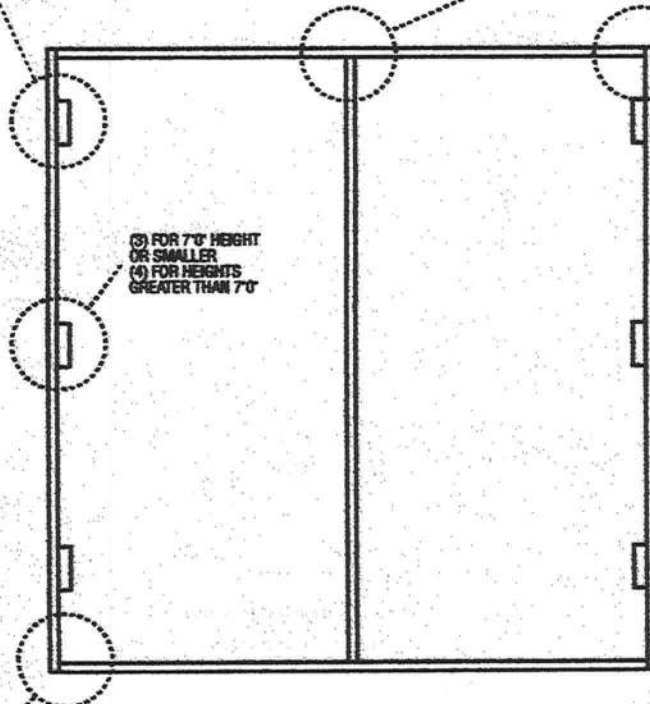
TYPICAL HINGE ATTACHMENT



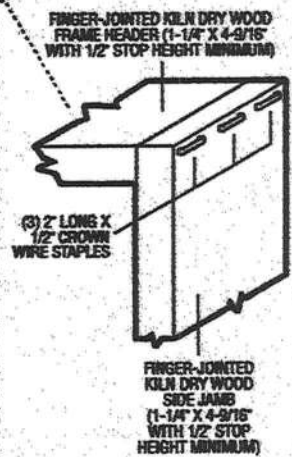
TYPICAL ASTRAGAL PROFILES



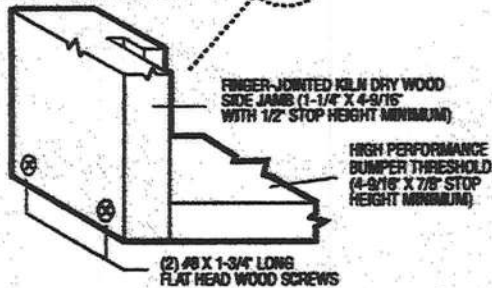
ALUMINUM EXTRUDED ASTRAGAL (0.06" MINIMUM WALL THICKNESS) WITH ADDED REINFORCEMENT INSERTS AT TOP EXTENSION BOLT, BOTTOM EXTENSION BOLT AND CYLINDRICAL DEADBOLT LATCHING LOCATIONS. ATTACH WITH #8 X 1" PAN HEAD SCREWS - LOCATE 1" FROM EACH END MINIMUM AND 22" O.C. MAXIMUM.



TYPICAL HEADER & SIDE JAMB ATTACHMENT



TYPICAL THRESHOLD & SIDE JAMB ATTACHMENT



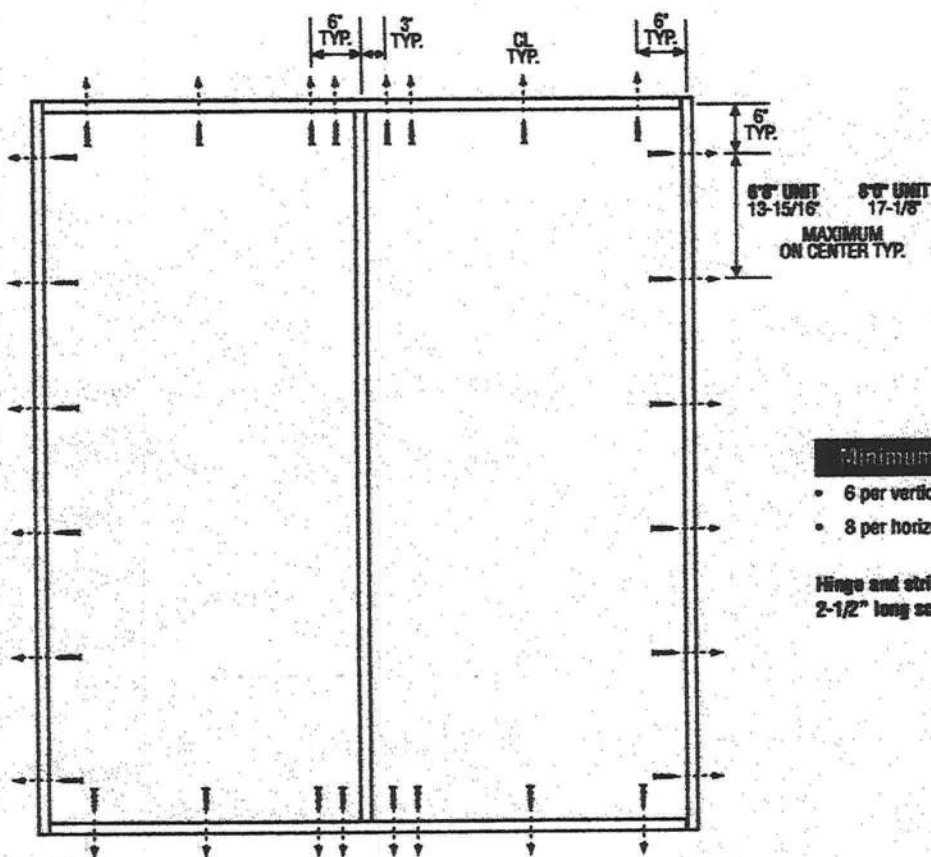
March 29, 2002
Our continuing program of product improvement makes specifications, design and product detail subject to change without notice.



Exclusively from

Masonite
Masonite International Corporation

DOUBLE DOOR



Minimum Fastener Count

- 6 per vertical framing member
- 8 per horizontal framing member

Hinge and strike plates require two 2-1/2" long screws per location.

Latching Hardware:

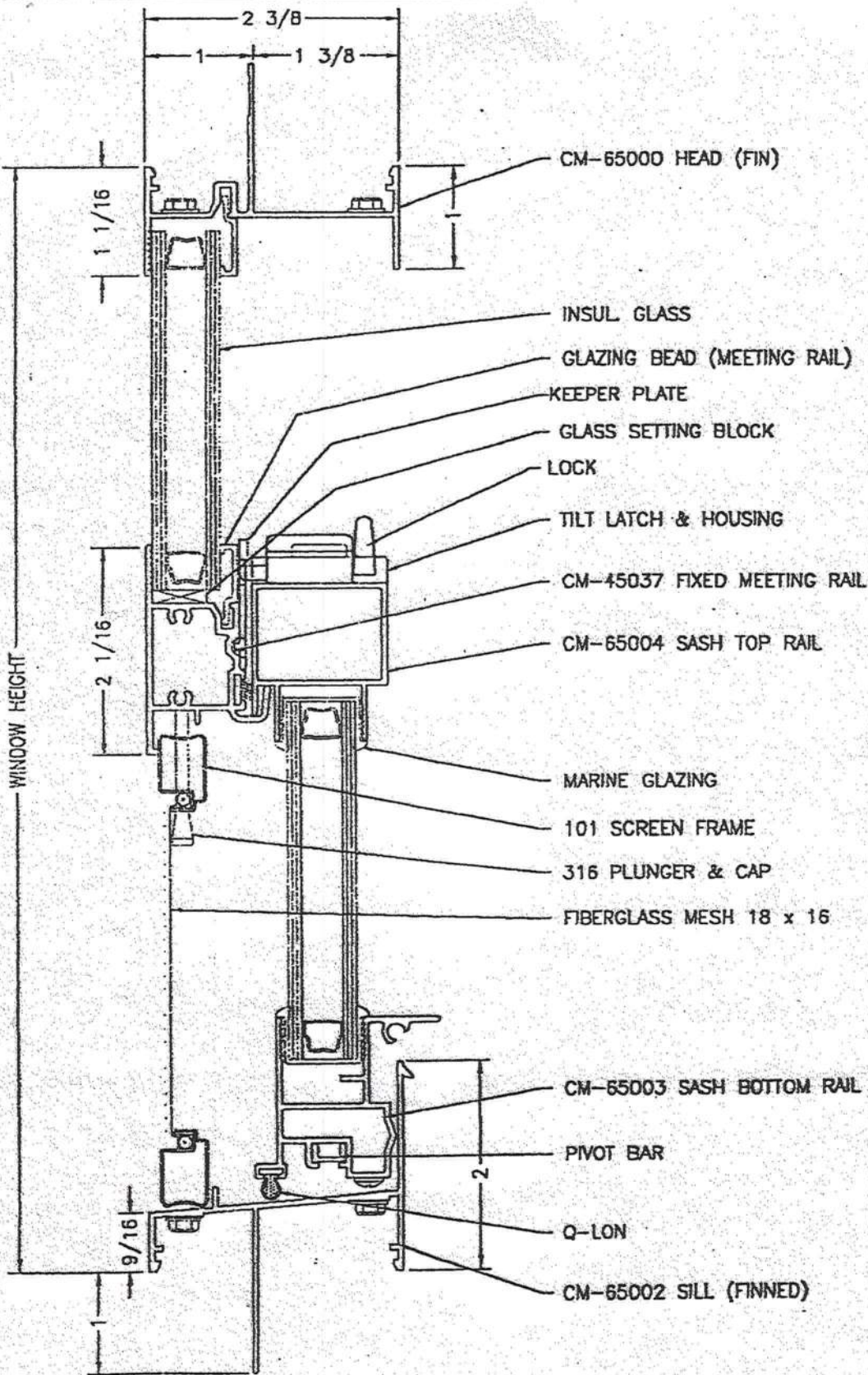
- Compliance requires that GRADE 2 or better (ANSI/BHMA A156.2) cylindrical and deadlock hardware be installed.

Notes:

1. Anchor calculations have been carried out with the lowest (least) fastener rating from the different fasteners being considered for use. Fasteners analyzed for this unit include #8 and #10 wood screws or 3/16" Tapcons.
2. The wood screw single shear design values come from Table 11.3A of ANSI/AF & PA NDS for southern pine lumber with a side member thickness of 1-1/4" and achievement of minimum embedment. The 3/16" Tapcon single shear design values come from the ITW and ELCO Dade County approvals respectively, each with minimum 1-1/4" embedment.
3. Wood bucks by others, must be anchored properly to transfer loads to the structure.

March 29, 2002
Our continuing program of product improvement makes specifications, design and product detail subject to change without notice.

650-AS1
A



MI HOME PRODUCTS

650 WEST MARKET STREET • GRATZ, PA • 17030-0370

TITLE

650 SH FIN MAIN FRAME
VERTICAL CROSS SECTION

DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE
4-7-92	Y.M.R.		

DATE

DATE

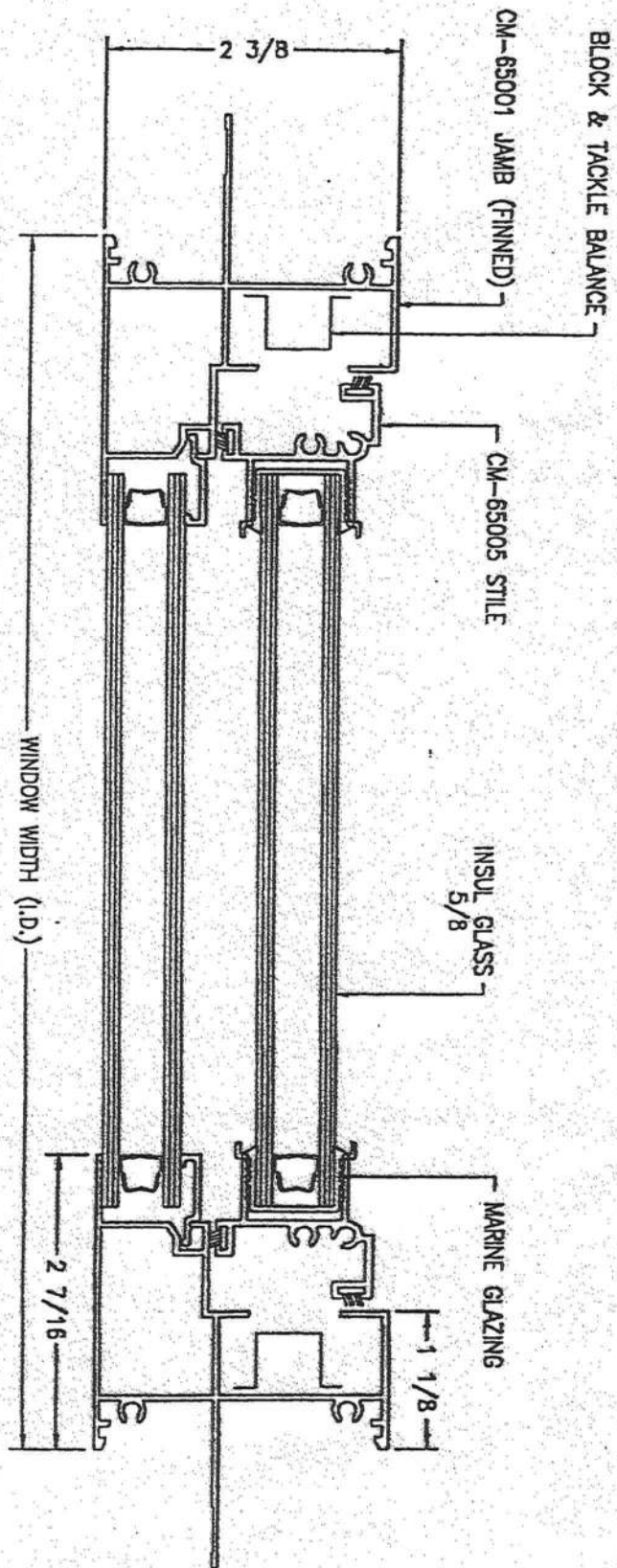
SCALE

DATE

SCALE

650-AS1

A



650-AS2 B

UN.	DESCRIPTION	REV.	DATE

MI HOME PRODUCTS			
650 WEST MARKET STREET • GRAFT, PA • 17030-0370			
TITLE			
650 SH FIN MAIN FRAME INSULATED			
GLASS HORIZONTAL CROSS SECTION			
DATE	REV.	BY	CHK.
4-7-02	FULL		
650-AS2			REV. B



DOOR DATA

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA
METRO-DADE FLAGLER BUILDING

PRODUCT CONTROL NOTICE OF ACCEPTANCE

Premdor Entry Systems
911 E. Jefferson, P.O. Box 76
Pittsburgh, KS 66762.

BUILDING CODE COMPLIANCE OFFICE
METRO-DADE FLAGLER BUILDING
140 WEST FLAGLER STREET, SUITE 1603
MIAMI, FLORIDA 33130-1563
(305) 375-2901 FAX (305) 375-2908

CONTRACTOR LICENSING SECTION
(305) 375-2527 FAX (305) 375-2558

CONTRACTOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION
(305) 375-2966 FAX (305) 375-2908

PRODUCT CONTROL DIVISION
(305) 375-2902 FAX (305) 372-6337

Your application for Notice of Acceptance (NOA) of:
Entergy 6-8 S-W/E Inswing Opaque Double w/sidelites Residential Insulated Steel Door
under Chapter 8 of the Code of Miami-Dade County governing the use of Alternate Materials and Types of
Construction, and completely described herein, has been recommended for acceptance by the Miami-Dade
County Building Code Compliance Office (BCCO) under the conditions specified herein.

This NOA shall not be valid after the expiration date stated below. BCCO reserves the right to secure this
product or material at any time from a jobsite or manufacturer's plant for quality control testing. If this
product or material fails to perform in the approved manner, BCCO may revoke, modify, or suspend the
use of such product or material immediately. BCCO reserves the right to revoke this approval, if it is
determined by BCCO that this product or material fails to meet the requirements of the South Florida
Building Code.

The expense of such testing will be incurred by the manufacturer.

ACCEPTANCE NO.: 01-0314.24
EXPIRES: 04/02/2006

Raul Rodriguez
Chief Product Control Division

THIS IS THE COVERSHEET. SEE ADDITIONAL PAGES FOR SPECIFIC AND GENERAL
CONDITIONS
BUILDING CODE & PRODUCT REVIEW COMMITTEE

This application for Product Approval has been reviewed by the BCCO and approved by the Building
Code and Product Review Committee to be used in Miami-Dade County, Florida under the conditions set
forth above.

Francisco J. Quintana, R.A.
Director
Miami-Dade County
Building Code Compliance Office

APPROVED: 06/05/2001



BUILDING CODE COMPLIANCE OFFICE
METRO-DADE FLAGLER BUILDING
140 WEST FLAGLER STREET, SUITE 1603
MIAMI, FLORIDA 33130-1563
(305) 375-2901 FAX (305) 375-2908

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(305) 375-2966 FAX (305) 375-2908

PRODUCT CONTROL DIVISION
(305) 375-2902 FAX (305) 375-6339

PRODUCT CONTROL NOTICE OF ACCEPTANCE

Premdor Entry Systems
911 E. Jefferson, P.O. Box 76
Pittsburgh, KS 66762

Your application for Notice of Acceptance (NOA) of:

Energry 6-8 S-W/E Inswing Opaque Single w/sidelites Residential Insulated Steel Door
under Chapter 8 of the Code of Miami-Dade County governing the use of Alternate Materials and Types of Construction, and completely described herein, has been recommended for acceptance by the Miami-Dade County Building Code Compliance Office (BCCO) under the conditions specified herein.

This NOA shall not be valid after the expiration date stated below. BCCO reserves the right to secure this product or material at any time from a jobsite or manufacturer's plant for quality control testing. If this product or material fails to perform in the approved manner, BCCO may revoke, modify, or suspend the use of such product or material immediately. BCCO reserves the right to revoke this approval, if it is determined by BCCO that this product or material fails to meet the requirements of the South Florida Building Code.

The expense of such testing will be incurred by the manufacturer.

ACCEPTANCE NO.: 01-0314.18
EXPIRES: 04/02/2006

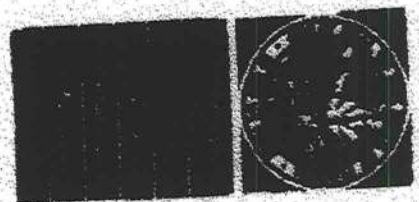
Raul Rodriguez
Chief Product Control Division

THIS IS THE COVERSHEET. SEE ADDITIONAL PAGES FOR SPECIFIC AND GENERAL CONDITIONS BUILDING CODE & PRODUCT REVIEW COMMITTEE

This application for Product Approval has been reviewed by the BCCO and approved by the Building Code and Product Review Committee to be used in Miami-Dade County, Florida under the conditions set forth above.

Francisco J. Quintana, R.A.
Director
Miami-Dade County
Building Code Compliance Office

APPROVED: 06/05/2001



Page 1 of 2

FLORIDA BLOOD CO.

Select the organization type, status, or name to find an organization

Organization: Product Manufacturer
Type:

Approval (All)	Manufact. Buildings Status:
-------------------	-----------------------------------

Organization General American Door - Product Manufacturer
Name:

Cancel

Search

Result List for Organizations

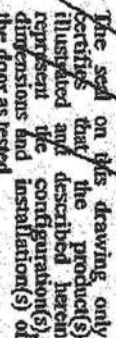
Displaying 1-1 of 1

Displaying 1-1 of 1						
Name	City	Contact	Phone	Type	Expiry	Status
(General) America	Montgomery	James Campbell	6368593000	Product Manufacturer	01/01/2099	Approved
Doc#						
Org Code PDM		System ID# 3585				
			Site Link: www.gadco.com			

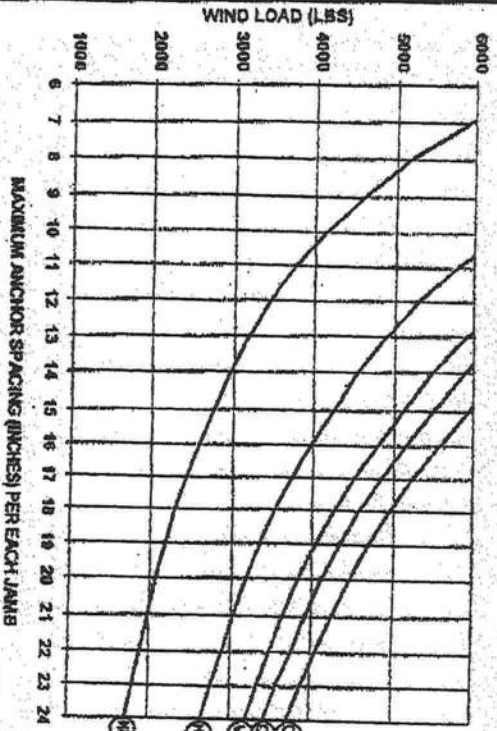
Displaying 1-1 of 1

Displaying I-1 at 1

http://www.floridabuilding.org/Common/c_org_regi_SRCH.asp



WIND LOAD VS ANCHOR SPACING



- 1) CONCRETE BACKUP NOT TO EXCEED 12" MAXIMUM ANCHOR 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 2) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 3) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 4) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 5) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 6) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 7) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 8) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 9) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 10) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 11) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 12) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 13) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 14) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 15) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 16) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 17) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 18) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 19) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 20) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 21) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 22) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 23) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT
- 24) CONCRETE BACKUP 3/8" DIA. 1-5/8" EMBEDMENT

DESIGN (LBS) X GARAGE DOOR AREA (WIDTH-FT X HEIGHT-FT) = WIND LOAD (LBS)
LOAD FT²

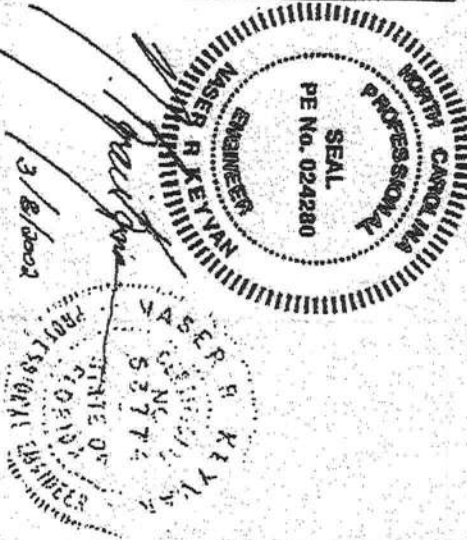
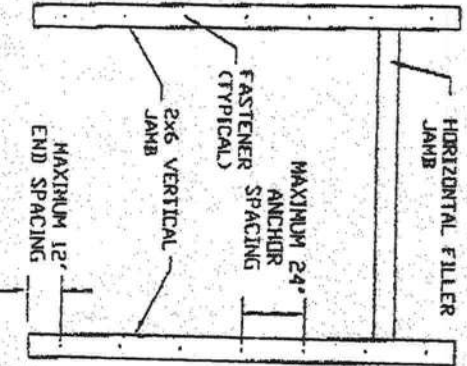
MAXIMUM ANCHOR SPACING (INCHES) PER EACH JAMB

EXAMPLE

30 LBS X 16 FT WIDE X 8 FT HIGH = 3840 LBS
FT²

- 1) USE 22" SPACING
- 2) USE 21" SPACING
- 3) USE 19" SPACING
- 4) USE 16" SPACING
- 5) USE 10" SPACING

SEE NOTE 11 FOR ADDITIONAL REQUIRED 2X6 WOOD JAMB ANCHORS



2X6 JAMB TO SUPPORTING STRUCTURE ATTACHMENT

2X6 PRESSURE TREATED GRADE #2 OR BETTER SOUTHERN PINE) WOOD JAMB SHALL BE ANCHORED TO BUILDING WOOD FRAME, GROUTED AND REINFORCED CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT (CMU) WALLS OR COLUMNS, OR REINFORCED CONCRETE COLUMNS.

NOTES:

- 1) ALL DOOR OPENING SURROUNDING STRUCTURE TO BE DESIGNED BY REGISTERED ENGINEER OR ARCHITECT WITH DUE CONSIDERATION GIVEN TO INSTALLATIONS USING CENTER "HURRICANE" POSTS.
- 2) ALL DOOR OPENING STRUCTURE AND FASTENERS TO COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE CODES INCLUDING SBCI STANDARD FOR HURRICANE RESISTANT RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION SSTB 10, CURRENT EDITION.
- 3) ALL FASTENERS TO BE INSTALLED IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS, INSTRUCTIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.
- 4) WOOD FRAME, REINFORCED STUDS AT EACH SIDE OF DOOR OPENING SHALL BE PROPERLY DESIGNED, CONNECTED, ANCHORED AND SHALL CONSIST OF A MINIMUM GRADE OR BETTER WALL STUDS CONTINUOUS FROM FOOTING TO DOUBLE TOP PLATE.
- 5) REINFORCED CMU OR CONCRETE, 2X6 WOOD JAMB SHALL BE ANCHORED TO SOLIDLY GROUTED AND REINFORCED CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT (CMU) WALLS OR COLUMNS, OR REINFORCED CONCRETE COLUMNS. ANCHOR SPACING AND EMBEDMENT IS BASED ON CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH WITH ASTM C90 WITH A MINIMUM NET AREA COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 2150 PSI. GROUT WITH A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 2000 PSI REINFORCED CONCRETE COLUMNS WITH A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 2500 PSI.
- 6) EMBEDMENTS LISTED ARE THE MINIMUM ALLOWABLE EMBEDMENTS.
- 7) ANCHORS FOR CONCRETE AND CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS CMU SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM 3" EDGE DISTANCE FROM ALL EDGES OF CONCRETE OR CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS. ANCHORS FOR CONCRETE AND CMU SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM SPACING OF 3-3/4".
- 8) LAG SCREWS SHALL BE CENTERED IN ONE OF THE 1-1/2" DIMENSION FACES OF THE TRIPLE 2X6 WALL STUDS.
- 9) WASHERS ARE REQUIRED ON ALL FASTENERS.
- 10) THE WIND LOAD VS. ANCHOR SPACING CHART IS FOR A MAXIMUM DOOR SIZE OF 16' X 8' AT A MAXIMUM 42 PSF DESIGN WIND LOAD.
- 11) FOR THE UPPER THREE INDIVIDUAL STEEL JAMB BRACKETS, BRACKETS SHALL BE CENTERED BETWEEN THE TWO CLOSEST 2X6 WOOD JAMB ANCHORS. IF THE STEEL JAMB BRACKET IS NOT CENTERED BETWEEN THE TWO CLOSEST 2X6 WOOD JAMB ANCHORS, AN ADDITIONAL 2X6 WOOD JAMB ANCHOR NEAR THAT STEEL BRACKET TO INSURE THAT THE LOAD FROM THE STEEL BRACKET IS EQUALLY TRANSFERRED TO TWO WOOD JAMB ANCHORS.

GENERAL AMERICAN DOOR COMPANY 5000 BASELINE ROAD HUNTSVILLE, AL 35894	
ORDER NO. DATE QUANTITY DESCRIPTION FOR WIND LOADED GARAGE DOORS	ORDER NO. DATE QUANTITY DESCRIPTION FOR WIND LOADED GARAGE DOORS

**AAMA/NWWDA 101/LS.2-97
TEST REPORT SUMMARY**

Rendered to:

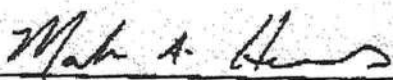
MI HOME PRODUCTS, INC.

**SERIES/MODEL: 650
TYPE: Aluminum Picture Window**

Title of Test	Results
Rating	F-R45 60 x 80
Overall Design Pressure	+45.0 psf -47.2 psf
Air Infiltration	0.04 cfm/ft ²
Water Resistance	8.25 psf
Structural Test Pressure	+67.5 psf -70.8 psf
Forced Entry Resistance	Grade 10

Reference should be made to Report No. 01-41135.01 dated 03/26/02 for complete test specimen description and data.

For ARCHITECTURAL TESTING, INC.


Mark A. Hess, Technician

MAH:nlb

Allen M. Reeves
1 APRIL 2002





Architectural Testing

AAMA/NWWDA 101/LS-2-97 TEST REPORT

Rendered to:

MI HOME PRODUCTS, INC.
650 West Market Street
P.O. Box 370
Gratz, Pennsylvania 17030-0370

Report No: 01-41135.01

Test Date: 03/07/02

Report Date: 03/26/02

Expiration Date: 03/07/06

Project Summary: Architectural Testing, Inc. (ATI) was contracted by MI Home Products, Inc. to perform tests on Series/Model 650, aluminum picture window at their facility located in Elizabethville, Pennsylvania. The samples tested successfully met the performance requirements for a F-R45 60 x 80 rating.

Test Specification: The test specimen was evaluated in accordance with AAMA/NWWDA 101/LS-2-97, *Voluntary Specifications for Aluminum, Vinyl (PVC) and Wood Windows and Glass Doors*.

Test Specimen Description

Series/Model: 650

Type: Aluminum Picture Window

Overall Size: 5' 0" wide by 6' 8" high

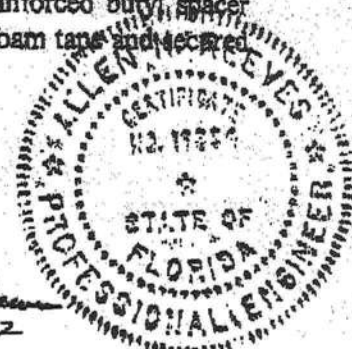
Daylight Opening Size: 4' 9-1/4" wide by 6' 5-1/4" high

Finish All aluminum was white.

Glazing Details: The test specimen utilized 7/8" thick, sealed insulating glass constructed from two sheets of 3/16" thick, clear annealed glass and a metal reinforced butyl spacer system. The glass was interior glazed against double-sided adhesive foam tape and secured with aluminum snap-in glazing beads.

130 Derry Court
York, PA 17402-9405
phone: 717.764.7700
fax: 717.764.4129
www.archtest.com

Allen H. Reeves
1 APR 12 2002



Test Specimen Description: (Continued)

Frame Construction: The frame was constructed of extruded aluminum with coped, butted, and sealed corners fastened with two #8 x 1" screws through the head and sill into each jamb screw boss.

Reinforcement: No reinforcement was utilized.

Installation: The test specimen was installed into a 2 x 8 #2 Spruce-Pine-Fir wood test buck. #8 x 2-1/2" installation screws were utilized 18" on center around the interior perimeter. Polyurethane was utilized to seal the exterior.

Test Results:

The results are tabulated as follows:

<u>Paragraph</u>	<u>Title of Test - Test Method</u>	<u>Results</u>	<u>Allowed</u>
	Air Infiltration (ASTM E 283-91) @ 1.57 psf (25 mph)	0.04 cfm/ft ²	0.3 cfm/ft ² max.

Note #1: The tested specimen meets the performance levels specified in AAMA/NWDA 101/I.S. 2-97 for air infiltration.

	Water Resistance (ASTM E 547-00) WTP = 2.86 psf	No leakage	No leakage
2.1.4.1	Uniform Load Deflection (ASTM E 330-97) (Measurements reported were taken on the jamb) (Loads were held for 33 seconds) @ 25.9 psf (positive) @ 34.7 psf (negative)	0.01" 0.01"	0.41" max. 0.41" max.
2.1.4.2	Uniform Load Structural (ASTM E 330-97) (Measurements reported were taken on the jamb) (Loads were held for 10 seconds) @ 38.9 psf (positive) @ 52.1 psf (negative)	0.0" 0.01"	0.29" max. 0.29" max.



Allen H. Reeves
1 APRIL 2002

Test Results: (Continued)

<u>Paragraph</u>	<u>Title of Test - Test Method</u>	<u>Results</u>	<u>Allowed</u>
	Forced Entry Resistance (ASTM F 588-97)		
	Type: D		
	Grade: 10		
	Hand and Tool Manipulation Test	No entry	No entry
<u>Optional Performance</u>			
4.3	Water Resistance (ASTM E 547-00)		
	WTP = 8.25 psf	No leakage	No leakage
	Uniform Load Deflection (ASTM E 330-97)		
	(Measurements reported were taken on the jamb)		
	(Loads were held for 33 seconds)		
	@ 45.0 psf (positive)	0.02"	0.41" max.
	@ 47.2 psf (negative)	0.02"	0.41" max.
	Uniform Load Structural (ASTM E 330-97)		
	(Measurements reported were taken on the jamb)		
	(Loads were held for 10 seconds)		
	@ 67.5 psf (positive)	0.01"	0.29" max.
	@ 70.8 psf (negative)	0.02"	0.29" max.

Detailed drawings, representative samples of the test specimen, and a copy of this report will be retained by ATI for a period of four years. The above results were secured by using the designated test methods and they indicate compliance with the performance requirements of the above referenced specification. This report does not constitute certification of this product, which may only be granted by the certification program administrator.

For ARCHITECTURAL TESTING, INC.

Mark A. Hess

Mark A. Hess
Technician

MAH:nlb
01-41135.01

Allen N. Reeves

Allen N. Reeves, P.E.
Director - Engineering Services
1 APRIL 2002



A

**AAMA/NWWDA 101/1.8.2-97
TEST REPORT**

Rendered to:

MI HOME PRODUCTS, INC.

SERIES/MODEL: 650

TYPE: Aluminum Triple Single Hung Window

Title of Test	Summary of Results
AAMA Rating	H-R35 112 x 72
Uniform Load Deflection Test Pressure	+35.3 psf -47.2 psf
Operating Force	25 lb max.
Air Infiltration	0.16 cfm/ft ²
Water Resistance Test Pressure	5.25 psf
Uniform Load Structural Test Pressure	+53.0 psf -52.5 psf
Deglazing	Passed
Forced Entry Resistance	Grade 10

Reference should be made to ATI Report No. 01-41641.01 for complete description and data.

Allen N. Reeves
7 JUNE 2002



B



Architectural Testing

AAMA/NWWDA 101/LS.2-97 TEST REPORT

Rendered to

MI HOME PRODUCTS, INC.
P.O. Box 370
650 West Market Street
Gratz, Pennsylvania 17030-0370

Report No: 01-41641.01
Test Date: 05/13/02
And: 05/16/02
Report Date: 06/05/02
Expiration Date: 05/16/06

Project Summary: Architectural Testing, Inc. (ATI) was contracted by MI Home Products, Inc. to witness testing on a Series/Model 650, aluminum triple single hung window at their facility located in Elizabethville, Pennsylvania. The sample tested successfully met the performance requirements for a H-R35 112 x 72 rating.

Test Specification: The test specimen was evaluated in accordance with AAMA/NWWDA 101/LS.2-97, *Voluntary Specifications for Aluminum, Vinyl (PVC) and Wood Windows and Glass Doors*.

Test Specimen Description:

Series/Model: 650

Type: Aluminum Triple Single Hung Window

Overall Size: 9' 3-1/2" wide by 5' 11-11/16" high

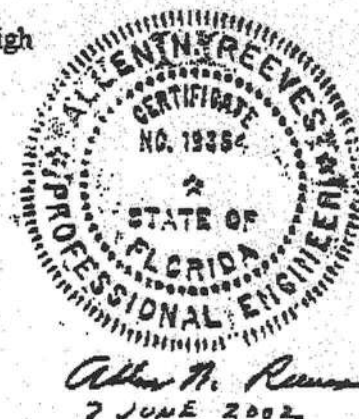
Active Sash Size (3): 3' 0-1/4" wide by 2' 10-3/4" high

Fixed Daylight Opening Size (3): 2' 8-1/4" wide by 2' 9-1/8" high

Screen Size (3): 2' 9-1/8" wide by 2' 11" high

Finish: All aluminum was painted white.

130 Derry Court
York, PA 17402-9405
phone: 717.764.7700
fax: 717.764.4129
www.archtest.com



Test Specimen Description: (Continued)

Glazing Details: The active and fixed lites utilized 5/8" thick, sealed insulating glass constructed from two sheets of 1/8" thick, clear annealed glass and a metal reinforced butyl spacer system. The active sash was channel glazed utilizing a flexible vinyl wrap-around gasket. The fixed lite was interior glazed against double-sided adhesive foam tape and secured with PVC snap-in glazing beads.

Weatherstripping:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Location</u>
0.230" high by 0.270" backed polypile with center fin	Row	Fixed meeting rail
0.250" high by 0.187" backed polypile with center fin	2 Rows	Active sash stiles
1/2" by 1/2" dust plug	4 Pieces	Active sash, top and bottom of stiles
1/4" foam filled vinyl bulb seal	1 Row	Active sash, bottom rail

Frame Construction: The frame was constructed of extruded aluminum with coped, butted, and sealed corners fastened with two #8 x 1" screws through the head and sill into each jamb screw boss. End caps were utilized on the ends of the fixed meeting rail and secured with two 1-1/4" screws per cap. The meeting rail was secured to the frame utilizing two 1-1/4" screws. The mullions were secured utilizing four #8 x 1-1/4" screws through the head and sill into the mullion screw boss.

Sash Construction: The sash was constructed of extruded aluminum with coped, butted, and sealed corners fastened with two #8 x 1-1/2" screws through the rails into each stile's screw boss.

Screen Construction: The screen was constructed from roll-formed aluminum with keyed corners. The fiberglass mesh was secured with a flexible spline.



Test Specimen Description: (Continued)

Hardware:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Location</u>
Metal cam lock with keeper	1	Midspan of each active meeting rail with adjacent keepers
Plastic tilt latch	2	Each active sash meeting rail ends
Metal tilt pin	2	Each active sash bottom rail ends
Balance assembly	2	Each active sash contained one in each jamb
Screen plunger	2	Each screen contained two 4" from rail ends on top rail

Drainage: Sloped sill

Reinforcement: No reinforcement was utilized.

Installation: The test specimen was installed into a 2 x 8 #2 Spruce-Pine-Fir wood buck with #8 x 1-5/8" drywall screws every 8" on center around the nail fin. Polyurethane was used as a sealant under the nail fin and around the exterior perimeter.

Test Results:

The results are tabulated as follows.

<u>Paragraph</u>	<u>Title of Test - Test Method</u>	<u>Results</u>	<u>Allowed</u>
2.2.1.6.1	Operating Force	25 lbs	30 lbs max.
	Air Infiltration (ASTM E 283-91) @ 1.57 psf (25 mph)	0.16 cfm/ft ²	0.3 cfm/ft ² max.

Note #1: The tested specimen meets the performance levels specified in AAMA/NWDA 101/LS-2-97 for air infiltration.

Water Resistance (ASTM E 547-00)
(with and without screen)
WTP = 2.86 psf

No leakage

Allen N. Reeves
7 JUNE 2002



Test Results: (Continued)

<u>Paragraph</u>	<u>Title of Test - Test Method</u>	<u>Results</u>	<u>Allowed</u>
2.1.4.1	Uniform Load Deflection (ASTM E 330-97) (Measurements reported were taken on the mullion) (Loads were held for 52 seconds) @ 15.0 psf (positive) @ 15.0 psf (negative)	0.15" 0.29"	0.41" max. 0.41" max.
2.1.4.2	Uniform Load Structural (ASTM E 330-97) (Measurements reported were taken on the mullion) (Loads were held for 10 seconds) @ 22.5 psf (positive) @ 22.5 psf (negative)	0.01" 0.01"	0.29" max. 0.29" max.
2.2 .6.2	Deglazing Test (ASTM E 987-88) In operating direction at 70 lbs Right sash, meeting rail Right sash, bottom rail Middle sash, meeting rail Middle sash, bottom rail Left sash, meeting rail Left sash, bottom rail In remaining direction at 50 lbs Right sash, right stile Right sash, left stile Middle sash, right stile Middle sash, left stile Left sash, right stile Left sash, left stile	0.12"/25% 0.12"/25% 0.12"/25% 0.12"/25% 0.12"/25% 0.12"/25% 0.06"/12% 0.06"/12% 0.06"/12% 0.06"/12% 0.06"/12% 0.06"/12%	0.50"/100% 0.50"/100% 0.50"/100% 0.50"/100% 0.50"/100% 0.50"/100% 0.50"/100% 0.50"/100% 0.50"/100% 0.50"/100% 0.50"/100% 0.50"/100%
2 .8	Forced Entry Resistance (ASTM F 588-97) Type: A Grade: 10 Lock Manipulation Test Test A1 through A5 Test A7 Lock Manipulation Test	No entry No entry No entry No entry	No entry No entry No entry No entry

Allen N. Reeves
7 JUNE 2002



Test Results: (Continued)

<u>Paragraph</u>	<u>Title of Test - Test Method</u>	<u>Results</u>	<u>Allowed</u>
<u>Optional Performance</u>			
4.3	Water Resistance (ASTM E 547-00) (with and without screen) WTP = 5.25 psf	No leakage	No leakage
	Uniform Load Deflection (ASTM E 330-97) (Measurements reported were taken on the mullion) (Loads were held for 52 seconds)		
	@ 35.3 psf (positive)	0.46"	0.41" max
	@ 47.2 psf (negative)	0.67"	0.41" max
<i>*Exceeds L/175 for deflection, but meets all other test requirements.</i>			
	Uniform Load Structural (ASTM E 330-97) (Measurements reported were taken on the mullion) (Loads were held for 10 seconds)		
	@ 53.0 psf (positive)	0.03"	0.29" max
	@ 52.5 psf (negative)	0.02"	0.29" max

Detailed drawings, representative samples of the test specimen, and a copy of this report will be retained by ATI for a period of four years. The above results were secured by using the designated test methods and they indicate compliance with the performance requirements of the above referenced specification. This report does not constitute certification of this product, which may only be granted by the certification program administrator.

For ARCHITECTURAL TESTING, INC.

Mark A. Hess
Mark A. Hess
Technician

MAH:nlb
01-41641.01

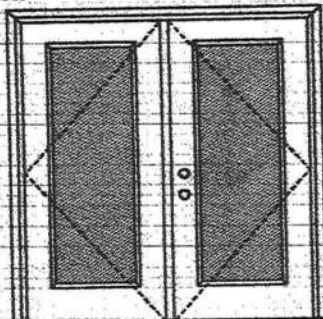
Allen N. Reeves
Allen N. Reeves, P.E.
Director - Engineering Services
7 JUNE 2002



XX

Glazed Outswing Unit

COP-WL-JH4162-02

WOOD-EDGE STEEL DOORS**APPROVED ARRANGEMENT:**

Double Door
Maximum unit size = 6'0" x 6'8"

Design Pressure
+40.5/-40.5
Limited water unless special threshold design is used.

Large Missile Impact Resistance
Hurricane protective system (shutters) is REQUIRED.

Actual design pressure and impact resistant requirements for a specific building design and geographic location is determined by ASCE 7-national, state or local building codes specify the edition required.

Note:

Units of other sizes are covered by this report as long as the panels used do not exceed 3'0" x 6'8".

MINIMUM ASSEMBLY DETAIL:

Compliance requires that minimum assembly details have been followed – see MAD-WL-MA0012-02 and MAD-WL-MA0041-02.

MINIMUM INSTALLATION DETAIL:

Compliance requires that minimum installation details have been followed – see MID-WL-MA0002-02.

APPROVED DOOR STYLES:**1/4 GLASS:**

100 Series



133, 135 Series



136 Series



680 Series



822 Series

1/2 GLASS:

105 Series*



106, 160 Series*



129 Series*



200 Series*

12 R/L, 23 R/L, 24 R/L
Series*

107 Series*



108 Series



304 Series

*This glass kit may also be used in the following door styles: 5-panel; 5-panel with scroll; Eyebrow 5-panel; Eyebrow 5-panel with scroll.

Johnson
EntrySystems

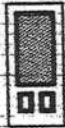
March 29, 2002
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PREMIER Collection
Premium Quality Doors

Exclusively from
Masonite
Masonite International Corporation

XX**Glazed Outswing Unit**

COP-WL-JH4162-02

WOOD-EDGE STEEL DOORS**APPROVED DOOR STYLES:****3/4 GLASS:**

404 Series



410 Series



450 Series

FULL GLASS:

109 Series

114, 120, 122
Series

152 Series



149 Series



300 Series

CERTIFIED TEST REPORTS:

NCTL 210-1897-7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12; NCTL 210-1864-5, 6, 7, 8; NCTL 210-2178-1, 2, 3

Certifying Engineer and License Number: Barry D. Portney, P.E. / 16258.

Unit Tested in Accordance with Miami-Dade BCCO PA202.

Evaluation report NCTL-210-2794-1

Door panels constructed from 26-gauge 0.017" thick steel skins. Both stiles constructed from wood. Top end rails constructed of 0.041" steel. Bottom end rails constructed of 0.021" steel. Interior cavity of slab filled with rigid polyurethane foam core. Slab glazed with insulated glass mounted in a rigid plastic lip lite surround.

Frame constructed of wood with an extruded aluminum bumper threshold.

PRODUCT COMPLIANCE LABELING:

TESTED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH
MIAMI-DADE BCCO PA202

COMPANY NAME
CITY, STATE

To the best of my knowledge and ability the above side-hinged exterior door unit conforms to the requirements of the 2001 Florida Building Code, Chapter 17 (Structural Tests and Inspections).

Kurt L Balthaz

State of Florida, Professional Engineer
Kurt Balthazor, P.E. - License Number 56533

Johnson
EntrySystems

March 28, 2002
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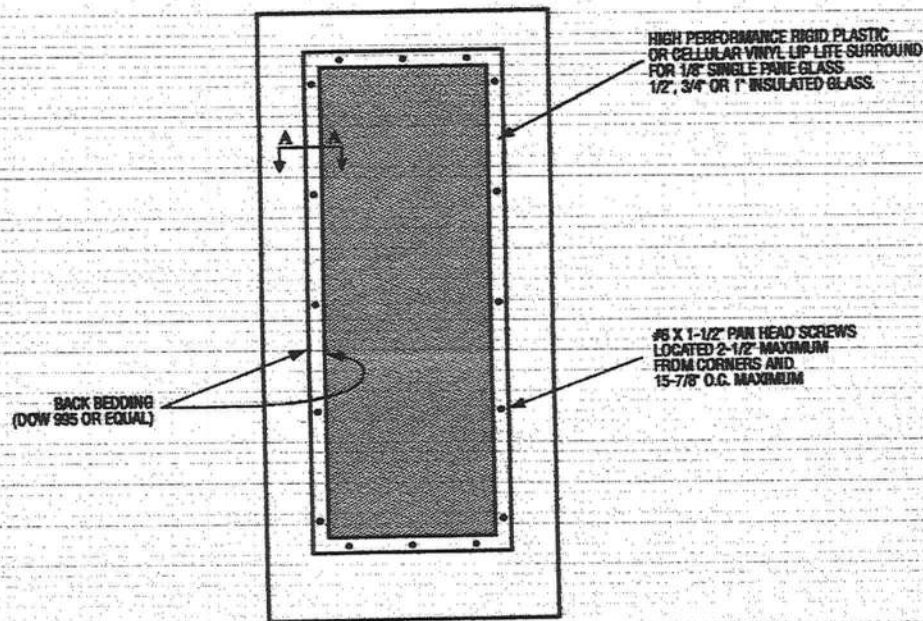
PREMIER Collection
Premium Quality Doors



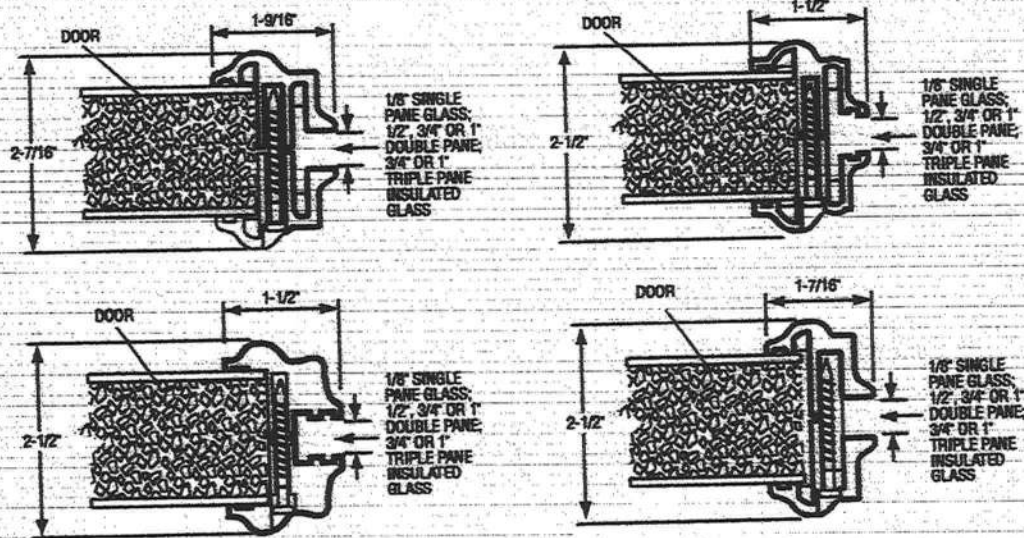
Exclusively from

Masonite
Masonite International Corporation

GLASS INSERT IN DOOR OR SIDELITE PANEL



SECTION A-A TYPICAL RIGID PLASTIC LIP LITE SURROUND



March 29, 2002
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PREMIOR Collection
Premium Quality Doors

Exclusively from
Masonite
Masonite International Corporation



FEB - 4 2002

January 31, 2002

TO: OUR FLORIDA CUSTOMERS:

Effective February 1, 2002, the following TAMKO shingles, as manufactured at TAMKO's Tuscaloosa, Alabama, facility, comply with ASTM D-3161, Type I modified to 110 mph. Testing was conducted using four nails per shingle. These shingles also comply with Florida Building Code TAS 100 for wind driven rain.

- Glass-Seal AR
- Elite Glass-Seal AR
- ASTM Heritage 30 AR (formerly ASTM Heritage 25 AR)
- Heritage 40 AR (formerly Heritage 30 AR)
- Heritage 50 AR (formerly Heritage 40 AR)

All testing was performed by Florida State certified independent labs.

Please direct all questions to TAMKO's Technical Services Department at 1-800-641-4691.

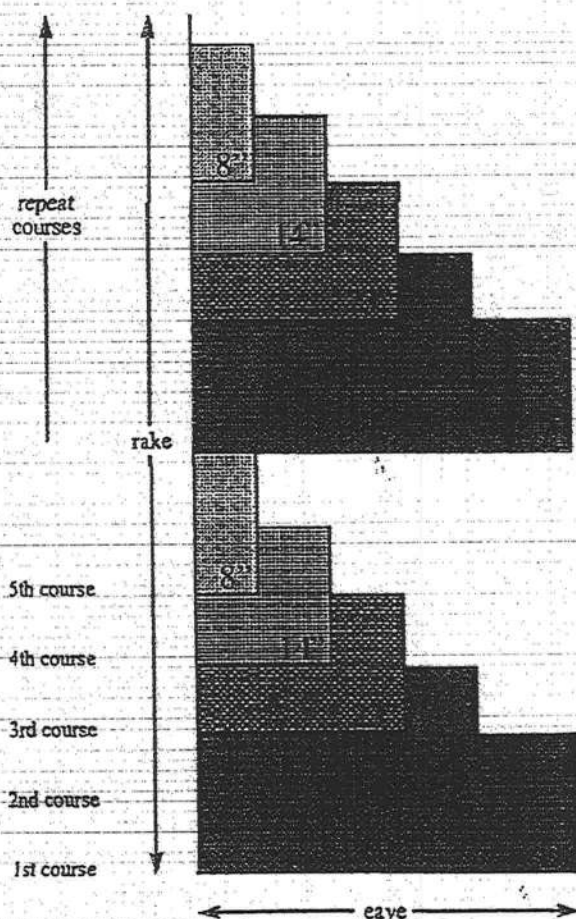
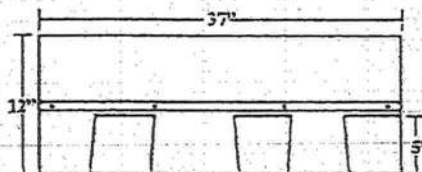
TAMKO Roofing Products, Inc.

CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS
220 W. FOURTH STREET P.O. BOX 1404 JOPLIN, MO 64802-1404 800-641-4691 FAX 800-341-1925

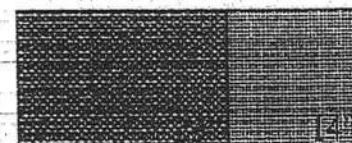
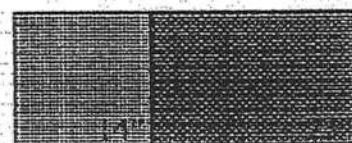


Application Instructions For Heritage® 25 Series Shingles

SPECIFICATIONS (APPROX.)	
Length	37"
Width	12"
Bundles per Sq.	3
Shingles per Sq.	78
Shingles per Bundle	26
Coverage per Sq. (Sq. Ft.)	100
Exposure	5"



The 4 cuts in the first 10 courses:



In the first 10 courses, there are 4 cuts and no waste.

When you reach the other side of the roof, whatever has to be trimmed off can be used in the field of roofing.

For additional application information consult the application instructions printed on the product package.

NOTE: These application instructions apply only to Heritage 25 and Heritage 25 AR shingles.



Application Instructions for

- Glass-Seal
 - Elite Glass-Seal®
 - Glass-Seal AR
 - Elite Glass-Seal® AR
- ### THREE-TAB ASPHALT SHINGLES

THESE ARE THE MANUFACTURER'S APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE ROOFING CONDITIONS DESCRIBED. TAMKO ROOFING PRODUCTS, INC. ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR LEAKS OR OTHER ROOFING DEFECTS RESULTING FROM FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS. THIS PRODUCT IS COVERED BY A LIMITED WARRANTY, THE TERMS OF WHICH ARE PRINTED ON THE WRAPPER. IN COLD WEATHER (BELOW 40°F), CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO AVOID DAMAGE TO THE EDGES AND CORNERS OF THE SHINGLES.

IMPORTANT: It is not necessary to remove the plastic strip from the back of the shingles.

1. ROOF DECK

These shingles are for application to roof decks capable of receiving and retaining fasteners, and to inclines of not less than 2 in. per foot. For roofs having pitches 2 in. per foot to less than 4 in. per foot, refer to special instructions titled "Low Slope Application". Shingles must be applied properly. TAMKO assumes no responsibility for leaks or defects resulting from improper application, or failure to properly prepare the surface to be roofed over.

NEW ROOF DECK CONSTRUCTION: Roof deck must be smooth, dry and free from warped surfaces. It is recommended that metal drip edges be installed at eaves and rakes.

PLYWOOD: All plywood shall be exterior grade as defined by the American Plywood Association. Plywood shall be a minimum of 3/8 in. thickness and applied in accordance with the recommendations of the American Plywood Association.

SHEATHING BOARDS: Boards shall be well-seasoned tongue-and-groove boards and not over 6 in. nominal width. Boards shall be a 1 in. nominal minimum thickness. Boards shall be properly spaced and nailed.

2. VENTILATION

Inadequate ventilation of attic spaces can cause accumulation of moisture in winter months and a build up of heat in the summer. These conditions can lead to:

1. Vapor Condensation
2. Buckling of shingles due to deck movement.
3. Rotting of wood members.
4. Premature failure of roof.

To insure adequate ventilation and circulation of air, place louvers of sufficient size high in the gable ends and/or install continuous ridge and soffit vents.

FHA minimum property standards require one square foot of net free ventilation area to each 150 square feet of space to be vented, or one square foot per 300 square feet if a vapor barrier is installed on the warm side of the ceiling or if at least one half of the ventilation is provided near the ridge. If the ventilation openings are screened, the total area should be doubled.

IT IS PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE VENTILATION.

3. FASTENING

NAILS: TAMKO recommends the use of nails as the preferred method of application.

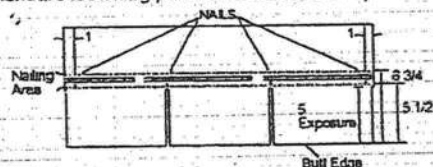
WIND CAUTION: Extreme wind velocities can damage these shingles after application when proper sealing of the shingles does not occur. This can especially be a problem if the shingles are applied in cooler months or in areas on the roof that do not receive direct sunlight. These

conditions may impede the sealing of the adhesive strips on the shingles. The inability to seal down may be compounded by prolonged cold weather conditions and/or blowing dust. In these situations, hand sealing of the shingles is recommended. Shingles must also be fastened according to the fastening instructions described below.

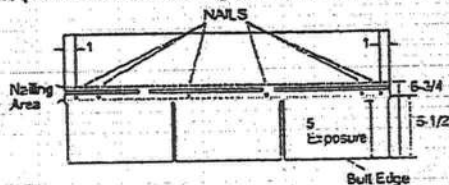
Correct placement of the fasteners is critical to the performance of the shingle. If the fasteners are not placed as shown in the diagram and described below, TAMKO will not be responsible for any shingles blown off or displaced. TAMKO will not be responsible for damage to shingles caused by winds or gusts exceeding gale force. Gale force shall be the standard as defined by the U.S. Weather Bureau.

FASTENING PATTERNS: Fasteners must be placed above or below the factory applied sealant in an area between 5-1/2" and 6-3/4" from the butt edge of the shingle. Fasteners should be located horizontally according to the diagram below. Do not nail into the sealant. TAMKO recommends nailing below the sealant whenever possible for greater wind resistance.

- 1) Standard Fastening Pattern. (For use on decks with slopes 2 in. per foot to 21 in. per foot.) One fastener 1 in. back from each end and one 12 in. back from each end of the shingle for a total of 4 fasteners. (See standard fastening pattern illustrated below).



- 2) Mansard or High Wind Fastening Pattern. (For use on decks with slopes greater than 21 in. per foot.) One fastener 1 in. back from each end and one fastener 10-1/2 in. back from each end and one fastener 13-1/2 in. back from each end for a total of 6 fasteners per shingle. (See Mansard fastening pattern illustrated below.)



NAILS: TAMKO recommends the use of nails as the preferred method of application. Standard type roofing nails should be used. Nail shanks should be made of minimum 12-gauge wire, and a minimum head diameter of 3/8 in. Nails should be long enough to penetrate 3/4 in.

(Continued)

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07/01

• Glass-Seal • Glass-Seal AR • Elite Glass-Seal® • Elite Glass-Seal® AR

THREE-TAB ASPHALT SHINGLES

with quick setting asphalt adhesive cement immediately upon installation. Spots of cement must be equivalent in size to a \$.25 piece and applied to shingles with a 5 in. exposure, use 6 fasteners per shingle. See Section 3 for the Mansard Fastening Pattern.

3. RE-ROOFING

Before re-roofing, be certain to inspect the roof decks. All plywood shall meet the requirements listed in Section 1.

Nail down or remove curled or broken shingles from the existing roof. Replace all missing shingles with new ones to provide a smooth base. Shingles that are buckled usually indicate warped decking or protruding nails. Hammer down all protruding nails or remove them and refasten in a new location. Remove all drip edge metal and replace with new.

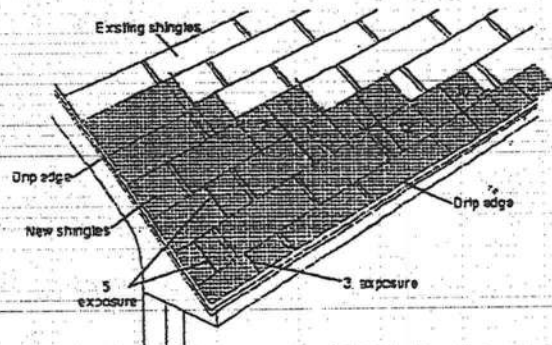
If re-roofing over an existing roof where new flashing is required to protect against ice dams (freeze/thaw cycle of water and/or the backup of water in frozen or clogged gutters), remove the old roofing to a point at least 24 in. beyond the interior wall line and apply TAMKO's Moisture Guard Plus® waterproofing underlayment. Contact TAMKO's Technical Services Department for more information.

The nesting procedure described below is the preferred method for re-roofing over square tab strip shingles with a 5 in. exposure.

Starter Course: Begin by using TAMKO Shingle Starter or by cutting shingles into 5 x 36 inch strips. This is done by removing the 5 in. tabs from the bottom and approximately 2 in. from the top of the shingles so that the remaining portion is the same width as the exposure of the old shingles. Apply the starter piece so that the self-sealing adhesive lies along the eaves and is even with the existing roof. The starter strip should be wide enough to overhang the eaves and carry water into the gutter. Remove 3 in. from the length of the first starter shingle to ensure that the joints from the old roof do not align with the new.

First Course: Cut off approximately 2 in. from the bottom edge of the shingles so that the shingles fit beneath the existing third course and align with the edge of the starter strip. Start the first course with a full 36 in. long shingle and fasten according to the instructions printed in Section 3.

Second and Succeeding Courses: According to the off-set application method you choose to use, remove the appropriate length from the



rake end of the first shingle in each succeeding course. Place the top edge of the new shingle against the butt edge of the old shingles in the courses above. The full width shingle used on the second course will reduce the exposure of the first course to 3 in. The remaining courses will automatically have a 5 in. exposure.

5. VALLEY APPLICATION

Over the shingle underlayment, center a 36 in. wide sheet of TAMKO Nail-Fast® or a minimum 50 lb. roll roofing in the valley. Nail the felt only where necessary to hold it in place and then only nail the outside edges.

IMPORTANT: PRIOR TO INSTALLATION WARM SHINGLES TO PREVENT DAMAGE WHICH CAN OCCUR WHILE BENDING SHINGLES TO FORM VALLEY.

- Apply the first course of shingles along the eaves of one of the intersecting roof planes and across the valley.

Note: For proper flow of water over the trimmed shingle, always start applying the shingles on the roof plane that has the lower slope or less height.

- Extend the end shingle at least 12 in. onto the adjoining roof. Apply succeeding courses in the same manner, extending them across the valley and onto the adjoining roof.
- Do not trim if the shingle length exceeds 12 in. Lengths should vary.
- Press the shingles tightly into the valley.
- Use normal shingle fastening methods.

Note: No fastener should be within 6 in. of the valley centerline, and two fasteners should be placed at the end of each shingle crossing the valley.

- To the adjoining roof plane, apply one row of shingles extending it over previously applied shingles and trim a minimum of 2 in. back from the centerline of the valley.

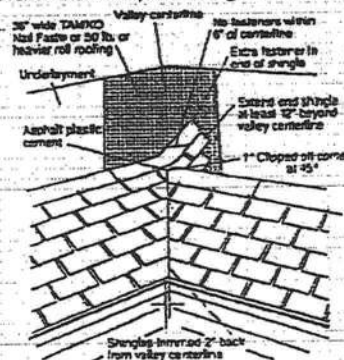
Note: For a neater installation, snap a chalkline over the shingles for guidance.

- Clip the upper corner of each shingle at a 45-degree angle and embed the end of the shingle in a 3 in. wide strip of asphalt plastic cement. This will prevent water from penetrating between the courses by directing it into the valley.

- **CAUTION:** Adhesive must be applied in smooth, thin, even layers.

Excessive use of adhesive will cause blistering to this product.

TAMKO assumes no responsibility for blistering.



(Continued)

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07/01



(CONTINUED from Pg. 3)

• Glass-Seal
• Glass-Seal AR
• Elite Glass-Seal®
• Elite Glass-Seal® AR
THREE-TAB ASPHALT SHINGLES

FOR ALTERNATE VALLEY APPLICATION METHODS, PLEASE CONTACT TAMKO'S TECHNICAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT.

10. HIP AND RIDGE FASTENING DETAIL

Apply the shingles with a 5 in. exposure beginning at the bottom of the hip or from the end of the ridge opposite the direction of the prevailing winds. Secure each shingle with one fastener 5-1/2 in. back from the exposed end and 1 in. up from the edge. Do not nail directly into the sealant.

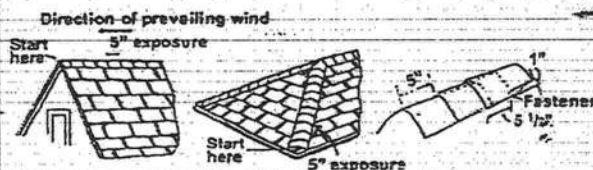
TAMKO recommends the use of TAMKO Hip & Ridge shingle products. Where matching colors are available, it is acceptable to use TAMKO's Glass-Seal or Elite Glass-Seal shingles cut down to 12 in. pieces.

NOTE: AR type shingle products should be used as Hip & Ridge on Glass-Seal AR and Elite Glass-Seal AR shingles.

Fasteners should be 1/4 in. longer than the one used for shingles.

IMPORTANT: PRIOR TO INSTALLATION, CARE NEEDS TO BE TAKEN TO PREVENT DAMAGE WHICH CAN OCCUR WHILE BENDING SHINGLES IN COOL WEATHER.

THESE ARE THE MANUFACTURER'S APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE ROOFING CONDITIONS DESCRIBED. TAMKO ROOFING PRODUCTS, INC. ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR LEAKS OR OTHER ROOFING DEFECTS RESULTING FROM FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.



THIS PRODUCT IS COVERED BY A LIMITED WARRANTY. THE TERMS OF WHICH ARE PRINTED ON THE WRAPPER.

IMPORTANT - READ CAREFULLY BEFORE OPENING BUNDLE

In this paragraph "You" and "Your" refer to the installer of the shingles and the owner of the building on which these shingles will be installed. This is a legally binding agreement between You and TAMKO Roofing Products, Inc. ("TAMKO"). By opening this bundle You agree: (a) to install the shingles strictly in accordance with the instructions printed on this wrapper; or (b) that shingles which are not installed strictly in accordance with the instructions printed on this wrapper are sold "AS IS" and are not covered by the limited warranty that is also printed on this wrapper, or any other warranty, including, but not limited to (except where prohibited by law) implied warranties of MERCHANTABILITY and FITNESS FOR USE.

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Southwest District	7910 S. Central Exp., Dallas, TX 75216	800-443-1834
Western District	5300 East 43rd Ave., Denver, CO 80216	800-530-8868

07/01

I

**AAMA/NWWDA 101/1.S.2-97
TEST REPORT SUMMARY**

Rendered to:

MI HOME PRODUCTS, INC.

SERIES/MODEL: 650 Fin

TYPE: Aluminum Single Hung Window

Title of Test	Results
Rating	H-R40 52 x 72
Overall Design Pressure	+45.0 psf -47.2 psf
Operating Force	11 lb max.
Air Infiltration	0.13 cfm/ft ²
Water Resistance	6.00 psf
Structural Test Pressure	+67.5 psf -70.8 psf
Deglazing	Passed
Forced Entry Resistance	Grade 10

Reference should be made to Report No. 01-41134.01 dated 03/26/02 for complete test specimen description and data.

For ARCHITECTURAL TESTING, INC.


Mark A. Hess, Technician

MAH:mb


1 APRIL 2002



II

Architectural Testing

AAMA/NWWDA 101/LS-2-97 TEST REPORT

Rendered to

MI HOME PRODUCTS, INC.
650 West Market Street
P.O. Box 370
Gratz, Pennsylvania 17030-0370

Report No: 01-41134.01
Test Date: 03/07/02
Report Date: 03/26/02
Expiration Date: 03/07/06

Project Summary: Architectural Testing, Inc. (ATI) was contracted by MI Home Products, Inc. to perform tests on Series/Model 650 Fin, aluminum single hung window at their facility located in Elizabethville, Pennsylvania. The samples tested successfully met the performance requirements for a H-R40 52 x 72 rating.

Test Specification: The test specimen was evaluated in accordance with AAMA/NWWDA 101/LS-2-97, *Voluntary Specifications for Aluminum, Vinyl (PVC) and Wood Windows and Glass Doors*.

Test Specimen Description:

Series/Model: 650 Fin

Type: Aluminum Single Hung Window

Overall Size: 4' 4-1/4" wide by 6' 0-3/8" high

Active Sash Size: 4' 1-3/4" wide by 3' 0-5/8" high

Daylight Opening Size: 3' 11-3/8" wide by 2' 9-1/2" high

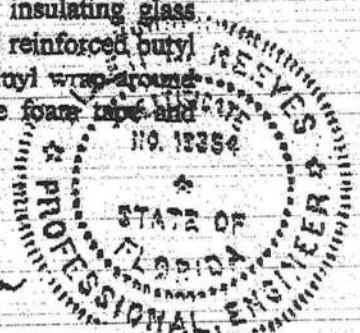
Screen Size: 4' 0-1/4" wide by 2' 11-1/8" high

Finish: All aluminum was white.

Glazing Details: The active and fixed lites utilized 5/8" thick, sealed insulating glass constructed from two sheets of 1/8" thick, clear annealed glass and a metal reinforced butyl spacer system. The active sash was channel glazed utilizing a flexible vinyl wrap around gasket. The fixed lite was interior glazed against double-sided adhesive foam tape and secured with PVC snap-in glazing beads.

130 Derry Court
York, PA 17402-9405
phone: 717.764.7700
fax: 717.764.4129
www.archtest.com

Allen N. Ramm
1 APRIL 2002



III

Test Specimen Description: (Continued)

Weatherstripping:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Location</u>
0.230" high by 0.270" backed polypile with center fin	1 Row	Fixed meeting rail
0.250" high by 0.187" backed polypile with center fin	2 Rows	Active sash stiles
1/2" x 1/2" dust plug	4 Pieces	Active sash, top and bottom of stiles
1/4" foam-filled vinyl bulb seal	1 Row	Active sash, bottom rail

Frame Construction: The frame was constructed of extruded aluminum with coped, butted, and sealed corners fastened with two #8 x 1" screws through the head and sill into each jamb screw boss. End caps were utilized on the ends of the fixed meeting rail and secured with two 1-1/4" screws per cap. Meeting rail was secured to the frame utilizing two 1-1/4" screws.

Sash Construction: The sash was constructed of extruded aluminum with coped, butted, and sealed corners fastened with two #8 x 1-1/2" screws through the rails into each jamb screw boss.

Screen Construction: The screen was constructed from roll-formed aluminum with keyed corners. The fiberglass mesh was secured with a flexible spline.

Hardware:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Location</u>
Metal cam lock with keeper		Midspan, active meeting rail with keeper adjacent on fixed meeting rail
Plastic tilt latch	2	Active sash, meeting rail ends
Metal tilt pin	2	Active sash, bottom rail ends
Balance assembly	2	One in each jamb
Screen plunger	2	4" from rail ends on top rail

Allen N. Reeves
1 APRIL 2002



Test Specimen Description: (Continued)

Drainage: Sloped sill

Reinforcement: No reinforcement was utilized.

Installation: The test specimen was installed into a 2 x 8 #2 Spruce-Pine-Fir wood test buck with #8 x 1-5/8" drywall screws every 8" on center around the nail fin. Polyurethane was used as a sealant under the nail fin and around the exterior perimeter.

Test Results:

The results are tabulated as follows:

Paragraph	Title of Test - Test Method	Results	Allowed
2.2.1.6.1	Operating Force	11 lbs	30 lbs max
	Air Infiltration (ASTM E 283-91) @ 1.57 psf (25 mph)	0.13 cfm/ft ²	0.3 cfm/ft ² max

Note #1: The tested specimen meets the performance levels specified in AAMA/NWDA 101/I.S. 2-97 for air infiltration.

	Water Resistance (ASTM E 547-00) (with and without screen) WTP = 2.86 psf	No leakage	No leakage
2.1.4.1	Uniform Load Deflection (ASTM E 330-97) (Measurements reported were taken on the meeting rail) (Loads were held for 33 seconds) @ 25.9 psf (positive) @ 34.7 psf (negative)	0.42"* 0.43"*	0.26" max. 0.26" max.

**Exceeds L/175 for deflection, but passes all other test requirements.*

2.1.4.2	Uniform Load Structural (ASTM E 330-97) (Measurements reported were taken on the meeting rail) (Loads were held for 10 seconds) @ 38.9 psf (positive) @ 52.1 psf (negative)	0.02" 0.02"	0.18" max. 0.18" max.
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Allen H. Reeves
1 APRIL 2002



Test Specimen Description: (Continued)

<u>Paragraph</u>	<u>Title of Test - Test Method</u>	<u>Results</u>	<u>Allowed</u>
2.2.1.6.2	Deglazing Test (ASTM E 987) In operating direction at 70 lbs		
	Meeting rail	0.12"/25%	0.50"/100%
	Bottom rail	0.12"/25%	0.50"/100%
	In remaining direction at 50 lbs		
	Left stile	0.06"/12%	0.50"/100%
	Right stile	0.06"/12%	0.50"/100%

Forced Entry Resistance (ASTM F 588-97)

Type: A
Grade: 10

Lock Manipulation Test	No entry	No entry
Tests A1 through A5	No entry	No entry
Test A7	No entry	No entry
Lock Manipulation Test	No entry	No entry

Optional Performance

4.3	Water Resistance (ASTM E 547-00) (with and without screen) WTP = 6.00 psf	No leakage	No leakage
	Uniform Load Deflection (ASTM E 330-97) (Measurements reported were taken on the meeting rail) (Loads were held for 33 seconds)		
	@ 45.0 psf (positive)	0.47"	0.26" max.
	@ 47.2 psf (negative)	0.46"	0.26" max.

**Exceeds L/175 for deflection, but passes all other test requirements.*

Uniform Load Structural (ASTM E 330-97) (Measurements reported were taken on the meeting rail) (Loads were held for 10 seconds)		
@ 67.5 psf (positive)	0.05"	
@ 70.8 psf (negative)	0.05"	

Allen H. Reeves
1 APRIL 2002



VI

01-41134.01
Page 5 of 5

Detailed drawings, representative samples of the test specimen, and a copy of this report will be retained by ATI for a period of four years. The above results were secured by using the designated test methods and they indicate compliance with the performance requirements of the above referenced specification. This report does not constitute certification of this product, which may only be granted by the certification program administrator.

For ARCHITECTURAL TESTING, INC.:



Mark A. Hess
Technician

MAH:mib
01-41134.01



Allen N. Reeves, P.E.
Director - Engineering Services
1 APRIL 2002



Premdor Entry Systems

ACCEPTANCE No.: 01-0314.18

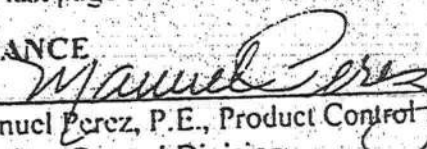
APPROVED : JUN 05 2001

EXPIRES : April 02, 2006

NOTICE OF ACCEPTANCE: STANDARD CONDITIONS

1. Renewal of this Acceptance (approval) shall be considered after a renewal application has been filed and the original submitted documentation, including test supporting data, engineering documents, are no older than eight (8) years.
2. Any and all approved products shall be permanently labeled with the manufacturer's name, city, state, and the following statement: "Miami-Dade County Product Control Approved", or as specifically stated in the specific conditions of this Acceptance.
3. Renewals of Acceptance will not be considered if:
 - a. There has been a change in the South Florida Building Code affecting the evaluation of this product and the product is not in compliance with the code changes.
 - b. The product is no longer the same product (identical) as the one originally approved.
 - c. If the Acceptance holder has not complied with all the requirements of this acceptance, including the correct installation of the product.
 - d. The engineer who originally prepared, signed and sealed the required documentation initially submitted, is no longer practicing the engineering profession.
4. Any revision or change in the materials, use, and/or manufacture of the product or process shall automatically be cause for termination of this Acceptance, unless prior written approval has been requested (through the filing of a revision application with appropriate fee) and granted by this office.
5. Any of the following shall also be grounds for removal of this Acceptance:
 - a. Unsatisfactory performance of this product or process.
 - b. Misuse of this Acceptance as an endorsement of any product, for sales, advertising or any other purposes.
6. The Notice of Acceptance number preceded by the words Miami-Dade County, Florida, and followed by the expiration date may be displayed in advertising literature. If any portion of the Notice of Acceptance is displayed, then it shall be done in its entirety.
7. A copy of this Acceptance as well as approved drawings and other documents, where it applies, shall be provided to the user by the manufacturer or its distributors and shall be available for inspection at the job site at all time. The engineer needs not resal the copies.
8. Failure to comply with any section of this Acceptance shall be cause for termination and removal of Acceptance.
9. This Notice of Acceptance consists of pages 1, 2 and this last page 3.

END OF THIS ACCEPTANCE


Manuel Perez, P.E., Product Control Examiner
Product Control Division

Premdor Entry Systems

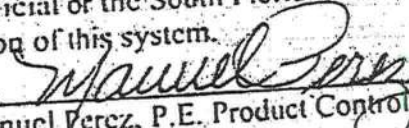
ACCEPTANCE No.: 01-0314.18

APPROVED : JUN 05 2001

EXPIRES : April 02, 2006

NOTICE OF ACCEPTANCE: SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

1. **SCOPE**
 - 1.1 This renews the Notice of Acceptance No. 00-0321.20 which was issued on April 28, 2000. It approves a residential insulated door, as described in Section 2 of this Notice of Acceptance, designed to comply with the South Florida Building Code (SFBC), 1994 Edition for Miami-Dade County, for the locations where the pressure requirements, as determined by SFBC Chapter 23, do not exceed the Design Pressure Rating values indicated in the approved drawings.
2. **PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**
 - 2.1 The Series Entergy 6-8 S-W/E Inswing Opaque Single Residential Insulated Steel Door with Sidelites- Impact Resistant Door Slab Only and its components shall be constructed in strict compliance with the following documents: Drawing No 31-1020-EW-1, Sheets 1 through 6 of 6, titled "Premdor (Entergy Brand) Wood Edge Single Door in Wood Frames with a Bumper Threshold (Inswing)," prepared by manufacturer, dated 7/29/97 with revision C dated 01/15/01, bearing the Miami-Dade County Product Control approval stamp with the Notice of Acceptance number and approval date by the Miami-Dade County Product Control Division. These documents shall hereinafter be referred to as the approved drawings.
3. **LIMITATIONS**
 - 3.1 This approval applies to single unit applications of single door only, as shown in approved drawings.
 - 3.2 Unit shall be installed only at locations protected by a canopy or overhang such that the angle between the edge of canopy or overhang to sill is less than 45 degrees. Unless unit is installed in non-habitable areas where the unit and the area are designed to accept water infiltration.
4. **INSTALLATION**
 - 4.1 The residential insulated steel door and its components shall be installed in strict compliance with the approved drawings.
 - 4.2 Hurricane protection system (shutters):
 - 4.2.1 Door: the installation of this unit will not require a hurricane protection system.
 - 4.2.2 Sidelite: the installation of this unit will require a hurricane protection system.
5. **LABELING**
 - 5.1 Each unit shall bear a permanent label with the manufacturer's name or logo, city, state and following statement: "Miami-Dade County Product Control Approved".
6. **BUILDING PERMIT REQUIREMENTS**
 - 6.1 Application for building permit shall be accompanied by copies of the following:
 - 6.1.1 This Notice of Acceptance
 - 6.1.2 Duplicate copies of the approved drawings, as identified in Section 2 of this Notice of Acceptance, clearly marked to show the components selected for the proposed installation.
 - 6.1.3 Any other documents required by the Building Official or the South Florida Building Code (SFBC) in order to properly evaluate the installation of this system.


Manuel Perez, P.E. Product Control Examiner
Product Control Division

From: The Columbia County Building Department
Plans Review
135 NE Hernando Av.
P. O Box 1529
Lake City Florida, 32056-1529

0512-02

Reference to: Build permit application Number:

Simque Home Owner/Builder Simque Home 387 SW Kemp Court

On the date of December 2, 2005 application 0512-02 and plans for construction of a single family dwelling were reviewed and the following information or alteration to the plans will be required to continue processing this application. If you should have any question please contact the above address, or contact phone number (386) 758-1163 or fax any information to (386) 754-7088.

Please include application number 0512-02 when making reference to this application.

1. Please submit a letter from the potable water well contractor which will describe the equipment to be used to supply potable water to this dwelling. Include the size of pump motor, size of pressure tank and cycle stop valve if used.
2. Please show compliance with the FRC-2004 section R308.4 Hazardous locations:
Glazing in doors and enclosures for hot tubs, whirlpools, saunas, steam rooms, bathtubs and showers. Glazing in any part of a building wall enclosing these compartments where the bottom exposed edge of the glazing is less than 60 inches (1524 mm) measured vertically above any standing or walking surface.
3. Please show on the foundation plans the locations of the foundation description (F sections foundation designs by Mr. Disosway Sheet S-1).

- ✓ 4. On the R-1 dormer plan show the material type and lumber size, to be used for construction of the dormers. The required anchoring devices and there location and attachment requirement.
- ✓ 5. On the electrical plan show the location of the required smoke alarms in the master bedroom.
- ✓ 6. On the electrical plan show the location of the electrical panel and the amperage rating of the panel.

Thank you,



Joe Haltiwanger
Plan Examiner
Columbia County Building Department

- a) All sides
- b) Roof pitch
- c) Overhang dimensions and detail with attic ventilation
- d) Location, size and height above roof of chimneys
- e) Location and size of skylights
- f) Building height
- e) Number of stories

Floor Plan including:

- a) Rooms labeled and dimensioned
- b) Shear walls
- c) Windows and doors (including garage doors) showing size, mfg., approval listing and attachment specs. (FBC 1707) and safety glazing where needed (egress windows in bedrooms to be shown)
- d) Fireplaces (gas appliance) (vented or non-vented) or wood burning with hearth
- e) Stairs with dimensions (width, tread and riser) and details of guardrails and handrails
- f) Must show and identify accessibility requirements (accessible bathroom)

Foundation Plan including:

- a) Location of all load-bearing wall with required footings indicated as standard Or monolithic and dimensions and reinforcing
- b) All posts and/or column footing including size and reinforcing
- c) Any special support required by soil analysis such as piling
- d) Location of any vertical steel

Roof System:

- a) Truss package including:
 - 1. Truss layout and truss details signed and sealed by Fl. Pro. Eng.
 - 2. Roof assembly (FBC 104.2.1 Roofing system, materials, manufacturer, fastening requirements and product evaluation with wind resistance rating)
- b) Conventional Framing Layout including:
 - 1. Rafter size, species and spacing
 - 2. Attachment to wall and uplift
 - 3. Ridge beam sized and valley framing and support details
 - 4. Roof assembly (FBC 104.2.1 Roofing systems, materials, manufacturer, fastening requirements and product evaluation with wind resistance rating)

Wall Sections including:

- a) Masonry wall
 - 1. All materials making up wall
 - 2. Block size and mortar type with size and spacing of reinforcement
 - 3. Lintel, tie-beam sizes and reinforcement
 - 4. Gable ends with rake beams showing reinforcement or gable truss and wall bracing details
 - 5. All required connectors with uplift rating and required number and size of fasteners for continuous tie from roof to foundation
 - 6. Roof assembly shown here or on roof system detail (FBC 104.2.1 Roofing system, materials, manufacturer, fastening requirements and product evaluation with resistance rating)
 - 7. Fire resistant construction (if required)
 - 8. Fireproofing requirements
 - 9. Shoe type of termite treatment (termicide or alternative method)
 - 10. Slab on grade
 - a. Vapor retarder (6mil. Polyethylene with joints lapped 6 inches and sealed)
 - b. Must show control joints, synthetic fiber reinforcement or Welded fire fabric reinforcement and supports
 - 11. Indicate where pressure treated wood will be placed
 - 12. Provide insulation R value for the following:
 - a. Attic space
 - b. Exterior wall cavity
 - c. Crawl space (if applicable)

☐ ☒ b) Wood frame wall

1. All materials making up wall
2. Size and species of studs
3. Sheathing size, type and nailing schedule
4. Headers sized
5. Gable end showing balloon framing detail or gable truss and wall hinge bracing detail
6. All required fasteners for continuous tie from roof to foundation (truss anchors, straps, anchor bolts and washers)
7. Roof assembly shown here or on roof system detail (FBC104.2.1 Roofing system, materials, manufacturer, fastening requirements and product evaluation with wind resistance rating)
8. Fire resistant construction (if applicable)
9. Fireproofing requirements
10. Show type of termite treatment (termiteicide or alternative method)
11. Slab on grade
 - a. Vapor retarder (6Mil. Polyethylene with joints lapped 6 inches and sealed)
 - b. Must show control joints, synthetic fiber reinforcement or welded wire fabric reinforcement and supports
12. Indicate where pressure treated wood will be placed
13. Provide insulation R value for the following:
 - a. Attic space
 - b. Exterior wall cavity
 - c. Crawl space (if applicable)

☐ ☐ c) Metal frame wall and roof (designed, signed and sealed by Florida Prof. Engineer or Architect)

☒ ☐ Floor Framing System:

- a) Floor truss package including layout and details, signed and sealed by Florida Registered Professional Engineer
- b) Floor joist size and spacing
- c) Girder size and spacing
- d) Attachment of joist to girder
- e) Wind load requirements where applicable

☒ ☐ Plumbing Fixture layout

☒ ☐ Electrical layout including:

- a) Switches, outlets/receptacles, lighting and all required GFCI outlets identified
- b) Ceiling fans
- c) Smoke detectors
- d) Service panel and sub-panel size and location(s)
- e) Meter location with type of service entrance (overhead or underground)
- f) Appliances and HVAC equipment

☒ ☐ HVAC information

- a) Manual J sizing equipment or equivalent computation
- b) Exhaust fans in bathroom

☒ ☐ Energy Calculations (dimensions shall match plans)

☒ ☐ Gas System Type (LP or Natural) Location and BTU demand of equipment

☒ ☐ Disclosure Statement for Owner Builders

☒ ☐ Notice Of Commencement

☒ ☐ Private Potable Water

- a) Size of pump motor
- b) Size of pressure tank
- c) Cycle stop valve if used



Parcel A

23952

Re: 8833
SIMQUE HOMES

MiTek Industries, Inc.

14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO 63017-5746
Telephone 314/434-1200
Fax 314/434-5343

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by MiTek Industries, Inc. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Reese Building Components, Inc.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I9388120 thru I9388149

My license renewal date for the state of Florida is February 28, 2007.



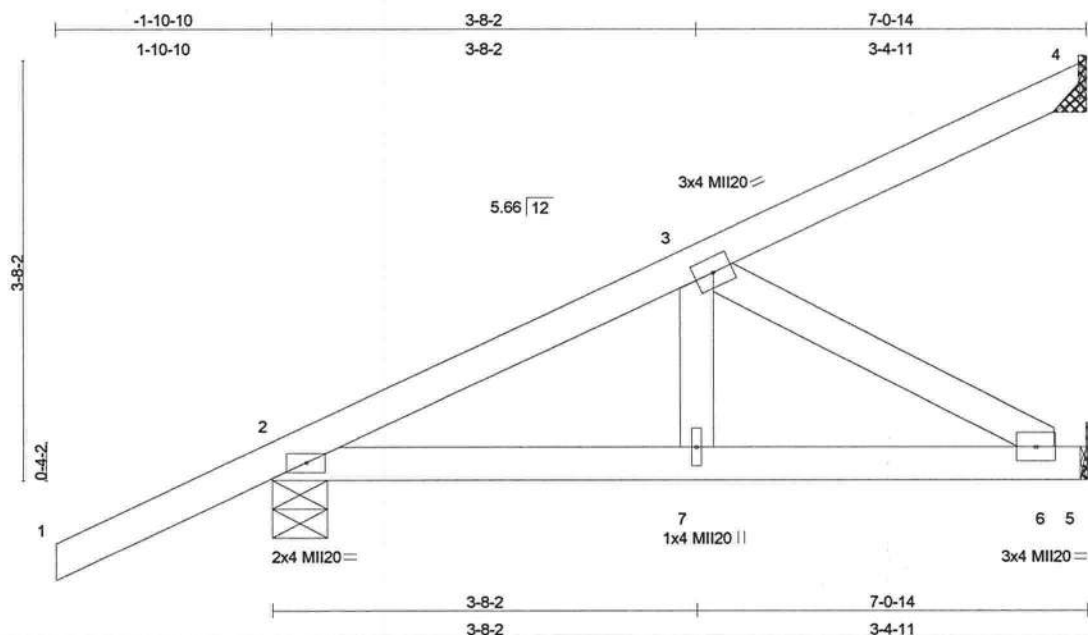
Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

Garcia, Juan

The seal on these drawings indicate acceptance of professional engineering responsibility solely for the truss components shown. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer, per ANSI/TPI-1995 Sec. 2.

Job 8833	Truss CJ7	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 2	Ply 1	SIMQUE HOMES	19388120
Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.						6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Nov 11 13:30:38 2005 Page 1
Job Reference (optional)						



LOADING (psf)
TCLL 20.0
TCDL 10.0
BCLL 0.0
BCDL 10.0

SPACING 2-0-0
Plates Increase 1.25
Lumber Increase 1.25
Rep Stress Incr NO
Code FBC2001/ANSI95

CSI
TC 0.36
BC 0.15
WB 0.07
(Matrix)

DEFL in (loc) l/defl L/d
Vert(LL) 0.01 6-7 >999 360
Vert(TL) -0.01 6-7 >999 240
Horz(TL) 0.00 5 n/a n/a

PLATES **GRIP**
MII20 249/190
Weight: 33 lb

LUMBER
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING
TOP CHORD Sheathed or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 4=136/Mechanical, 2=315/0-5-11, 5=163/Mechanical
Max Horz 2=228(load case 4)
Max Uplift 4=-146(load case 4), 2=-179(load case 4), 5=-33(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/48, 2-3=-289/0, 3-4=-81/43
BOT CHORD 2-7=-103/230, 6-7=-103/230, 5-6=0/0
WEBS 3-7=0/85, 3-6=-265/119

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

NOTES
1) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
2) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
3) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 146 lb uplift at joint 4, 179 lb uplift at joint 2 and 33 lb uplift at joint 5.
4) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard
1) Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25
Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-2=-60
Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
Vert: 2=-4(F=28, B=28)-to-4=-106(F=-23, B=-23), 2=-0(F=10, B=10)-to-5=-35(F=-8, B=-8)

Juan Garcia

Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

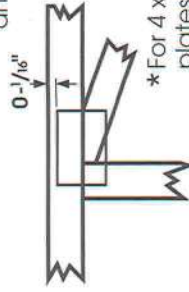
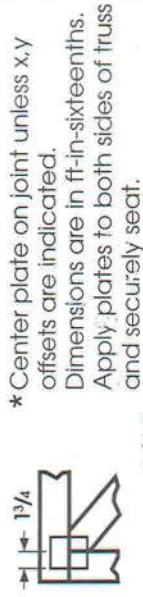
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI1 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



* Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

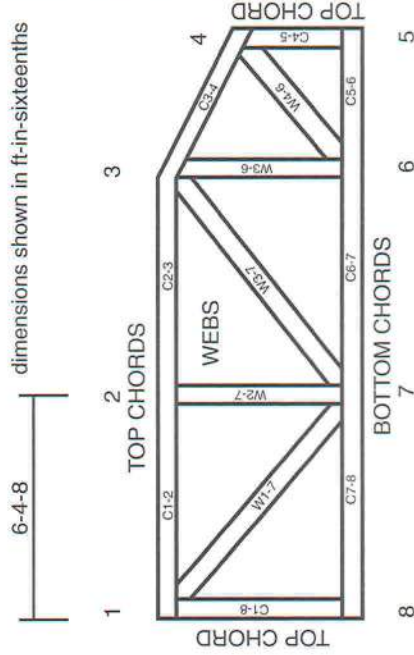


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss CJ9	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 4	Ply 1	SIMQUE HOMES	19388121
Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.						6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Nov 11 13:30:38 2005 Page 1
Job Reference (optional)						

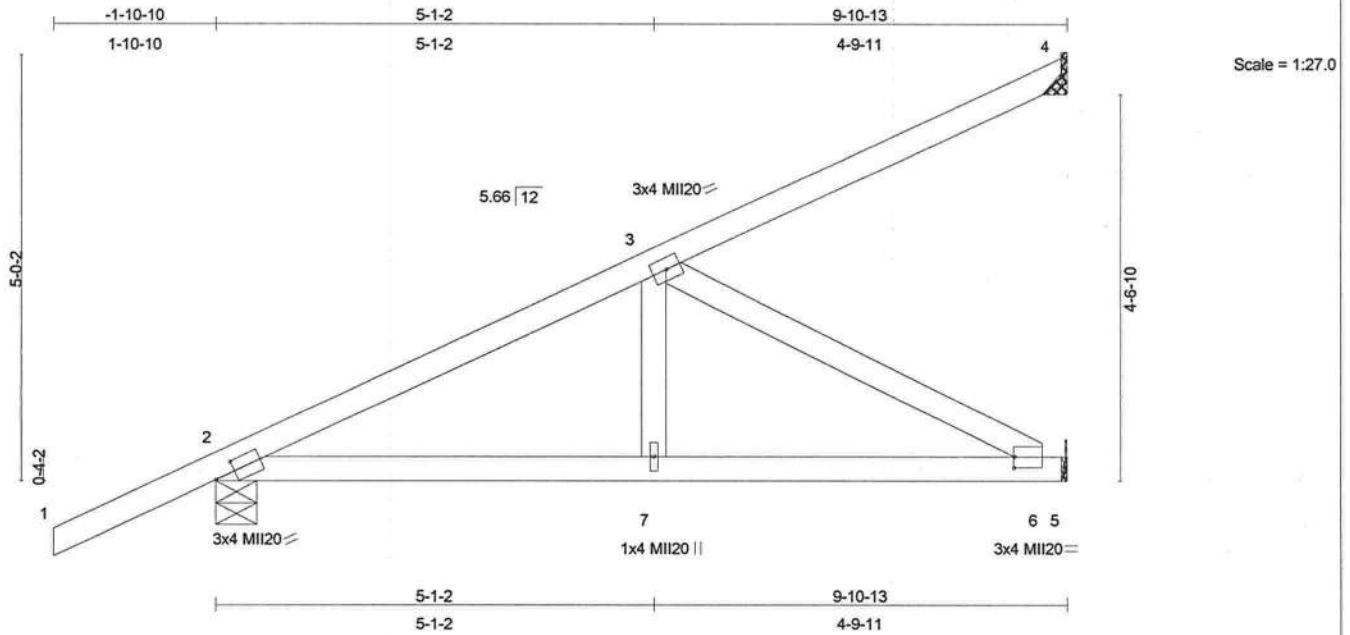


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-2-13,0-1-8], [6:0-0-2,0-1-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.50	Vert(LL)	0.03	6-7	>999	360	MI20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.37	Vert(TL)	-0.07	6-7	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB 0.30	Horz(TL)	0.01	5	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code	FBC2001/ANSI95	(Matrix)							
										Weight: 45 lb

LUMBER	BRACING
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD Sheathed or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3	

REACTIONS (lb/size) 4=253/Mechanical, 2=471/0-5-11, 5=366/Mechanical
Max Horz 2=404(load case 4)
Max Uplift 4=-280(load case 4), 2=-195(load case 4), 5=-136(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/47, 2-3=-635/30, 3-4=-157/79
BOT CHORD 2-7=-341/549, 6-7=-341/549, 5-6=0/0
WEBS 3-7=0/147, 3-6=-623/388

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

- NOTES**
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
 - 2) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
 - 3) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 280 lb uplift at joint 4, 195 lb uplift at joint 2 and 136 lb uplift at joint 5.
 - 4) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- 1) Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25
Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-2=-60
Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
Vert: 2=-4(F=28, B=28)-to-4=-148(F=-44, B=-44), 2=-0(F=10, B=10)-to-5=-49(F=-15, B=-15)


Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

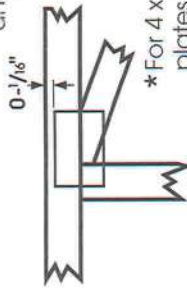
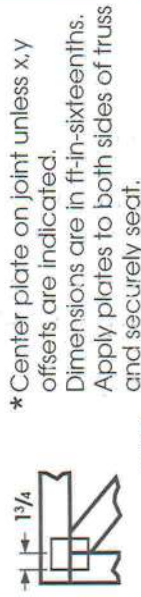
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI1 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



* Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



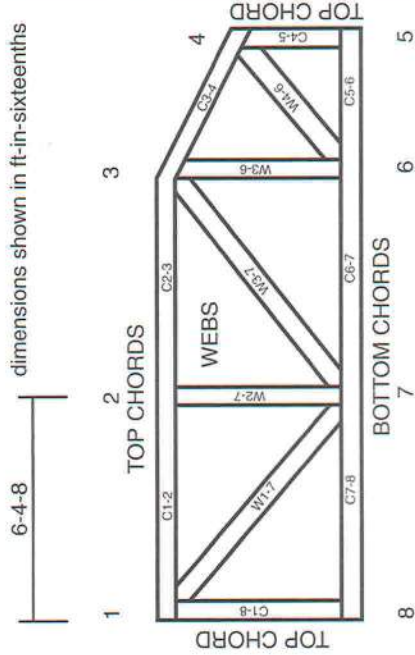
BEARING



Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss H1	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 1	Ply 2	SIMQUE HOMES	19388122
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Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Nov 11 13:30:39 2005 Page 1

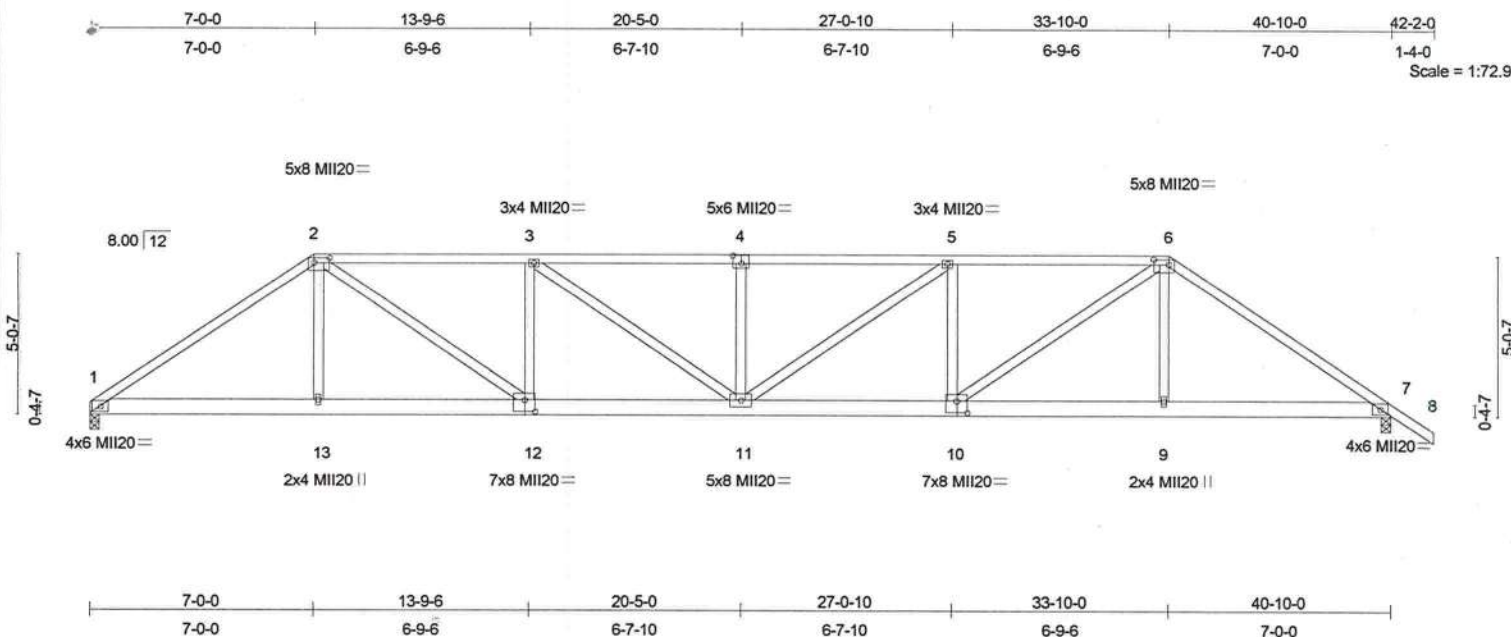


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-5-12,0-2-0], [4:0-3-0,0-3-4], [6:0-5-12,0-2-0], [10:0-4-0,0-4-8], [12:0-4-0,0-4-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.99	Vert(LL)	0.49	11	>996	360	MI20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.58	Vert(TL)	-0.49	11	>996	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB 0.63	Horz(TL)	0.10	7	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code FBC2001/ANSI95		(Matrix)							
									Weight: 481 lb	

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 6 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 4-3-8 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 7-2-15 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 1=3393/0-3-8, 7=3485/0-3-8
Max Horz 1=-221(load case 2)
Max Uplift 1=-2363(load case 3), 7=-2391(load case 2)

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-5772/4170, 2-3=-7264/5494, 3-4=-8051/6036, 4-5=-8051/6036, 5-6=-7260/5491, 6-7=-5758/4164, 7-8=0/47
BOT CHORD 1-13=-3547/4699, 12-13=-3558/4723, 11-12=-5494/7263, 10-11=-5402/7259, 9-10=-3351/4710, 7-9=-3339/4686
WEBS 2-13=-403/762, 2-12=-2536/3163, 3-12=-1483/1563, 3-11=-772/993, 4-11=-843/989, 5-11=-774/996, 5-10=-1485/1565, 6-10=-2541/3168, 6-9=-383/750

NOTES

- 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d Common(.148"x3") Nails as follows:
Top chords connected as follows: 2 X 4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
Bottom chords connected as follows: 2 X 6 - 2 rows at 0-9-0 oc.
Webs connected as follows: 2 X 4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
- All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 2363 lb uplift at joint 1 and 2391 lb uplift at joint 7.
- Girder carries hip end with 7-0-0 end setback.
- Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 513 lb down and 481 lb up at 33-10-0, and 513 lb down and 481 lb up at 7-0-0 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

Continued on page 2

November 14, 2005

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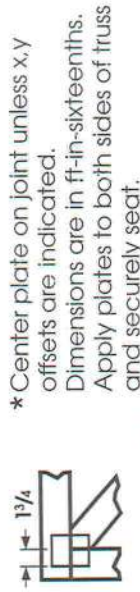
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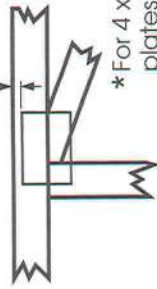


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



0 - 1/16"



— —
* This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

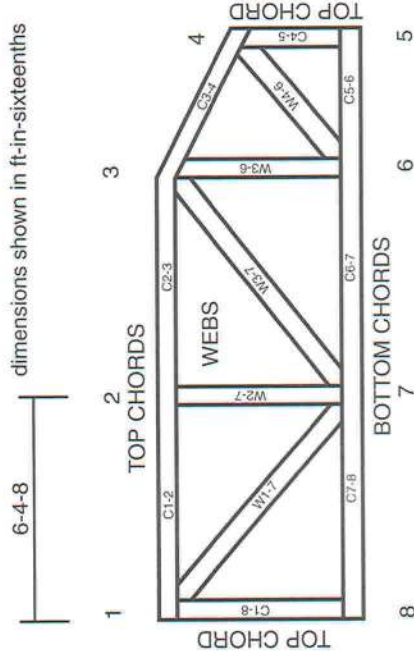


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
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Numbering System



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CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS1.
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
- Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
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- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.



Job 8833	Truss H1	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 1	Ply 2	SIMQUE HOMES Job Reference (optional)	19388122
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Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Nov 11 13:30:39 2005 Page:2

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-6=-131(F=-71), 6-8=-60, 1-13=-20, 9-13=-44(F=-24), 7-9=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 13=-513(F) 9=-513(F)

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

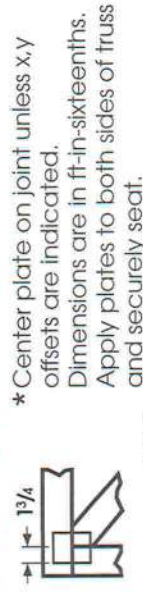
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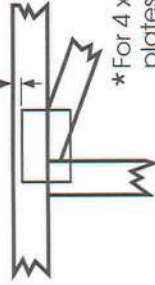


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



0 - 1/16"



* Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



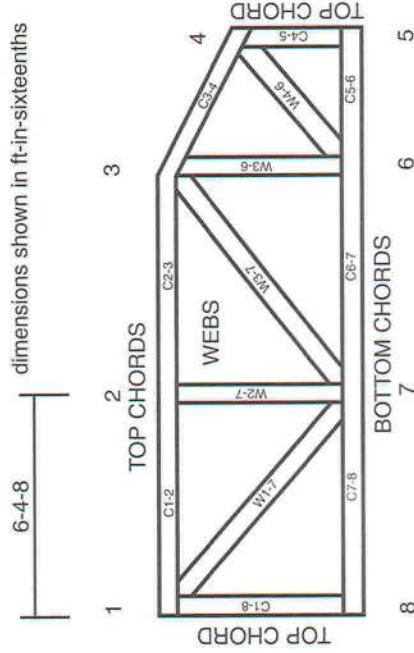
BEARING



Industry Standards:

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General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

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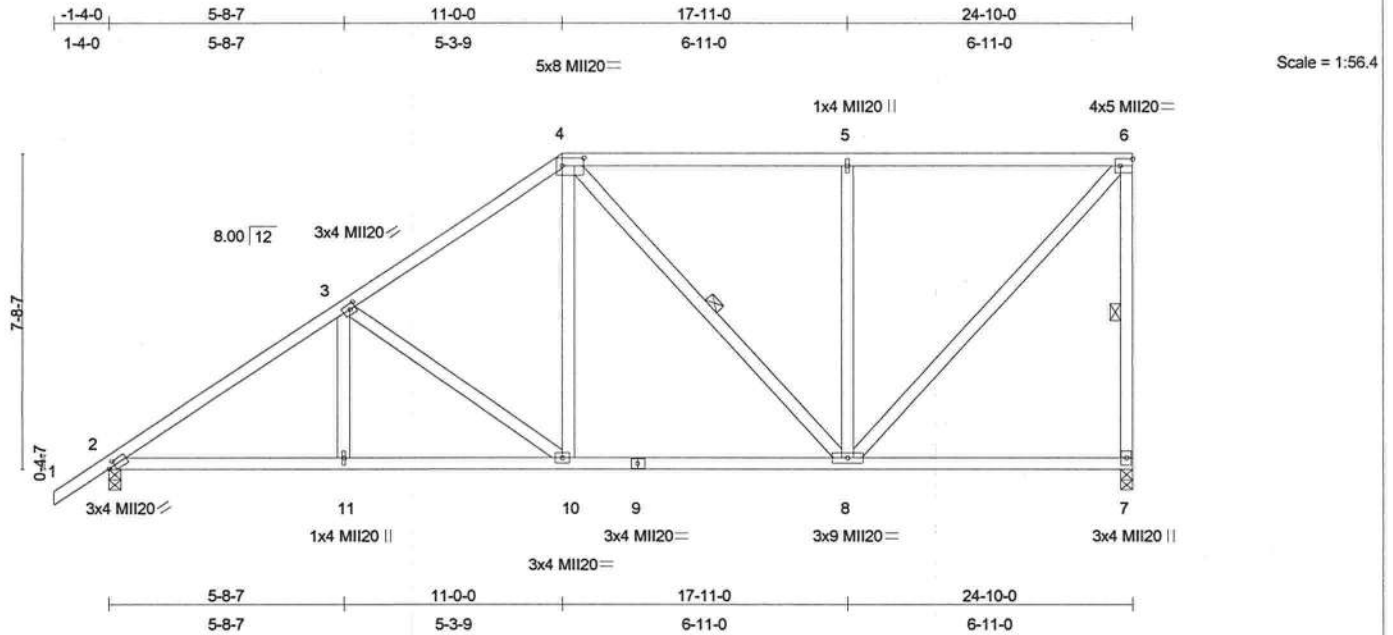


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-1-15,0-1-8], [3:0-1-12,0-1-8], [4:0-6-4,0-2-4], [6:Edge,0-2-0]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.54	Vert(LL)	0.05	8-10	>999	360	MI120	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.34	Vert(TL)	-0.09	8-10	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.79	Horz(TL)	0.03	7	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code	FBC2001/ANSI95	(Matrix)							
									Weight: 155 lb	

LUMBER	BRACING
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD Sheathed or 5-0-4 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 8-4-3 oc bracing.
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 6-7, 4-8

REACTIONS (lb/size) 7=979/0-3-8, 2=1073/0-3-8
 Max Horz 2=424(load case 3)
 Max Uplift 7=443(load case 3), 2=424(load case 4)

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
 TOP CHORD 1-2=0/44, 2-3=-1469/426, 3-4=-1078/371, 4-5=-694/334, 5-6=-693/334, 6-7=-912/453
 BOT CHORD 2-11=-559/1133, 10-11=-559/1133, 9-10=-462/832, 8-9=-462/832, 7-8=-96/115
 WEBS 3-11=0/124, 3-10=-376/313, 4-10=-114/338, 4-8=-203/156, 5-8=-444/410, 6-8=-450/991

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 3) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 443 lb uplift at joint 7 and 424 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard


 Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
 MiTek Industries, Inc.
 14515 North Outer Forty Drive
 Suite 300
 Chesterfield, MO, 63017
 FL Cert. #6634

November 14, 2005

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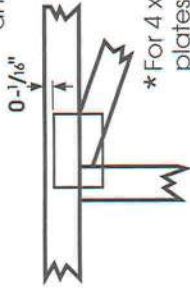
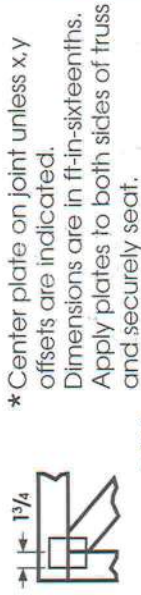
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LATERAL BRACING



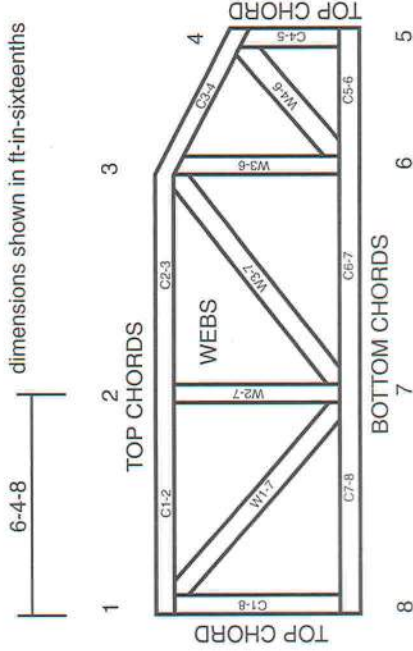
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7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
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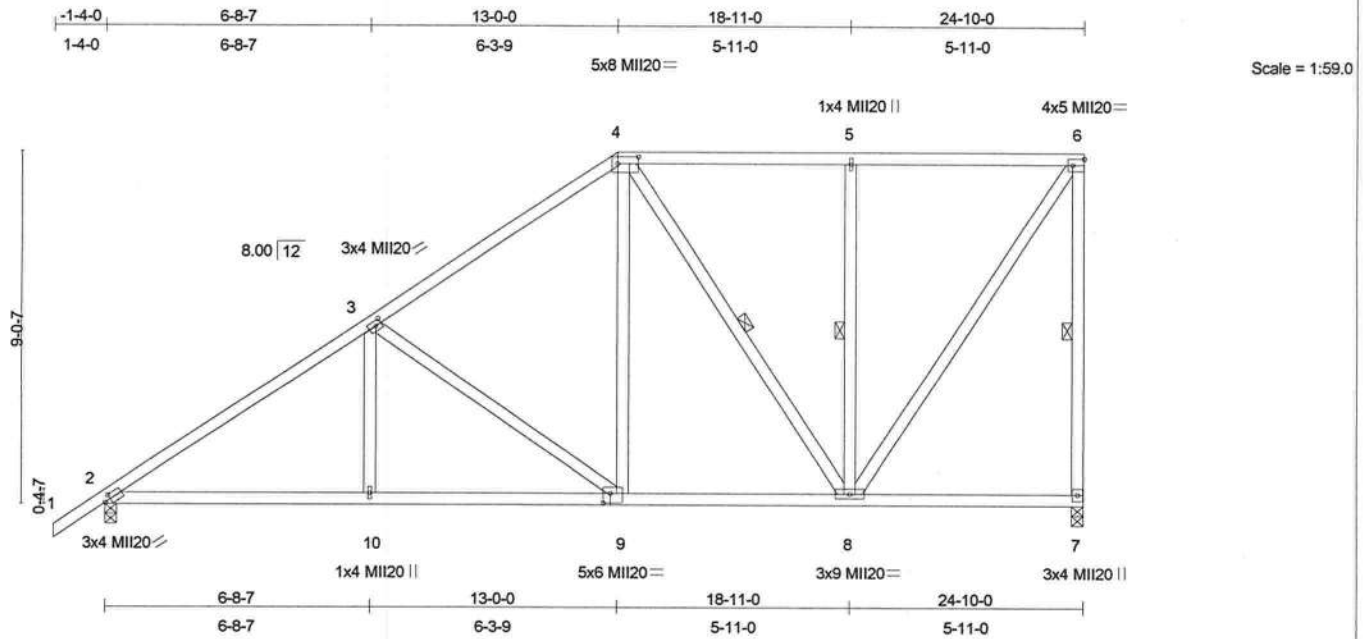


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-1-15,0-1-8], [3:0-1-12,0-1-8], [4:0-6-4,0-2-4], [6:Edge,0-2-0], [9:0-2-4,0-3-0]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.56	Vert(LL)	0.06	2-10	>999	360	MI120	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.38	Vert(TL)	-0.11	2-10	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.80	Horz(TL)	0.03	7	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code	FBC2001/ANSI95	(Matrix)							
									Weight: 166 lb	

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 4-11-6 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 8-4-1 oc bracing.
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 6-7, 4-8, 5-8

REACTIONS (lb/size) 7=979/0-3-8, 2=1073/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=497(load case 3)
Max Uplift 7=443(load case 3), 2=437(load case 4)

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/44, 2-3=-1443/438, 3-4=-958/365, 4-5=-521/281, 5-6=-521/281, 6-7=-921/440
BOT CHORD 2-10=-551/1104, 9-10=-551/1104, 8-9=-422/712, 7-8=-106/145
WEBS 3-10=0/158, 3-9=-487/384, 4-9=-148/396, 4-8=-341/214, 5-8=-370/336, 6-8=-418/919

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 3) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 443 lb uplift at joint 7 and 437 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

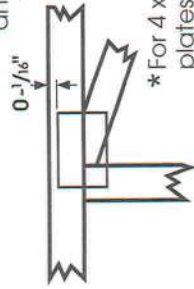
14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x.y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- * This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.



- * Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



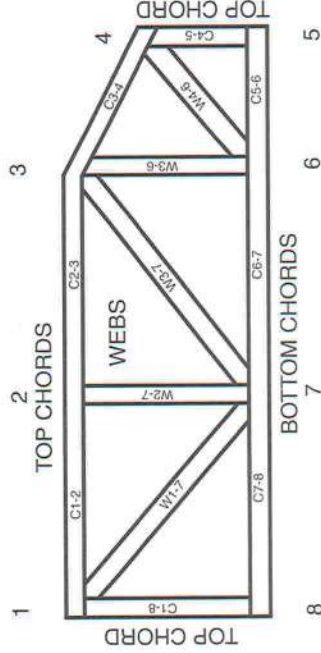
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

- ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
- DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
- BCSI1: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



General Safety Notes

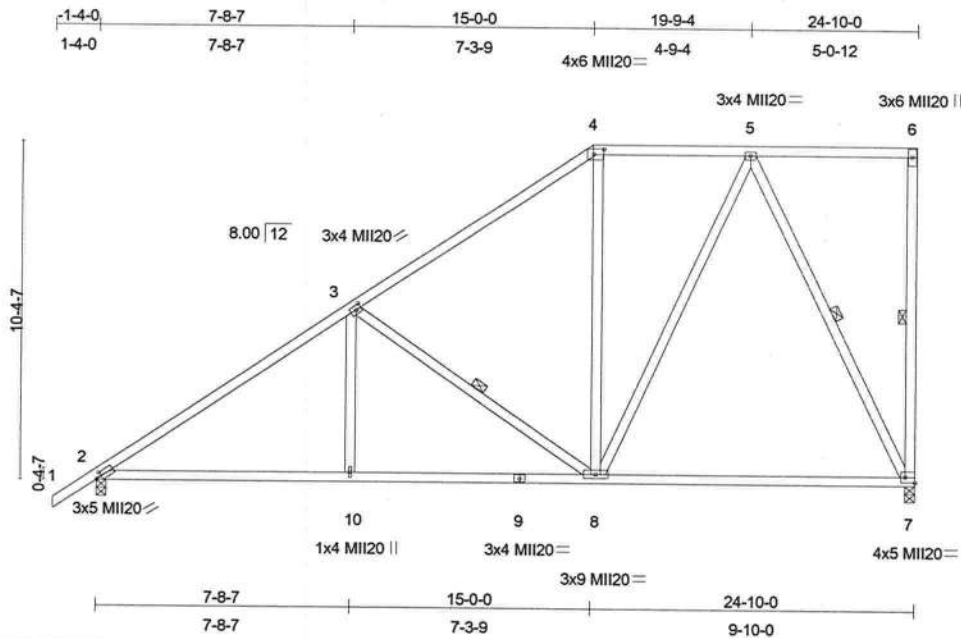
Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI1.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss H12	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 1	Ply 1	SIMQUE HOMES	19388125
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Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Nov 11 13:30:41 2005 Page 1



Scale = 1:70.5

Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-1-15,0-1-8], [3:0-1-12,0-1-8], [4:0-3-12,0-2-0], [7:Edge,0-2-0]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.63	Vert(LL)	0.15	7-8	>999	360	MI20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.44	Vert(TL)	-0.20	7-8	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.75	Horz(TL)	0.03	7	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code FBC2001/ANSI95		(Matrix)							
									Weight: 163 lb	

LUMBER
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING
TOP CHORD Sheathed or 4-9-15 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 8-2-11 oc bracing.
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 6-7, 3-8, 5-7

REACTIONS (lb/size) 7=979/0-3-8, 2=1073/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=570(load case 3)
Max Uplift 7=444(load case 3), 2=445(load case 4)

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/44, 2-3=-1407/437, 3-4=-849/349, 4-5=-597/399, 5-6=-120/180, 6-7=-141/173
BOT CHORD 2-10=-545/1066, 9-10=-545/1066, 8-9=-545/1066, 7-8=-312/381
WEBS 3-10=0/172, 3-8=-573/449, 4-8=-10/130, 5-8=-289/516, 5-7=-831/462

NOTES
1) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
3) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 444 lb uplift at joint 7 and 445 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

J. Garcia

Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

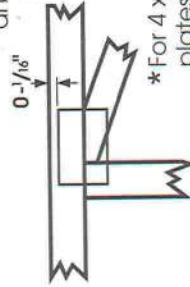
14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x,y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- * This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.



- * Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING

- Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.



BEARING

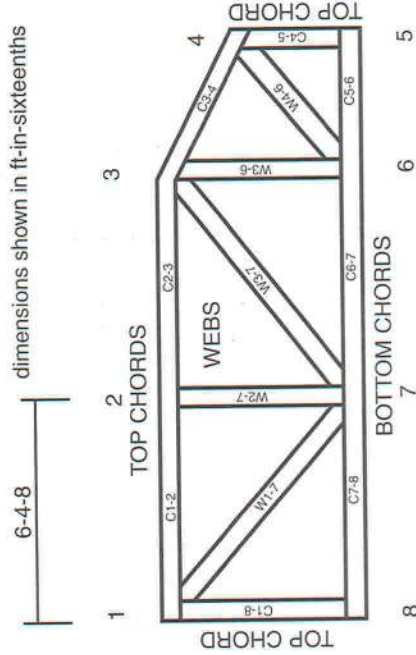


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

- ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
- DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
- BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	SIMQUE HOMES	19388126
8833	H13	ROOF TRUSS	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	

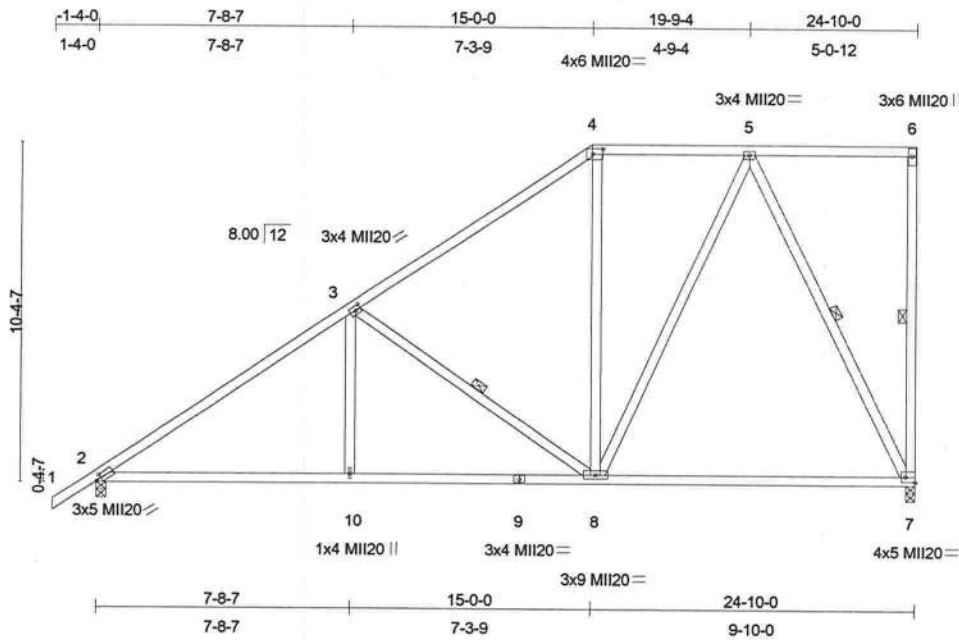


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-1-15,0-1-8], [3:0-1-12,0-1-8], [4:0-3-12,0-2-0], [7:Edge,0-2-0]

LUMBER

REACTIONS (lb/size) 7=979/0-3-8, 2=1073/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=570(load case 3)
Max Uplift 7=-444(load case 3), 2=-445(load case 4)

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

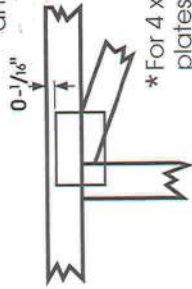
November 14, 2005

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017

Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x,y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- * This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.



- * Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

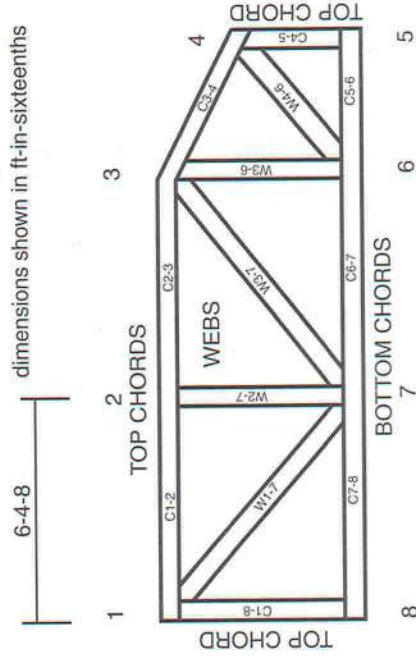


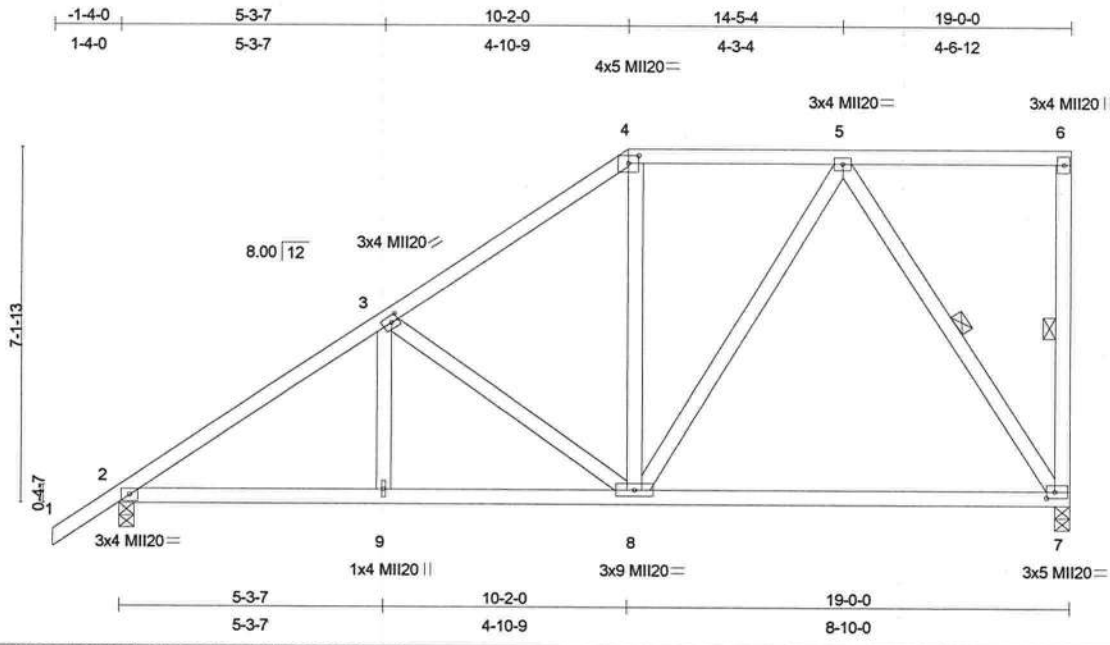
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

- ANSI/TPI 1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
- DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
- BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

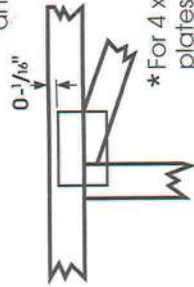




Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x,y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- * This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



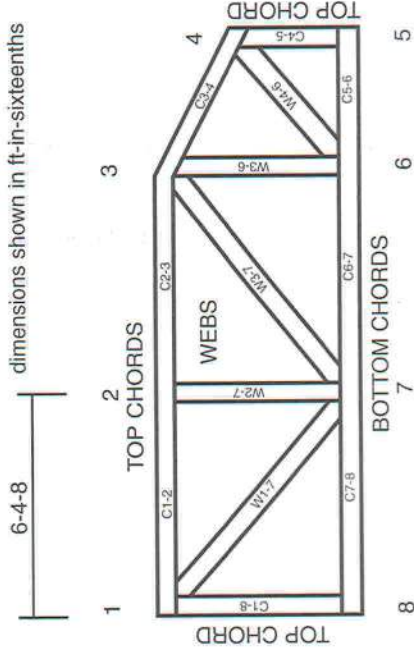
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

- ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
- DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
- BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

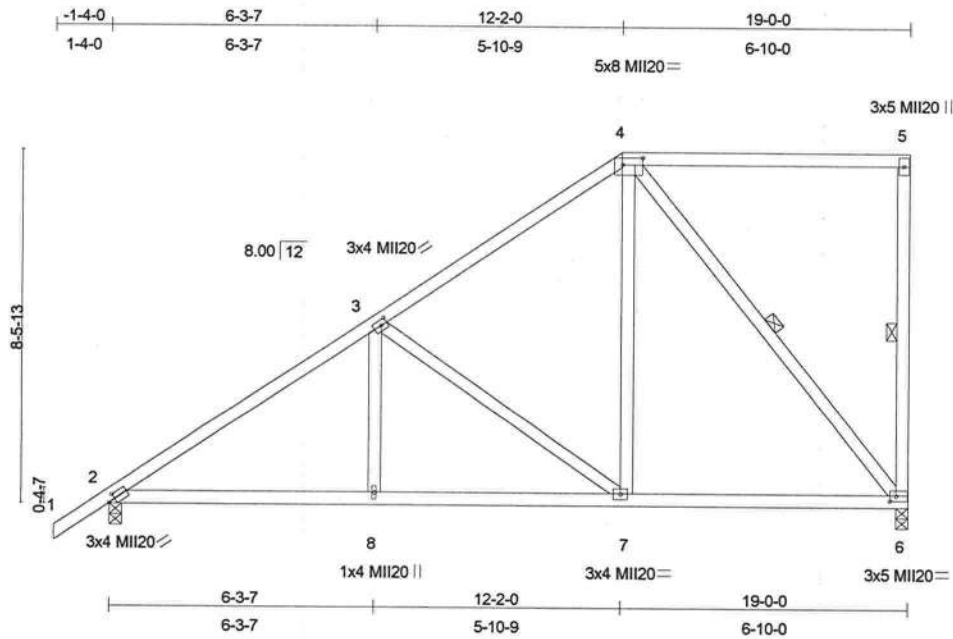
BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.





Scale = 1:55.3

Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-1-15,0-1-8], [3:0-1-12,0-1-8], [4:0-5-12,0-2-0], [6:0-1-12,0-1-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.60	Vert(LL)	0.05	6-7	>999	360	MII20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.30	Vert(TL)	-0.08	2-8	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.49	Horz(TL)	0.02	6	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code FBC2001/ANSI95		(Matrix)							
										Weight: 118 lb

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 5-10-10 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-8-12 oc bracing.
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 5-6, 4-6

REACTIONS (lb/size) 6=745/0-3-8, 2=841/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=467(load case 3)
Max Uplift 6=-339(load case 3), 2=-366(load case 4)

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/44, 2-3=-1045/317, 3-4=-599/255, 4-5=-83/157, 5-6=-185/211
BOT CHORD 2-8=-402/779, 7-8=-402/779, 6-7=-284/426
WEBS 3-8=0/145, 3-7=-440/356, 4-7=-162/374, 4-6=-637/285

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 3) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 339 lb uplift at joint 6 and 366 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

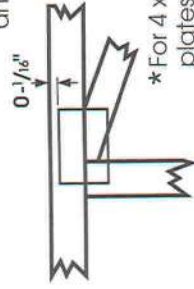
J. Garcia
Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x,y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- * This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.



- * Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

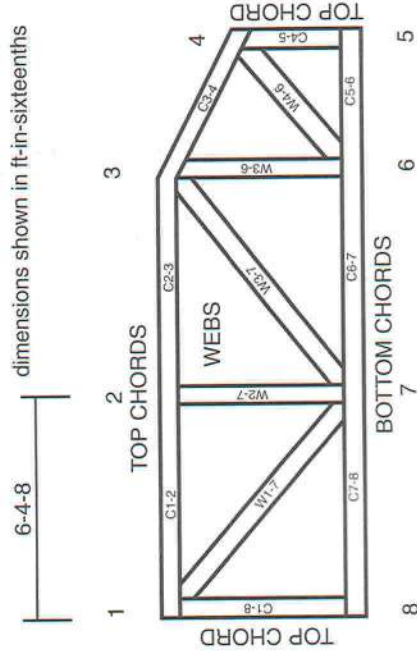


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

- ANSI/TP1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
- DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
- BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
- Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
- Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

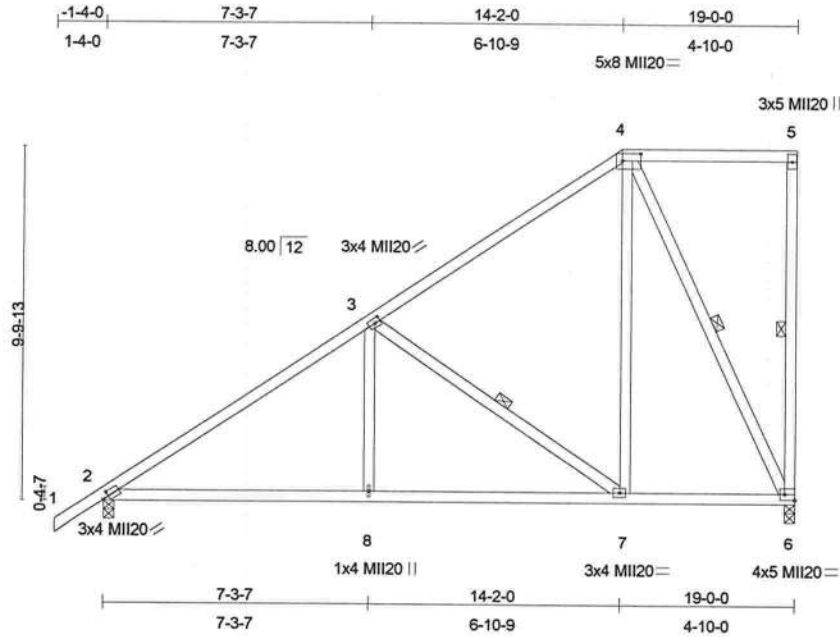


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-1-15,0-1-8], [3:0-1-12,0-1-8], [4:0-6-4,0-2-4], [6:Edge,0-2-0]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.60	Vert(LL)	0.08	2-8	>999	360	MII20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.38	Vert(TL)	-0.12	2-8	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.52	Horz(TL)	0.02	6	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code FBC2001/ANSI95		(Matrix)							
										Weight: 125 lb

LUMBER	BRACING
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD Sheathed or 5-9-13 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-9-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 5-6, 3-7, 4-6

REACTIONS (lb/size) 6=745/0-3-8, 2=841/0-3-8
 Max Horz 2=540(load case 3)
 Max Uplift 6=340(load case 3), 2=364(load case 4)

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
 TOP CHORD 1-2=0/44, 2-3=-1016/300, 3-4=-476/222, 4-5=-105/170, 5-6=-107/189
 BOT CHORD 2-8=-392/747, 7-8=-392/747, 6-7=-242/300
 WEBS 3-8=0/178, 3-7=-553/425, 4-7=-229/427, 4-6=-667/337

- NOTES**
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
 - 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
 - 3) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 340 lb uplift at joint 6 and 364 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

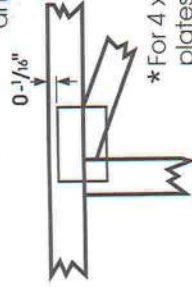

 Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
 MiTek Industries, Inc.
 14515 North Outer Forty Drive
 Suite 300
 Chesterfield, MO, 63017
 FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

* Center plate on joint unless x,y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



* For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

* This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.



* Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

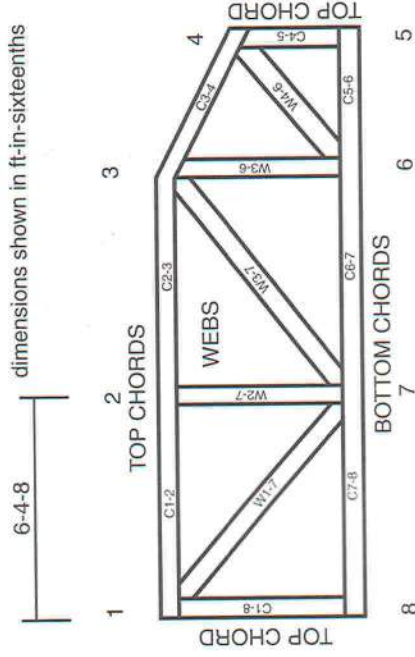


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TP1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.



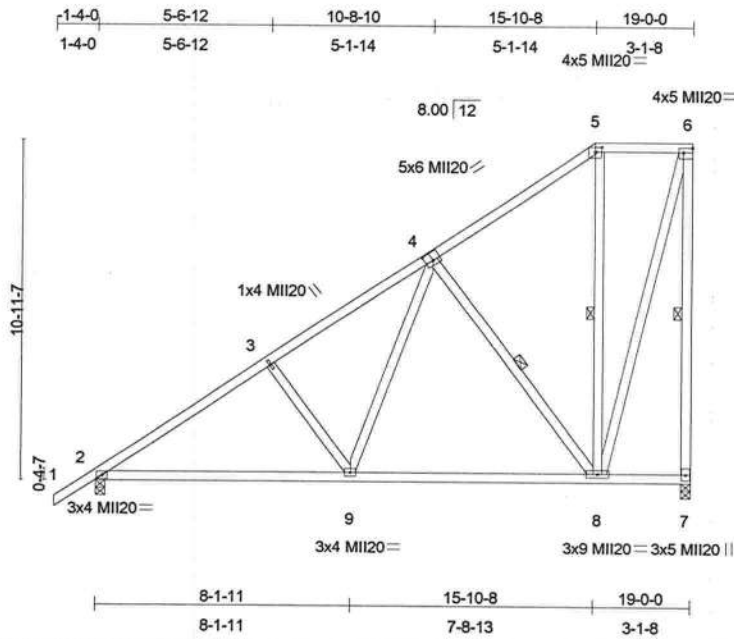


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [4:0-3-0,0-3-0], [5:0-2-8,0-1-13], [6:Edge,0-1-12]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI	DEFL	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.66	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MI20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Plates Increase 1.25	BC 0.52	Vert(LL) 0.05 2-9 >999 360		
BCLL 0.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	WB 0.78	Vert(TL) -0.12 2-9 >999 240		
BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	(Matrix)	Horz(TL) 0.01 7 n/a n/a		
	Code FBC2001/ANSI95				
				Weight: 141 lb	

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 5-11-12 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-7-3 oc bracing.
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 6-7, 4-8, 5-8

REACTIONS (lb/size) 7=745/0-3-8, 2=841/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=602(load case 3)
Max Uplift 7=344(load case 4), 2=356(load case 4)

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/44, 2-3=-1037/317, 3-4=-848/337, 4-5=-312/209, 5-6=-182/250, 6-7=-733/438
BOT CHORD 2-9=-429/786, 8-9=-315/494, 7-8=-124/184
WEBS 3-9=-263/300, 4-9=-167/419, 4-8=-516/429, 5-8=-162/285, 6-8=-362/699

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 3) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 344 lb uplift at joint 7 and 356 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard


 Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
 MiTek Industries, Inc.
 14515 North Outer Forty Drive
 Suite 300
 Chesterfield, MO, 63017
 FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, D58-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

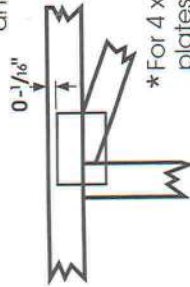
14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

→ 1 3/4" ←
* Center plate on joint unless x,y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



* For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.



* This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

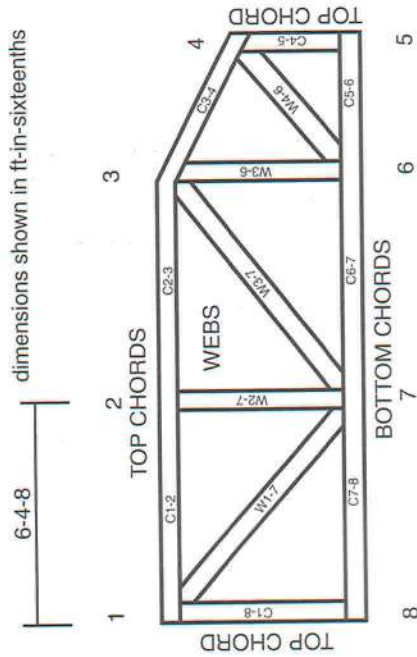


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

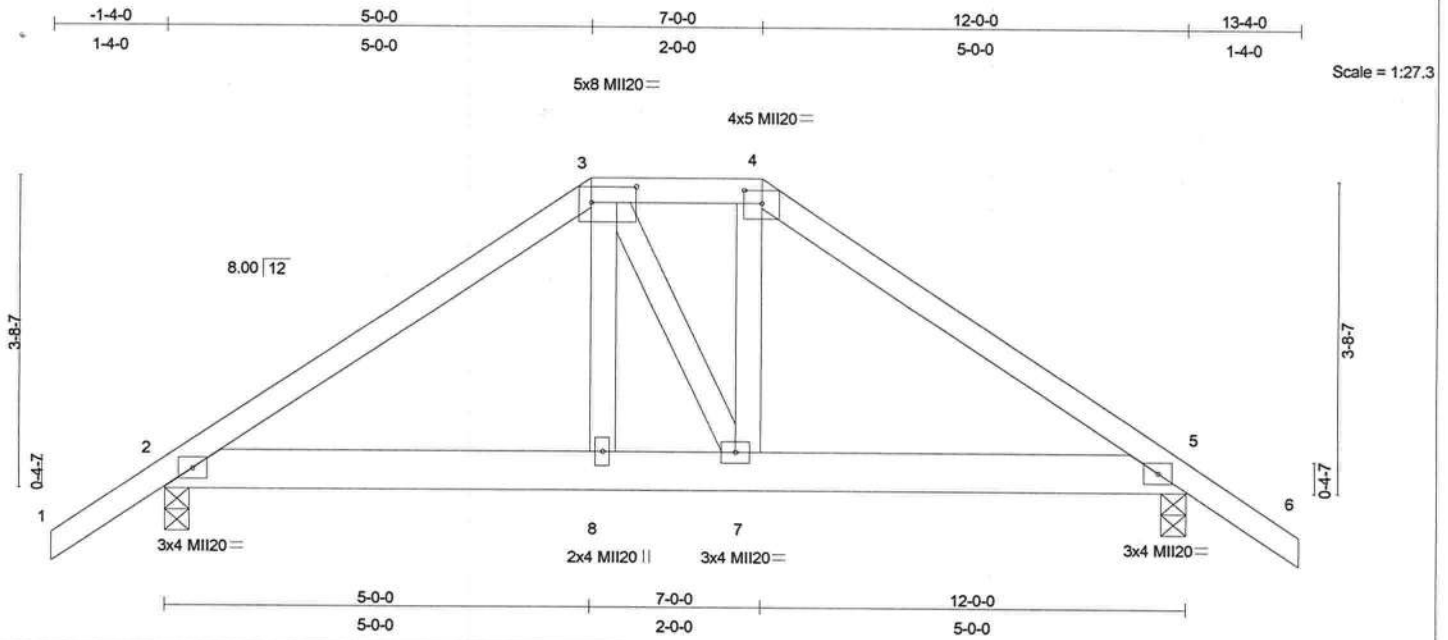


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [3:0-6-4,0-2-4], [4:0-2-8,0-1-13]							
LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	PLATES
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.16	Vert(LL)	0.01	8	MI20
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.10	Vert(TL)	0.01	8	GRIP
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB 0.06	Horz(TL)	0.00	5	249/190
BCDL 10.0	Code	FBC2001/ANSI95	(Matrix)				
							Weight: 136 lb

LUMBER	BRACING
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD Sheathed or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2 X 6 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3	

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=843/0-3-8, 5=843/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=-145(load case 2)
Max Uplift 2=-529(load case 4), 5=-529(load case 5)

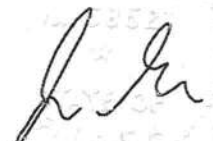
FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/47, 2-3=-1086/617, 3-4=-846/588, 4-5=-1092/619, 5-6=0/47
BOT CHORD 2-8=-498/826, 7-8=-506/840, 5-7=-425/832
WEBS 3-8=-195/317, 3-7=-155/142, 4-7=-272/385

NOTES

- 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d Common(.148"x3") Nails as follows:
Top chords connected as follows: 2 X 4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
Bottom chords connected as follows: 2 X 6 - 2 rows at 0-9-0 oc.
Webs connected as follows: 2 X 4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
- All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 529 lb uplift at joint 2 and 529 lb uplift at joint 5.
- Girder carries hip end with 5-0-0 end setback.
- Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 233 lb down and 219 lb up at 7-0-0, and 233 lb down and 219 lb up at 5-0-0 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25
Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-4=-101(F=-41), 4-6=-60, 2-8=-20, 7-8=-34(F=-14), 5-7=-20


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FL Cert.#6634

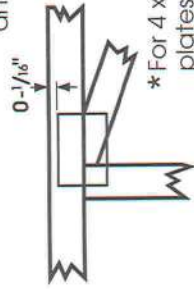
Continued on page 2

November 14,2005

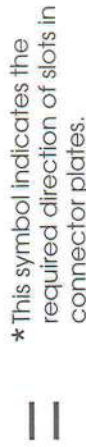
Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x,y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.



- * Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

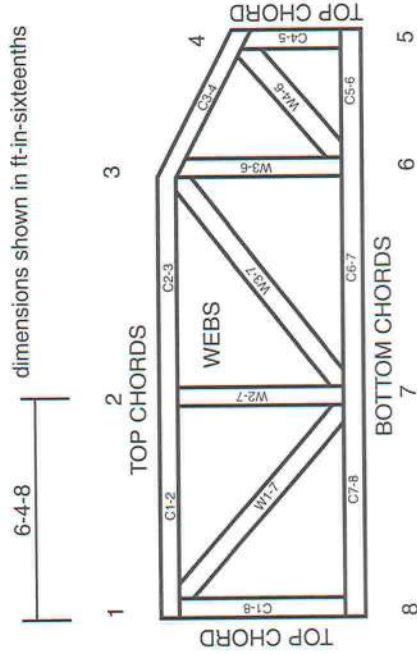


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

- ANSI/TP1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
- DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
- BCS1: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS1.
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
- Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP1.
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
- Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	SIMQUE HOMES	19388131
8833	H19	ROOF TRUSS	1	2	Job Reference (optional)	

Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.

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LOAD CASE(S) Standard
 Concentrated Loads (lb)
 Vert: 8=-233(F) 7=-233(F)

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

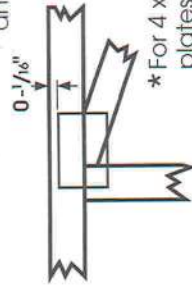
14515 N. Outer Forty,
 Suite #300
 Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x,y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- * This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.



- * Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING

Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use 1, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.



BEARING

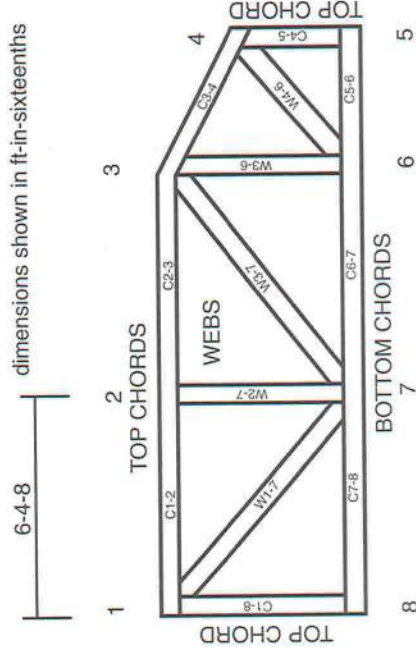
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.



Industry Standards:

- ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
- DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
- BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A

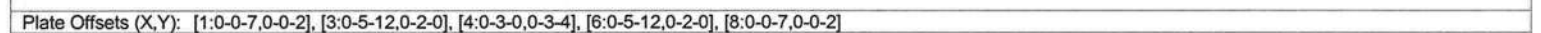
General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.



Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga. 6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Nov 11 13:30:44 2005 Page 1



LUMBER		BRACING	
TOP CHORD	2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD	Sheathed or 3-5-3 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD	2 X 4 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 5-6-7 oc bracing.
WEBS	2 X 4 SYP No.3	WEBS	1 Row at midpt 3-13, 4-12, 6-12

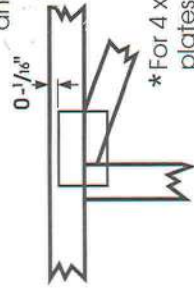
LOAD CASE(S) Standard

November 14, 2005

Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x,y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



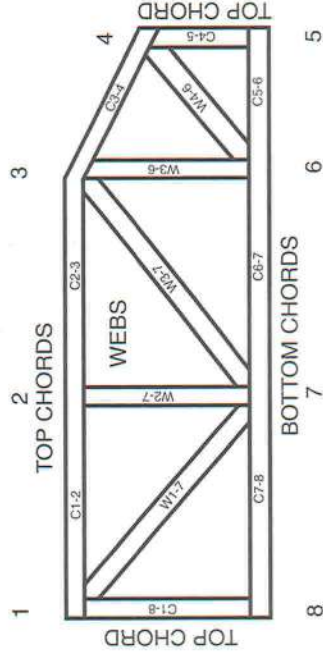
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

- ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
- DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
- BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
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3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	SIMQUE HOMES	19388133
8833	H3	ROOF TRUSS	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	

Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.

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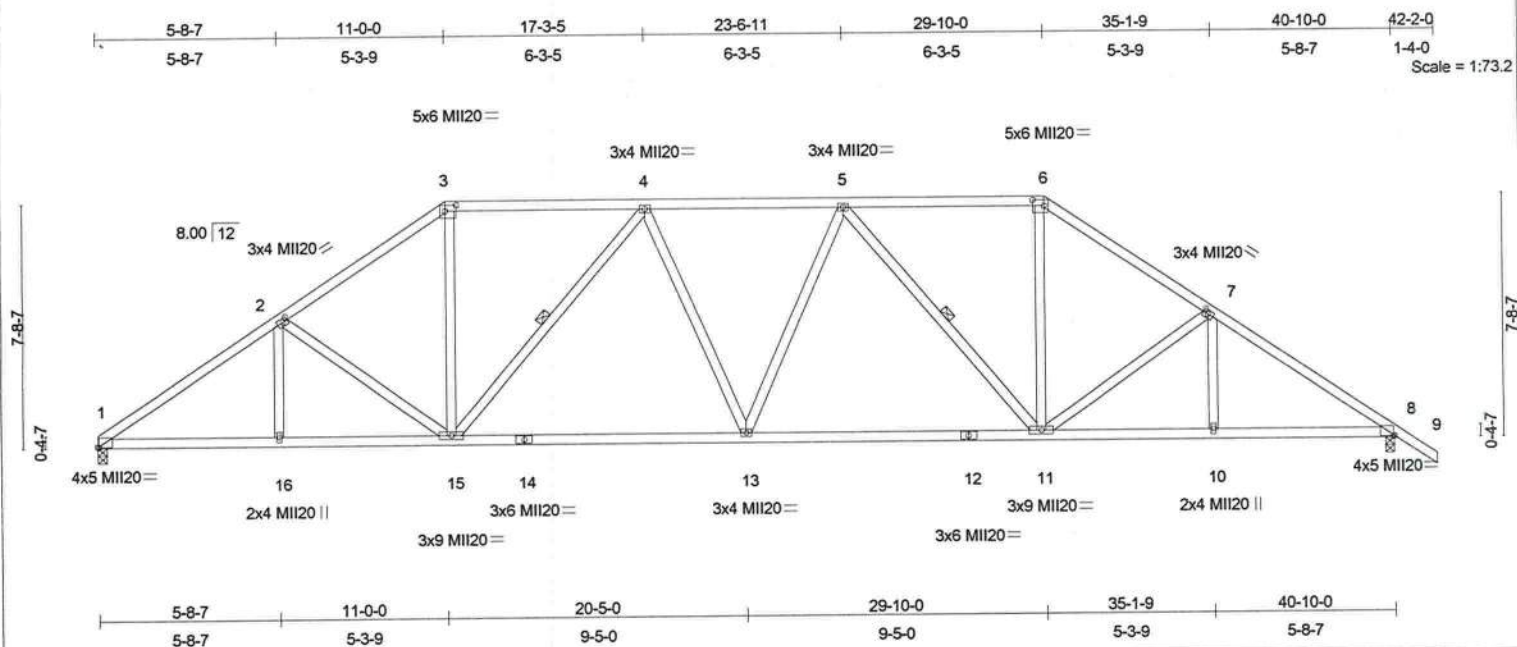


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [1:0-0-7,0-0-2], [2:0-1-12,0-1-8], [3:0-4-4,0-2-4], [6:0-4-4,0-2-4], [7:0-1-12,0-1-8], [8:0-0-7,0-0-2]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in (loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.41	Vert(LL)	0.17 13-15	>999	360	MI20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.60	Vert(TL)	-0.35 13-15	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.47	Horz(TL)	0.12 8	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code	FBC2001/ANSI95	(Matrix)						
								Weight: 232 lb	

LUMBER	BRACING
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD Sheathed or 3-8-5 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-3-14 oc bracing.
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 4-15, 5-11

REACTIONS (lb/size) 1=1620/0-3-8, 8=1712/0-3-8
Max Horz 1=-335(load case 2)
Max Uplift1=-529(load case 3), 8=-557(load case 2)

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=-2598/885, 2-3=-2217/877, 3-4=-1788/792, 4-5=-2220/912, 5-6=-1784/790, 6-7=-2212/875, 7-8=-2582/878, 8-9=0/44
BOT CHORD 1-16=-937/2064, 15-16=-937/2064, 14-15=-986/2179, 13-14=-986/2179, 12-13=-913/2178, 11-12=-913/2178, 10-11=-614/2048, 8-10=-614/2048
WEBS 2-16=0/118, 2-15=-362/340, 3-15=-231/833, 4-15=-701/529, 4-13=-38/165, 5-13=-40/168, 5-11=-704/530, 6-11=-229/828, 7-11=-345/315, 7-10=0/108

NOTES
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 529 lb uplift at joint 1 and 557 lb uplift at joint 8.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Juan Garcia

Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

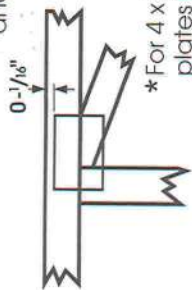
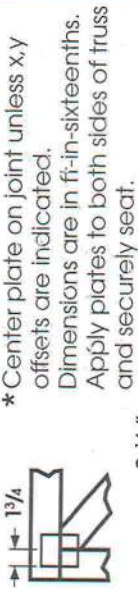
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, D58-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



* Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

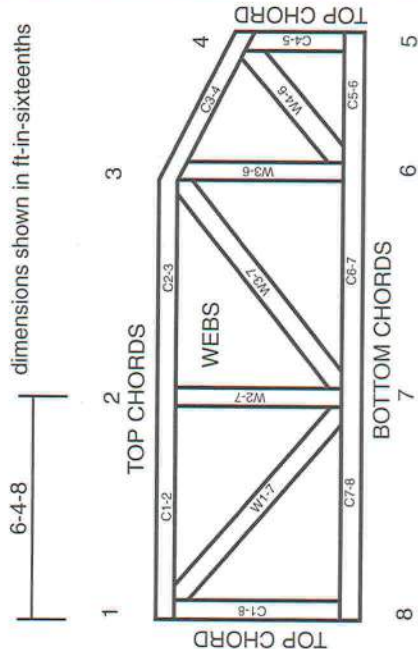


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

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LUMBER		BRACING	
TOP CHORD	2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD	Sheathed or 2-9-13 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD	2 X 4 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 5-1-0 oc bracing.
WEBS	2 X 4 SYP No.3	WEBS	1 Row at midpt 6-12, 7-11, 6-11

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=1394/0-3-8, 8=-538/0-3-8, 10=2564/0-3-8 fabrication:
Max Horz 2=-374(load case 2)
Max Uplift2=-508(load case 4), 8=-671(load case 6), 10=-608(load case 3)
Max Grav2=1394(load case 1), 8=369(load case 3), 10=2564(load case 1)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/42, 2-3=-3697/1369, 3-4=-2814/1206, 4-5=-2496/1153, 5-6=-1618/744, 6-7=-957/478, 7-8=-623/1442, 8-9=0/44
BOT CHORD 2-14=-1462/3132, 13-14=-1460/3128, 12-13=-818/1726, 11-12=-233/719, 10-11=-1100/524, 8-10=-1100/524
WEBS 3-14=0/155, 3-13=-697/597, 4-13=-390/1118, 5-13=-486/1045, 5-12=-1026/727, 6-12=-734/1283, 7-11=-815/1939,
 7-10=-2405/678, 6-11=-830/472

NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) Bearing at joint(s) 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 508 lb uplift at joint 2, 671 lb uplift at joint 8 and 608 lb uplift at joint 10.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard


Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITEK connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, D5B-89 and BCS1 Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

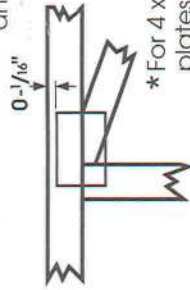
14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x,y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- * This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.



- * Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



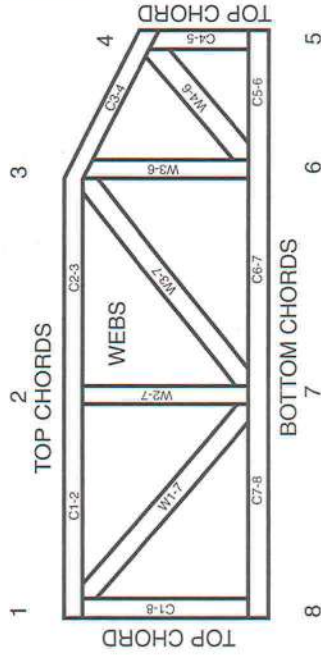
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	SIMQUE HOMES	19388135
8833	H5	ROOF TRUSS	8	1	Job Reference (optional)	

Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Nov 11 13:30:46 2005 Page 1

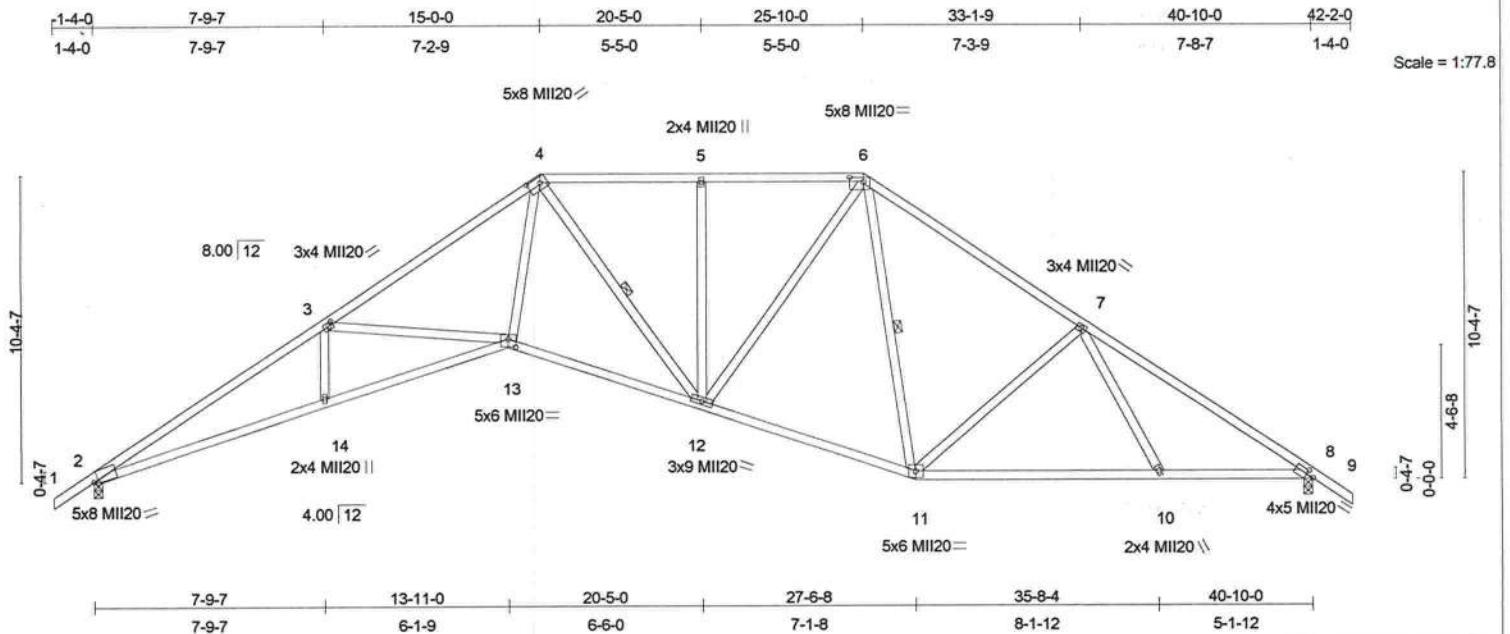


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-1-13,Edge], [3:0-1-12,0-1-8], [4:0-5-4,0-2-4], [6:0-5-8,0-1-12], [8:0-2-15,0-1-12], [13:0-3-0,0-3-4]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.94	Vert(LL)	0.32	13	>999	360	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.93	Vert(TL)	-0.57	12-13	>856	240	
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.83	Horz(TL)	0.42	8	n/a	n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code	FBC2001/ANSI95	(Matrix)						
								Weight: 231 lb	

LUMBER	BRACING
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.1D *Except*	TOP CHORD Sheathed.
4-6 2 X 4 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 5-1-10 oc bracing.
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 *Except*	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 4-12, 6-11
2-13 2 X 4 SYP No.2D	
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3	

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=1710/0-3-8, 8=1710/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=-430(load case 2)
Max Uplift 2=-603(load case 4), 8=-603(load case 5)

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/42, 2-3=-4714/1447, 3-4=-3818/1167, 4-5=-2151/659, 5-6=-2151/659, 6-7=-2068/684, 7-8=-2603/710, 8-9=0/44
BOT CHORD 2-14=-1501/4014, 13-14=-1495/4001, 12-13=-982/2770, 11-12=-400/1731, 10-11=-384/1959, 8-10=-366/2047
WEBS 3-14=0/163, 3-13=-730/634, 4-13=-765/2367, 4-12=-813/434, 5-12=-316/328, 6-12=-529/956, 6-11=-227/330, 7-11=-478/459, 7-10=0/197

NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) Bearing at joint(s) 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 603 lb uplift at joint 2 and 603 lb uplift at joint 8.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Juan Garcia
Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

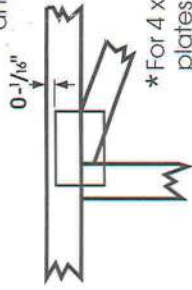
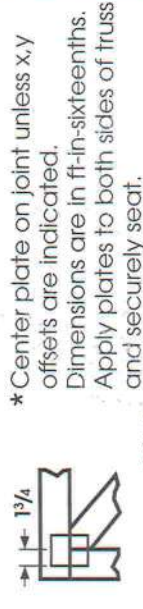
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

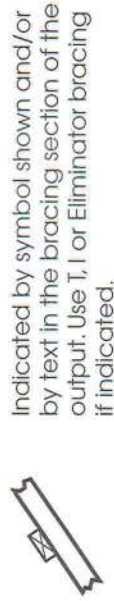


* Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

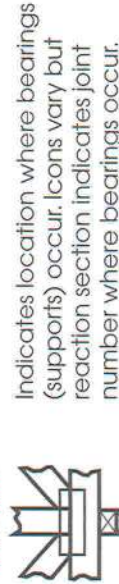
PLATE SIZE

4 x 4
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



BEARING

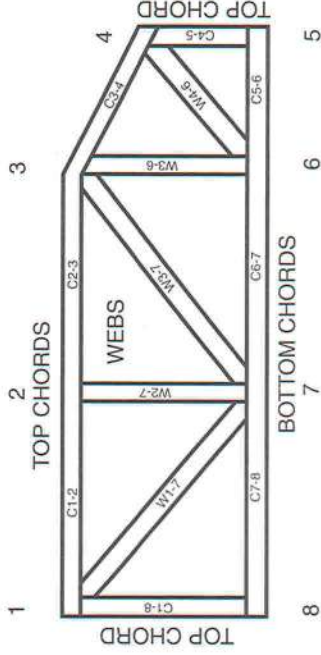


Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	SIMQUE HOMES	19388136
8833	H8	ROOF TRUSS	1	2	Job Reference (optional)	

Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.

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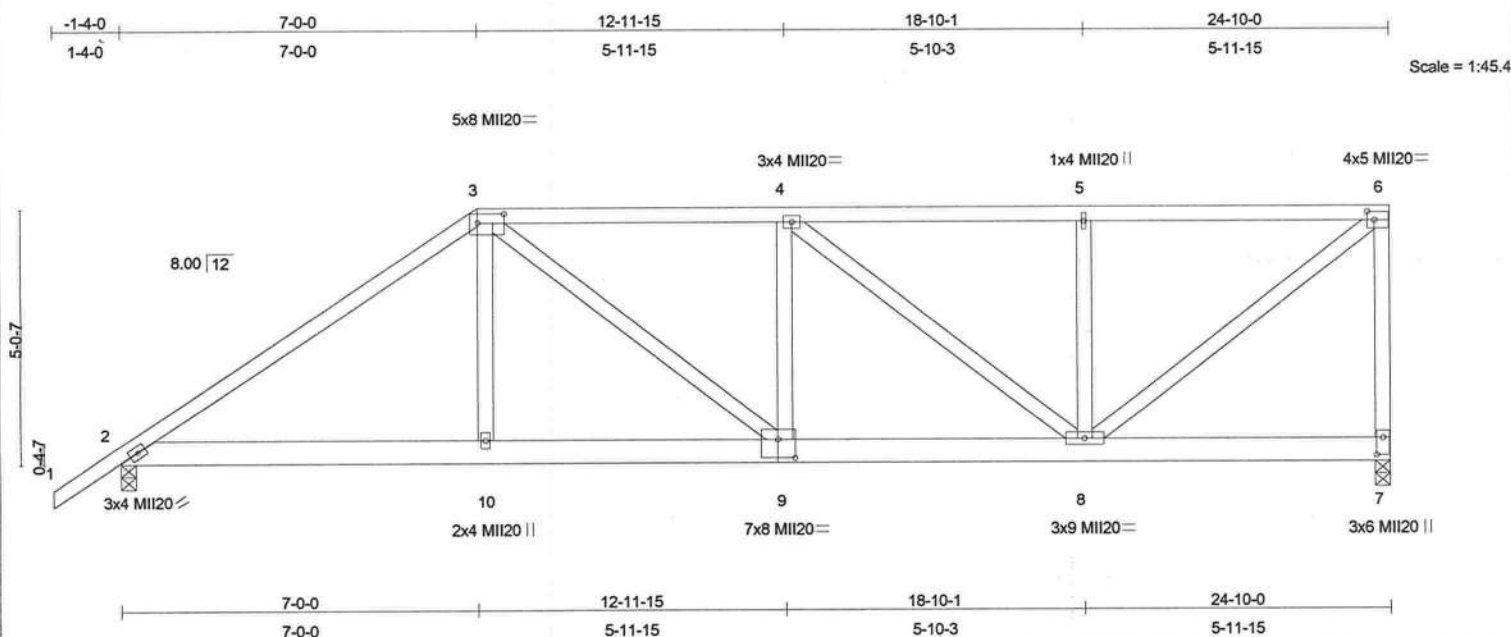


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [3:0-6-4,0-2-4], [6:0-1-12,0-2-0], [7:0-4-4,0-1-8], [9:0-4-0,0-4-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.77	Vert(LL)	0.09	9	>999	360	MI20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.25	Vert(TL)	-0.09	9	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB 0.43	Horz(TL)	-0.02	7	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code	FBC2001/ANSI95	(Matrix)							
									Weight: 313 lb	

LUMBER
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 6 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING
TOP CHORD Sheathed or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 7=2190/0-3-8, 2=2038/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=278(load case 3)
Max Uplift 7=1612(load case 2), 2=1287(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/47, 2-3=3170/2078, 3-4=3039/2253, 4-5=2199/1673, 5-6=2199/1673, 6-7=2044/1639
BOT CHORD 2-10=-1901/2539, 9-10=-1913/2562, 8-9=-2267/3038, 7-8=-135/85
WEBS 3-10=-393/736, 3-9=-692/602, 4-9=-108/524, 4-8=-1073/811, 5-8=-788/923, 6-8=-1938/2704

NOTES

- 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d Common(.148"x3") Nails as follows:
Top chords connected as follows: 2 X 4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
Bottom chords connected as follows: 2 X 6 - 2 rows at 0-9-0 oc.
Webs connected as follows: 2 X 4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
- All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 1612 lb uplift at joint 7 and 1287 lb uplift at joint 2.
- Girder carries hip end with 0-0-0 right side setback, 7-0-0 left side setback, and 7-0-0 end setback.
- Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 513 lb down and 481 lb up at 7-0-0 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25
Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-6=-131(F=-71), 2-10=-20, 7-10=-44(F=-24)
Concentrated Loads (lb)
Vert: 10=-513(F)


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MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



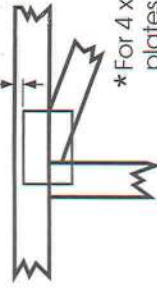
Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



0-1/16"



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- * This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.



- * Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING

Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.



BEARING

Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

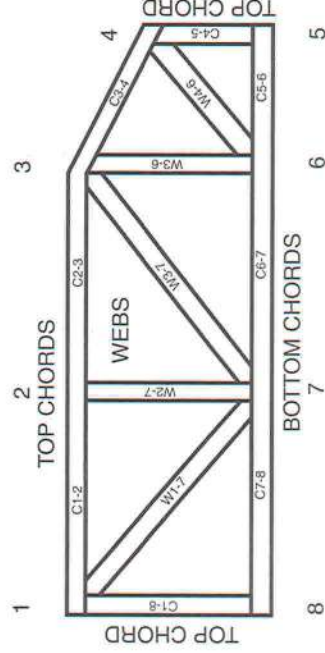


Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

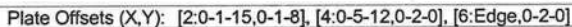
BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.



BRACING	
TOP CHORD	Sheathed or 5-0-4 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 8-2-15 oc bracing.
WEBS	1 Row at midpt 6-7, 4-8

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

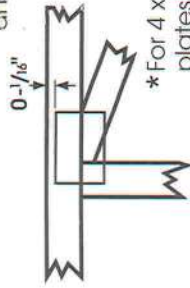
LOAD CASE(S) Standard

November 14, 2005

Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

→ 1/4
* Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated.
Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths.
Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



* For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

—
* This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING

Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.



BEARING

Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

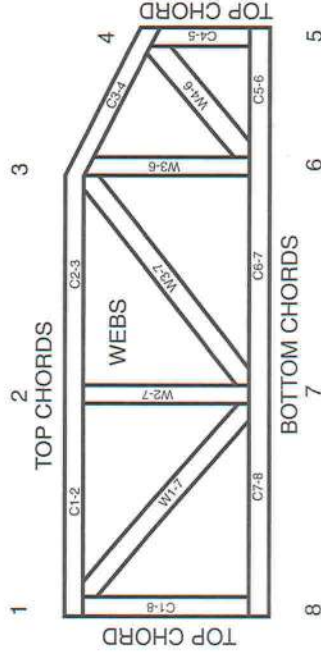


Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

6-4-8
dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



General Safety Notes

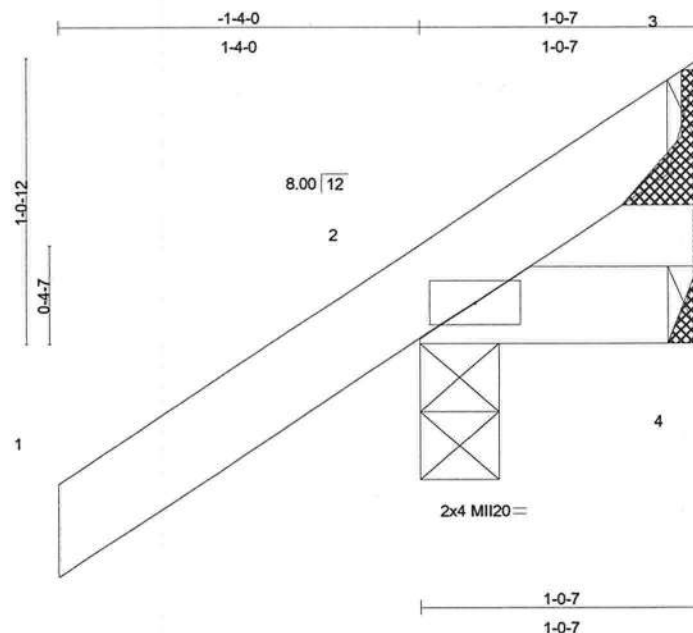
Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss J1	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 12	Ply 1	SIMQUE HOMES	I9388138
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Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.

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LOADING (psf)
TCLL 20.0
TCDL 10.0
BCLL 0.0
BCDL 10.0

SPACING 2-0-0
Plates Increase 1.25
Lumber Increase 1.25
Rep Stress Incr YES
Code FBC2001/ANSI95

CSI
TC 0.16
BC 0.00
WB 0.00
(Matrix)

DEFL in (loc) l/defl L/d
Vert(LL) 0.00 2 **** 360
Vert(TL) -0.00 2 >999 240
Horz(TL) 0.00 3 n/a n/a

PLATES GRIP
M120 249/190

Weight: 6 lb

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 1-0-7 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=178/0-3-8, 4=10/Mechanical, 3=-28/Mechanical
Max Horz 2=106(load case 4)
Max Uplift 2=-188(load case 4), 3=-28(load case 1)
Max Grav 2=178(load case 1), 4=10(load case 1), 3=56(load case 4)

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/43, 2-3=-51/32
BOT CHORD 2-4=0/0

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 2) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 3) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 188 lb uplift at joint 2 and 28 lb uplift at joint 3.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

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MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

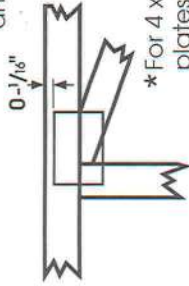
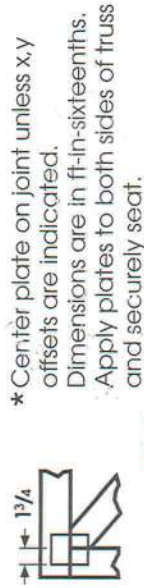
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

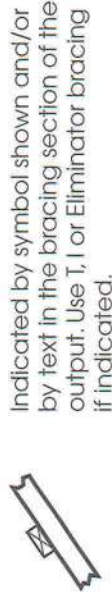


* Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



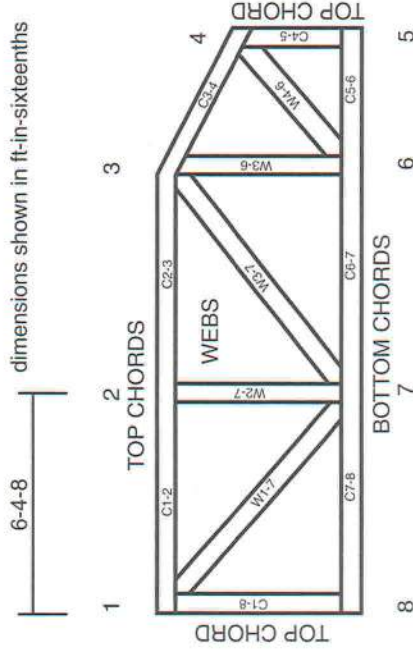
BEARING



Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A

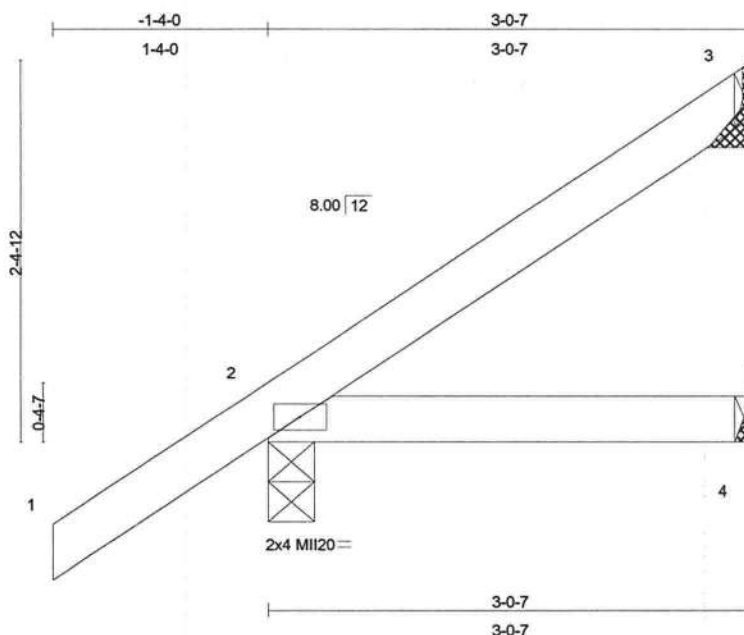


General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss J3	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 12	Ply 1	SIMQUE HOMES	I9388139
Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.					Job Reference (optional) 6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Nov 11 13:30:48 2005 Page 1	



LOADING (psf)
TCLL 20.0
TCDL 10.0
BCLL 0.0
BCDL 10.0

SPACING 2-0-0
Plates Increase 1.25
Lumber Increase 1.25
Rep Stress Incr YES
Code FBC2001/ANSI95

CSI
TC 0.18
BC 0.04
WB 0.00
(Matrix)

DEFL in (loc) l/defl L/d
Vert(LL) 0.00 2 **** 360
Vert(TL) -0.00 2-4 >999 240
Horz(TL) -0.00 3 n/a n/a

PLATES MII20
GRIP 249/190

Weight: 13 lb

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 3-0-7 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 3=58/Mechanical, 2=223/0-3-8, 4=28/Mechanical
Max Horz 2=176(load case 4)
Max Uplift 3=-66(load case 4), 2=-147(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

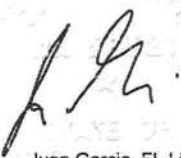
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/44, 2-3=-62/25
BOT CHORD 2-4=0/0

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 2) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 3) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 66 lb uplift at joint 3 and 147 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard


Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

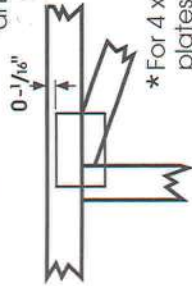
14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- * This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.



- * Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use I, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



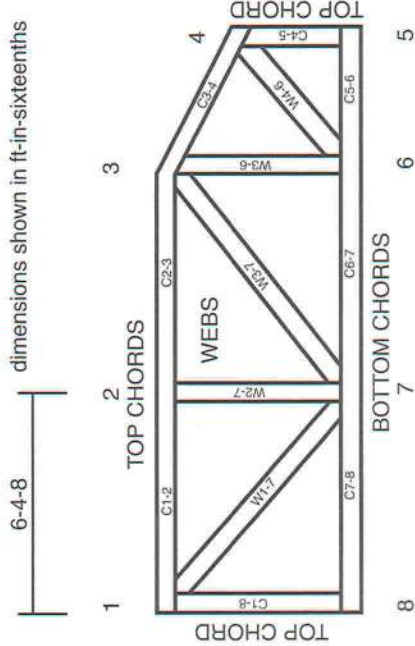
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A

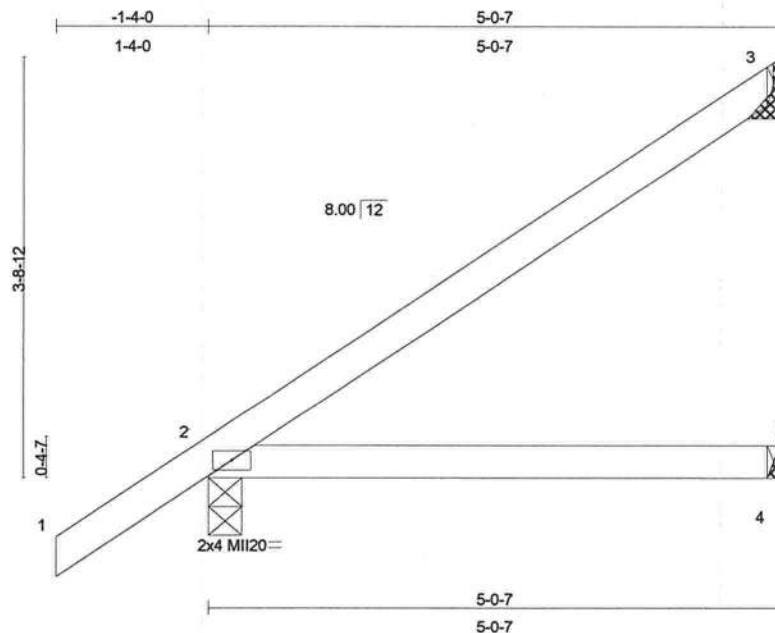


General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss J5	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 8	Ply 1	SIMQUE HOMES	I9388140
Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.						6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Nov 11 13:30:49 2005 Page 1



LOADING (psf)
 TCLL 20.0
 TCDL 10.0
 BCCL 0.0
 BCDL 10.0

SPACING 2-0-0
 Plates Increase 1.25
 Lumber Increase 1.25
 Rep Stress Incr YES
 Code FBC2001/ANSI95

CSI
 TC 0.27
 BC 0.11
 WB 0.00
 (Matrix)

DEFL in (loc) l/defl L/d
 Vert(LL) 0.00 2 **** 360
 Vert(TL) -0.03 2-4 >999 240
 Horiz(TL) -0.00 3 n/a n/a

PLATES MII20
GRIP 249/190

Weight: 19 lb

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
 BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 5-0-7 oc purlins.
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 3=129/Mechanical, 2=293/0-3-8, 4=48/Mechanical
 Max Horiz 2=251(load case 4)
 Max Uplift 3=-152(load case 4), 2=-143(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/44, 2-3=-114/57
 BOT CHORD 2-4=0/0

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 2) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 3) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 152 lb uplift at joint 3 and 143 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
 MiTek Industries, Inc.
 14515 North Outer Forty Drive
 Suite 300
 Chesterfield, MO, 63017
 FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

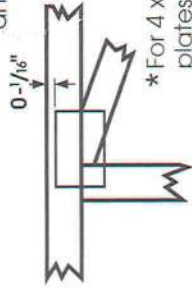
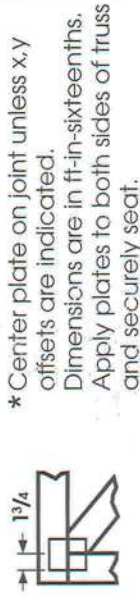
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
 Suite #300
 Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



* Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



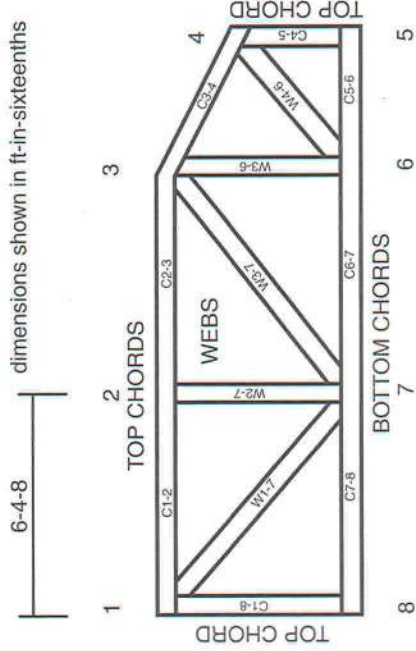
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



General Safety Notes

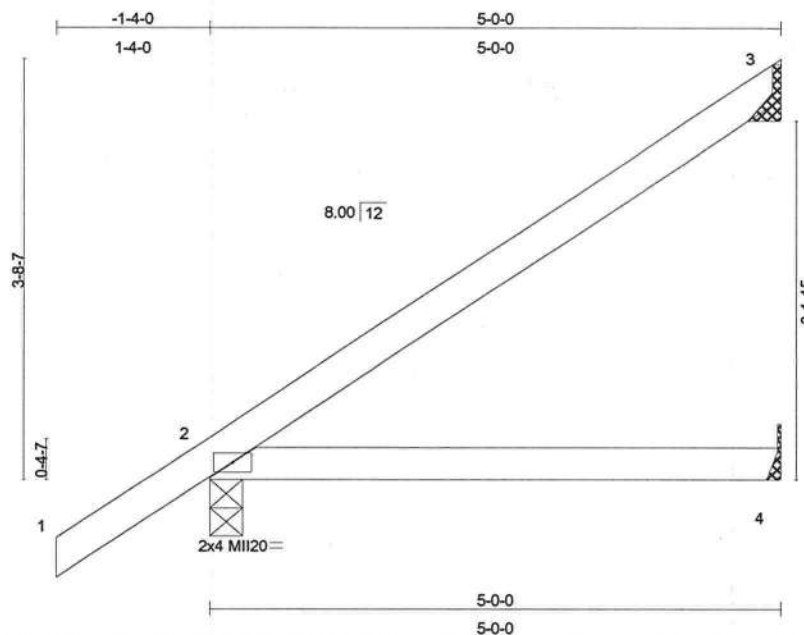
Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss J5A	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 2	Ply 1	SIMQUE HOMES	I9388141
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Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.

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Scale = 1:20.3

LOADING (psf)
TCLL 20.0
TCDL 10.0
BCLL 0.0
BCDL 10.0

SPACING 2-0-0
Plates Increase 1.25
Lumber Increase 1.25
Rep Stress Incr YES
Code FBC2001/ANSI95

CSI
TC 0.27
BC 0.10
WB 0.00
(Matrix)

DEFL in (loc) l/defl L/d
Vert(LL) 0.00 2 **** 360
Vert(TL) -0.03 2-4 >999 240
Horz(TL) -0.00 3 n/a n/a

PLATES M1120
GRIP 249/190

Weight: 19 lb

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 5-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 3=127/Mechanical, 2=292/0-3-8, 4=48/Mechanical
Max Horz 2=249(load case 4)
Max Uplift 3=-150(load case 4), 2=-143(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/44, 2-3=-113/57
BOT CHORD 2-4=0/0

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 2) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 3) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 150 lb uplift at joint 3 and 143 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard


Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

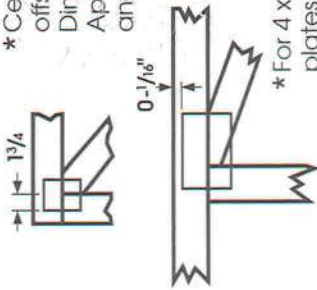
14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

- * Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING

Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

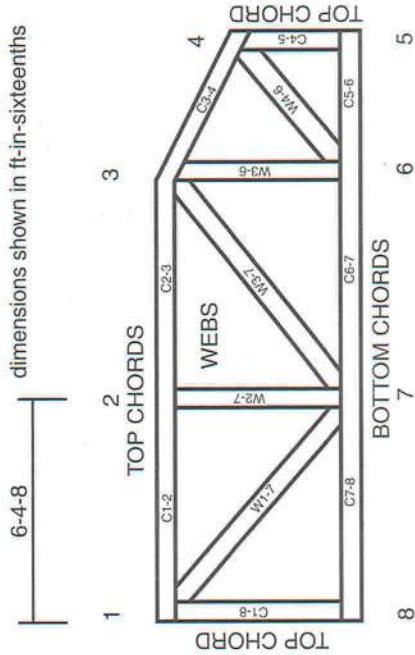
BEARING

Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

- ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
- DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
- BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



General Safety Notes

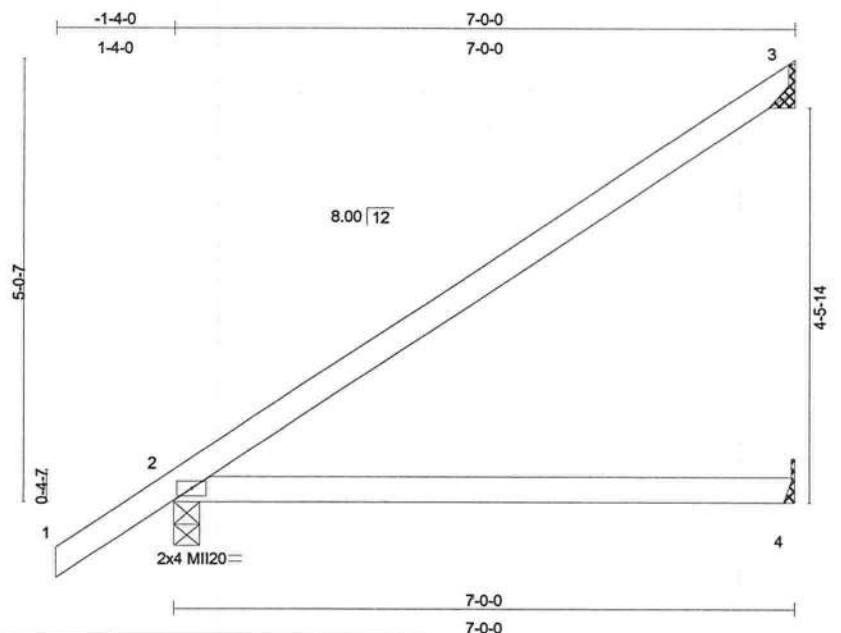
Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	SIMQUE HOMES	19388142
8833	J6	ROOF TRUSS	28	1		

Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.

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LOADING (psf)
 TCCL 20.0
 TCDL 10.0
 BCCL 0.0
 BCDL 10.0

SPACING 2-0-0
 Plates Increase 1.25
 Lumber Increase 1.25
 Rep Stress Incr YES
 Code FBC2001/ANSI95

CSI
 TC 0.63
 BC 0.21
 WB 0.00
 (Matrix)

DEFL in (loc) l/defl L/d
 Vert(LL) 0.00 2 **** 360
 Vert(TL) -0.11 2-4 >730 240
 Horz(TL) -0.00 3 n/a n/a

PLATES **GRIP**
 MII20 249/190

Weight: 26 lb

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
 BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 3=191/Mechanical, 2=368/0-3-8, 4=68/Mechanical
 Max Horz 2=324(load case 4)
 Max Uplift 3=-227(load case 4), 2=-147(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/44, 2-3=-167/86
 BOT CHORD 2-4=0/0

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 2) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 3) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 227 lb uplift at joint 3 and 147 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
 MiTek Industries, Inc.
 14515 North Outer Forty Drive
 Suite 300
 Chesterfield, MO, 63017
 FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, D58-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

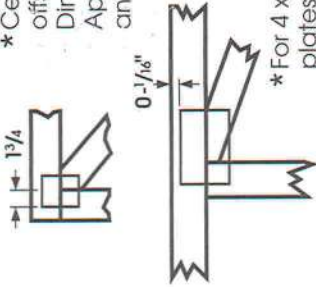
14515 N. Outer Forty,
 Suite #300
 Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x,y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

- * Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



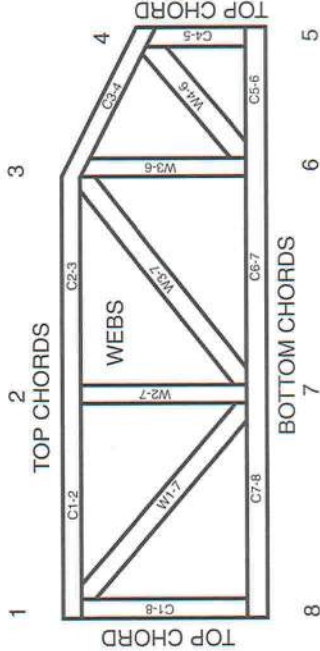
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

- ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
- DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
- BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

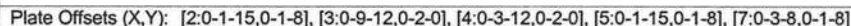
BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.



LUMBER
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING	
TOP CHORD	Sheathed or 5-7-1 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 8-3-15 oc bracing.

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=-213/113, 2-3=-1092/519, 3-4=-1044/519, 4-5=-1092/496, 5-6=-213/98
BOT CHORD 2-8=-561/1012, 7-8=-550/1044, 5-7=-494/1013
WEBS 3-8=0/189, 4-7=0/189, 3-7=-66/69

NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) Bearing at joint(s) 1, 6 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 177 lb uplift at joint 1 and 177 lb uplift at joint 6.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

November 14.2005

Design valid for use only with MITEK connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, D5B-89** and **BCS1 Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

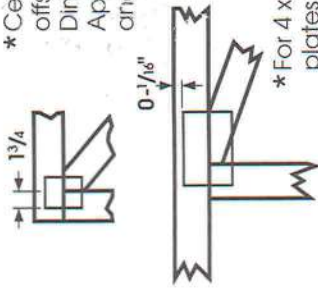
14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x,y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

- * Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



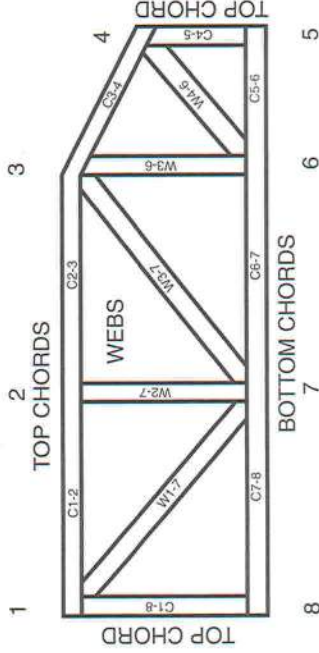
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

- ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
- DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
- BCSII: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSII.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss PB2	Truss Type HIP PIGGYBACK	Qty 2	Ply 1	SIMQUE HOMES	19388144
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Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Nov 11 13:30:50 2005 Page 1

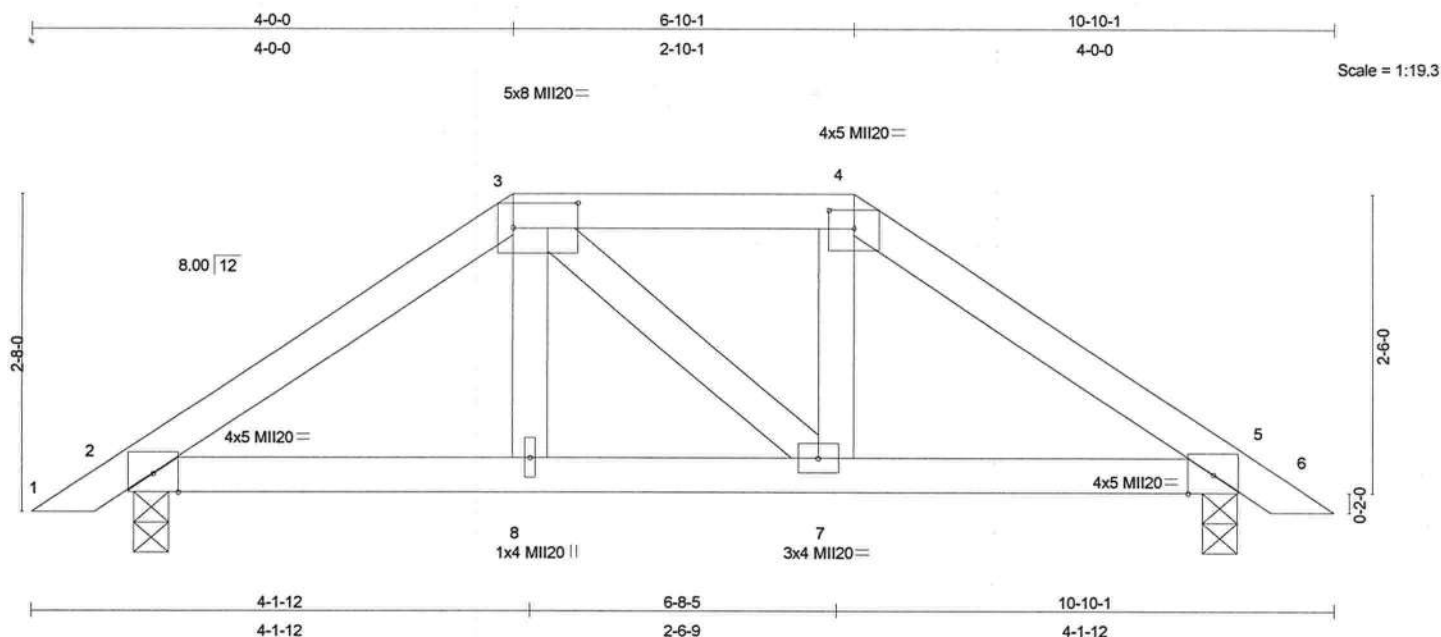


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [3:0-6-8,0-2-8], [4:0-2-8,0-1-13]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.48	Vert(LL)	0.04	2-8	>999	360	MI20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.38	Vert(TL)	-0.06	2-8	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.04	Horz(TL)	0.05	6	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code	FBC2001/ANSI95	(Matrix)							
									Weight: 42 lb	

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 1=424/0-3-8, 6=424/0-3-8
Max Horz 1=-109(load case 2)
Max Uplift 1=-129(load case 4), 6=-129(load case 5)

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=-213/107, 2-3=-643/177, 3-4=-529/192, 4-5=-644/163, 5-6=-213/73
BOT CHORD 2-8=-198/520, 7-8=-199/528, 5-7=-109/521
WEBS 3-8=-9/123, 4-7=-28/139, 3-7=-113/114

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- Bearing at joint(s) 1, 6 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 129 lb uplift at joint 1 and 129 lb uplift at joint 6.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Juan Garcia
Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

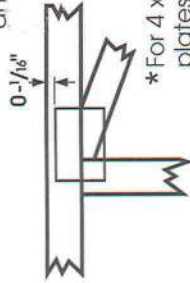
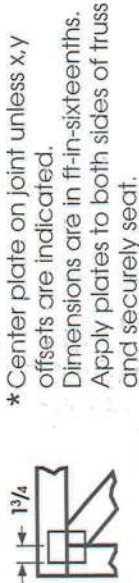
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DS8-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



* Plate location details available in **Mitek 20/20** software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



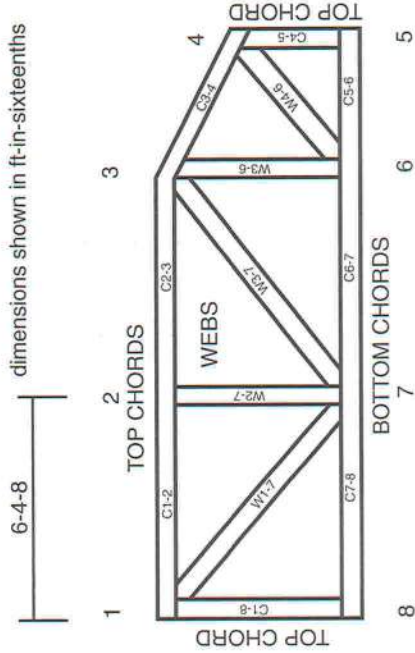
BEARING



Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS1: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS1.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	SIMQUE HOMES	19388145
8833	PB3	PIGGYBACK	4	1		

Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.

Job Reference (optional)

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Nov 11 13:30:51 2005 Page 1

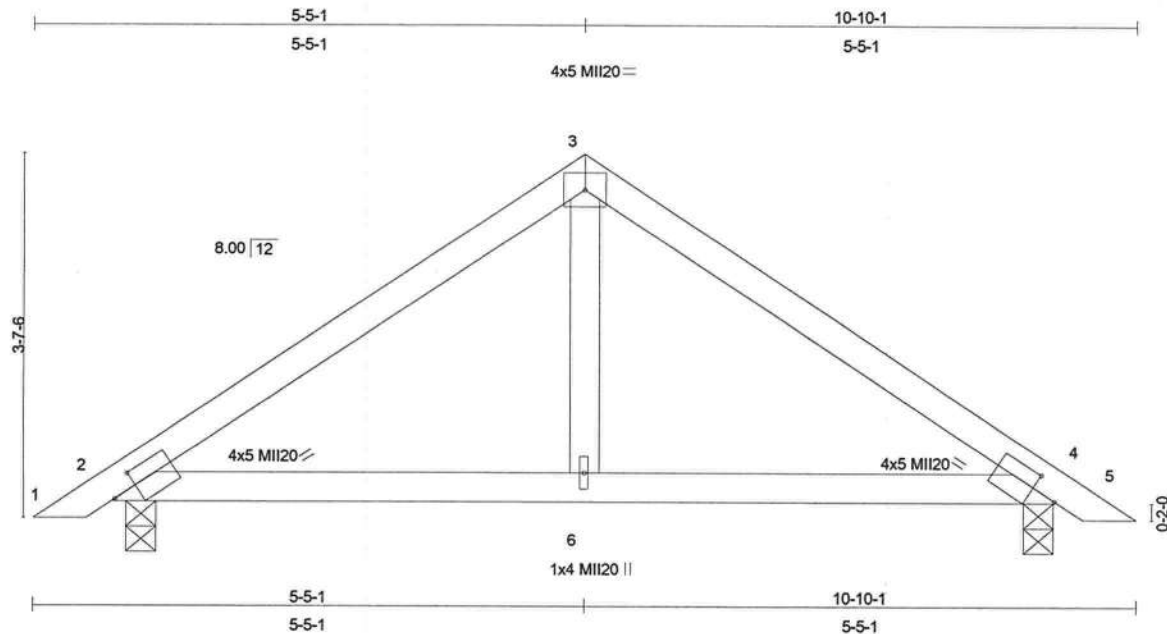


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-2-15,0-1-12], [4:0-2-15,0-1-12]

LOADING (psf)
TCLL 20.0
TCDL 10.0
BCLL 0.0
BCDL 10.0

SPACING 2-0-0
Plates Increase 1.25
Lumber Increase 1.25
Rep Stress Incr YES
Code FBC2001/ANSI95

CSI
TC 0.48
BC 0.42
WB 0.07
(Matrix)

DEFL in (loc) l/defl L/d
Vert(LL) 0.07 2-6 >999 360
Vert(TL) -0.09 2-6 >999 240
Horz(TL) 0.06 5 n/a n/a

PLATES MII20
GRIP 249/190

Weight: 37 lb

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 1=424/0-3-8, 5=424/0-3-8
Max Horz 1=148(load case 3)
Max Uplift 1=-142(load case 4), 5=-142(load case 5)

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-213/135, 2-3=-586/198, 3-4=-586/214, 4-5=-213/80
BOT CHORD 2-6=-117/461, 4-6=-117/461
WEBS 3-6=-12/231

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- Bearing at joint(s) 1, 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 142 lb uplift at joint 1 and 142 lb uplift at joint 5.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#5634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

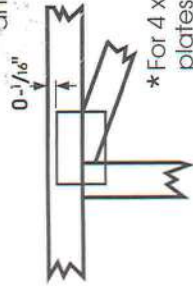
14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x,y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- * This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

- * Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



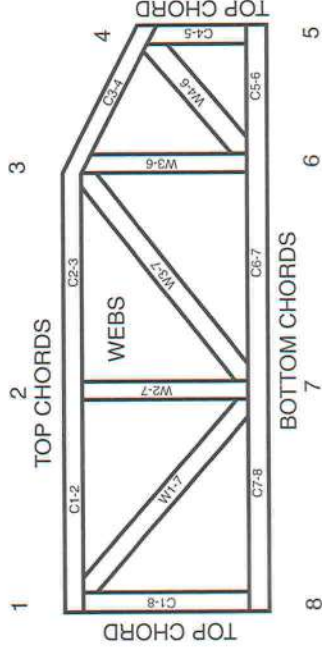
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

- ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
- DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
- BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.



Job 8833	Truss T1	Truss Type BOSTON HIP	Qty 1	Ply 2	SIMQUE HOMES	19388146
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Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Nov 11 13:30:51 2005 Page 1

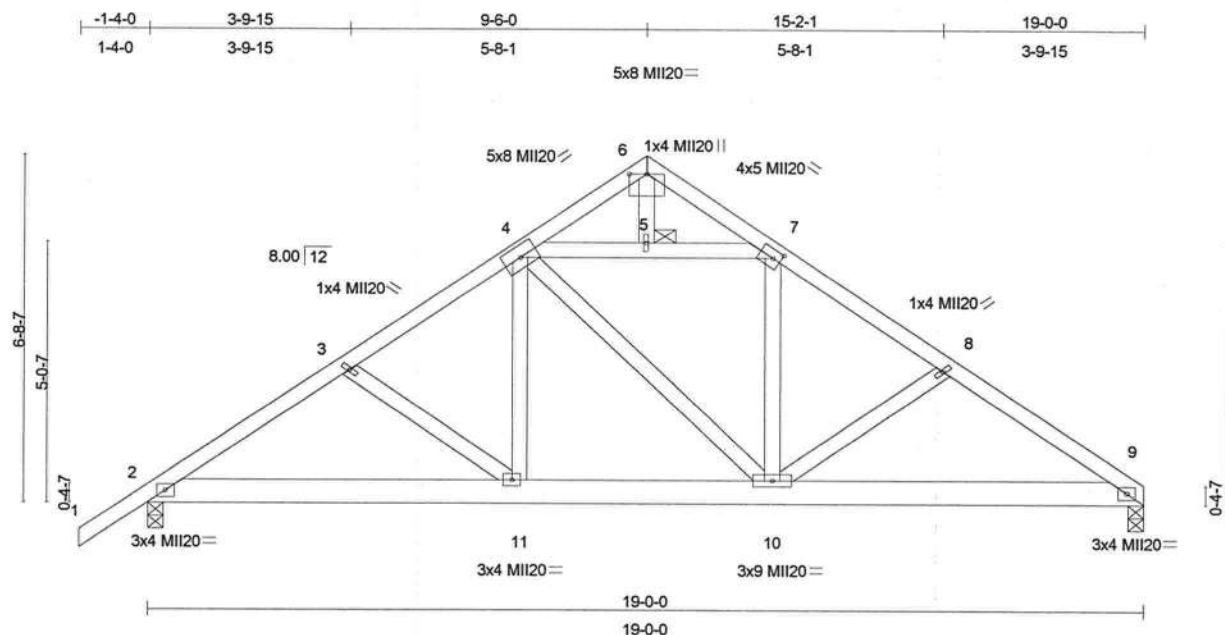


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [6:0-4-0,0-0-1], [7:0-1-12,0-2-0]

LOADING (psf)
TCLL 20.0
TCDL 10.0
BCLL 0.0
BCDL 10.0

SPACING 2-0-0
Plates Increase 1.25
Lumber Increase 1.25
Rep Stress Incr NO
Code FBC2001/ANSI95

CSI
TC 0.19
BC 0.19
WB 0.12
(Matrix)

DEFL in (loc) l/defl L/d
Vert(LL) 0.04 10-11 >999 360
Vert(TL) -0.05 10-11 >999 240
Horz(TL) 0.02 9 n/a n/a

PLATES MII20
GRIP 249/190
Weight: 248 lb

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 6 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
JOINTS 1 Brace at Jt(s): 5

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=1576/0-3-8, 9=1484/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=279(load case 3)
Max Uplift 2=938(load case 4), 9=828(load case 5)

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/47, 2-3=-2385/1368, 3-4=-2211/1336, 4-6=-456/369, 6-7=-465/351, 7-8=-2231/1343, 8-9=-2404/1390, 4-5=-1504/1025, 5-7=-1502/1024
BOT CHORD 2-11=-1186/1918, 10-11=-1022/1770, 9-10=-1068/1934
WEBS 4-11=-405/778, 7-10=-394/753, 4-10=-205/169, 3-11=-157/187, 8-10=-156/191, 5-6=-78/94

NOTES

- 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d Common(.148"x3") Nails as follows:
Top chords connected as follows: 2 X 4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
Bottom chords connected as follows: 2 X 6 - 2 rows at 0-9-0 oc.
Webs connected as follows: 2 X 4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
- All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 938 lb uplift at joint 2 and 828 lb uplift at joint 9.
- Girder carries hip end with 7-0-0 end setback.
- Design assumes 4x2 (flat orientation) purlins at oc spacing indicated, fastened to truss TC w/ 2-10d nails.
- Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 513 lb down and 403 lb up at 12-0-0, and 513 lb down and 403 lb up at 7-0-0 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

Continued on page 2

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

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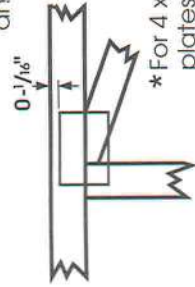
14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x,y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- == * This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

- * Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



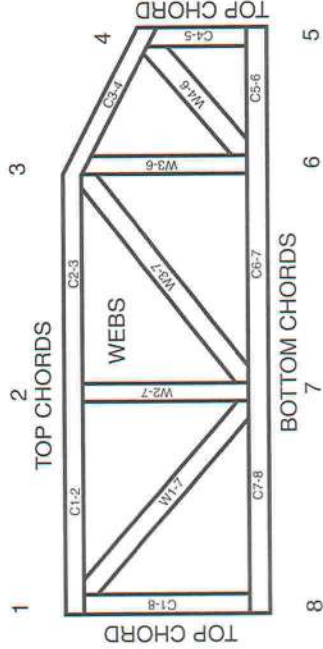
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

- ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
- DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
- BCSI: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	SIMQUE HOMES	I9388146
8833	T1	BOSTON HIP	1	2	Job Reference (optional)	

Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.

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LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 2-11=-20, 10-11=-44(F=-24), 9-10=-20, 1-4=-60, 4-6=-131(F=-71), 6-7=-131(F=-71), 7-9=-60

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 11=-513(F) 10=-513(F)

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

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14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



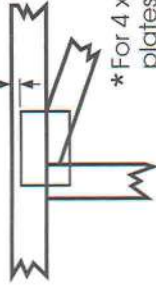
Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x,y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



0 - 1/16"



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

- * Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



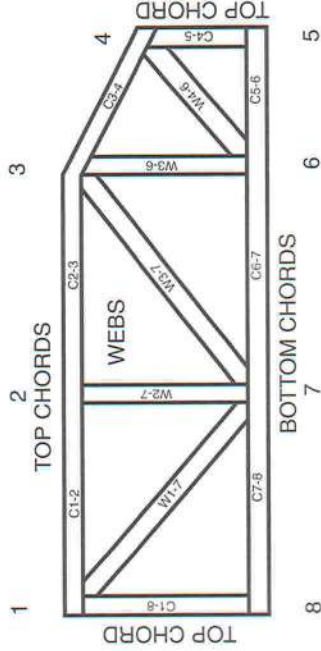
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

- ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
- DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
- BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

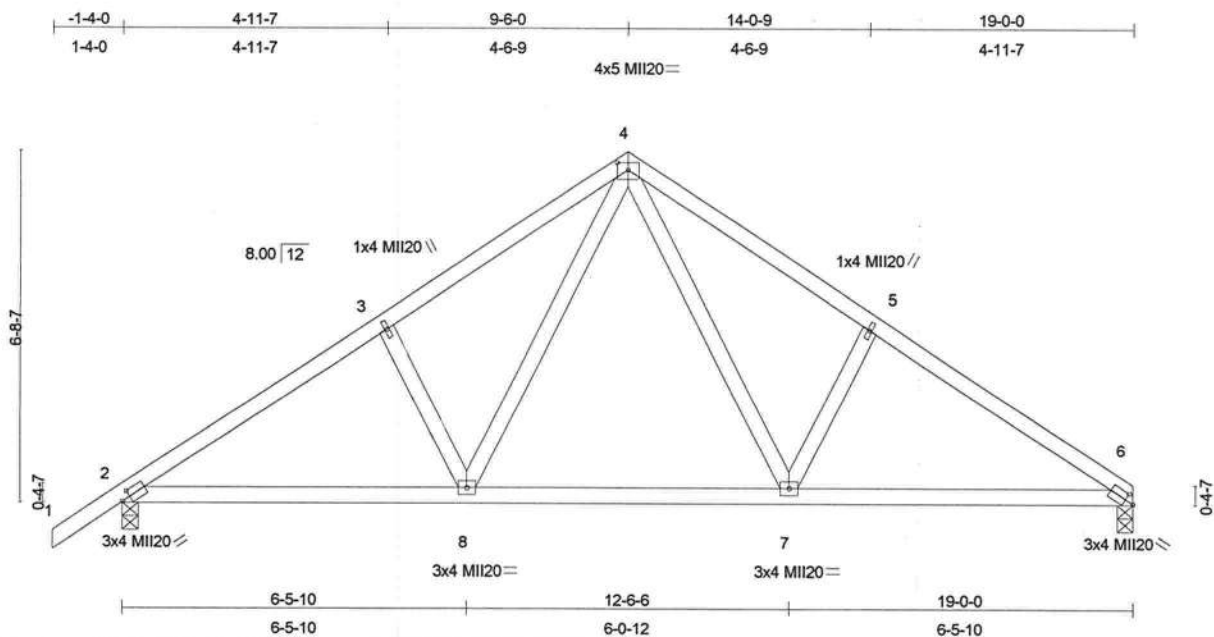
1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	SIMQUE HOMES	19388147
8833	T2	ROOF TRUSS	3	1		

Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.

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Scale = 1:43.7

Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-1-15,0-1-8], [4:0-2-8,0-1-12], [6:0-1-15,0-1-8]

LOADING (psf)
 TCCL 20.0
 TCDL 10.0
 BCLL 0.0
 BCDL 10.0

SPACING 2-0-0
 Plates Increase 1.25
 Lumber Increase 1.25
 Rep Stress Incr YES
 Code FBC2001/ANSI95

CSI
 TC 0.25
 BC 0.29
 WB 0.21
 (Matrix)

DEFL in (loc) l/defl L/d
 Vert(LL) 0.04 6-7 >999 360
 Vert(TL) -0.08 6-7 >999 240
 Horz(TL) 0.02 6 n/a n/a

PLATES MII20
GRIP 249/190

Weight: 95 lb

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
 BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
 WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 5-11-7 oc purlins.
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 6=745/0-3-8, 2=841/0-3-8
 Max Horz 2=292(load case 3)
 Max Uplift 6=-252(load case 5), 2=-359(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/44, 2-3=-1066/329, 3-4=-938/397, 4-5=-949/422, 5-6=-1060/351
 BOT CHORD 2-8=-320/814, 7-8=-109/556, 6-7=-195/826
 WEBS 3-8=-241/280, 4-8=-209/387, 4-7=-239/406, 5-7=-250/295

NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 3) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 252 lb uplift at joint 6 and 359 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.

[Signature]

Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
 MiTek Industries, Inc.
 14515 North Outer Forty Drive
 Suite 300
 Chesterfield, MO, 63017
 FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, D58-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

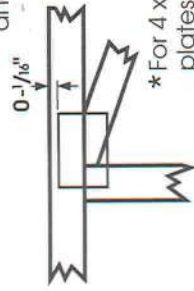
14515 N. Outer Forty,
 Suite #300
 Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x.y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

- This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

- * Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



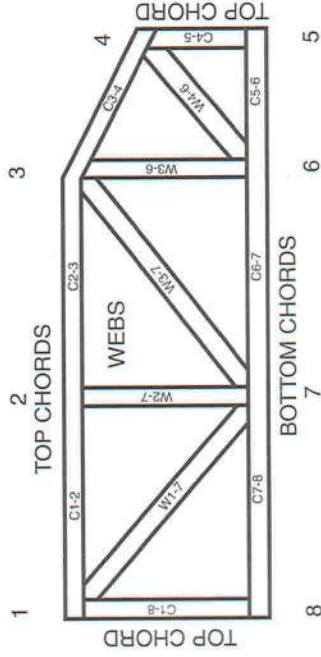
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	SIMQUE HOMES	19388148
8833	T3	ROOF TRUSS	3	1		
Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.						6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Nov 11 13:30:52 2005 Page 1
Job Reference (optional)						

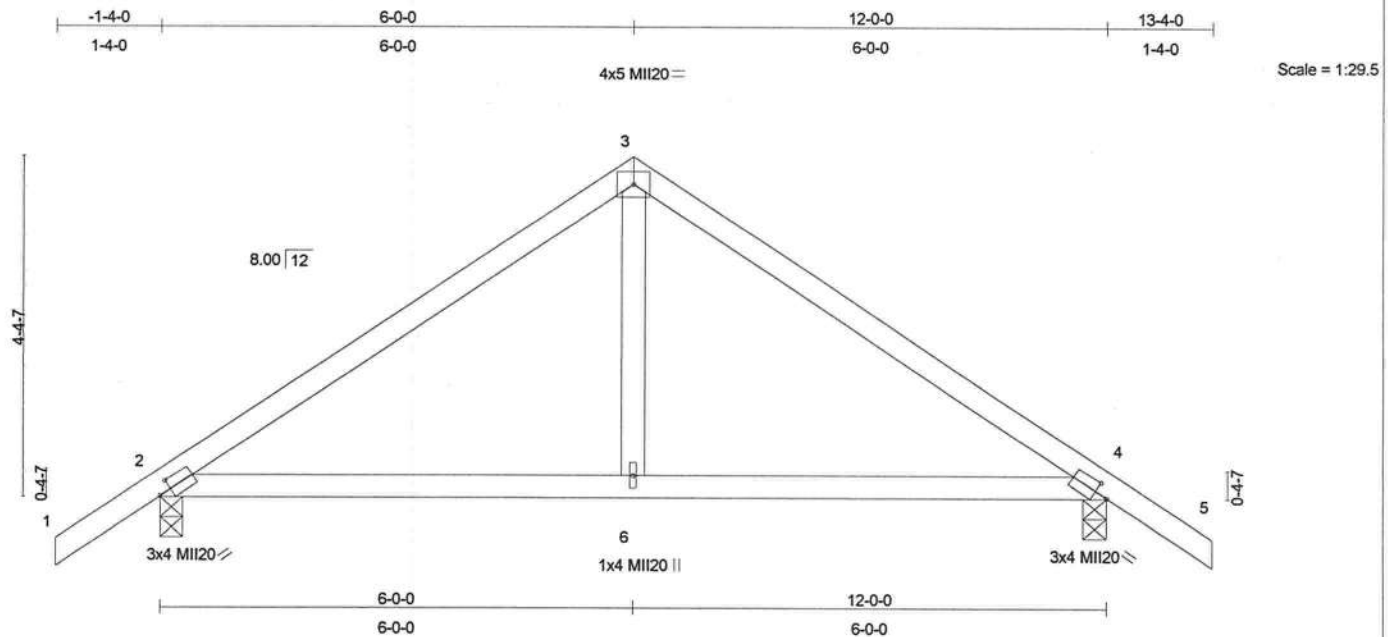


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-1-15,0-1-8], [4:0-1-15,0-1-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.32	Vert(LL)	0.04	2-6	>999	360	MI20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.25	Vert(TL)	-0.05	2-6	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.05	Horz(TL)	0.01	4	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code	FBC2001/ANSI95	(Matrix)							
										Weight: 50 lb

LUMBER	BRACING
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD Sheathed or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3	

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=557/0-3-8, 4=557/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=-176(load case 2)
Max Uplift 2=-265(load case 4), 4=-265(load case 5)

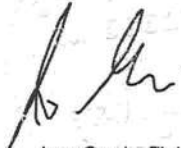
FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/44, 2-3=-571/188, 3-4=-571/187, 4-5=0/44
BOT CHORD 2-6=-65/396, 4-6=-65/396
WEBS 3-6=0/160

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 265 lb uplift at joint 2 and 265 lb uplift at joint 4.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.


Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
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FL Cert.#6634

November 14, 2005

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND REVERSE SIDE BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

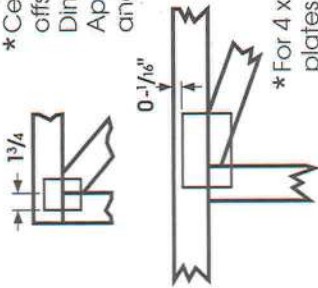
14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

- * Center plate on joint unless x,y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



- * For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16\" from outside edge of truss.

- * This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.



- * Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

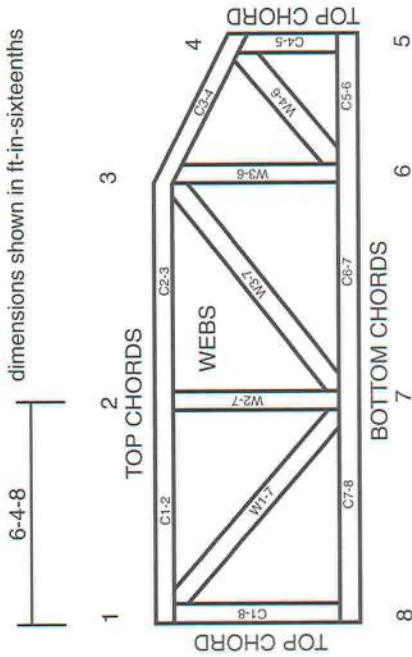


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

- ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
- DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
- BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A

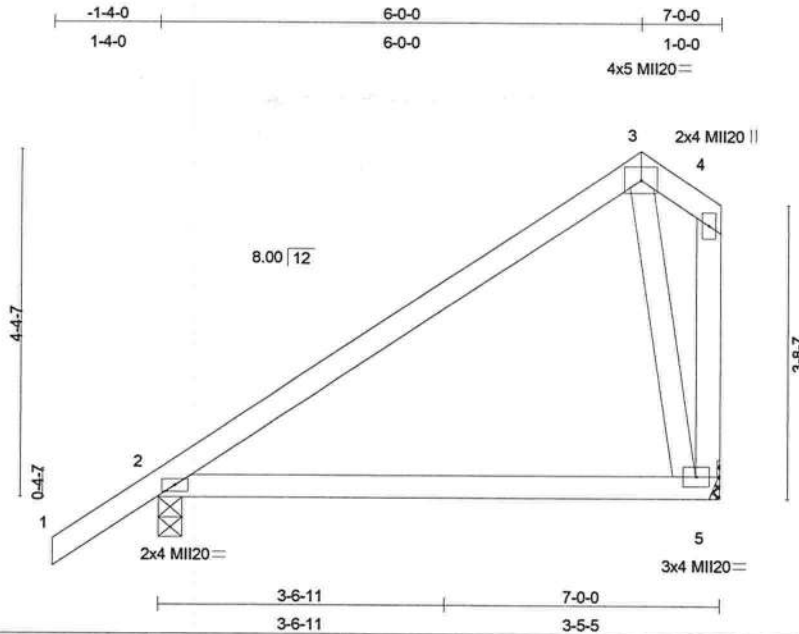


General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	SIMQUE HOMES	19388149
8833	T4	ROOF TRUSS	3	1		
Reese Building Components, INC., Sylvester Ga.			Job Reference (optional)			
			6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Nov 11 13:30:53 2005 Page 1			



LOADING (psf)	SPACING 2-0-0	CSI	DEFL in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.25	TC 0.45	Vert(LL) 0.00 2	****	360	MI20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	BC 0.21	Vert(TL) -0.11 2-5	>757	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.05	Horz(TL) 0.00 5	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code FBC2001/ANSI95	(Matrix)					
							Weight: 36 lb

LUMBER	BRACING
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD Sheathed or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3	

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=367/0-3-8, 5=259/Mechanical	This truss design is based upon the building code shown. This code has been specified by the project engineer/architect, or building designer. The applicability of this code in any particular jurisdiction should be confirmed with the building official prior to truss fabrication. This determination is not the responsibility of the component/truss designer.
Max Horz 2=271(load case 3)	
Max Uplift 2=-204(load case 4), 5=-117(load case 4)	

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension	
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/44, 2-3=-149/94, 3-4=-60/87, 4-5=-38/64	
BOT CHORD 2-5=-81/87	
WEBS 3-5=-169/167	

- NOTES**
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - 2) Wind: ASCE 7-98; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
 - 3) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
 - 4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 204 lb uplift at joint 2 and 117 lb uplift at joint 5.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

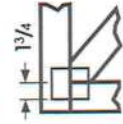
[Signature]

Juan Garcia, FL Lic #58521
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

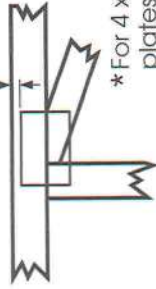
November 14, 2005

Numbering System

* Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated.
Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths.
Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



0-1/16"



*For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0 - 1/16" from outside edge of truss.

* This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.



* Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

 4×4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

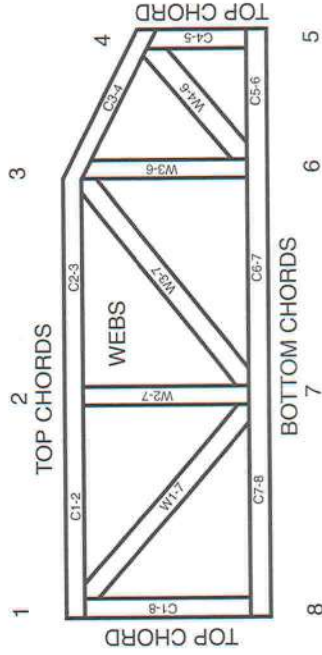
Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:
ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
Design Standard for Bracing.
Building Component Safety Information.
Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SRCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



⚠️ General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stock materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.



23952

Re: 8833
00

MiTek Industries, Inc.

14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO 63017-5746
Telephone 314/434-1200
Fax 314/434-5343

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by MiTek Industries, Inc. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Reese Building Components, Inc.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I10050158 thru I10050188

My license renewal date for the state of Florida is February 28, 2007.

A handwritten signature in red ink, appearing to read "Scott W. Miller", is written over a horizontal line.

Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert. #6634

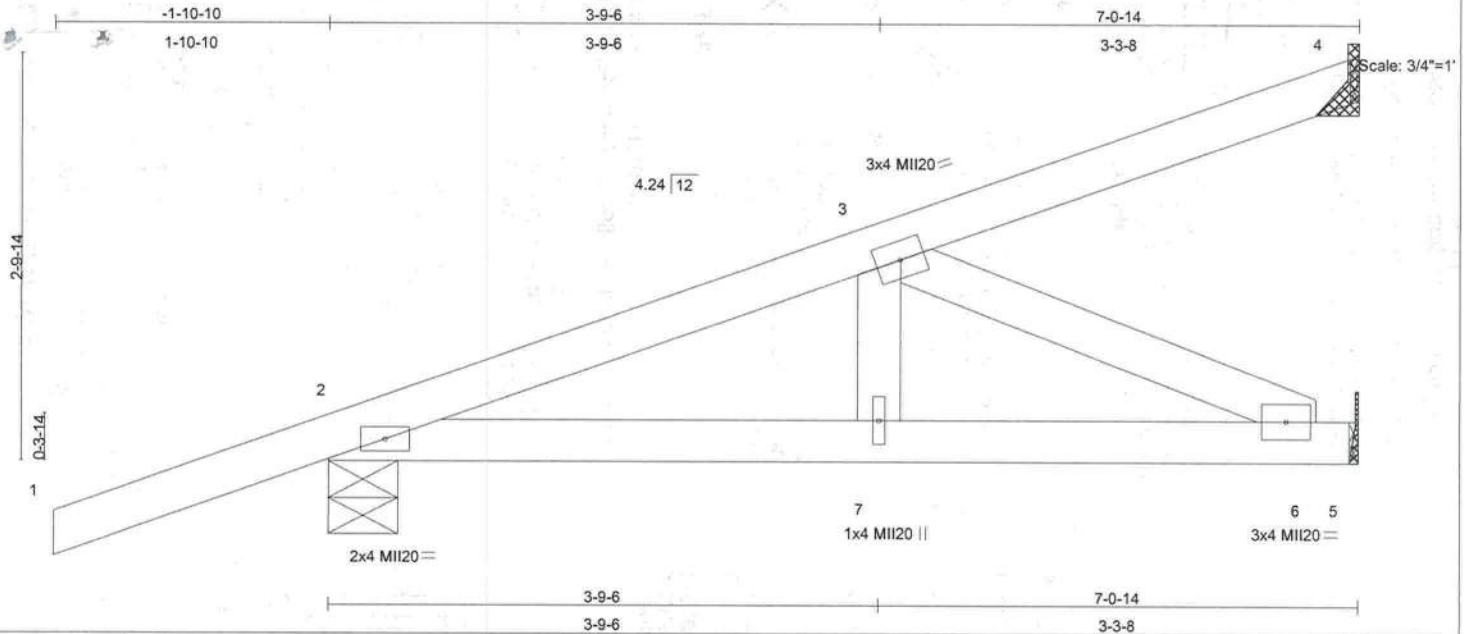
March 23, 2006

Miller, Scott

The seal on these drawings indicate acceptance of professional engineering responsibility solely for the truss components shown. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer, per ANSI/TPI-1995 Sec. 2.

Job 8833	Truss CJ7	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 2	Ply 1	0 0	110050158
Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.						Job Reference (optional)

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:24 2006 Page 1



LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.33	Vert(LL)	0.01	7	>999	360	MI20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.16	Vert(TL)	-0.02	6-7	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB 0.08	Horz(TL)	0.00	5	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code FBC2004/TPI2002		(Matrix)							
										Weight: 31 lb

LUMBER	BRACING
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3	

REACTIONS (lb/size) 4=133/Mechanical, 2=315/0-5-11, 5=166/Mechanical
Max Horz 2=172(load case 2)
Max Uplift 4=126(load case 2), 2=-209(load case 2), 5=-27(load case 2)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/37, 2-3=-341/22, 3-4=-55/34
BOT CHORD 2-7=-113/295, 6-7=-113/295, 5-6=0/0
WEBS 3-7=0/83, 3-6=-324/124

- NOTES**
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
 - 2) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
 - 3) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
 - 4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 126 lb uplift at joint 4, 209 lb uplift at joint 2 and 27 lb uplift at joint 5.
 - 5) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard
1) Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25
Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-2=-60
Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
Vert: 2=-4(F=28, B=28)-to-4=-106(F=-23, B=-23), 2=-0(F=10, B=10)-to-5=-35(F=-8, B=-8)

Scott W. Miller
Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

March 23, 2006

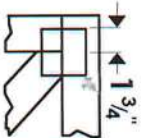
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, D58-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



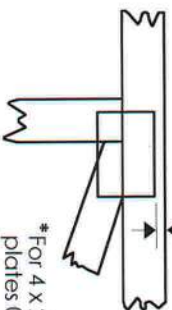
Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seal.

0- $\frac{1}{16}$ "



*For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- $\frac{1}{8}$ " from outside edge of truss.



*This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

*Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

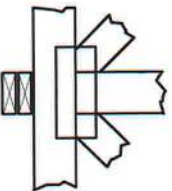
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

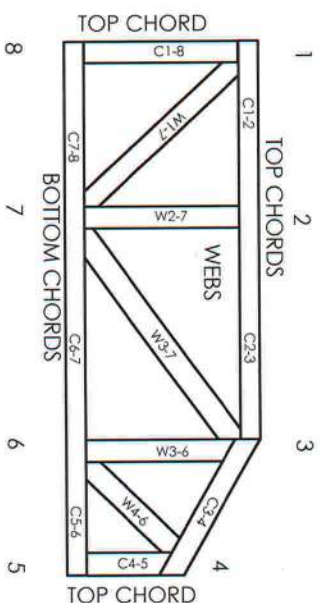
Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System

6-4-8

dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473



General Safety Notes

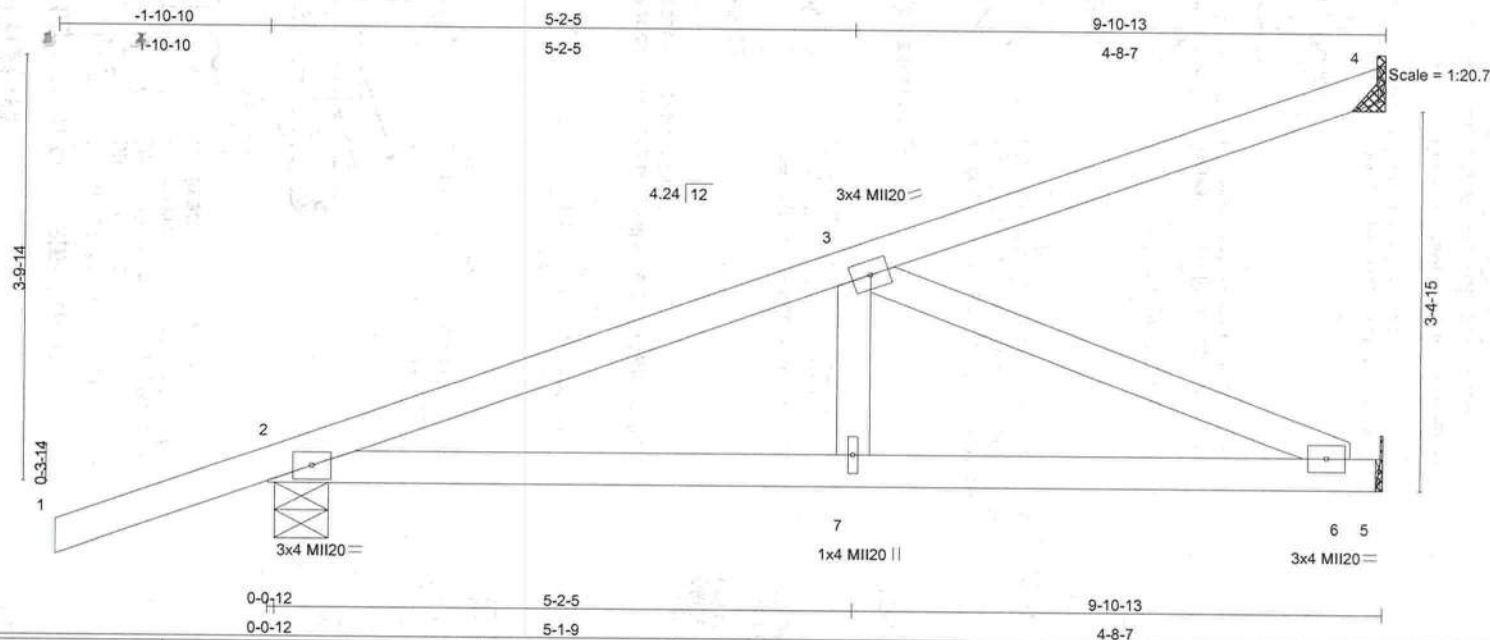
Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and ware at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss CJ9	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 4	Ply 1	0 0	110050159
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Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

Job Reference (optional)
6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:24 2006 Page 1



LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI	DEFL	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.47	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MII20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Plates Increase 1.25	BC 0.40	Vert(LL) 0.04 6-7 >999 360		
BCLL 0.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	WB 0.33	Vert(TL) -0.10 6-7 >999 240		
BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr NO	(Matrix)	Horz(TL) 0.01 5 n/a n/a		
	Code FBC2004/TPI2002				
				Weight: 43 lb	

LUMBER
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-10-15 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 4=249/Mechanical, 5=370/Mechanical, 2=471/0-5-11
Max Horz 2=299(load case 2)
Max Uplift 4=236(load case 2), 5=112(load case 2), 2=248(load case 2)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/37, 2-3=-780/160, 3-4=-108/61
BOT CHORD 2-7=-374/713, 6-7=-374/713, 5-6=0/0
WEBS 3-7=0/147, 3-6=-774/406

- NOTES**
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
 - 2) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
 - 3) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
 - 4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 236 lb uplift at joint 4, 112 lb uplift at joint 5 and 248 lb uplift at joint 2.
 - 5) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- 1) Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25
Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-2=-60
Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
Vert: 2=-4(F=28, B=28)-to-4=-148(F=-44, B=-44), 2=-0(F=10, B=10)-to-5=-49(F=-15, B=-15)

Scott W. Miller
Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

March 23, 2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

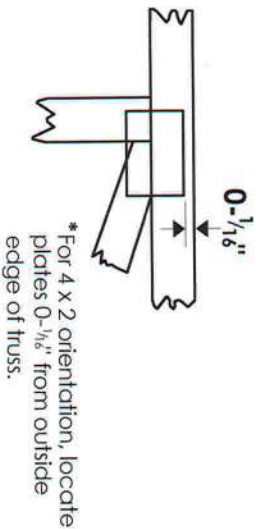
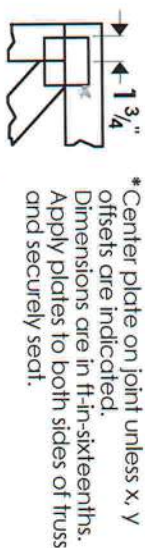
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, D58-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

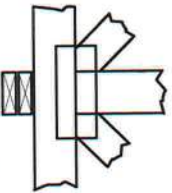
4 X 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



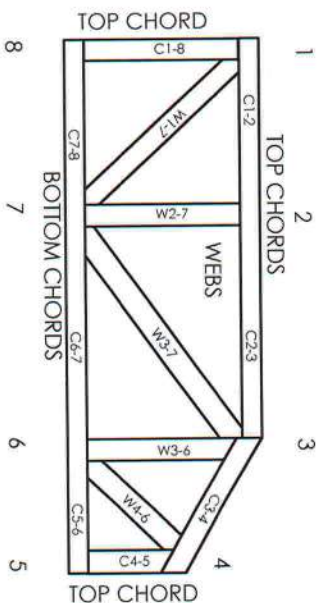
BEARING



Industry Standards:

ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473

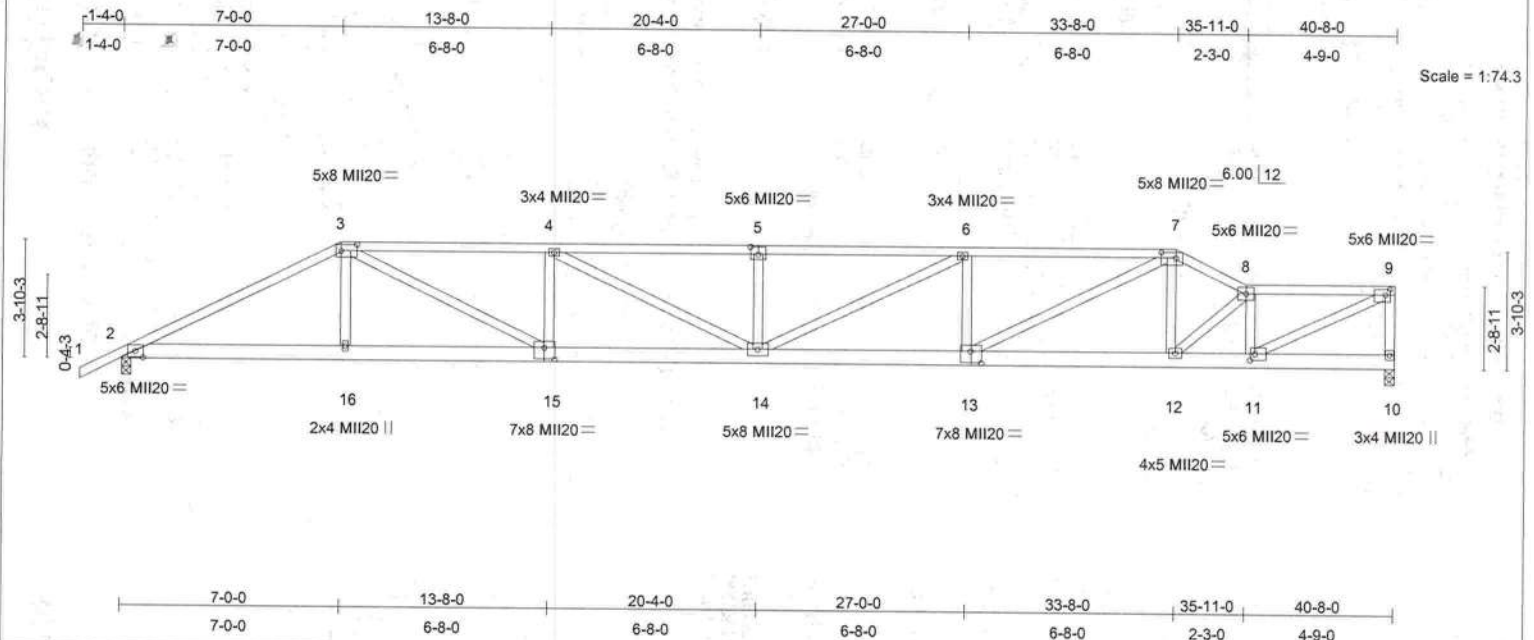


General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stock materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	0 0	
8833	H1	ROOF TRUSS	1	2		I10050160



LOADING (psf)	SPACING 2-0-0	CSI	DEFL in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.25	TC 0.78	Vert(LL) 0.48 14	>999	360	M1120	249/190
TCCL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	BC 0.77	Vert(TL) -1.02 14	>475	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 1.00	Horz(TL) -0.15 2	n/a	n/a		
BCCL 10.0	Code FBC2004/TPI2002	(Matrix)					
						Weight: 483 lb	

LUMBER
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 6 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-4-14 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 10=3548/0-3-8, 2=3437/0-3-8
Max Horz 10=120(load case 3)
Max Uplift 10=-650(load case 3), 2=-682(load case 3)

TOP CHORD 9-10=-3284/679, 8-9=-5812/1011, 7-8=-6682/1236, 3-4=-9496/1937, 4-5=-10509/2118, 5-6=-10509/2118, 6-7=-9362/1862,
1-2=0/39, 2-3=-7000/1388

BOT CHORD 2-16=-1154/6179, 15-16=-1152/6210, 14-15=-1799/9496, 13-14=-1758/9362, 12-13=-1078/6015, 11-12=-1049/6009,
10-11=-92/283

WEBS 9-11=-1083/6248, 8-11=-3172/697, 8-12=-49/121, 7-12=0/484, 7-13=-806/3823, 6-13=-1499/609, 6-14=-289/1345,
5-14=-854/452, 4-14=-235/1180, 4-15=-1451/594, 3-15=-798/3797, 3-16=0/747

- 1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d Common(.148"x3") Nails as follows:
Top chords connected as follows: 2 X 4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
Bottom chords connected as follows: 2 X 6 - 2 rows at 0-9-0 oc.
Webs connected as follows: 2 X 4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
- 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- 3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TC DL=5.0psf; BC DL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 650 lb uplift at joint 10 and 682 lb uplift at joint 2.
- 8) Girder carries hip end with 0-0-0 right side setback, 7-0-0 left side setback, and 7-0-0 end setback.
- 9) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 513 lb down and 102 lb up at 7-0-0 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

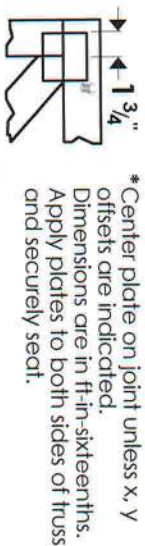
Continued on page 2

Design valid for use only with Mitek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

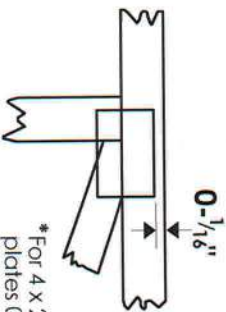


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*Center plate on joint unless X, Y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



*For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0-1/16\" from outside edge of truss.

*This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

*Plate location details available in **Mitek 20/20** software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

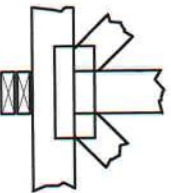
The first dimension is the width, perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Elliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

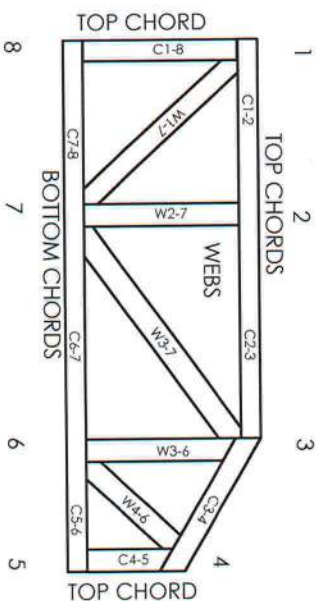


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss H1	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 1	Ply 2	0 0	110050160
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Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

Job Reference (optional)
6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:25 2006 Page 2

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 8-9=-131(F=-71), 7-8=-131(F=-71), 3-7=-131(F=-71), 1-3=-60, 2-16=-20, 10-16=-44(F=-24)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 16=-513(F)

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

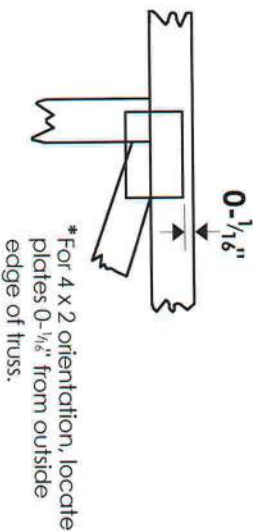
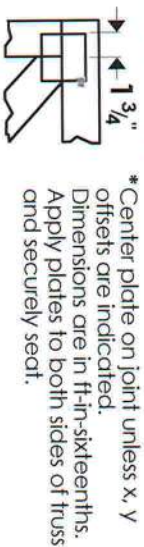
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



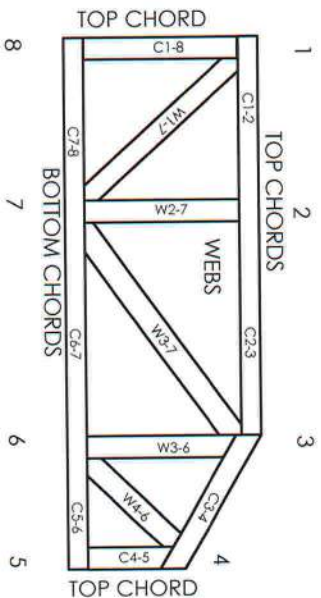
BEARING



Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss H10	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 1	Ply 1	0 0	110050161
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Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:26 2006 Page 1

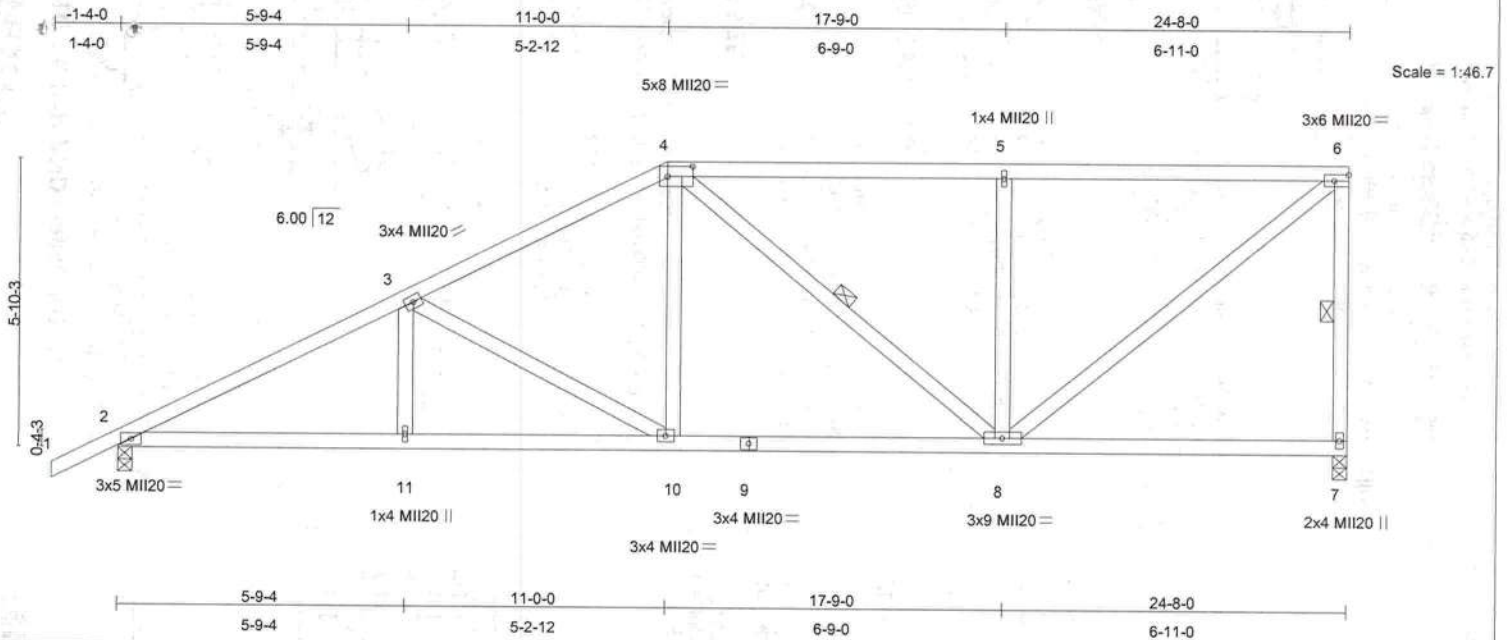


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [4:0-6-0,0-2-8], [6:Edge,0-1-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.57	Vert(LL)	0.06	8-10	>999	360	MII20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Plates Increase 1.25	BC 0.39	Vert(TL)	-0.15	8-10	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	WB 0.64	Horz(TL)	0.04	7	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	(Matrix)							
	Code FBC2004/TPI2002								
								Weight: 138 lb	

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-6-7 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 7-11-5 oc bracing.
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 6-7, 4-8

REACTIONS

(lb/size) 7=972/0-3-8, 2=1066/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=333(load case 3)
Max Uplift 7=-420(load case 3), 2=-461(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/35, 2-3=-1751/587, 3-4=-1282/463, 4-5=-914/367, 5-6=-914/367, 6-7=-903/438
BOT CHORD 2-11=-618/1488, 10-11=-618/1488, 9-10=-512/1095, 8-9=-512/1095, 7-8=-80/76
WEBS 3-11=0/121, 3-10=-457/300, 4-10=-84/338, 4-8=-235/151, 5-8=-435/349, 6-8=-484/1132

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 3) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
- 4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 420 lb uplift at joint 7 and 461 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

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Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

March 23,2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

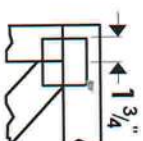
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017

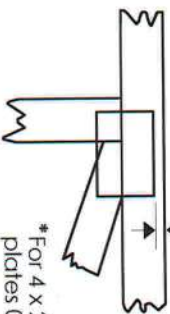


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*Center plate on joint unless X, Y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



*For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- $\frac{1}{16}$ " from outside edge of truss.

— This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

*Plate location details available in **Mittek 20/20** software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

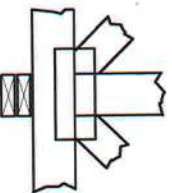
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

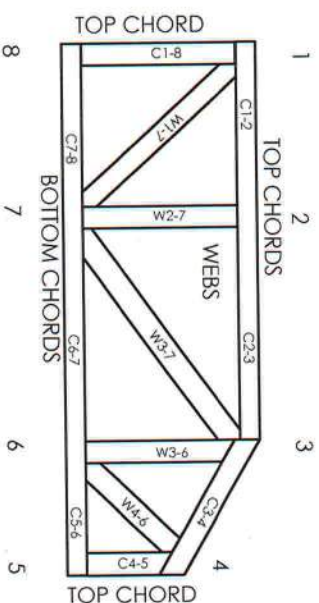


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mittek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473

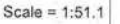


General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stock materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

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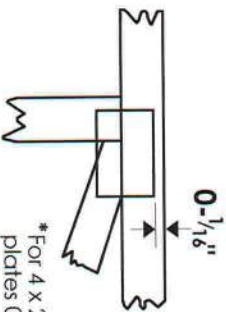
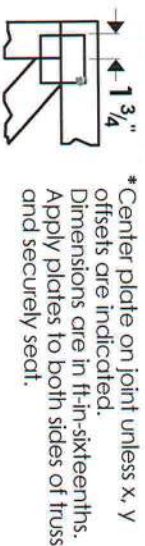
Weight: 146 lb

March 23, 2006



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

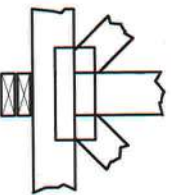
4 X 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



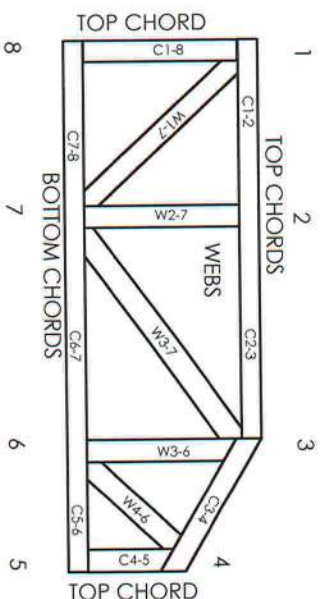
BEARING



Industry Standards:

ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	0 0	I10050163
8833	H12	ROOF TRUSS	1	1		

Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

Job Reference (optional)
6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:26 2006 Page 1

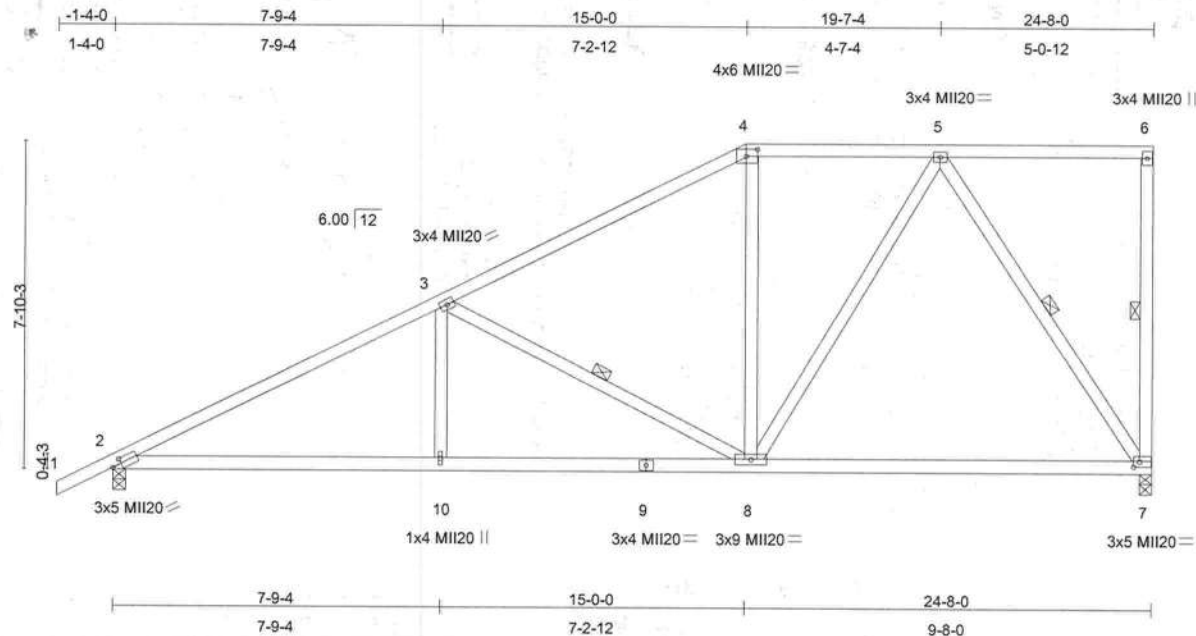


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-2-10,0-1-8], [4:0-3-4,0-2-0], [7:0-1-12,0-1-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI	DEFL	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.47	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MI120	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Plates Increase 1.25	BC 0.50	Vert(LL) 0.11 2-10 >999 360		
BCLL 0.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	WB 0.35	Vert(TL) -0.27 7-8 >999 240		
BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	(Matrix)	Horz(TL) 0.05 7 n/a n/a		
	Code FBC2004/TPI2002				Weight: 143 lb

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-3-11 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 7-7-14 oc bracing.
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 6-7, 3-8, 5-7

REACTIONS (lb/size) 7=972/0-3-8, 2=1066/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=447(load case 3)
Max Uplift 7=-405(load case 3), 2=-478(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/35, 2-3=-1668/591, 3-4=-977/391, 4-5=-780/428, 5-6=-90/114, 6-7=-144/124
BOT CHORD 2-10=-615/1400, 9-10=-615/1400, 8-9=-615/1400, 7-8=-318/504
WEBS 3-10=0/171, 3-8=-703/451, 4-8=0/108, 5-8=-252/543, 5-7=-880/433

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 3) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
- 4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 405 lb uplift at joint 7 and 478 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Scott W. Miller
Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

March 23, 2006

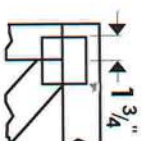
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



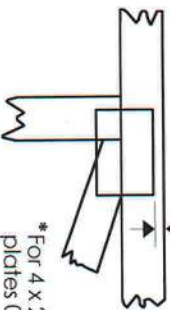
Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*Center plate on joint unless X, Y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.

0-1/16"



*For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0-1/16" from outside edge of truss.

*This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

*Plate location details available in **MiTek 20/20** software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

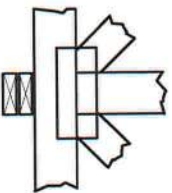
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use 1, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

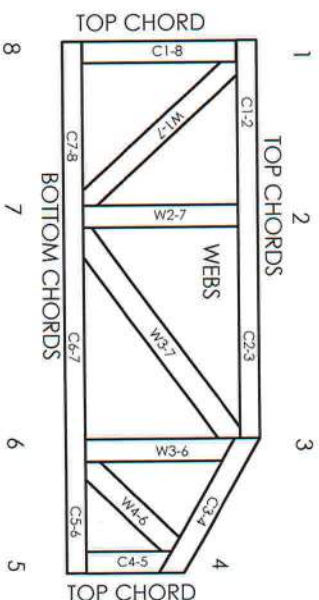


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.



Weight: 146 lb

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-6-8 oc purlins, except end verticals.
Rigid ceiling directly applied or 7-5-6 oc bracing.
1 Row at midpt 6-7, 5-8

Max Horiz 2=504(load case 3)
Max Uplift7=-396(load case 3), 2=-481(load case 4)

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/35, 2-3=-1709/641, 3-4=-1456/579, 4-5=-761/361, 5-6=-623/387, 6-7=-900/415
BOT CHORD 2-10=-710/1455, 9-10=-460/1034, 8-9=-460/1034, 7-8=-112/119
WEBS 3-10=-326/306, 4-10=-147/468, 4-8=-582/413, 5-8=-122/250, 6-8=-398/911

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 3) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
- 4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 396 lb uplift at joint 7 and 481 lb uplift at joint 2.

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14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert #6634

March 23, 2006



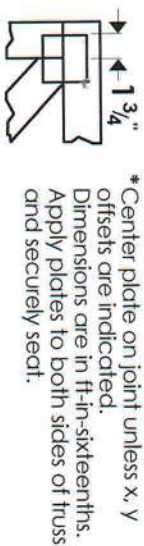
Design valid for use only with Mitek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

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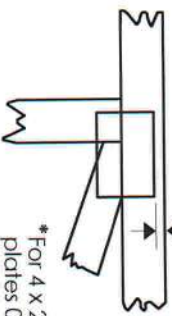


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



* Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



* For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- $\frac{1}{8}$ \"/>

==
* This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

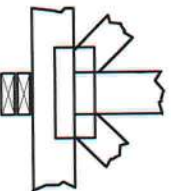
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

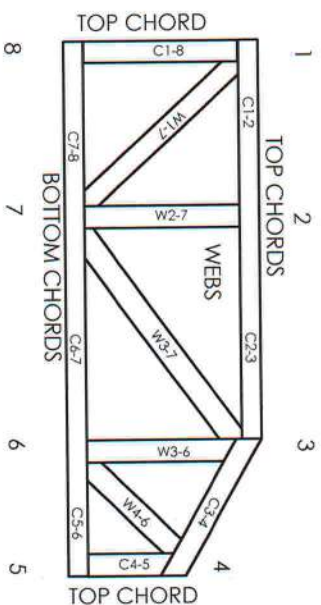


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473



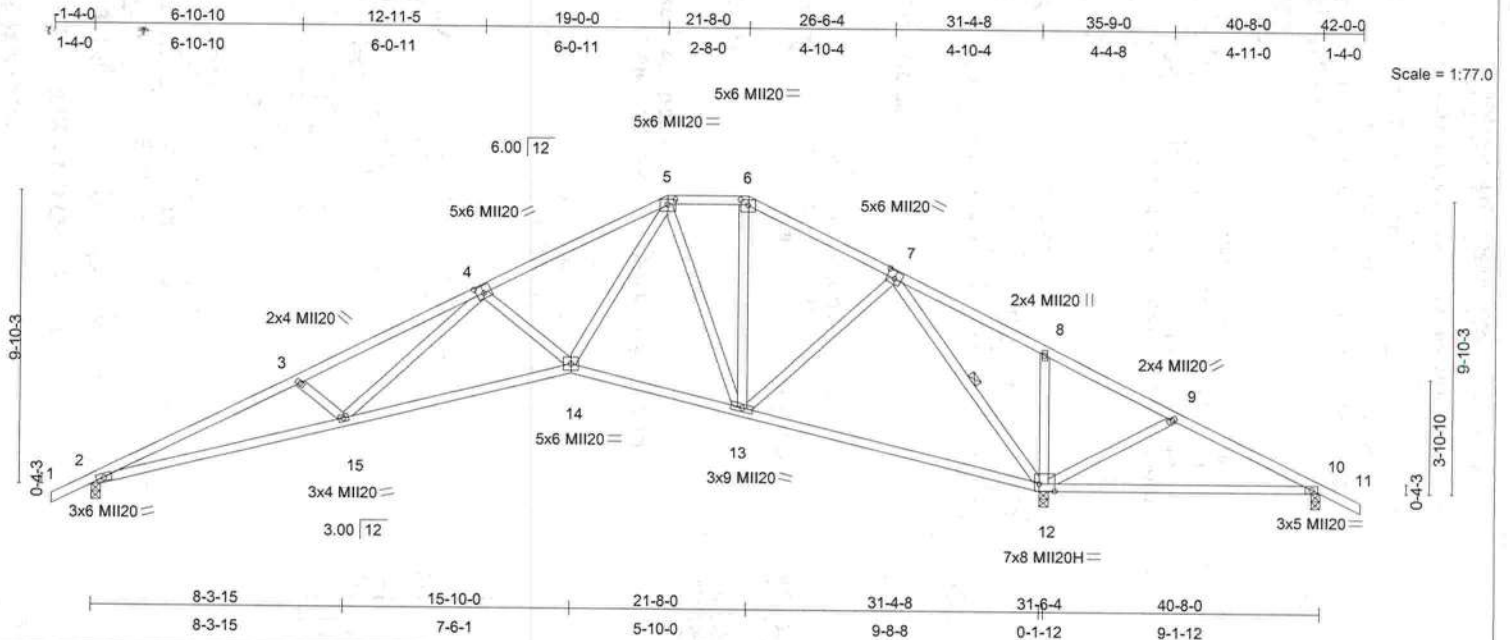
General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stock materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss H14	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 1	Ply 1	0 0	110050165
Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.						Job Reference (optional)

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LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.56	Vert(LL)	0.26 15	>999	360	MII20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.73	Vert(TL)	-0.55 14-15	>684	240	MII20H	187/143
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.91	Horz(TL)	0.29 12	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code FBC2004/TPI2002		(Matrix)						
									Weight: 217 lb

LUMBER	BRACING
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-0-13 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 5-1-11 oc bracing.
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 7-12

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=1089/0-3-8, 12=2757/0-3-8, 10=-439/0-3-8
 Max Horz2=-192(load case 5)
 Max Uplift2=-501(load case 4), 12=-937(load case 4), 10=-591(load case 8)
 Max Grav2=1089(load case 1), 12=2757(load case 1), 10=223(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
 TOP CHORD 1-2=0/33, 2-3=-3195/1284, 3-4=-2895/1188, 4-5=-1656/634, 5-6=-456/329, 6-7=-579/308, 7-8=-605/1938, 8-9=-705/1931, 9-10=-616/1611, 10-11=0/35
 BOT CHORD 2-15=-1219/2865, 14-15=-653/1972, 13-14=-36/764, 12-13=-394/320, 10-12=-1368/604
 WEBS 3-15=-326/344, 4-15=-411/876, 4-14=-656/503, 5-14=-496/1377, 5-13=-852/381, 6-13=-43/83, 7-13=-235/974, 7-12=-2466/836, 8-12=-280/278, 9-12=-361/284

- NOTES**
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - 2) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
 - 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
 - 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
 - 5) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
 - 6) Bearing at joint(s) 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
 - 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 501 lb uplift at joint 2, 937 lb uplift at joint 12 and 591 lb uplift at joint 10.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Scott W. Miller
 Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
 MiTek Industries, Inc.
 14515 North Outer Forty Drive
 Suite 300
 Chesterfield, MO, 63017
 FL Cert.#6634

March 23,2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

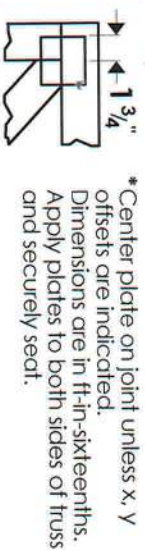
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
 Suite #300
 Chesterfield, MO 63017

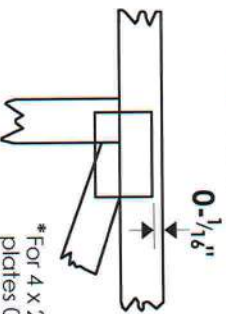


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



* Center plate on joint unless X, Y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



* For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- $\frac{1}{8}$ \" from outside edge of truss.



* This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

*** Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.**

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

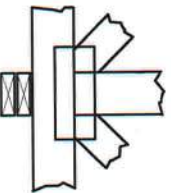
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

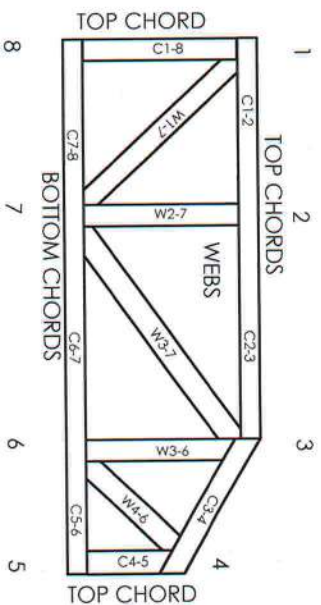


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MI-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and ware at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss H15	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 1	Ply 1	0 0	110050166
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Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

Job Reference (optional)
6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:27 2006 Page 1

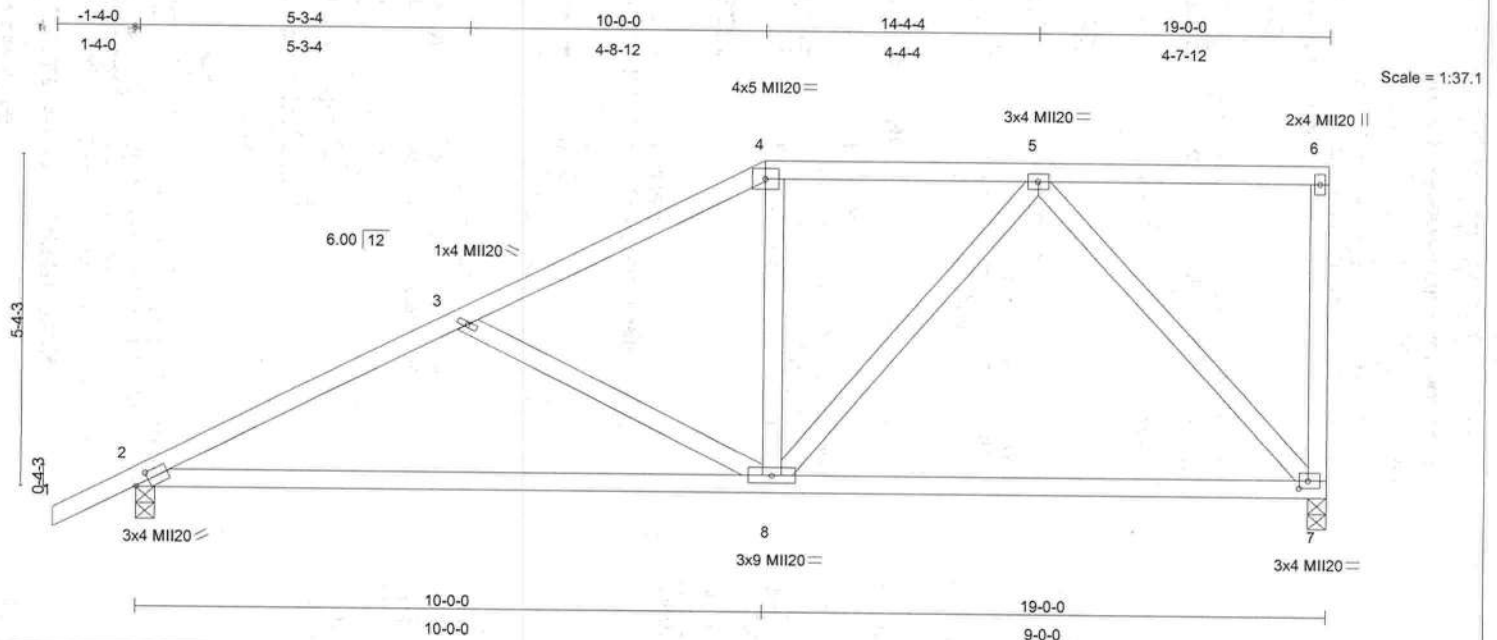


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-2-10,0-1-8], [7:0-1-12,0-1-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI	DEFL	in (loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.25	TC 0.29	Vert(LL)	0.05	2-8	>999	360	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	BC 0.41	Vert(TL)	-0.32	2-8	>706	240	
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.59	Horz(TL)	0.03	7	n/a	n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code FBC2004/TPI2002	(Matrix)						
Weight: 102 lb								

LUMBER
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-3-8 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-0-9 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 7=745/0-3-8, 2=841/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=305(load case 3)
Max Uplift 7=-317(load case 3), 2=-387(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/35, 2-3=-1218/473, 3-4=-889/311, 4-5=-734/334, 5-6=-60/78, 6-7=-128/101
BOT CHORD 2-8=-475/1044, 7-8=-296/511
WEBS 3-8=-352/314, 4-8=0/100, 5-8=-126/349, 5-7=-725/362

NOTES
1) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCCL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
3) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 317 lb uplift at joint 7 and 387 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Scott W. Miller
Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

March 23, 2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

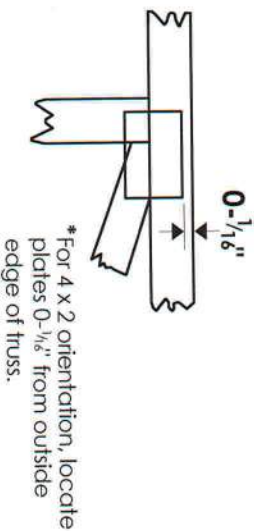
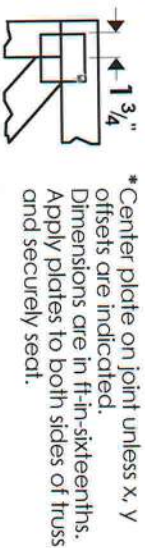
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*Plate location details available in **Mitek 20/20** software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

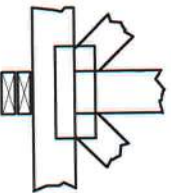
4 X 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



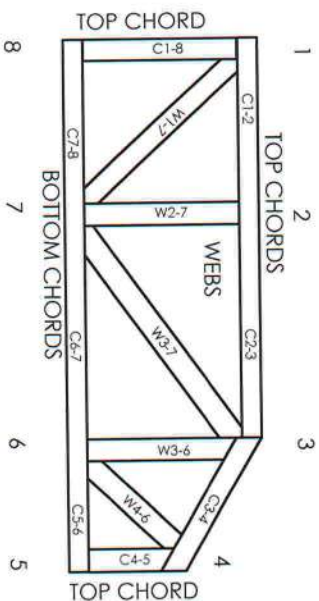
BEARING



Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss H16	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 1	Ply 1	0 0	110050167
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Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

Job Reference (optional)

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:28 2006 Page 1

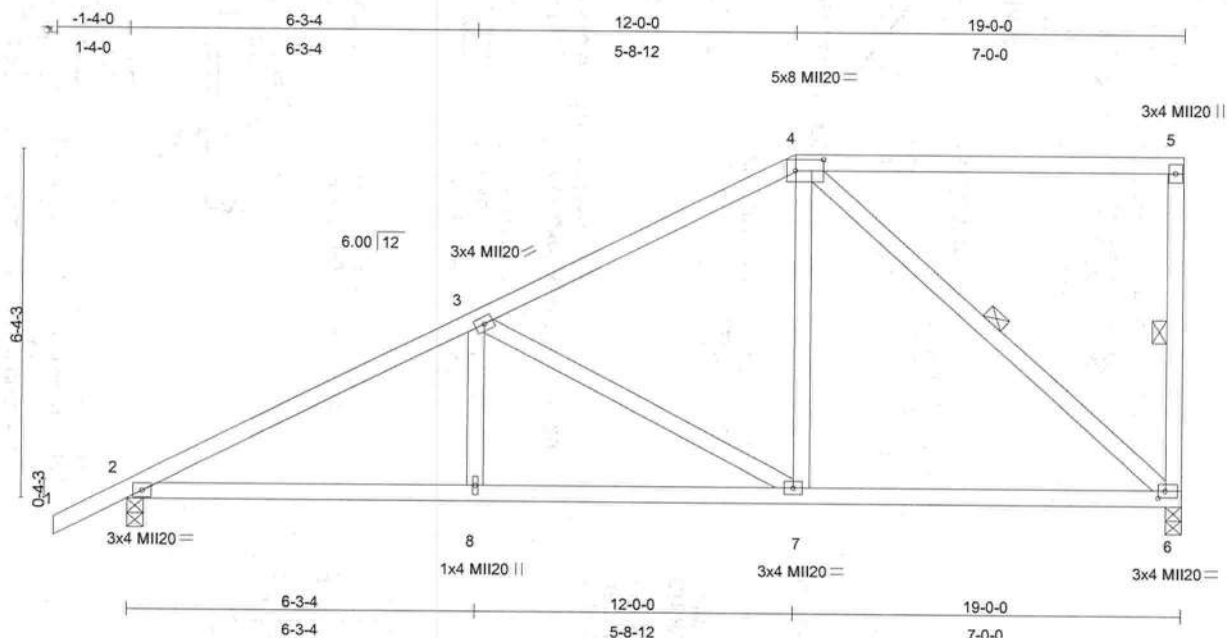


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [4:0-6:0,0-2-8], [6:0-1-8,0-1-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI	DEFL	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.61	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MI20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Plates Increase 1.25	BC 0.34	Vert(LL) 0.05 2-8 >999 360		
BCLL 0.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	WB 0.41	Vert(TL) -0.12 2-8 >999 240		
BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	(Matrix)	Horz(TL) 0.03 6 n/a n/a		
	Code FBC2004/TPI2002				
				Weight: 105 lb	

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-3-15 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-2-3 oc bracing.
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 5-6, 4-6

REACTIONS (lb/size) 6=745/0-3-8, 2=841/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=362(load case 3)
Max Uplift 6=-309(load case 3), 2=-393(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/35, 2-3=-1244/433, 3-4=-713/289, 4-5=-51/108, 5-6=-194/163
BOT CHORD 2-8=-453/1034, 7-8=-453/1034, 6-7=-296/581
WEBS 3-8=0/141, 3-7=-525/340, 4-7=-102/369, 4-6=-725/312

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 3) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
- 4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 309 lb uplift at joint 6 and 393 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Scott W. Miller
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MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

March 23, 2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

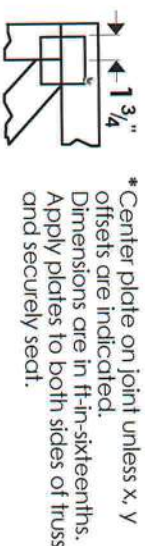
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, D58-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

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Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017

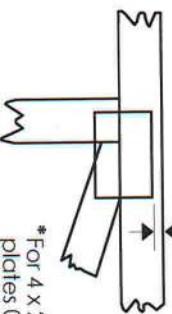


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



0-¹/₁₆"



*This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

*Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

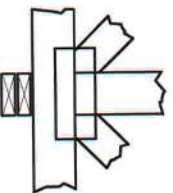
4 X 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



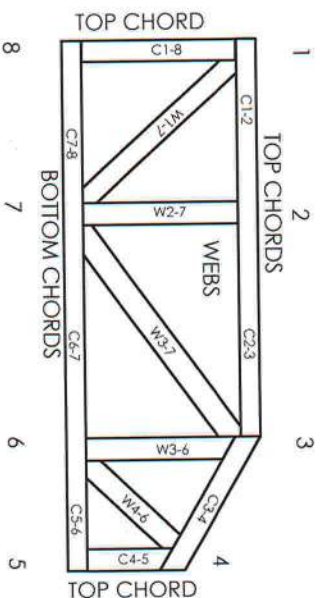
BEARING



Industry Standards:

ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



Job 8833	Truss H17	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 1	Ply 1	0 0	110050168
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Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

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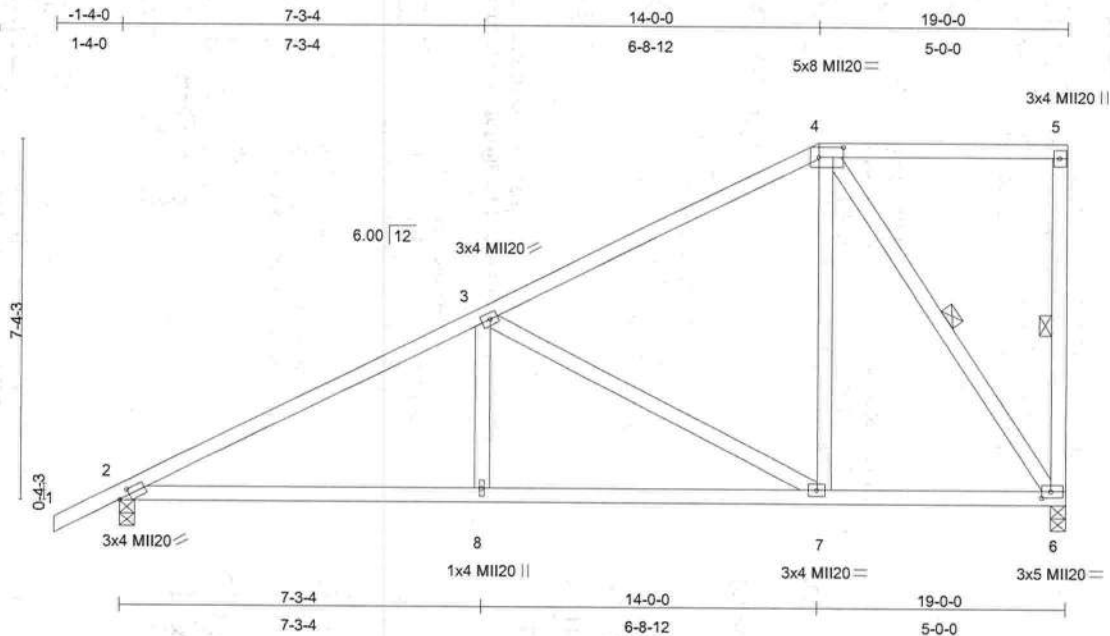


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-2-10,0-1-8], [4:0-6-0,0-2-8], [6:0-2-4,0-1-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.40	Vert(LL)	0.08	2-8	>999	360	MII20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Plates Increase 1.25	BC 0.39	Vert(TL)	-0.17	2-8	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	WB 0.71	Horz(TL)	0.03	6	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	(Matrix)							
	Code FBC2004/TPI2002								
								Weight: 110 lb	

LUMBER
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-3-2 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-0-2 oc bracing.
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 5-6, 4-6

REACTIONS (lb/size) 6=745/0-3-8, 2=841/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=419(load case 3)
Max Uplift 6=-299(load case 3), 2=-394(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/35, 2-3=-1205/417, 3-4=-549/237, 4-5=-75/110, 5-6=-117/127
BOT CHORD 2-8=-453/993, 7-8=-453/993, 6-7=-236/413
WEBS 3-8=0/174, 3-7=-667/416, 4-7=-155/425, 4-6=-710/333

NOTES
1) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
3) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 299 lb uplift at joint 6 and 394 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Scott W. Miller
Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

March 23, 2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

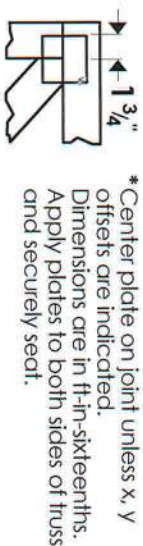
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, D58-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017

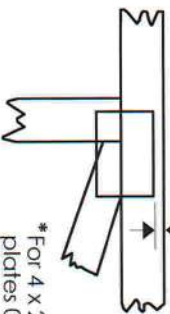


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*Center plate on joint unless X, Y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



*For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0-1/8\" from outside edge of truss.

—
—
*This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

*Plate location details available in **Mitek 20/20** software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

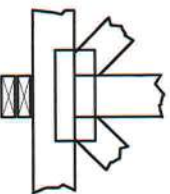
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

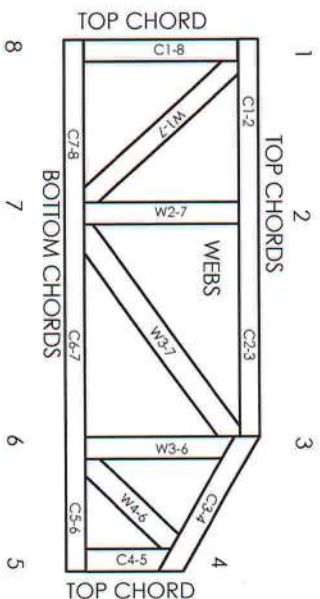


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA 96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO 4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI 9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss H18	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 1	Ply 1	0 0	110050169
Job Reference (optional)						

Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:28 2006 Page 1

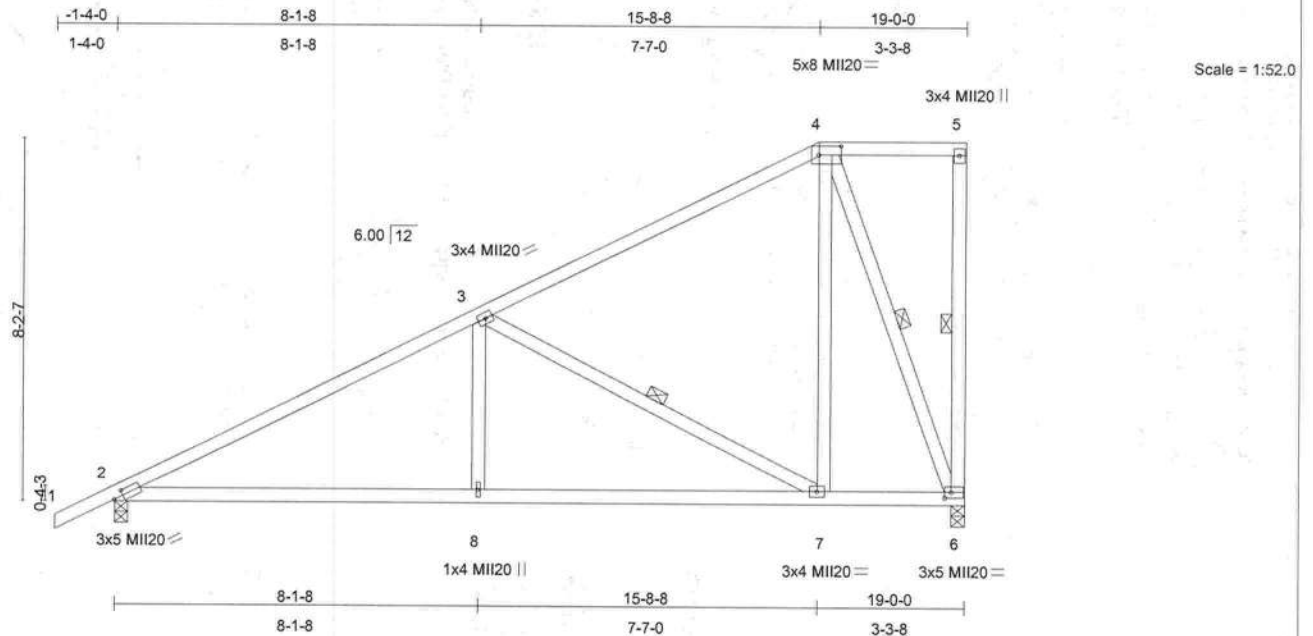


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-2-10,0-1-8], [4:0-6-0,0-2-8], [6:0-1-12,0-1-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.49	Vert(LL)	0.11	2-8	>999	360	MII20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.45	Vert(TL)	-0.25	2-8	>896	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.29	Horz(TL)	0.03	6	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code FBC2004/TPI2002		(Matrix)							
										Weight: 115 lb

LUMBER
 TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
 BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
 WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING
 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-1-12 oc purlins, except end verticals.
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 8-11-0 oc bracing.
 WEBS 1 Row at midpt 5-6, 3-7, 4-6

REACTIONS (lb/size) 6=745/0-3-8, 2=841/0-3-8
 Max Horz 2=467(load case 3)
 Max Uplift 6=328(load case 4), 2=391(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
 TOP CHORD 1-2=0/35, 2-3=-1166/392, 3-4=-414/183, 4-5=-89/118, 5-6=-30/104
 BOT CHORD 2-8=-443/950, 7-8=-443/950, 6-7=-191/279
 WEBS 3-8=0/199, 3-7=-769/475, 4-7=-201/470, 4-6=-753/380

NOTES
 1) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
 3) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
 4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 328 lb uplift at joint 6 and 391 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Scott W. Miller
 Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
 MiTek Industries, Inc.
 14515 North Outer Forty Drive
 Suite 300
 Chesterfield, MO, 63017
 FL Cert. #6634

March 23, 2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

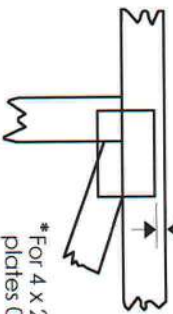
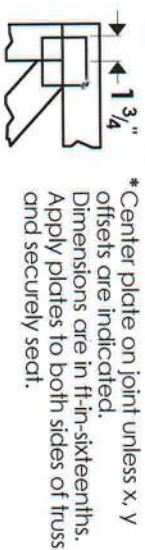
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, D58-89 and 8CSI1 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
 Suite #300
 Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*** Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.**

PLATE SIZE

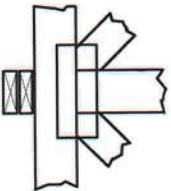
4 X 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



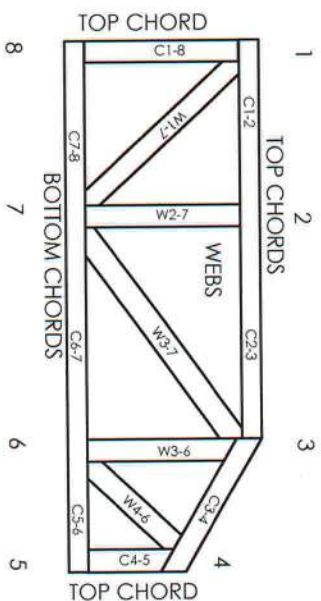
BEARING



Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

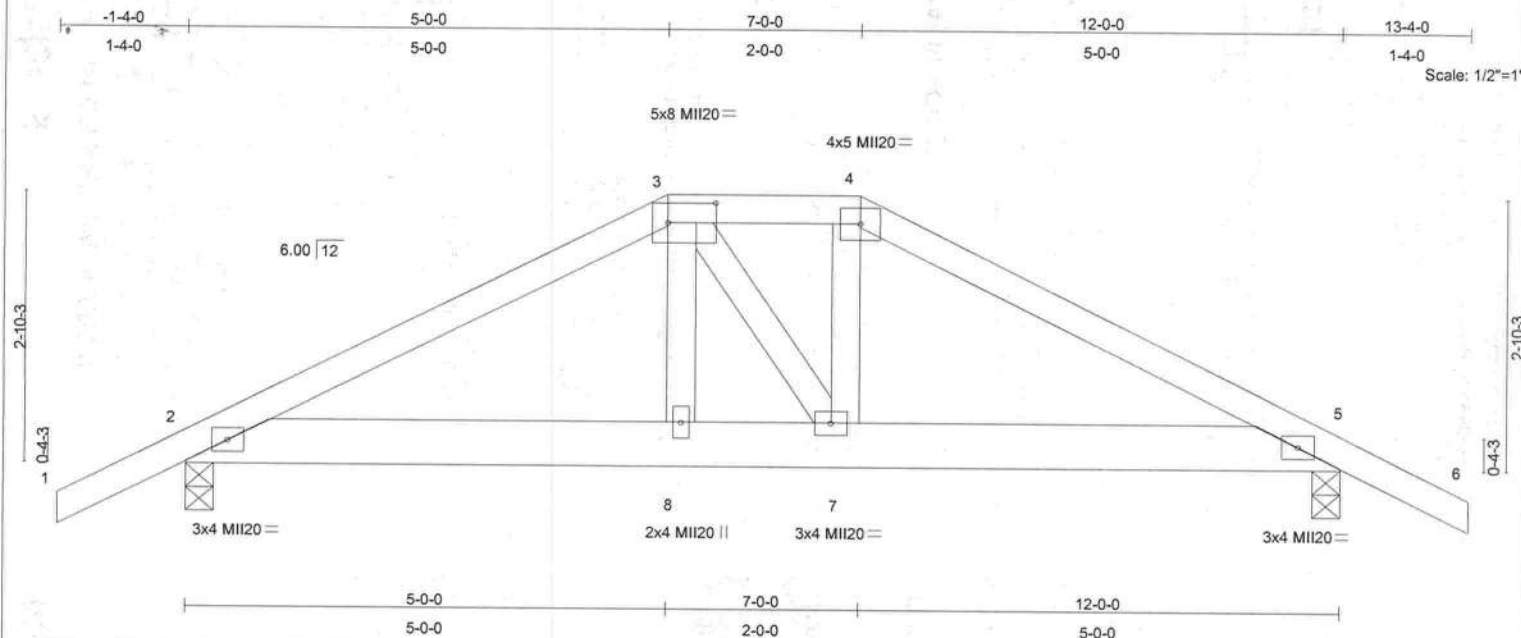
1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	0 0	I10050170
8833	H19	ROOF TRUSS	1	1		

Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:29 2006 Page 1



LOADING (psf)		SPACING		CSI		DEFL		PLATES		GRIP	
TCLL	20.0	Plates Increase	2-0-0	TC	0.26	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	Weight	125 lb
TCDL	10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC	0.24	Vert(LL)	0.03	8	>999	360	
BCLL	0.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.12	Vert(TL)	-0.05	8	>999	240	
BCDL	10.0	Code FBC2004/TPI2002		(Matrix)		Horz(TL)	0.01	5	n/a	n/a	

LUMBER		BRACING	
TOP CHORD	2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-4-9 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD	2 X 6 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS	2 X 4 SYP No.3		

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=843/0-3-8, 5=843/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=-76(load case 5)
Max Uplift 2=-458(load case 4), 5=-458(load case 5)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/38, 2-3=-1306/590, 3-4=-1127/586, 4-5=-1311/591, 5-6=0/38
BOT CHORD 2-8=-463/1103, 7-8=-468/1122, 5-7=-441/1108
WEBS 3-8=-116/317, 3-7=-81/97, 4-7=-142/382

- NOTES**
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - 2) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
 - 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
 - 4) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
 - 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 458 lb uplift at joint 2 and 458 lb uplift at joint 5.
 - 6) Girder carries hip end with 5-0-0 end setback.
 - 7) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 233 lb down and 145 lb up at 7-0-0, and 233 lb down and 145 lb up at 5-0-0 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
 - 8) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-4=-101(F=-41), 4-6=-60, 2-8=-20, 7-8=-34(F=-14), 5-7=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 8=-233(F) 7=-233(F)

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Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

March 23, 2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

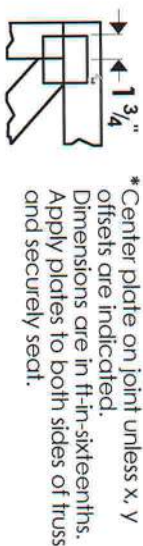
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Oonofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

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Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017

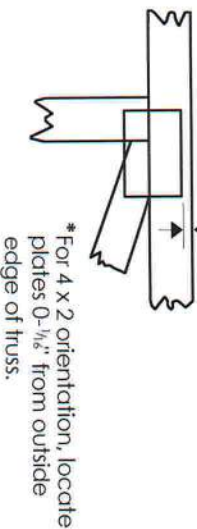


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



0-1/16"



*This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

*Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

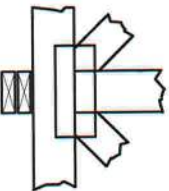
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Elliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

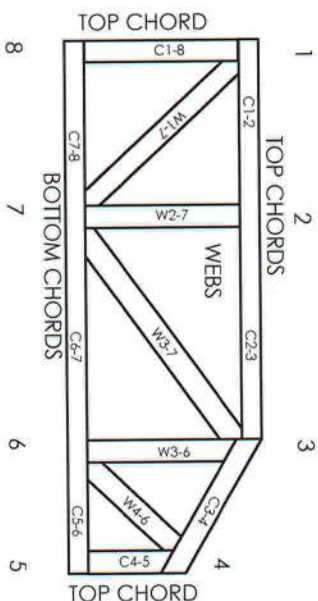


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or pulins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

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Job 8833	Truss H2	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 1	Ply 1	0 0	110050171
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Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:29 2006 Page 1

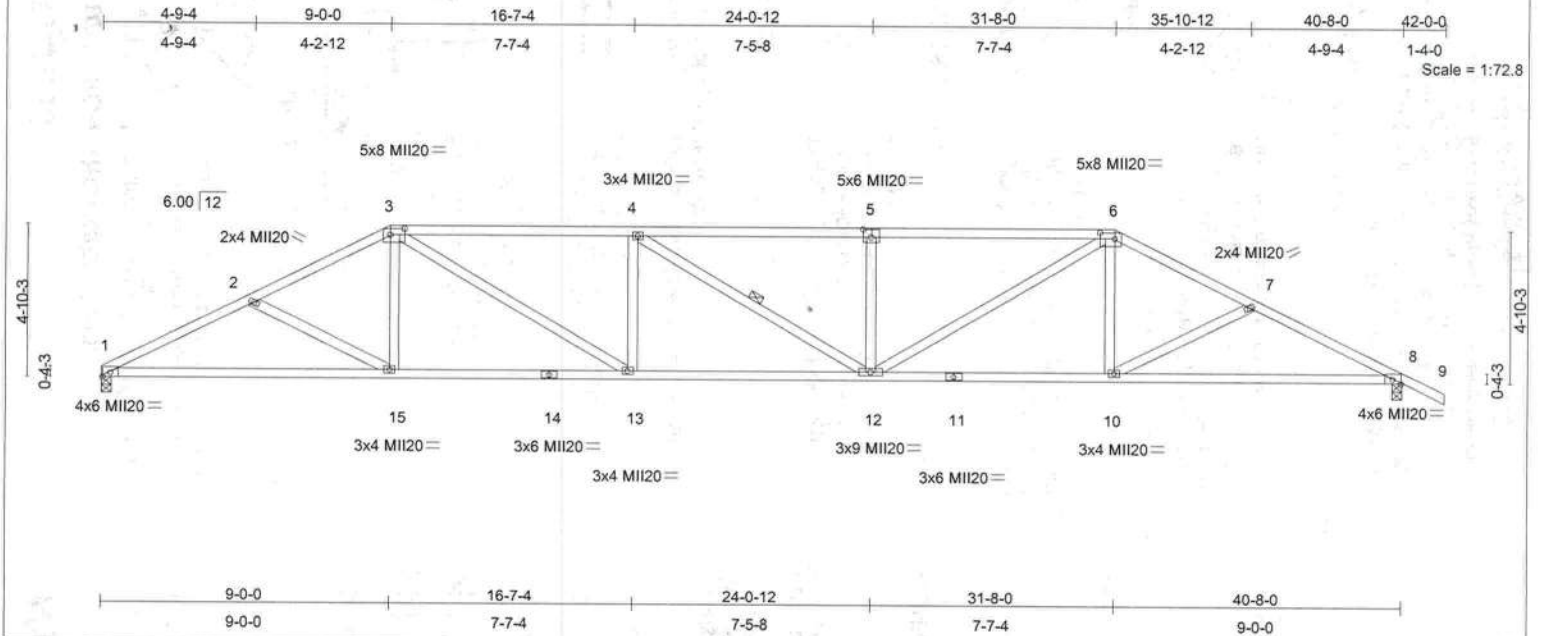


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [3:0-5-8,0-2-4], [5:0-3-0,0-3-0], [6:0-5-8,0-2-4]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.59	Vert(LL)	0.33	12-13	>999	360	MI20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.69	Vert(TL)	-0.74	12-13	>659	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.78	Horz(TL)	0.20	8	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code FBC2004/TPI2002		(Matrix)							
									Weight: 204 lb	

LUMBER	BRACING
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-9-13 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 5-6-9 oc bracing.
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 4-12

REACTIONS (lb/size) 1=1613/0-3-8, 8=1705/0-3-8
Max Horz 1=-126(load case 5)
Max Uplift 1=-510(load case 4), 8=-614(load case 5)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=-3099/1064, 2-3=-2866/1038, 3-4=-3527/1397, 4-5=-3524/1397, 5-6=-3525/1397, 6-7=-2855/1035, 7-8=-3079/1058, 8-9=0/35
BOT CHORD 1-15=-943/2709, 14-15=-870/2532, 13-14=-870/2532, 12-13=-1297/3527, 11-12=-795/2523, 10-11=-795/2523, 8-10=-865/2686
WEBS 2-15=-212/259, 3-15=-39/281, 3-13=-589/1245, 4-13=-497/375, 4-12=-74/69, 5-12=-461/354, 6-12=-592/1249, 6-10=-24/269, 7-10=-196/238

- NOTES**
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
 - Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
 - This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
 - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 510 lb uplift at joint 1 and 614 lb uplift at joint 8.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

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Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

March 23, 2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

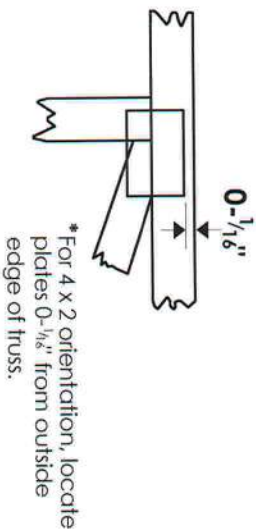
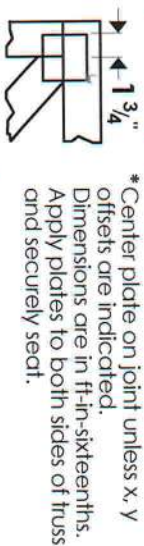
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



* Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

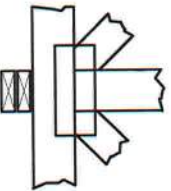
4 X 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



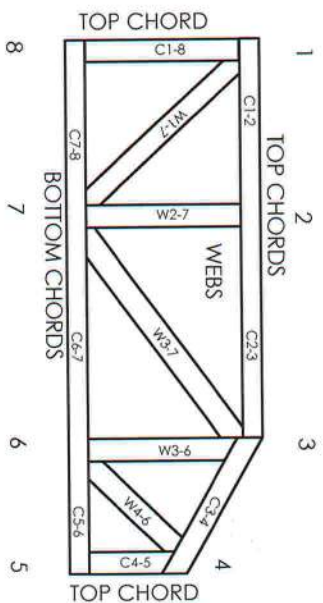
BEARING



Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473



General Safety Notes

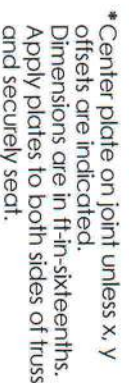
Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

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Numbering System

General Safety Notes



*Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



*For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- $\frac{1}{4}$ " from outside edge of truss.



* This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE

THE LEFT.

NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

SBCCI



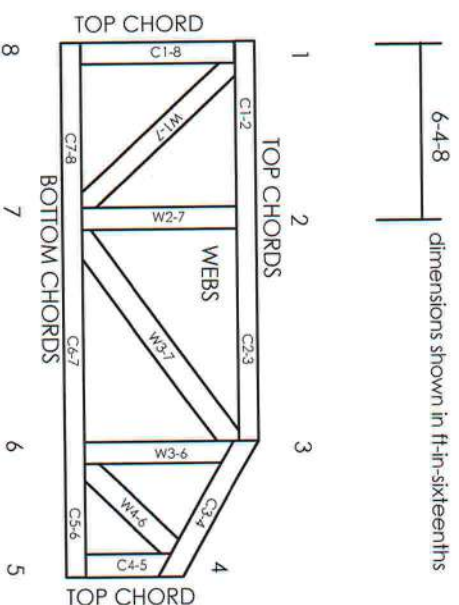
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information.

Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses



1 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths

JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA 96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32

ICBO 4922, 5243, 5363, 3907

SBCCI 9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MI1-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and ware at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI1.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI1.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss H4	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 1	Ply 1	0 0	110050173
Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.						Job Reference (optional)

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:30 2006 Page 1

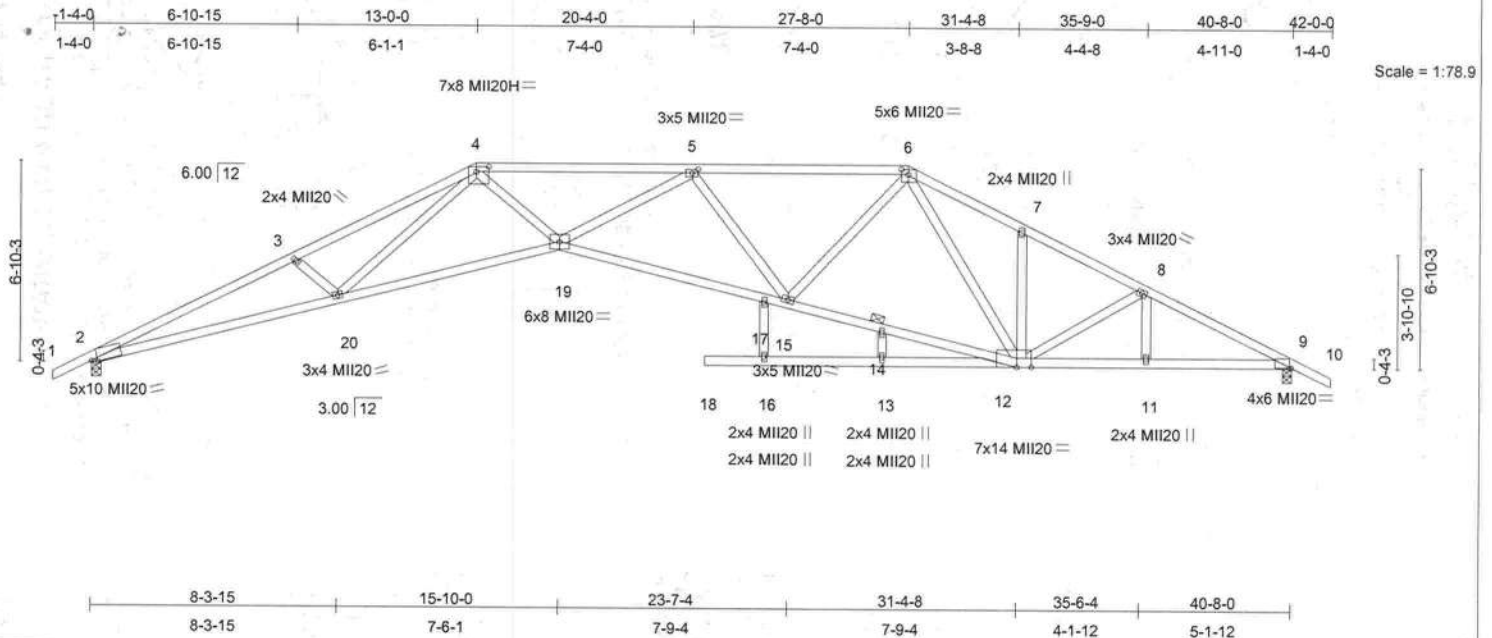


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-2-7,Edge], [4:0-5-0,0-2-0], [5:0-2-4,0-1-8], [6:0-3-0,0-2-0], [9:0-0-12,0-0-2], [12:0-5-12,0-0-0]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.96	Vert(LL)	0.58 19-20	>830	360	MII20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.93	Vert(TL)	-1.38 19-20	>350	240	MII20H	187/143
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.93	Horz(TL)	0.79 9	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code FBC2004/TPI2002		(Matrix)						
									Weight: 221 lb

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 *Except*
4-6 2 X 4 SYP No.2D
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 *Except*
2-19 2 X 4 SYP No.1, 12-19 2 X 4 SYP No.1
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing.
JOINTS 1 Brace at Jt(s): 14

REACTIONS

(lb/size) 2=1722/0-3-8, 9=1725/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=-141(load case 5)
Max Uplift 2=-649(load case 4), 9=-648(load case 5)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/33, 2-3=-5776/1845, 3-4=-5500/1754, 4-5=-5876/1620, 5-6=-3510/964, 6-7=-2771/987, 7-8=-2829/906, 8-9=-3188/996, 9-10=0/35
BOT CHORD 2-20=-1679/5219, 19-20=-1184/4449, 17-19=-1231/4587, 15-17=-1242/4529, 14-15=-566/2653, 12-14=-577/2644, 11-12=-753/2768, 9-11=-753/2768, 16-18=0/0, 13-16=0/0, 12-13=0/0
WEBS 3-20=-273/345, 4-20=-431/778, 4-19=-475/2163, 5-19=-385/1678, 5-15=-1595/656, 6-15=-388/1444, 6-12=-401/232, 7-12=-187/211, 8-12=-334/226, 8-11=0/75, 16-17=0/100, 13-14=0/43

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
- Bearing at joint(s) 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 649 lb uplift at joint 2 and 648 lb uplift at joint 9.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Scott W. Miller
Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

March 23, 2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

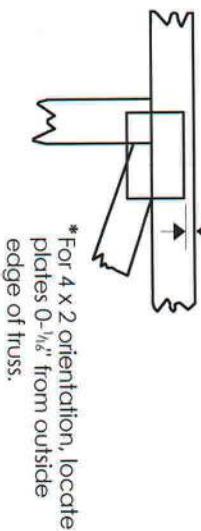
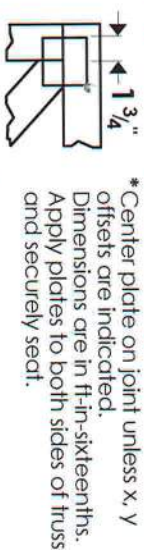
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



* Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

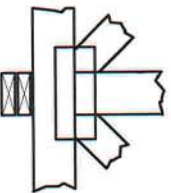
4 X 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



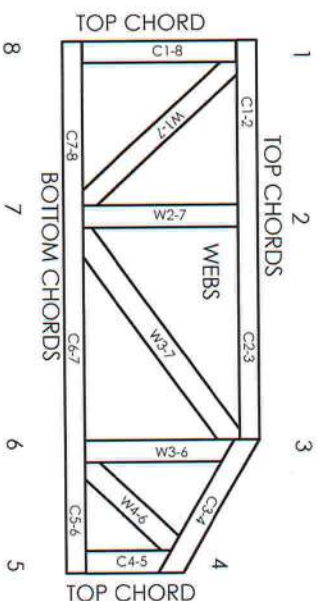
BEARING



Industry Standards:

ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss H5	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 1	Ply 1	0 0	110050174
Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.						Job Reference (optional)

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:30 2006 Page 1

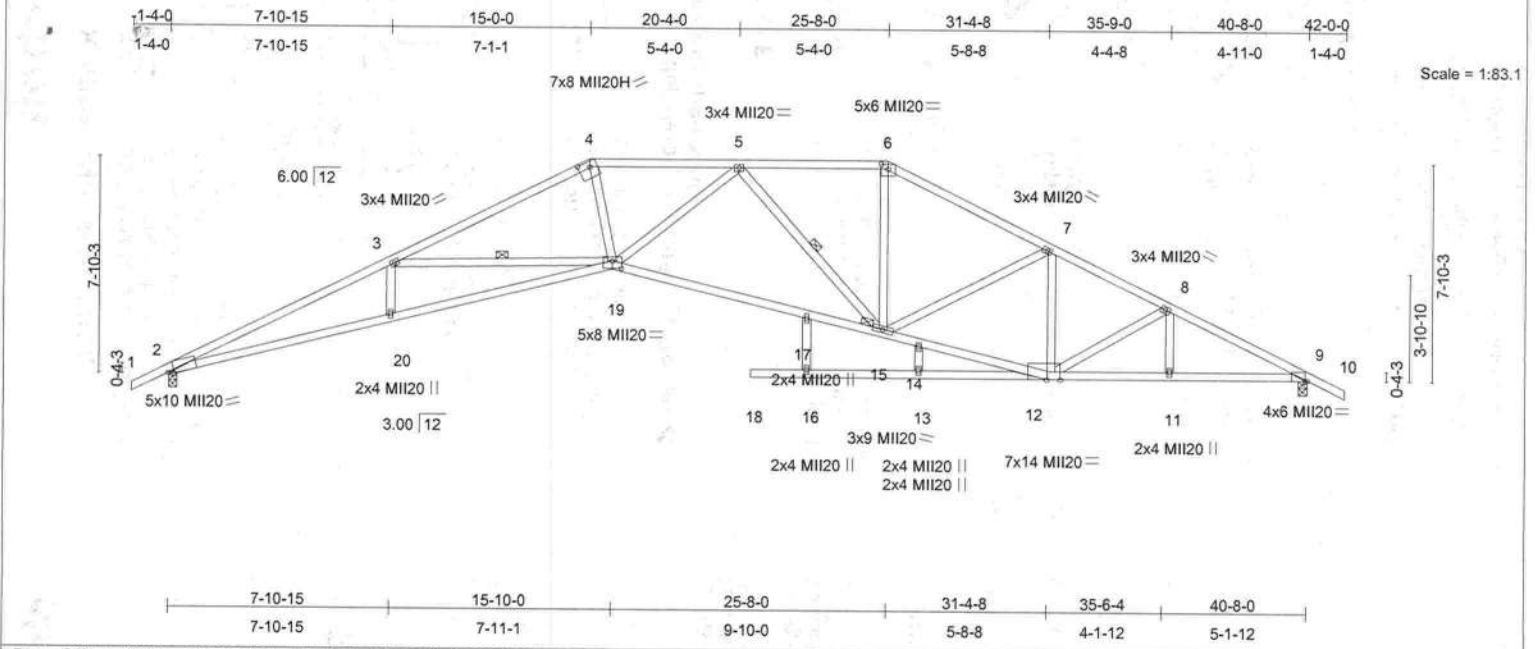


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-2-7,Edge], [4:0-4-12,0-2-4], [6:0-3-0,0-2-0], [9:0-0-12,0-0-2], [12:0-5-12,0-0-0], [19:0-4-0,0-3-4]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI	DEFL	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	Plates Increase 1.25	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MI20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	BC 0.97	Vert(LL) 0.50 19-20 >962 360	MI20H	187/143
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.53	Vert(TL) -1.32 18 >366 240		
BCDL 10.0	Code FBC2004/TPI2002	(Matrix)	Horz(TL) 0.68 9 n/a n/a		
				Weight: 226 lb	

LUMBER	BRACING
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP SS *Except* 4-6 2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied.
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 *Except* 2-19 2 X 4 SYP No.1, 12-19 2 X 4 SYP No.2D	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 3-19, 5-15
	JOINTS 1 Brace at Jt(s): 15

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=1722/0-3-8, 9=1725/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=-158(load case 5)
Max Uplift 2=-668(load case 4), 9=-667(load case 5)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/33, 2-3=-5768/1886, 3-4=-4558/1295, 4-5=-4354/1309, 5-6=-2609/869, 6-7=-2968/889, 7-8=-2825/963, 8-9=-3190/1030, 9-10=0/35
BOT CHORD 2-20=-1721/5208, 19-20=-1720/5208, 17-19=-779/3592, 15-17=-789/3541, 14-15=-602/2528, 12-14=-617/2503, 11-12=-780/2767, 9-11=-780/2767, 16-18=0/0, 13-16=0/0, 12-13=0/0
WEBS 3-20=0/160, 3-19=-1065/737, 4-19=-327/1646, 5-19=-312/1151, 5-15=-1329/488, 6-15=-192/931, 7-15=-103/341, 7-12=-462/133, 8-12=-326/189, 8-11=0/99, 16-17=0/71, 13-14=0/109

- NOTES**
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - 2) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
 - 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
 - 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
 - 5) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
 - 6) Bearing at joint(s) 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
 - 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 668 lb uplift at joint 2 and 667 lb uplift at joint 9.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Scott W. Miller
Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

March 23, 2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

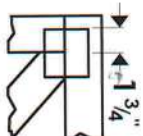
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



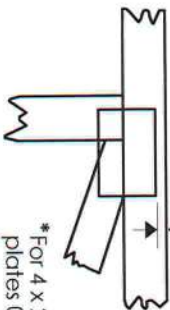
Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*Center plate on joint unless X, Y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.

0-1/8"



*For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0-1/8" from outside edge of truss.



*This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

*Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

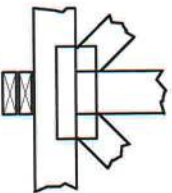
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

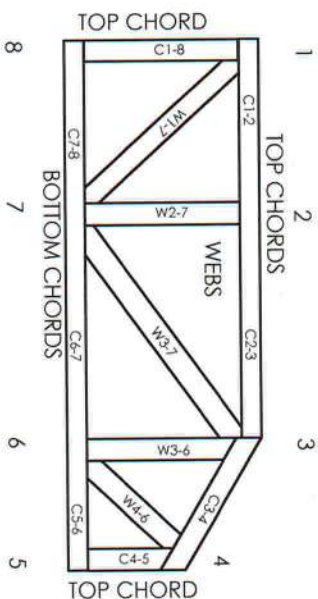
Industry Standards:

ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss H6	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 1	Ply 1	0 0	110050175
Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.						Job Reference (optional)

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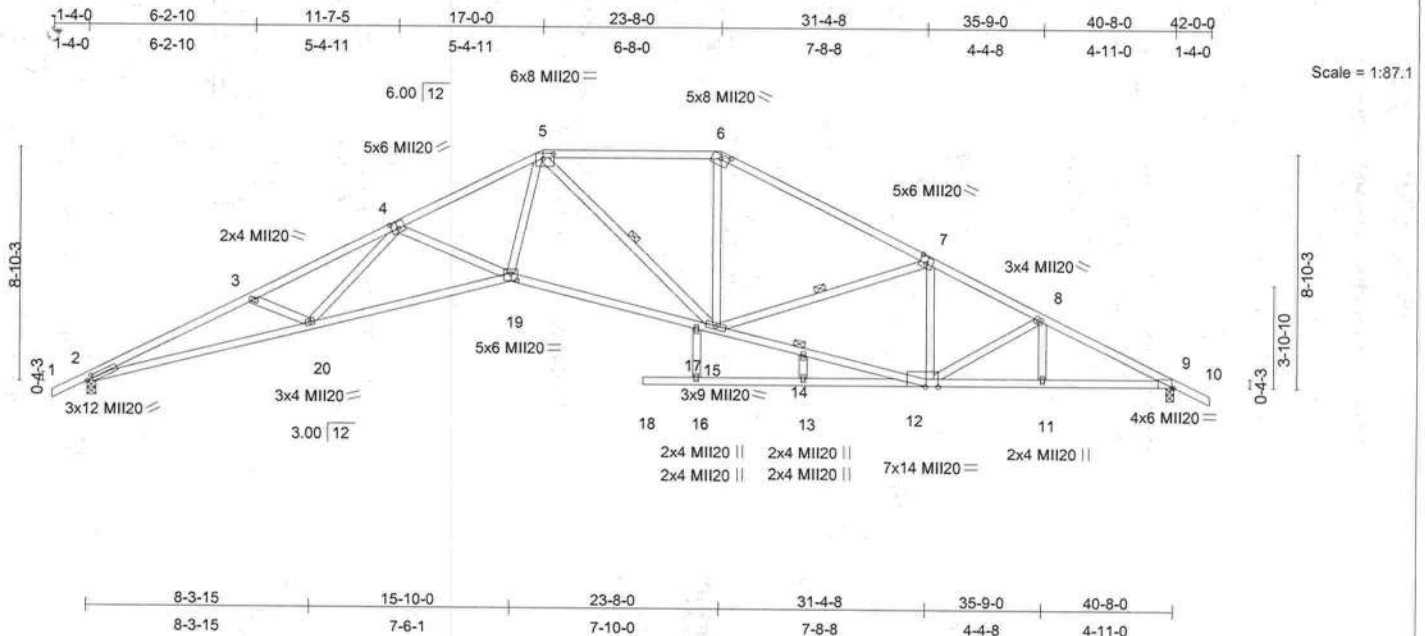


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-2-9,0-1-8], [4:0-3-0,0-3-0], [5:0-4-12,0-2-4], [6:0-4-0,0-1-15], [7:0-3-0,0-3-0], [9:0-0-12,0-0-2], [12:0-5-12,0-0-0], [19:0-2-12,0-3-4]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI	DEFL	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.73	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MI20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Plates Increase 1.25	BC 0.95	Vert(LL) 0.53 19-20 >907 360		
BCLL 0.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	WB 0.78	Vert(TL) -1.18 19-20 >411 240		
BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	(Matrix)	Horz(TL) 0.68 9 n/a n/a		
	Code FBC2004/TPI2002				
					Weight: 229 lb

LUMBER	BRACING
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-1-12 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 *Except*	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing.
2-19 2 X 4 SYP No.1	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 5-15, 7-15
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3	JOINTS 1 Brace at Jt(s): 14

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=1722/0-3-8, 9=1725/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=-175(load case 5)
Max Uplift 2=-686(load case 4), 9=-684(load case 5)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/33, 2-3=-5781/2052, 3-4=-5463/1871, 4-5=-4409/1371, 5-6=-2527/883, 6-7=-2907/883, 7-8=-2851/1010, 8-9=-3176/1061, 9-10=0/35
BOT CHORD 2-20=-1909/5226, 19-20=-1454/4637, 17-19=-796/3404, 15-17=-807/3346, 14-15=-658/2554, 12-14=-669/2545, 11-12=-806/2753, 9-11=-806/2753, 16-18=0/0, 13-16=0/0, 12-13=0/0
WEBS 3-20=-270/330, 4-20=-220/555, 4-19=-660/510, 5-19=-692/2437, 5-15=-1146/376, 6-15=-169/791, 7-15=-91/304, 7-12=-415/176, 8-12=-279/158, 8-11=0/82, 16-17=0/100, 13-14=0/47

- NOTES**
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - 2) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
 - 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
 - 4) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
 - 5) Bearing at joint(s) 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
 - 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 686 lb uplift at joint 2 and 684 lb uplift at joint 9.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Scott W. Miller
Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert #6634

March 23, 2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

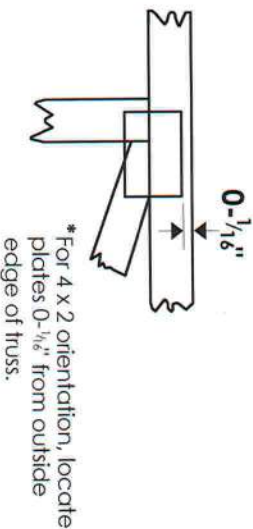
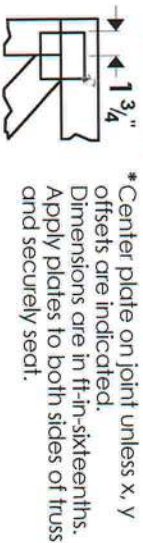
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



* Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

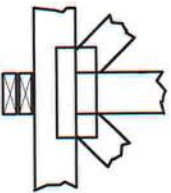
4 X 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



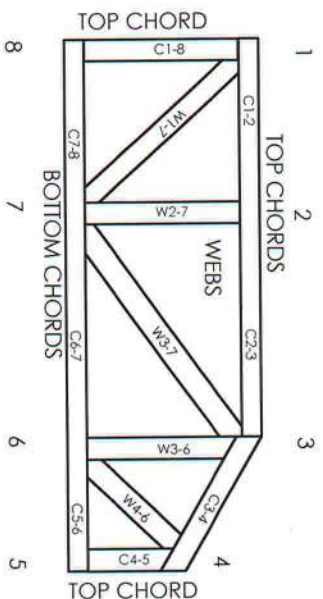
BEARING



Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473



General Safety Notes

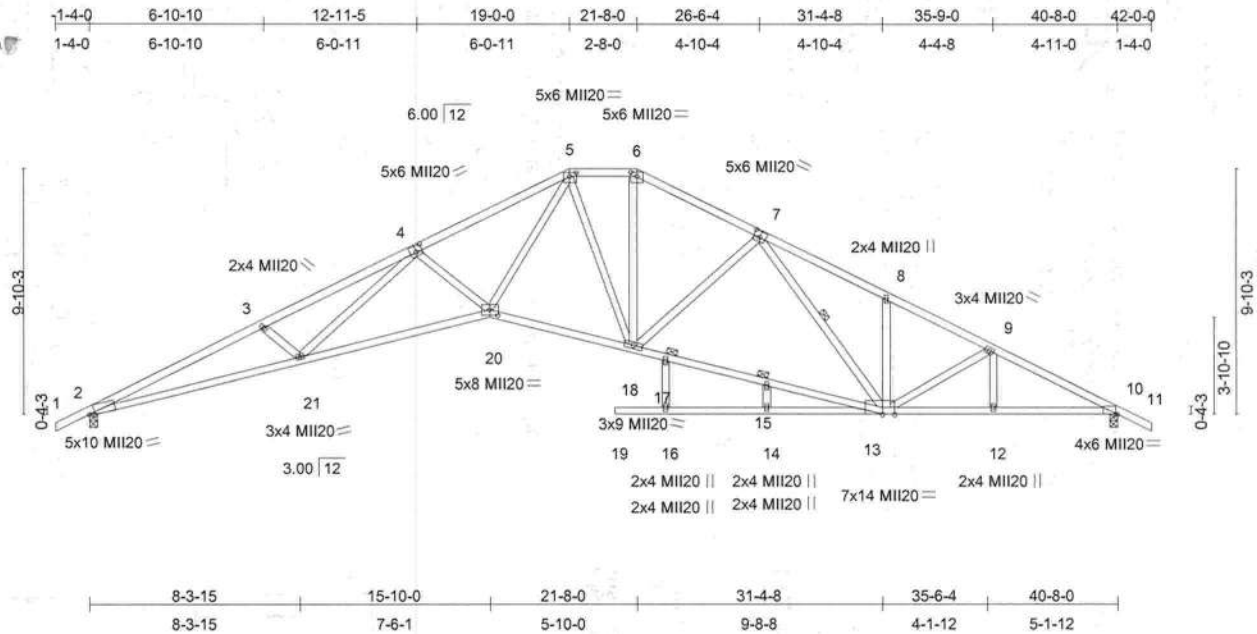
Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	0 0	110050176
8833	H7	ROOF TRUSS	1	1		

Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

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LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI	DEFL	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.94	Vert(LL)	0.56 20-21	>863	360	MII20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Plates Increase 1.25	BC 0.92	Vert(TL)	-1.24 20-21	>391	240		
BCLL 0.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	WB 0.82	Horz(TL)	0.68 10	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	(Matrix)						
	Code FBC2004/TPI2002							
							Weight: 240 lb	

LUMBER	BRACING
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied.
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 *Except*	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing.
2-20 2 X 4 SYP No.1	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 7-13
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3	JOINTS 1 Brace at Jt(s): 17, 15

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=1722/0-3-8, 10=1725/0-3-8
 Max Horz 2=-192(load case 5)
 Max Uplift 2=-701(load case 4), 10=-699(load case 5)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
 TOP CHORD 1-2=0/33, 2-3=-5782/2100, 3-4=-5504/2010, 4-5=-4378/1492, 5-6=-2376/873, 6-7=-2705/930, 7-8=-2817/1116,
 8-9=-2852/1018, 9-10=-3176/1107, 10-11=0/35
 BOT CHORD 2-21=-1963/5226, 20-21=-1437/4456, 18-20=-613/2670, 17-18=-619/2643, 15-17=-630/2608, 13-15=-636/2612,
 12-13=-850/2756, 10-12=-850/2756, 16-19=0/0, 14-16=0/0, 13-14=0/0
 WEBS 3-21=-278/325, 4-21=-377/791, 4-20=-635/494, 5-20=-869/2566, 5-18=-696/316, 6-18=-342/972, 7-18=-300/390,
 7-13=-191/81, 8-13=-259/251, 9-13=-300/218, 9-12=0/58, 16-17=0/122, 14-15=-19/25

- NOTES**
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - 2) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
 - 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
 - 4) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
 - 5) Bearing at joint(s) 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
 - 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 701 lb uplift at joint 2 and 699 lb uplift at joint 10.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Scott W. Miller
 Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
 MiTek Industries, Inc.
 14515 North Outer Forty Drive
 Suite 300
 Chesterfield, MO, 63017
 FL Cert.#6634

March 23, 2006

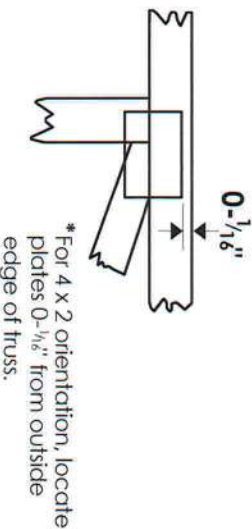
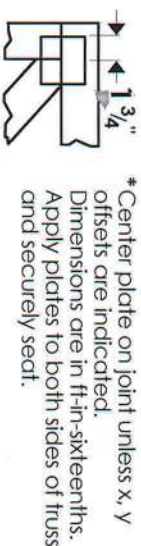
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.
 Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, D58-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
 Suite #300
 Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



— This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

*Plate location details available in **MiTek 20/20** software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

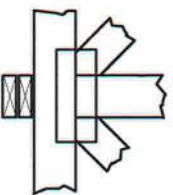
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

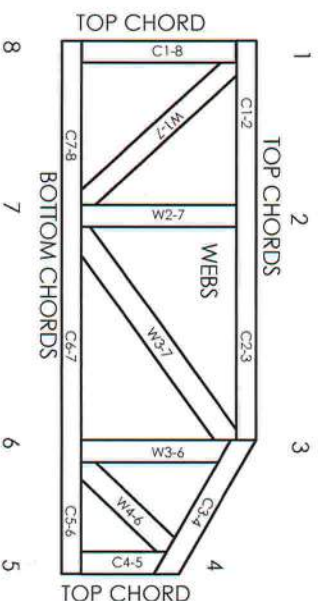


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

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Job 8833	Truss H8	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 1	Ply 2	0 0	I10050177
Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.			6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:32 2006 Page 1			

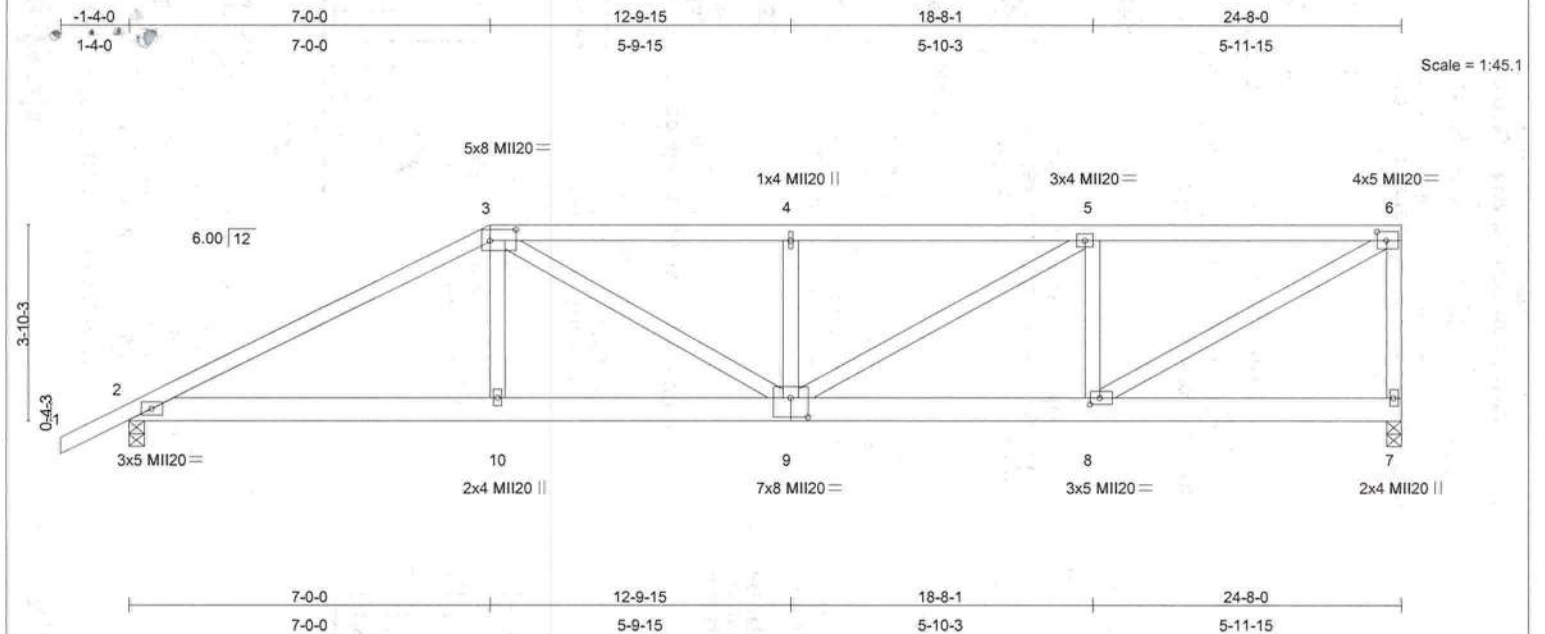


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [3:0-6-0,0-2-8], [6:0-2-4,0-2-0], [8:0-2-4,0-1-8], [9:0-4-0,0-4-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.59	Vert(LL)	0.12	9	>999	360	MI20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.30	Vert(TL)	-0.19	9	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB 0.52	Horz(TL)	0.03	7	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code FBC2004/TPI2002		(Matrix)							
Weight: 289 lb										

LUMBER	BRACING
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD 2 X 6 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3	

REACTIONS (lb/size) 7=2176/0-3-8, 2=2023/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=217 (load case 3)
Max Uplift 7=-1180 (load case 3), 2=-1027 (load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/38, 2-3=-3854/1918, 3-4=-4003/2138, 4-5=-4003/2138, 5-6=-2924/1573, 6-7=-2023/1199
BOT CHORD 2-10=-1846/3365, 9-10=-1856/3396, 8-9=-1619/2924, 7-8=-135/133
WEBS 3-10=-235/737, 3-9=-519/706, 4-9=-761/709, 5-9=-695/1254, 5-8=-1425/1061, 6-8=-1727/3247

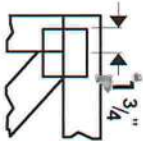
- NOTES**
- 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d Common(148"x3") Nails as follows:
Top chords connected as follows: 2 X 4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
Bottom chords connected as follows: 2 X 6 - 2 rows at 0-9-0 oc.
Webs connected as follows: 2 X 4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
 - All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
 - Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
 - This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
 - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 1180 lb uplift at joint 7 and 1027 lb uplift at joint 2.
 - Girder carries hip end with 0-0-0 right side setback, 7-0-0 left side setback, and 7-0-0 end setback.
 - Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 513 lb down and 320 lb up at 7-0-0 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard
1) Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25
Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-6=-131(F=-71), 2-10=-20, 7-10=-44(F=-24)

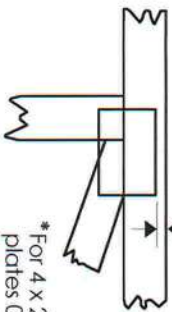
Scott W. Miller
Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



*For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- $\frac{1}{16}$ " from outside edge of truss.

*This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

*Plate location details available in **Mittek 20/20** software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

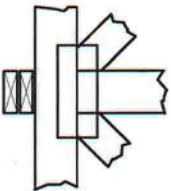
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



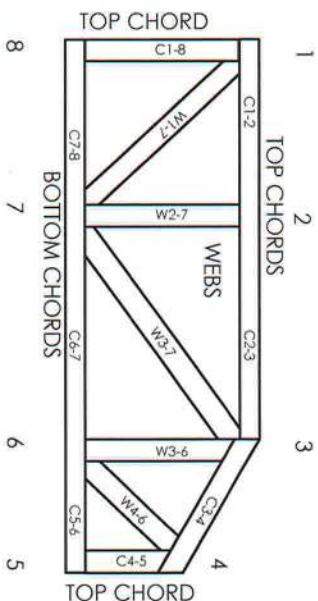
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DS8-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System

6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mittek Engineering Reference Sheet: Mill-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss H8	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 1	Ply 2	0 0 Job Reference (optional)	110050177
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Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:32 2006 Page 2

LOAD CASE(S) Standard
Concentrated Loads (lb)
Vert: 10=-513(F)

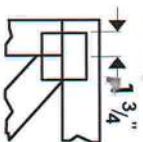
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017

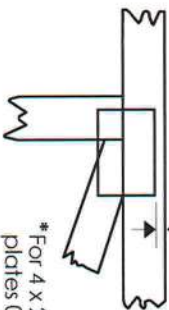


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



* Center plate on joint unless X, Y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



* For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0-1/16" from outside edge of truss.



* This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

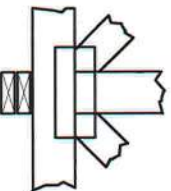
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use 1, 1 or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

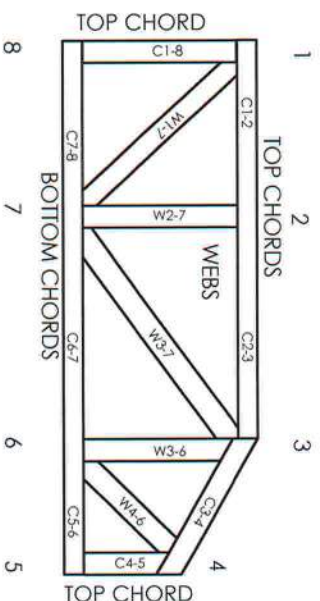
Industry Standards:

ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473



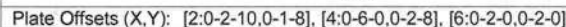
General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

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LUMBER		BRACING	
TOP CHORD	2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-7-7 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD	2 X 4 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 7-8-11 oc bracing.
WEBS	2 X 4 SYP No.3	WEBS	1 Row at midpt 4-8

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/35, 2-3=-1713/599, 3-4=-1463/481, 4-5=-1219/501, 5-6=-1219/501, 6-7=-890/452
BOT CHORD 2-10=-660/1479, 9-10=-575/1277, 8-9=-575/1277, 7-8=-81/69
WEBS 3-10=-238/249, 4-10=-29/290, 4-8=-133/79, 5-8=-499/392, 6-8=-584/1333

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 3) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
- 4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 426 lb uplift at joint 7 and 446 lb uplift at joint 2.

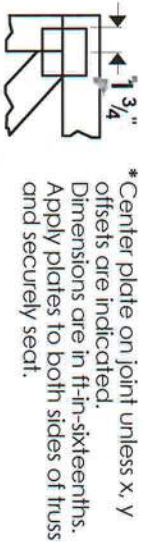
LOAD CASE(S) Standard


Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert #6634

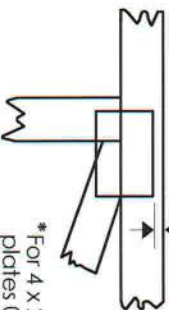
March 23, 2006

Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



*For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0-1/8\" from outside edge of truss.



*This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

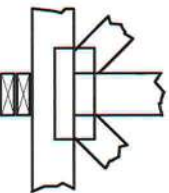
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

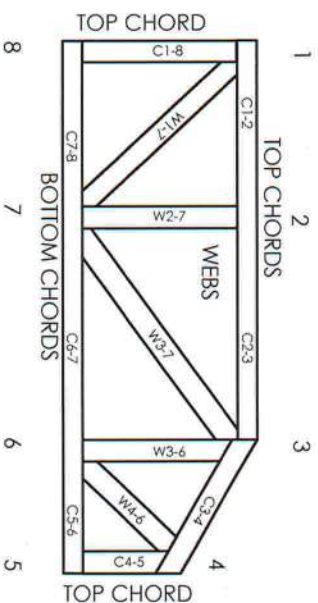


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary by reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: Mill-7473



General Safety Notes

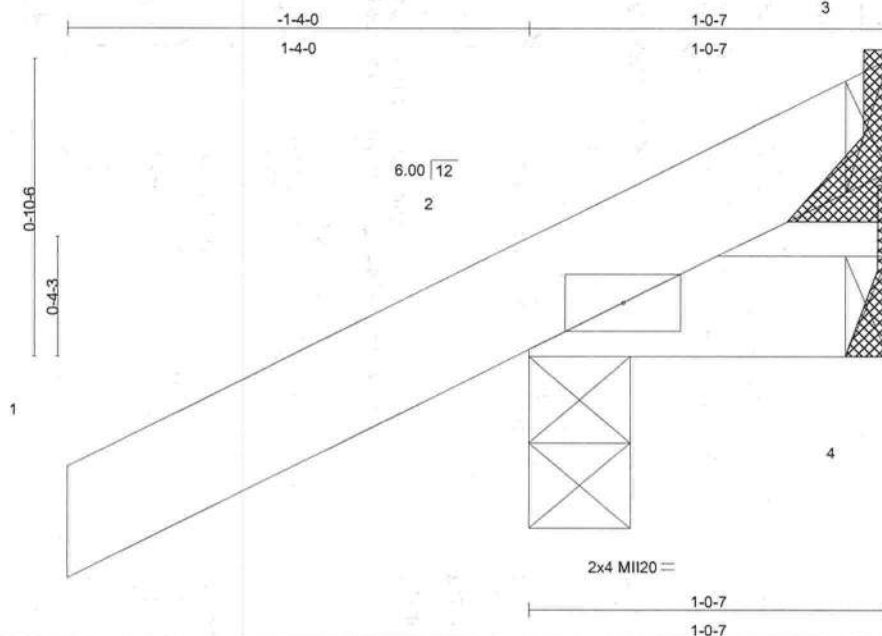
Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

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Job 8833	Truss J1	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 12	Ply 1	0 0	110050179
Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.						Job Reference (optional)

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Scale = 1:6.7

LOADING (psf)
TCLL 20.0
TCDL 10.0
BCLL 0.0
BCDL 10.0

SPACING 2-0-0
Plates Increase 1.25
Lumber Increase 1.25
Rep Stress Incr YES
Code FBC2004/TPI2002

CSI
TC 0.14
BC 0.00
WB 0.00
(Matrix)

DEFL in (loc) l/defl L/d
Vert(LL) 0.00 2 **** 360
Vert(TL) -0.00 2 >999 240
Horz(TL) -0.00 3 n/a n/a

PLATES GRIP
MII20 249/190

Weight: 6 lb

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-0-7 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=178/0-3-8, 4=10/Mechanical, 3=-28/Mechanical

Max Horz 2=79(load case 4)
Max Uplift 2=-183(load case 4), 3=-28(load case 1)
Max Grav 2=178(load case 1), 4=10(load case 1), 3=50(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/34, 2-3=-42/24
BOT CHORD 2-4=0/0

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 2) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
- 3) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 183 lb uplift at joint 2 and 28 lb uplift at joint 3.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Scott W. Miller
Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert. #6634

March 23, 2006

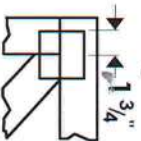
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITTEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017

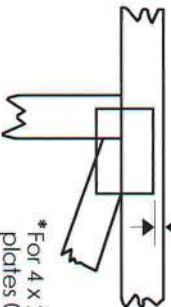


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



*For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0-1/16" from outside edge of truss.

*This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

*Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

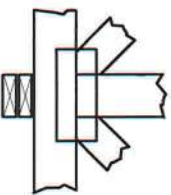
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use 1, 1 or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



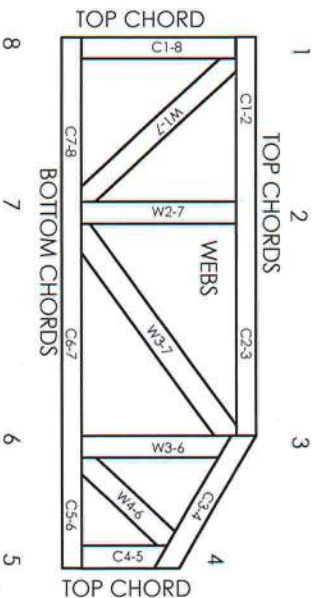
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System

6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473



General Safety Notes

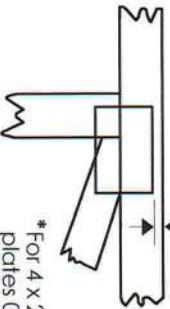
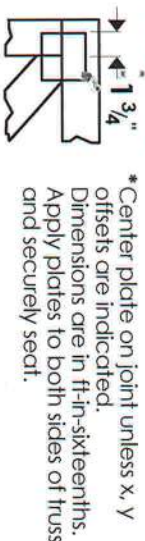
Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

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Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



***Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.**

PLATE SIZE

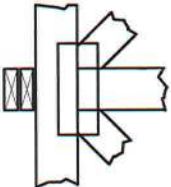
4 X 4
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, L or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

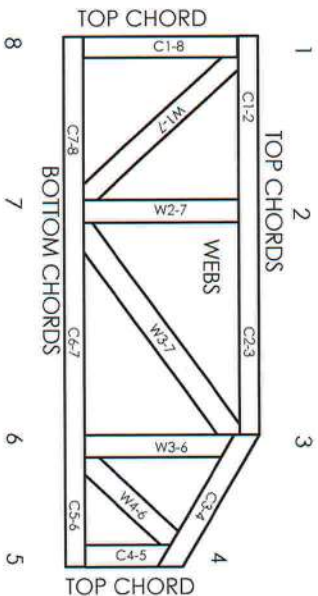


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

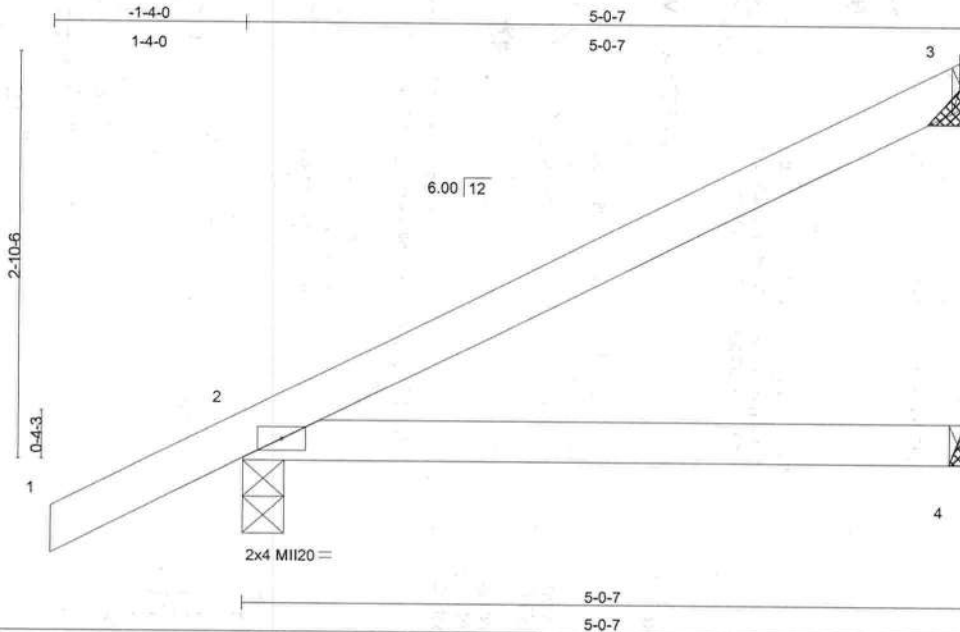
1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stock materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

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Job 8833	Truss J5	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 8	Ply 1	0 0	110050181
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Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:33 2006 Page 1



LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI	DEFL	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.25	Vert(LL)	0.00	2	****	360	
TCDL 10.0	Plates Increase 1.25	BC 0.11	Vert(TL)	-0.04	2-4	>999	240	
BCLL 0.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	WB 0.00	Horz(TL)	-0.00	3	n/a	n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	(Matrix)						
	Code FBC2004/TPI2002							
							Weight: 18 lb	

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-7 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 3=129/Mechanical, 2=293/0-3-8, 4=48/Mechanical
Max Horz 2=188(load case 4)
Max Uplift 3=-126(load case 4), 2=-168(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/35, 2-3=-81/46
BOT CHORD 2-4=0/0

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 2) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
- 3) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 126 lb uplift at joint 3 and 168 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Scott W. Miller
Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

March 23, 2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

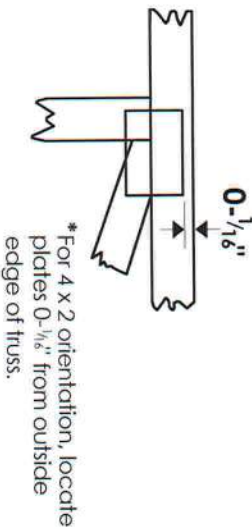
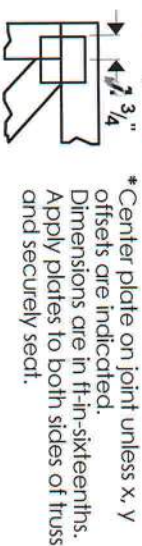
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

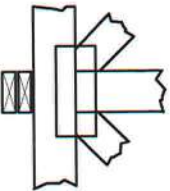
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use 1, 1 or Elliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

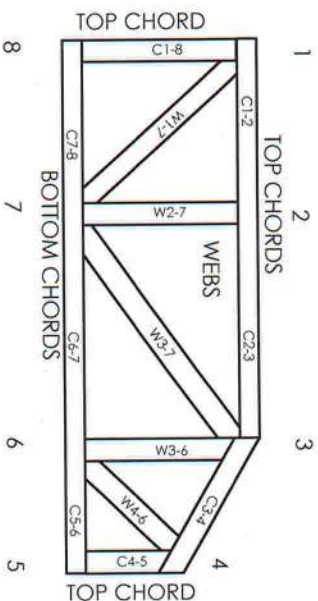


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473

General Safety Notes

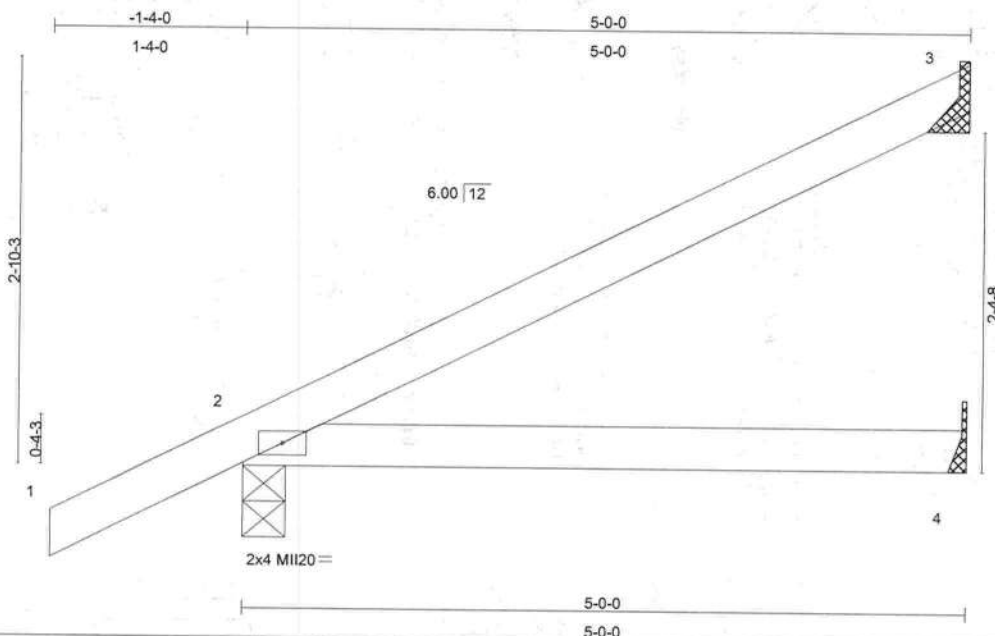
Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or pulins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	0 0	I10050182
8833	J5A	ROOF TRUSS	2	1		

Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

Job Reference (optional)
6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:33 2006 Page 1



LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI	DEFL	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.25	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MI120	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Plates Increase 1.25	BC 0.11	Vert(LL) 0.00 2 **** 360		
BCLL 0.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	WB 0.00	Vert(TL) -0.04 2-4 >999 240		
BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	(Matrix)	Horz(TL) -0.00 3 n/a n/a		
	Code FBC2004/TPI2002				
					Weight: 18 lb

LUMBER
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2

BRACING
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 3=127/Mechanical, 2=292/0-3-8, 4=48/Mechanical
Max Horz 2=187(load case 4)
Max Uplift 3=-125(load case 4), 2=-168(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/35, 2-3=-80/46
BOT CHORD 2-4=0/0

NOTES
1) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
2) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
3) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 125 lb uplift at joint 3 and 168 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Scott W. Miller
Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

March 23, 2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

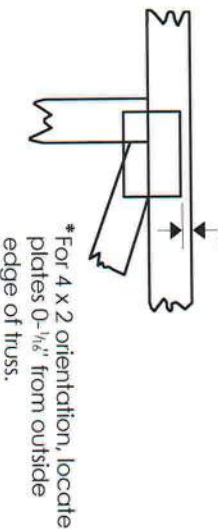
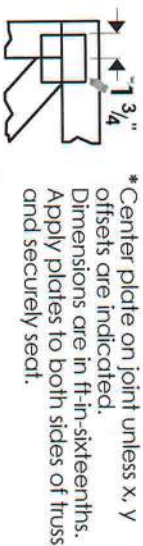
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

*Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

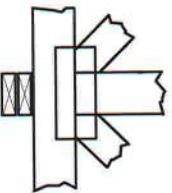
The first dimension is the width, perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

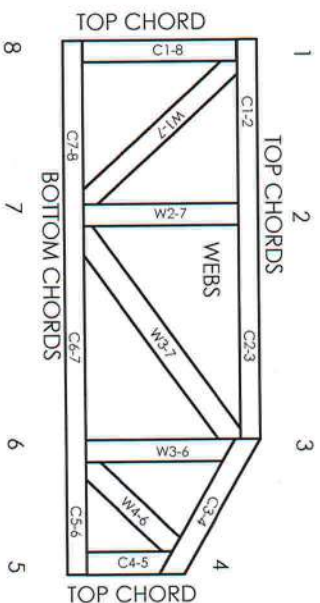


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473



General Safety Notes

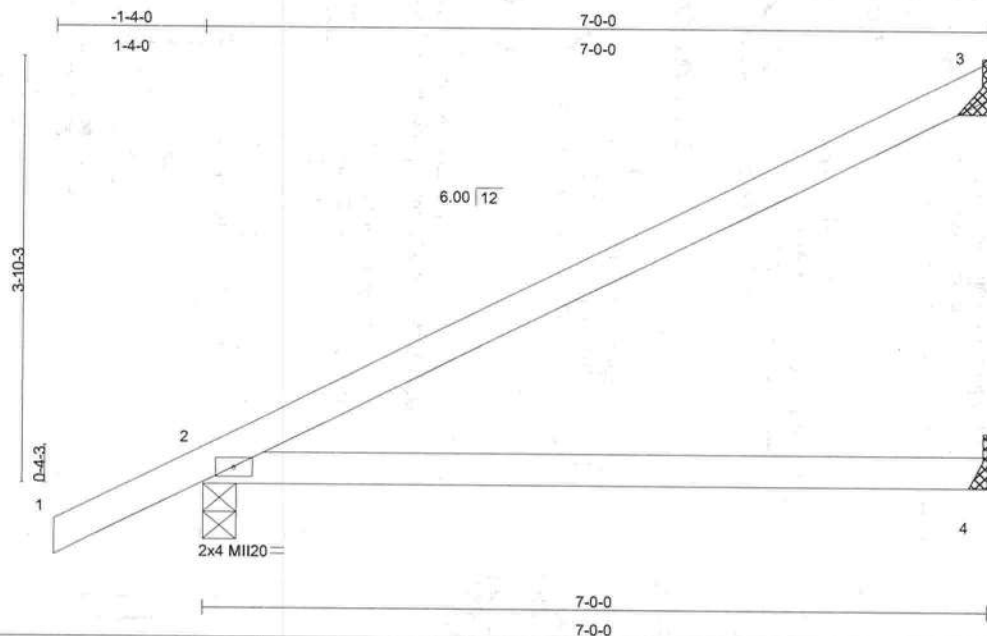
Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	0 0	I10050183
8833	J6	ROOF TRUSS	28	1		

Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:34 2006 Page 1



LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI	DEFL	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.56	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MI120	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Plates Increase 1.25	BC 0.22	Vert(LL) 0.00 2 **** 360		
BCLL 0.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	WB 0.00	Vert(TL) -0.17 2-4 >491 240		
BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	(Matrix)	Horz(TL) -0.00 3 n/a n/a		
	Code FBC2004/TPI2002			Weight: 24 lb	

LUMBER
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2

BRACING
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6'-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10'-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 3=191/Mechanical, 2=367/0-3-8, 4=68/Mechanical
Max Horz 2=243(load case 4)
Max Uplift 3=190(load case 4), 2=184(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/35, 2-3=-118/69
BOT CHORD 2-4=0/0

NOTES
1) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
2) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
3) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 190 lb uplift at joint 3 and 184 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Scott W. Miller
Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

March 23, 2006

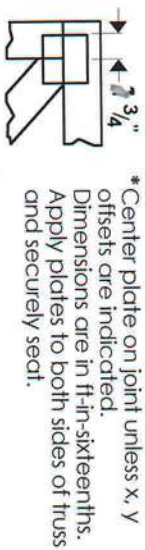
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, D58-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017

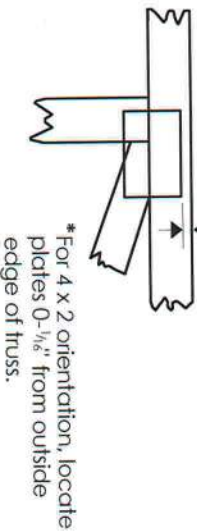


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



0-1/8"



***Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.**

PLATE SIZE

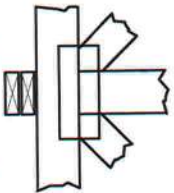
4 X 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



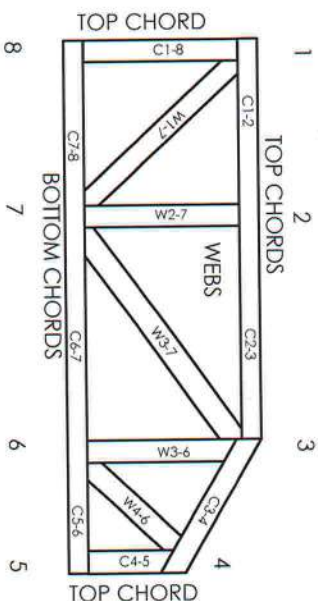
BEARING



Industry Standards:
ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stock materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or pulins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	0 0	
8833	T1	BOSTON HIP	1	2		I10050184

Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:34 2006 Page 1

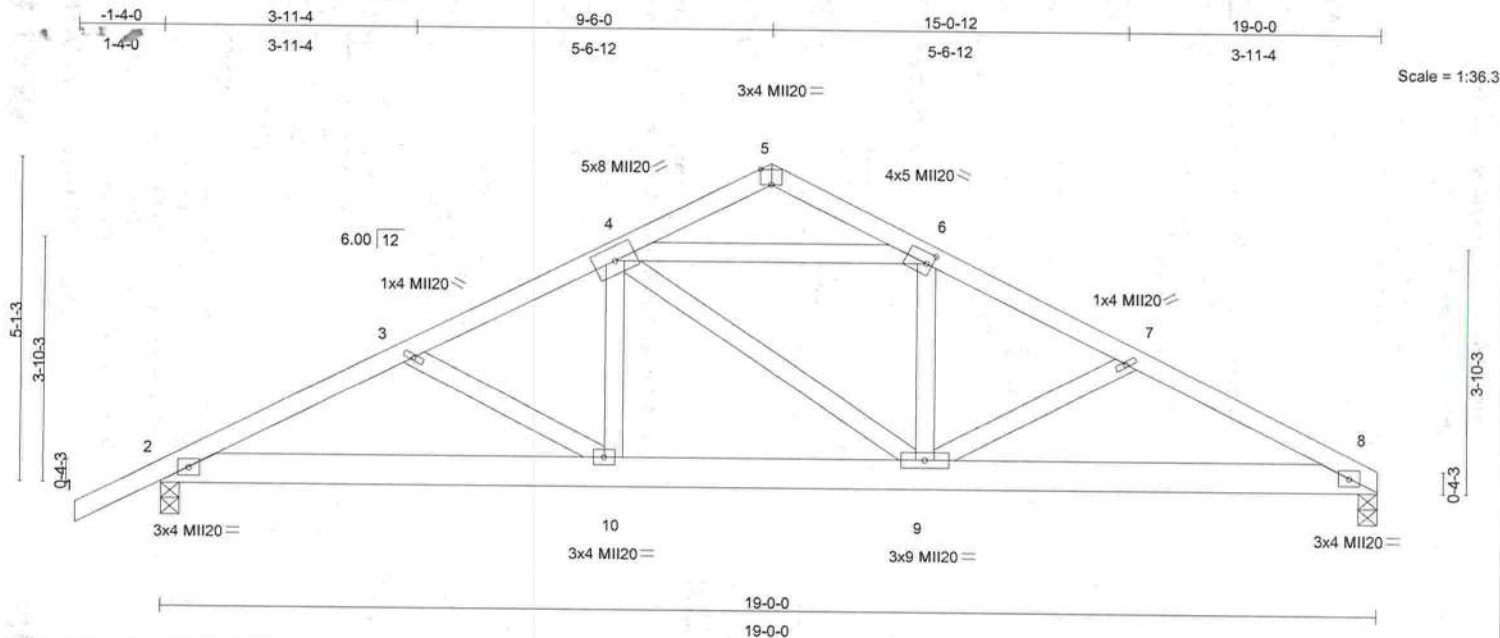


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [5:0-2-0,Edge], [6:0-1-0,0-2-0]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.18	Vert(LL)	0.05	9-10	>999	360	MII20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.24	Vert(TL)	-0.09	9-10	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB 0.13	Horz(TL)	0.03	8	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code FBC2004/TPI2002		(Matrix)							
									Weight: 227 lb	

LUMBER
 TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
 BOT CHORD 2 X 6 SYP No.2
 WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING
 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=1574/0-3-8, 8=1483/0-3-8
 Max Horz 2=125(load case 4)
 Max Uplift 2=847(load case 4), 8=761(load case 5)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
 TOP CHORD 1-2=0/38, 2-3=-2927/1491, 3-4=-2718/1428, 4-5=-458/356, 5-6=-469/352, 6-7=-2743/1469, 7-8=-2950/1564, 4-6=-2058/1132
 BOT CHORD 2-10=-1333/2562, 9-10=-1143/2341, 8-9=-1332/2585
 WEBS 4-10=-311/787, 6-9=-293/741, 4-9=-119/219, 3-10=-200/195, 7-9=-198/197

- NOTES**
- 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d Common(.148"x3") Nails as follows:
 Top chords connected as follows: 2 X 4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
 Bottom chords connected as follows: 2 X 6 - 2 rows at 0-9-0 oc.
 Webs connected as follows: 2 X 4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
 - All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
 - Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
 - Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
 - This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
 - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 847 lb uplift at joint 2 and 761 lb uplift at joint 8.
 - Girder carries hip end with 7-0-0 end setback.
 - Design assumes 4x2 (flat orientation) purlins at oc spacing indicated, fastened to truss TC w/ 2-10d nails.
 - Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 513 lb down and 320 lb up at 12-0-0, and 513 lb down and 320 lb up at 7-0-0 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Continued on page 2

Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
 MiTek Industries, Inc.
 14515 North Outer Forty Drive
 Suite 300
 Chesterfield, MO, 63017
 FL Cert.#6634

March 23, 2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

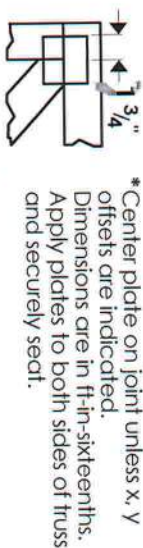
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, D5B-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

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 Suite #300
 Chesterfield, MO 63017

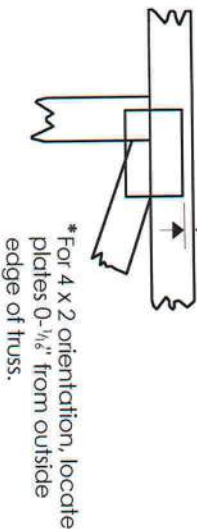


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



0-1/8"



*This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

*Plate location details available in **Mitek 20/20** software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

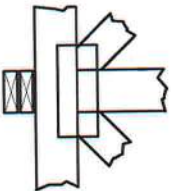
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING

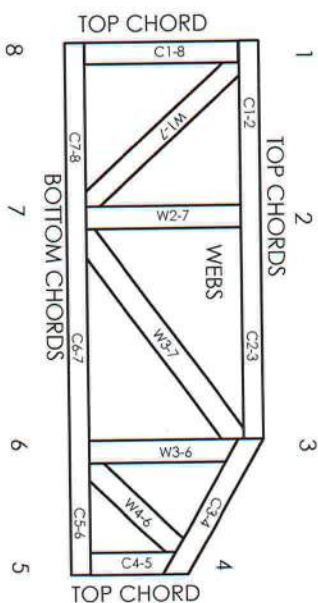


Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate
Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stock materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	0 0	
8833	T1	BOSTON HIP	1	2		I10050184

Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:34 2006 Page 2

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Regular: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 2-10=-20, 9-10=-44(F=-24), 8-9=-20, 1-4=-60, 4-5=-131(F=-71), 5-6=-131(F=-71), 6-8=-60

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 10=-513(F) 9=-513(F)

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

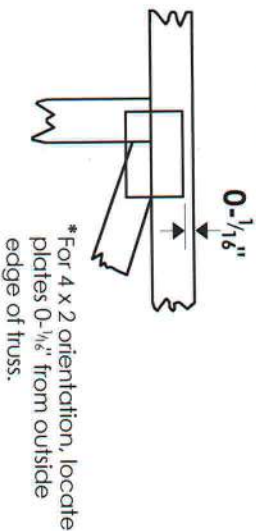
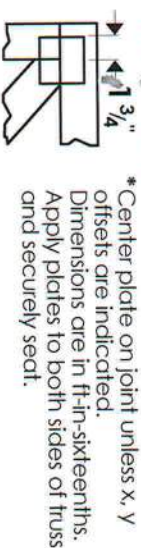
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14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



* Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

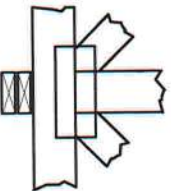
4 X 4

The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



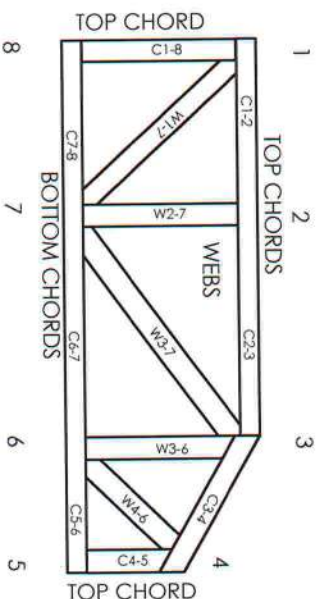
BEARING



Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate
Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 96048, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plying requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss T2	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 3	Ply 1	0 0	110050185
Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.						6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:34 2006 Page 1
Job Reference (optional)						

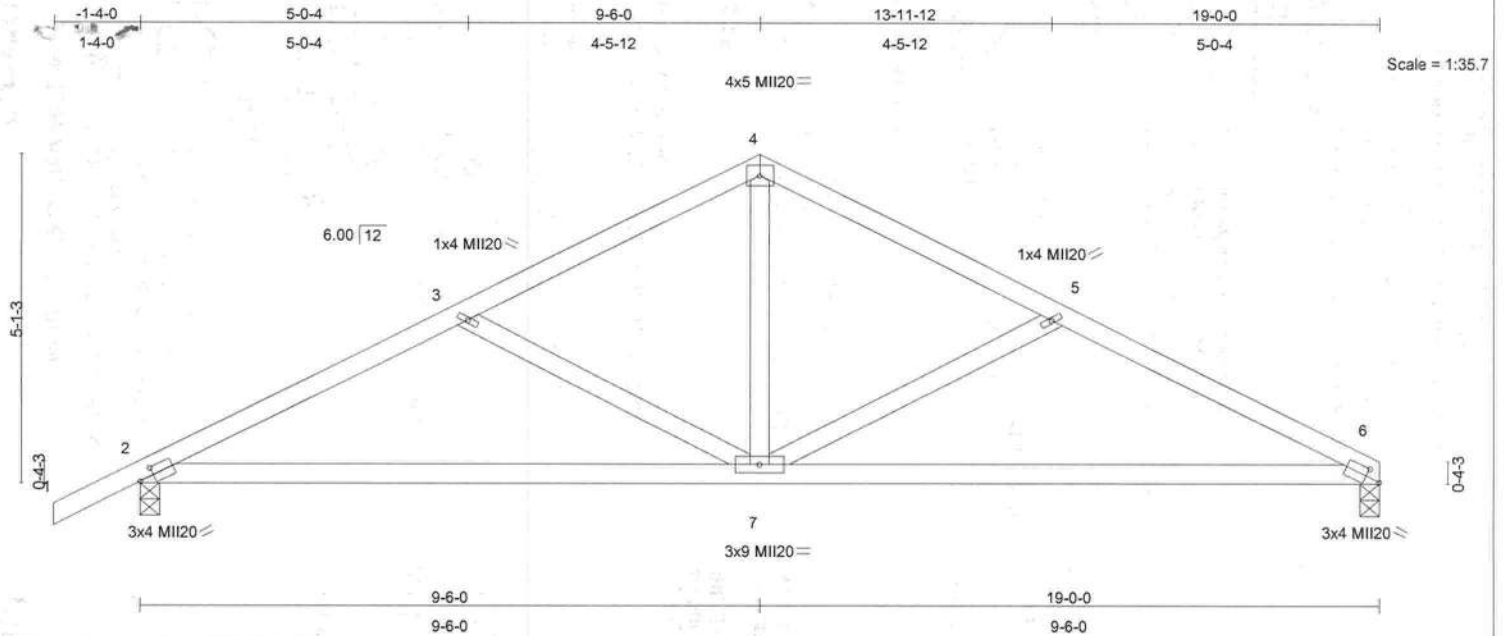


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-2-10,0-1-8], [6:0-2-10,0-1-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC 0.27	Vert(LL)	0.06	6-7	>999	360	MII20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25	BC 0.43	Vert(TL)	-0.26	6-7	>855	240		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.17	Horz(TL)	0.04	6	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code FBC2004/TPI2002		(Matrix)							
										Weight: 84 lb

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-2-11 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-7-1 oc bracing.

REACTIONS

(lb/size) 6=745/0-3-8, 2=841/0-3-8
Max Horz 2=131(load case 4)
Max Uplift 6=-284(load case 5), 2=-391(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/35, 2-3=-1237/481, 3-4=-940/364, 4-5=-941/356, 5-6=-1247/503
BOT CHORD 2-7=-425/1060, 6-7=-369/1073
WEBS 3-7=-334/287, 4-7=-133/517, 5-7=-349/308

NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
- 3) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
- 4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 284 lb uplift at joint 6 and 391 lb uplift at joint 2.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Scott W. Miller
Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

March 23,2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

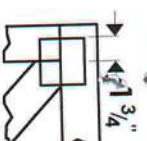
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Oroff Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

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Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017

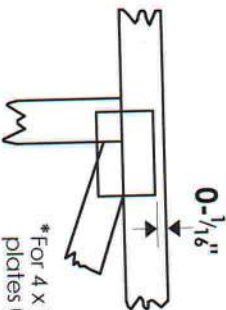


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



*For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0-1/16\" from outside edge of truss.



*This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

***Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.**

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

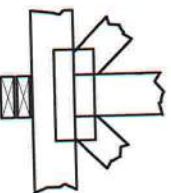
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Eliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

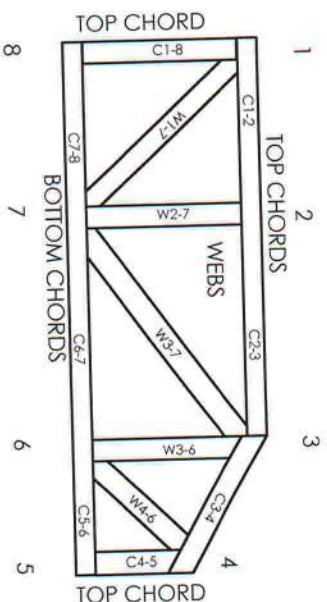
Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate
Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473



General Safety Notes

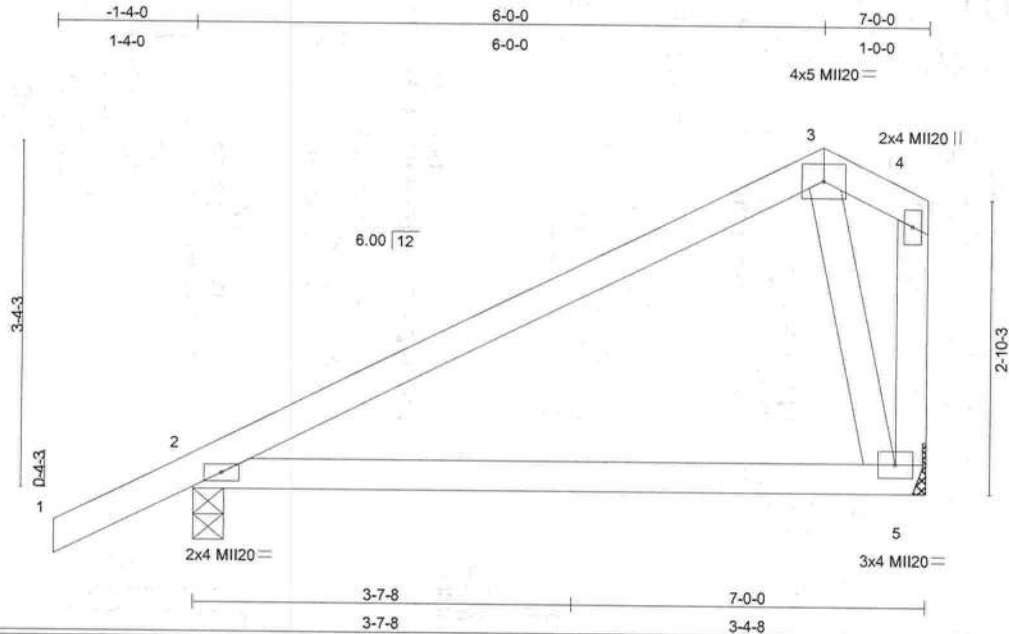
Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job 8833	Truss T4	Truss Type ROOF TRUSS	Qty 3	Ply 1	0 0	I10050187
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Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

Job Reference (optional)
6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:35 2006 Page 1



LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI	DEFL	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.41	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MI120	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Plates Increase 1.25	BC 0.22	Vert(LL) 0.00 2 >999 360		
BCCL 0.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	WB 0.04	Vert(TL) -0.16 2-5 >505 240		
BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	(Matrix)	Horz(TL) -0.00 5 n/a n/a		
	Code FBC2004/TPI2002				
					Weight: 32 lb

LUMBER
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=367/0-3-8, 5=259/Mechanical
Max Horz 2=173(load case 3)
Max Uplift 2=-217(load case 4), 5=-110(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/35, 2-3=-139/41, 3-4=-31/56, 4-5=-26/44
BOT CHORD 2-5=-60/47
WEBS 3-5=-172/113

NOTES
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
3) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 217 lb uplift at joint 2 and 110 lb uplift at joint 5.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Scott W. Miller
Scott W. Miller, FL Lic #58316
MiTek Industries, Inc.
14515 North Outer Forty Drive
Suite 300
Chesterfield, MO, 63017
FL Cert.#6634

March 23, 2006

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 BEFORE USE.

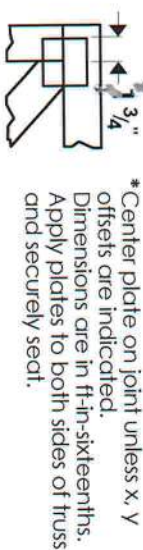
Design valid for use only with MiTek connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to insure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, D58-89 and BCS11 Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

14515 N. Outer Forty,
Suite #300
Chesterfield, MO 63017

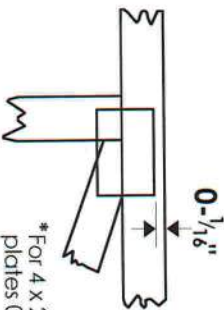


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



*Center plate on joint unless X, Y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and securely seat.



*For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0-1/8\" from outside edge of truss.



*This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

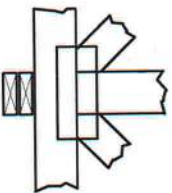
The first dimension is the width perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T, I or Elliminator bracing if indicated.

BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur.

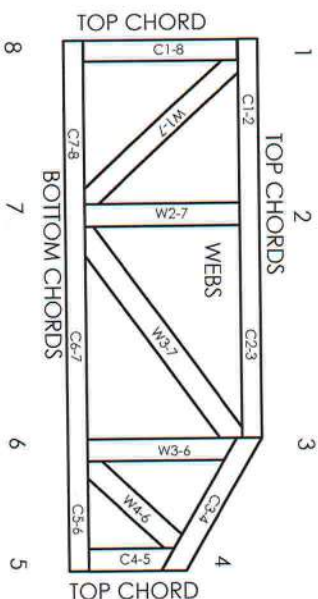
Industry Standards:

ANSI/FP11: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCS11: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses

Numbering System



dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

CONNECTOR PLATE CODE APPROVALS

BOCA	96-31, 95-43, 96-20-1, 96-67, 84-32
ICBO	4922, 5243, 5363, 3907
SBCCI	9667, 9730, 9604B, 9511, 9432A



Mitek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCS11.
2. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
3. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
4. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
5. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/FP11.
6. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/FP11.
7. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
8. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant or preservative treated lumber.
9. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
10. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions shown indicate minimum plating requirements.
11. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
12. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing shown on design.
13. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
14. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
15. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of a professional engineer.
16. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	0 0	110050188
8833	T6	ROOF TRUSS	4	1		

Reese Building Components, Inc., Sylvester Ga.

Job Reference (optional)
6.200 s Oct 18 2005 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Mar 22 15:38:35 2006 Page 1

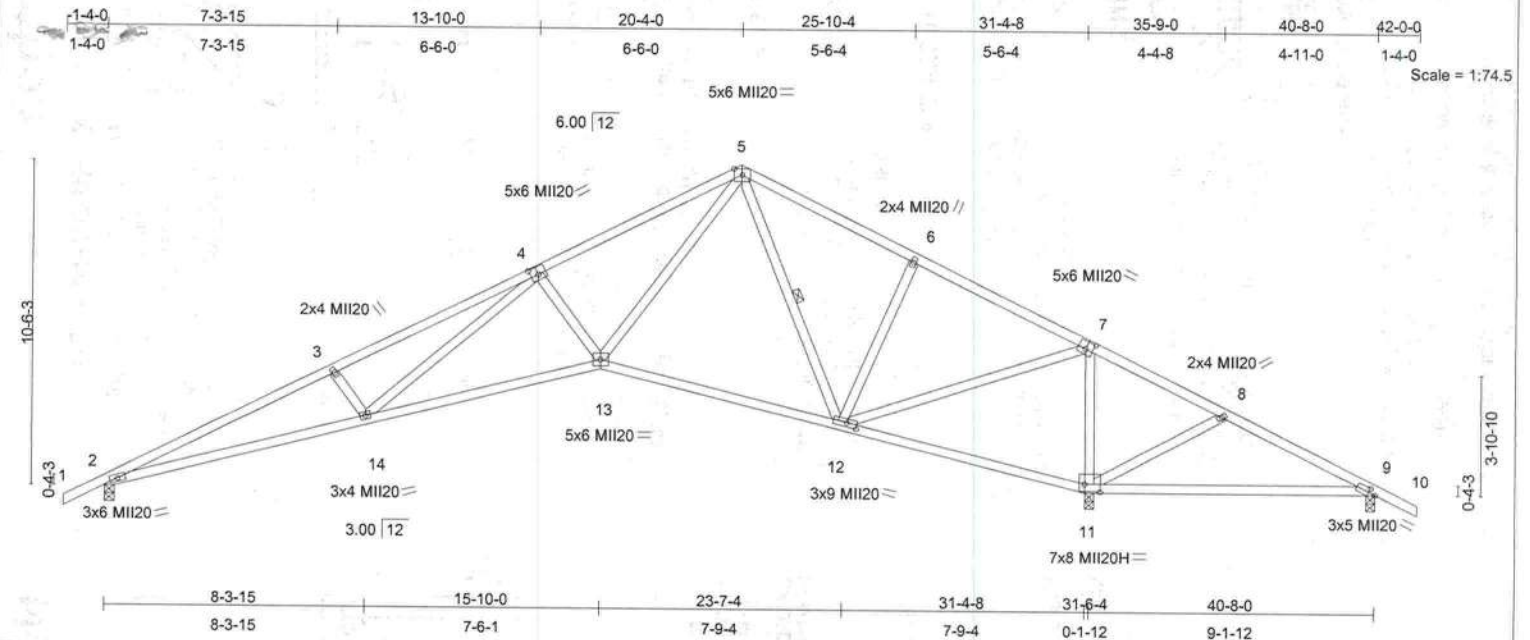


Plate Offsets (X,Y): [4:0-3-0,0-3-0], [7:0-3-0,0-3-0], [9:0-2-10,0-1-8], [11:0-6-0,0-3-0], [12:0-4-0,0-1-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI	DEFL	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.58	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MI20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Plates Increase 1.25	BC 0.74	Vert(LL) 0.27 14 >999 360	MI20H	187/143
BCLL 0.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	WB 0.87	Vert(TL) -0.55 2-14 >686 240		
BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	(Matrix)	Horz(TL) 0.27 11 n/a n/a		
	Code FBC2004/TPI2002			Weight: 211 lb	

LUMBER	BRACING
TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-11-15 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 4-4-10 oc bracing.
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 5-12

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=1076/0-3-8, 11=2771/0-3-8, 9=-440/0-3-8
 Max Horz2=-203(load case 5)
 Max Uplift2=-500(load case 4), 11=-965(load case 4), 9=-578(load case 8)
 Max Grav2=1076(load case 1), 11=2771(load case 1), 9=228(load case 4)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
 TOP CHORD 1-2=0/33, 2-3=-3114/1268, 3-4=-2880/1258, 4-5=-1626/683, 5-6=-319/340, 6-7=-450/299, 7-8=-711/1954, 8-9=-623/1621, 9-10=0/35
 BOT CHORD 2-14=-1210/2788, 13-14=-584/1802, 12-13=0/531, 11-12=-1797/826, 9-11=-1365/611
 WEBS 3-14=-337/351, 4-14=-556/1036, 4-13=-644/510, 5-13=-577/1512, 5-12=-889/350, 6-12=-312/302, 7-12=-708/2126, 7-11=-1976/761, 8-11=-374/278

- NOTES**
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - 2) Wind: ASCE 7-02; 110mph (3-second gust); h=15ft; TCLD=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; Category II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33.
 - 3) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4) This truss requires plate inspection per the Tooth Count Method when this truss is chosen for quality assurance inspection.
 - 5) Bearing at joint(s) 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
 - 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 500 lb uplift at joint 2, 965 lb uplift at joint 11 and 578 lb uplift at joint 9.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

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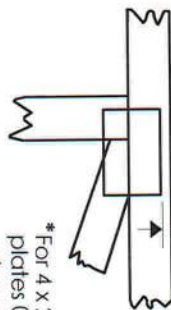


Symbols

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*Plate location details available in Mitek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

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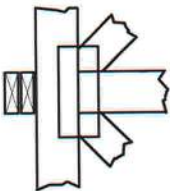
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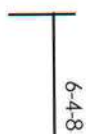


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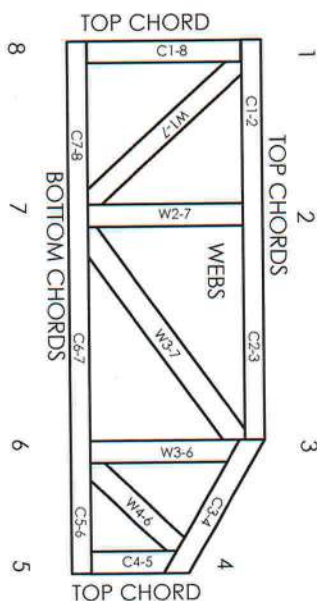
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6-4-8 dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths



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CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY

OCCUPANCY

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

Department of Building and Zoning Inspection

This Certificate of Occupancy is issued to the below named permit holder for the building and premises at the below named location, and certifies that the work has been completed in accordance with the Columbia County Building Code.

Parcel Number 03-4S-17-07570-923

Building permit No. 000023952

Use Classification SFD, UTILITY

Fire: 23.68

Permit Holder AARON SIMQUE

Waste: 49.00

Owner of Building AARON SIMQUE

Total: 72.68

Location: 231 SE CAROB GLEN, LAKE CITY, FL

Date: 06/02/2006



Harry Dickie
Building Inspector

POST IN A CONSPICUOUS PLACE
(Business Places Only)

